

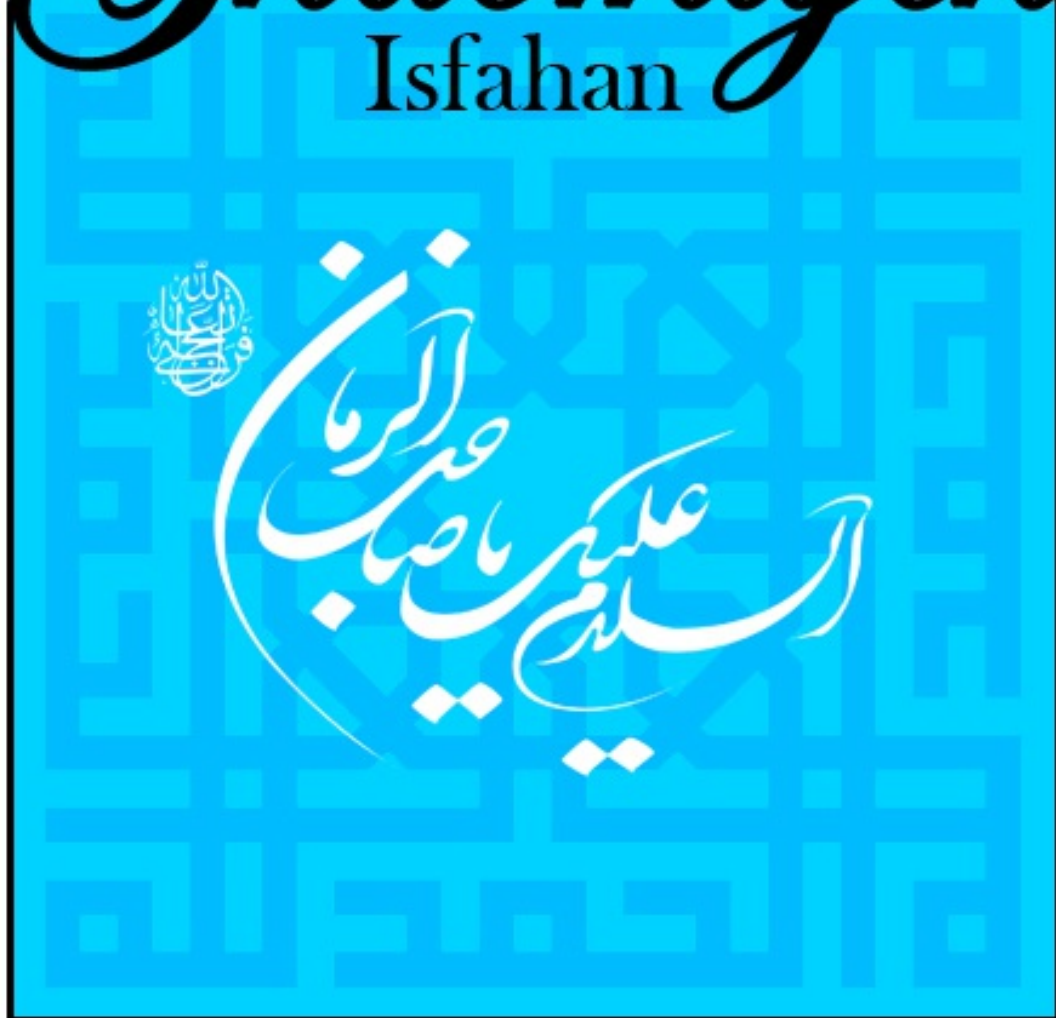
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# Self Building

An Islamic guide for spiritual migration towards God

by:

Ayatullah Ibrahim Amini



بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

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## point

An Islamic guide for Spiritual Migration towards GodA detailed description of special deeds as performed by God's most devoted sincere servants during their lives, the self-restraint and asceticism practiced by them during these worships, and the spiritual purification achieved by them. Original Persian title: Khud Sazi wa Tahzib wa Tazkiyeh .Nafs

## Translator's Foreword

In the Name of God the Beneficent, The Merciful

The human being is the most complicated and astonishing creation of God-Almighty, the creation who in addition to having its primordial animalistic desires also possesses their peculiar nature and spiritual personality. The creation that has been assigned the Divine Viceregency upon earth, (۱) accepted the Divine Trust (۲) when heavens, the earth and the mountains shrank from bearing it, and in its upward heavenly ascent (۳) even surpassed the God's Favorite Angels

A creation that selects and thinks, and through combination of his mental power and physical endeavors is capable of removing all obstacles from his path for betterment of his life. The one who creates his own life history through enrichment of knowledge inherited from his predecessors and makes, the path smoother for further advancement .by the coming generations in the future

But unfortunately, in the midst of man's struggle with nature for improving the quality of his living environment, the most precious reality that has been forgotten is the self and .the jewel of human personality

p: ۱

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And when thy Lord said unto the angels: Lo! I am about to place a viceroy in the earth. – ۱

((۲۰: ۳۰

Lo! We offered the trust unto the heavens and the earth and the hills, but they shrank – ۲  
(from bearing it and were afraid of it. And man assumed it. (۳۳: ۷۲

When he was on the uppermost horizon Then he drew nigh and came down Till he was – ۳  
(distant) two bows' length or even nearer And He revealed unto His slave that which He  
(revealed. (۵۳: ۷-۱) .



Or in other words, what has been forgotten is the man himself, his training and self-purification and making him an ideal or perfect human being

A human being who has been called by God-Almighty, the Most Superior Creation, (1) and about whose identification the authentic commentators of the revelations have said

“(Whoever has recognized his self –in reality has recognized his Creator.” (2)

Self-forgetfulness, negligence shown towards recognizing the infinite dimensions of human celestial soul and under estimation of human inner potential for attaining self-purification or moral perfection is the pain which has inflicted plenty of suffering upon the modern human societies

The domination of technology, fast pace of modern life, usurpation of power by materialists and world-worshippers over vast regions of the world on one hand and the failure and incompetency of various school and ideologies in presenting a clearly illuminated path and satisfactory interpretation of human being on the other hand have made this journey of retrogression and self alienation further complicated

But in the Islamic Ideology, the greatest aim in the life's struggle is to become victorious over the self. In the Holy Qur'an the God Almighty after repeated oaths has emphasized the importance of spiritual purification as follows

فَدَّ أَفْلَحَ مَنْ زَكَّاهَا وَقَدْ خَابَ مَنْ دَسَّاهَا

He is indeed successful who causeth it to grow, (the self) And he is indeed a failure who” (stunteth it.” (91: 9-10)

In accordance with Divine Islamic Ideology, the most exalted aim is training and guidance of human beings in their spiritual journey from the earthly

p: 2

(So blessed be God, the Best of Creators! (23: 14 -1)

A narration from the Infallible Imams (a.s.) of the Holy Prophet's (S) Ahlul Bayt -2

.temporary abode towards the Celestial Kingdom

The aim consists of creation of a society and environment where only God–Almighty is worshipped; in which the light of servitude, devotion, and manifestation of faith towards the unseen will destroy the darkness of selfish whims and passions, thus, enabling the human eyes to witness God's Infinite Glory all over upon his existence and introducing the rule of Monotheism (Tawhid) and its relevant vast dimensions over all human relations and transactions. Of course, this is not possible without self–purification

The Western people and the Muslim immigrants now settled in Western countries in general are curious to know more about Islamic Mysticism or Gnosticism (Irfan). Therefore, I had always desired to translate a suitable book dealing with the Islamic Gnosticism. Thanks God–the Almighty that He bestowed upon this humble servant His Special Grace for completing this translation of Ayatullah Amini's Persian Book –Khud Sazi, Tazkiyeh wa Tehzibe Nafs

The book presents a detailed description of special deeds as per formed by God's most devoted sincere servants during their lives, the self– restraint and asceticism practiced by them during these worships, and the spiritual purification achieved by them. In their spiritual migration towards God–Almighty the more they endeavored to advance forward .(the more nearer they reached to God's Countenance (Laqa

In Islamic Mysticism (۱) the gnostic journey is called ‘sayr wa saluk’ and the wayfarer who undertakes this journey is called ‘salik’, who strives to utilize all his energy, strength and courage in his spiritual migration towards God–Almighty; takes

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In order to provide a further glimpse of Islamic Mysticism, the translation and – ۱ commentary of a famous mystical verse of Imam Khomeini (RA) –the most eminent .gnostic of our time, has been included at the end of this book

all necessary precautions to remain purified in his march; is not tired of restrictions and limitations; guards his breaths day and night lest he transgresses and becomes deviated; strictly supervises all entries leading to heart's domain lest illicit desires, forbidden thoughts make their entries thus, making his beloved's promises contaminated with .alien's presence

The most famous mystic poet of Iran, Hafiz al-Shirazi(۱) has so beautifully summarized :the wayfarer's above mentioned endeavors in his following verse

I remained vigilant guarding the heart's premises every night. So that no alien thought”  
“(except my beloved's) could make its entry

After endeavoring the hardships of his gnostic journey, those who succeed attain the nearness of their beloved (i.e. God-Almighty); the Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali :a.s.) have described this gnostic stage in the following tradition

Truly when a wayfarer (salik) succeeds in making his wisdom alive and in letting his self” die, his body becomes gradually weaker and thinner, his heaviness turning into slimness. A Divine illumination whose manifestation was intermittent becomes clearly visible for him, thus making his path clearly brightened, guiding and moving him through it; passing through various gates (of asceticism) he eventually reaches to the permanent abode of prosperity and with a tranquil and contented heart places his feet in a place of ease and comfort. This is because, he had utilized his reason properly and had made his Creator (pleased.”(۲)

A gnostic after attaining God's Learning (marefah) becomes some one whose physical body is with the people but his heart is always

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Khuwaja Shamsuddin Hafiz-i-Shirazi the most eminent mystic poet of Iran, was born in –۱ the year ۷۲۶ A.H. in Shiraz. All the Gnostics of the world humble themselves before the exaltedness and sacredness of Hafiz who is considered as their Qibleh-Gah (patron). His contentment, surrender, absolute freedom from wants, and truthfulness had bestowed a unique sacredness upon his poetry. After passage of more than six hundred years his

poetic work Diwan of Hafiz is widely used for Estekhara (consultation), but only those who have purified their souls thoroughly may receive guidance from his poetry. Following are "Thanks God" some examples of his poetry: "شکر خدا چه طلب کردم از خدا بر منتحمای مطلب خود کامران شدم" whatever I requested from God, eventually my wishes were granted "هر گنج سعادت که خدا داد بحافظ از یمن دعای شب ووردسحری یود" Each treasurer of prosperity which was bestowed upon Hafiz by God was due to the blessings of night prayer and dawn supplications." Upon knowing Hafiz, Goethe wished to be one of his disciples. He said: "Oh Hafiz, your word is as great as eternity for it has no beginning and no end. Your word as the canopy of heaven solely depends upon itself. It is all signs, beauty and excellence." After studying the lyric poems of Hafiz, Hitche wrote: "O Hafiz, you have created a tavern of philosophy greater than any worldly palace. In it you provided a wine of grace and world beyond the capacity of the world to drink. The highest pinnacle of any amount is but a sign of your greatness and the unfathomable depth of any vortex is just a mark of your perfection, and the excellence of your world." Hafiz, after blessing the humanity with precious gift of his poetic works died at the age of ۶۵ years in the year ۷۹۱ A.H. His tomb is located in Shiraz. His verses like immortal sign still show light to the world's deviated ones whose hearts are full of intense darkness

Sharh Nahjul Balagha, Ibne abi al-Hadid, p.۱۱۱-۱۲۷-۲

engaged in God's Remembrance. A gnostic is the trustee of God's Trust and is the treasurer of Divine-Mysteries; is the source of His Light and proof of His Blessings upon the mankind; is the carrier of Divine Knowledge and Scale of Divine Mercy and Justice; is needless of mankind, desires and world; does not have any other companion except God-Almighty; and does not have any indication, speech and breathing but by means of God, for the sake of God, from the God and with the God

The main contents of the book as mentioned earlier are the etiquette and instructions of gnostic journey, ways and manners of servitude, detailed descriptions of deeds and worships that must be performed by a wayfarer, and what sort of behaviors and restrictions they must practice in order to attain the desired results. The book consists of :preface and three parts covering the following topics

Self-purification, Human Virtues, What to Be?, Heart in Qur'an, Hard-heartedness, Self-refinement, Self-struggle, Egotism, Wordliness, Piety, Characteristics of the Pious, Repentance or Self-cleansing, Training and Perfection of Self, Faith, Means of Achieving Perfection and God's Nearness, Invocations, Instructions, Obstacles of the Path, Nourishment of Moral Virtues, Righteous Deeds etc

The most prevalent misunderstanding [\(۱\)](#) about Islamic Mysticism which must be clarified is that relinquishment of worldly involvement, seclusion, and monasticism are not prerequisites for undertaking a spiritual migration towards God-Almighty; on the contrary, as it would be shown in the later part of this book, Islam demands from its followers that while living

p: ۵

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Regarding these misunderstandings Imam Khomeini (RA) in his last testament writes: – ۱  
 “Among the noticeable conspiracies during the present century and especially during the last few decades and since the victory of the Islamic Revolution is the vast worldwide propaganda for dismaying nations and especially the self-sacrificing people of Iran with a view to making them lose their confidence in Islam and eventually renounce it. Sometimes they do it directly, albeit crudely, suggesting, for example, that the edicts of Islam which were established one thousand and four hundred years ago cannot possibly

be relied on as laws on the basis of which to administer countries in the present century, that Islam is a reactionary religion opposed to every innovation and to the manifestation of modern civilization, or that in the present era the countries in the world cannot discard the world's civilization and its manifestations. And similar foolish and occasionally malicious and vicious propaganda nicely wrapped and offered in the form of pro-Islamic propaganda and under the pretext of support for the sanctity of Islamic ways, among other things, that Islam and other divine religions are concerned about the spiritualities, about the moral rectification of mankind, that they invite them to resign earthly pursuits, that they invite man to renounce the material world and engage himself in acts of worship, saying prayers and devotions which, they argue, bring man nearer to God and distance him from the material world; that involvement in the administration of state and government and politics is against that lofty and spiritual goal because the latter activities are solely for this material world, which is against the teachings of the great prophets.”

.Imam's Final Discourse, pp. ۲۲-۲۳

among the people a normal social life discharging the individual and collective obligations, they should not be negligent of their own selves and must pay special attention towards their spiritual purification

I wish to thank all those who have contributed to the realization of this translation. I am indebted to Ayatullah Ibrahim Amini and Mr. Ansariyan for support, valuable suggestions, and guidance. I am sincerely indebted to my wife Fatimah Razavi for proof reading Arabic text and Mr. Soulat Parviz for his painstaking efforts in type-setting

For the sake of convenience of readers who are not familiar with Arabic language the recital of important supplications have been written in English. Elucidatory footnotes and chapters added by the translator are identified with [Tr]. Due to pressure of time, as I am leaving tomorrow for Hajj pilgrimage there might be errors and omissions for which I apologize to my readers, and welcome their suggestions and comments

Sayyid Hossein Alamdar

.Dhiqadh, ۲۳, ۱۴۱۷ A.H

April ۲, ۱۹۹۷

Tehran

### **Biography of Ayatullah Ibrahim Amini**

He was born in ۱۹۲۵ in the City of Najafabad in the Province of Esfahan. Having finished his primary studies in Najafabad, he joined the Religious Learning Center of Esfahan in ۱۹۴۲. After completing his curriculum of religious studies in Esfahan, he joined the most famous Religious Learning Center of Qum in ۱۹۴۷, where he learned Dars al-Kharij(۱), Jurisprudence and principles, under the tutorship of most eminent religious scholars of that period. He studied the Philosophy books

Manzoomeh of Hakim Sabzavari, Isfar of Sadar al-Mutaleheen and Shifa of Avicena, under

Dars al-Kharij: The highest level of theological education related to jurisprudence in the –۱  
form of lectures, beyond the limited boundaries of textbooks



the tutorship of most eminent philosophers of that period. Also, he studied the religious sciences of Kalam (Discourse) and Tafseer (Commentary) during his stay over there.

While, pursuing his religious studies at Esfahan and Qum he also taught Literature, Jurisprudence and Philosophy. Because of his special attitude and inclination towards the sciences namely: Psychology, Child-Psychology, Education and Training, Family-rights, Family-ethics, and Traditions of Holy Prophet (S) and Infallible Imams (a.s.), he pursued advance studies and research in these areas.

Ayatullah Amini from the very beginning was interested in writing and academic research and therefore, since the year ۱۹۴۵ he has been engaged intensively in writing and research. Following is a list of some of his published works:

۱. Dad-Gustar al-Jahan (World Administer of Justice) about the life of Imam al-Mahdi (a.s.).

۲. Barrasi Masail al-Kulli Imamat (Over all review of affairs related to Divinely Appointed Viceregency).

۳. (Aayeen al-Hamsar Dari (the Code of Marital Relationship).

۴. (Aayeen al- Tarbiyat dar Tarbiyate-Kudak (The Code of Child-training).

۵. (Islam wa Talim wa Tarbiyat (Education and Training in Islam).

۶. (Intekhab al- Hamsar (Selection of Spouse).

۷. Bano al-Namuna al-Islam (The Ideal Women of Islam), about the life of Fatimah az-Zahra (SA) the daughter of the Holy Prophet (S).

۸. (Khud Sazi dar Akhlaque (Moral Self-building).

۹. Aamuzish al-Din (Religious-Education): Roots and Branches of religion, explained in simple language, consisting of seven volumes, are included in the curriculum of Primary Education.

۱۰. Droos min al-Saqafateh al-Islamiyah: A complete course of Roots and Branches of Religion of Intermediate level.

## Aashnai ba Masail al-Kulli Islam (Acquaintance .۱۱)

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.(with over all Islamic Affairs

Hame Bayad Be Danand (Everybody should know); A small booklet containing the . ۱۲  
 .details of Roots and Branches of the Religion for younger people

Islam wa Tammudan al-Gharb (Islam and Western Civilization): Translation from . ۱۳  
 .Arabic into Persian of Moududi's Book: Nahn wa al-Hazarate al-Gharbiyeh

A lot of miscellaneous articles written on various: Ideological, Political, Social, Ethical . ۱۴  
 and Educational topics for presentation at National and International Seminars and  
 Conferences. The above listed books were written in Persian but so far many of them  
 .have been translated into various foreign languages

Ayatullah Amini, an eminent scholar and jurispudent is a professor at the Religious  
 Learning Center at Qum where he is involved in teaching, writing and research activities.  
 He very frequently represents the Islamic Republic of Iran at various international  
 conferences. In addition to his teaching responsibilities he also holds many important  
 :national positions as follows

Member and Vice President of Assembly of Experts (Majlis al-Khubrigan), Secretary-  
 General of Office and Educational Research Center of Assembly of Experts, Member  
 Academic Council of Religious Learning Center of Qum, and Chief of Cultural Affairs,  
 Member Board of Trustees of World Center for Islamic Sciences, Member, board of  
 Trustees Imam al-Sadiq University in Tehran and Member Supreme Council of World  
 (Assembly of Ahlul Bayt (a.s

**Preface**

**point**

In the Name of God the Beneficent, The Merciful

Praise to the Lord of the Worlds, salutations and greetings be upon the most noble  
 messenger and prophet, God's beloved, Abi al-Qasim Muhammad (S), who was  
 appointed, to be a



blessing for the mankind, to help them attaining spiritual purification, to teach them the  
(.book and wisdom and salutations be upon his Holy Household, Ahlul Bayt (a.s

Oh God! Please guide us towards the straight path leading to perfection: enlighten our  
darken hearts with the light of faith and Your Knowledge; remove the dark intense veils  
of egotism, selfishness, whims and passions of self; open our exoteric heart's eyes for  
witnessing Your Unique Beauty; strengthen us on the path of self-building and self-  
purification, remove from our hearts the love and desires of other than You; remove the  
veils of negligence and satisfy our thirst with the pure fountain of your Love and  
.Nearness

Oh God! Please enlighten our hearts with the heavenly light of faith and certainty by  
awakening us from the deep sleep of ignorance, so that we may discover our lost selves  
.and do not waste our precious lives in ignorance like before

Any how, this servant of God, confused, bewildered, entangled, captive of selfish whims  
and passions, ignorant of the existence of various spiritual stations of perfection and  
stages of mystical journey towards God-Almighty was suddenly inspired to move his feet  
inside this vast arena of spiritual fields dealing with self-building, refinement, and  
.purification of human self

By utilization of enlightened verses of the Holy Qur'an and instructions given by Holy  
Prophet (S) and infallible Imams (a.s.) of his Holy Progeny (Ahlul Bayt)(ﷺ) abstraction of the  
overall basic principles of self-purification and spiritual mystic journey towards God-  
.Almighty was accomplished

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Ahlul Bayt (a.s.): It refers to the immediate descendants of a family or such a family of –  
the same house or bayt. In this compound form, Ahlul Bayt is used in the Holy Qur'an  
especially in reference to the immediate family of Muhammad (S). In verse ۳۳: ۳۳ we hear:  
“And God only wishes to remove from you all kind of uncleanness, O members of the  
family (of Muhammad) and thoroughly purify you.” All the commentators of the Holy  
Qur'an are unanimous in the opinion that the term Ahlul Bayt in this verse refers to  
Muhammad's daughter Fatimah, his cousin and son-in-law 'Ali, and his two beloved

.[grandsons, Hasan and Husayn [Tr

May be these efforts would be of some help, and guidance for the truth seekers and wayfarers in their march on this road of spiritual perfection

May Merciful God accept this insignificant work and may hold the hand of this deprived servant, leading from the intense darkness of ignorance and egotism towards the illuminated valley of invocations, love, enlightenment, and countenance of God-Almighty. And if it happened, may be it will compensate the omissions of the past for the coming life (if there is any left) of this servant

### An Important Reminder

Before entering into discussion, it must be emphasized that the monasticism, renunciation of worldly affairs, and unacceptance of social responsibilities are not pre requisite for undertaking a self-purification program, on the contrary, as will be shown in the book later on that seclusion and relinquishment of individual and social responsibilities are inconsistency with the spiritual self-building and self-purification program

Islam demands from Muslims that simultaneous to living among the people and discharging their social obligations they should not be ignorant about their spiritual requirements and therefore, should pay special attention towards their self-building and self-refinement

Ibrahim Amini

March, ۱۹۸۴

.Qum, I.R. IRAN

### Self-Purification, the Main Goal of Divine Messengers

#### point

The greatest aim of Divine Messengers was to emphasize the importance of refinement, purification, and training of human selves. God-Almighty said in the Holy Qur'an

لَقَدْ مَنَّ اللَّهُ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِينَ إِذْ بَعَثَ فِيهِمْ رَسُولًا مِّنْ أَنفُسِهِمْ يَتْلُو عَلَيْهِمْ آيَاتِهِ وَيُزَكِّيهِمْ وَيُعَلِّمُهُمُ الْكِتَابَ وَالْحِكْمَةَ وَإِن كَانُوا مِن قَبْلُ لَفِي ضَلَالٍ مُّبِينٍ

God did confer a great favor on the believers when he sent among them an apostle”

p: ۱۰



from among themselves rehearsing unto them the signs of God, sanctifying them and instructing them in scripture and wisdom, while before that, they had been in manifest  
(error. (۳: ۱۶۴

Therefore, it is obvious that the subject of human education and training was of such vital importance that God-Almighty sent Divine Messengers especially for this purpose thus, conferring a great favor upon the believers

The individual as well as collective personality, prosperity or cruelty (of this world and Hereafter) of a human being depends upon how much efforts he had already made or is still making for self-building. It is from this consideration that self-building is regarded something of such vital importance because it determines ones eventual destiny

The Divine Messengers came to teach human beings regarding the path of self-building, nourishment, and perfection of self, as well as to accompany them as their guide and helper in this vital and determinant task

They came for cleansing and sanctifying human selves from their indecent moral characteristics and animal instincts, and bestowing upon them superior spiritual virtues. The prophets lectured human beings about the self-building program, acted as helper and knowledgeable guides in identifying the ugliness in their moral conducts, and showed them the ways and means for self-control against their selfish whims and passions

By timely issuance of warning and intimidating they succeeded in sanctifying the human selves from the moral obscenities and indecencies. They came for plantation of sapling of higher moral virtues within human souls, nurtured and protected it for its

eventual blooming, and in doing so acted as guides, friends, and helpers of the people by encouraging and pursuing them towards the desired sublime' objectives. The Holy Prophet (S) has said

I emphasize the importance of good morals for you because God-Almighty has sent me”  
(especially for this purpose.”<sup>(١)</sup>

:He further said

عن النبي صلى الله عليه وآله انه قال: إنما بعثت لا تتم مكارم الاخلاق

I was appointed for the Prophethood so that I may accomplish the important task of”  
(moral perfection within human souls.”<sup>(٢)</sup>

:Imam al-Sadiq<sup>(٣)</sup> (a.s.) said

قال أبو عبد الله عليه السلام: ان الله تبارك وتعالى خص الانبيا بمكارم الاخلاق, فمن كانت فيه فليحمد الله على ذلك, ومن لم يكن فليتضرع الى الله وليسئله.

God-Almighty appointed prophets with good morals; therefore, whoever discovers” these virtues within himself should be thankful to God for this bounty, whoever lacks these virtues must pray, cry, and shed tears before God Almighty asking for such  
(blessing.”<sup>(٤)</sup>

:The commander of faithful Imam ‘Ali<sup>(٥)</sup> (a.s.) said

قال امير المؤمنين عليه السلام: لو كنا لا نرجو جنة ولا نخشى ناراً ولا ثواباً ولا عقاباً لكان ينبغي لنا ان نطلب مكارم الاخلاق فإنها مما تذل على سبيل النجاح.

Supposedly, if neither there was any desire for Paradise nor there was any fear of Hell,” and also there would have not been any belief about the reward and punishment in the Next World; even then it would have been fitting to strive for moral perfection,  
(because, good morals are the path towards prosperity and victory.”<sup>(٤)</sup>

:Imam Baqir <sup>(٧)</sup> said

عن ابي جعفر عليه

.Bihar al-Anwar vol. ۶۹, p-۳۷۵ -۱

.al-Mustadarak, vol. ۲, p-۲۸۲ -۲

Imam Ja'far al-Sadiq (a.s.): The sixth Imam, Ja'far, known as al-Sadiq (a.s.) was born in -۳ Medina on Monday, ۱۷th Rabi-ul-awwal ۸۳ A.H. The son of the fifth Imam, he lived in an increasingly favorable climate and was able to teach openly in Median. Large numbers of scholars gathered around him to learn, including such famous Sunni figures as Abu Hanifa, the founder of the one of the four Sunni schools of Law. Towards the end of Imam Ja'far's life severe restrictions were placed upon his activities, as a result of growing Shi'ite unrest. More traditions are recorded from him than from all the other Imams together. He is so important for Twelve-Imam Shi'ite law that it is named the Jafri School after him. He is buried in the Baqi cemetery in Medina. Ja'far's fame for religious learning was great, greater than that of his father or of any other Twelver Imam except for 'Ali bin Abu Talib (a.s.) himself. perhaps the earliest historical reference presenting Ja'far as one of the most respected and highly esteemed personalities of his epoch, and as having profound knowledge and learning, is Ya'qubi's statement that it was customary for scholars who related anything from him to say: "The Learned One informed us". Even the famous jurist of Medina, the Imam Malik b. Anas, is reported to have said, when quoting Ja'far's traditions: "The Thiqa (truthful) Ja'far b. Muhammad himself told me that. ..." Similar compliments for Ja'far are attributed to the Imam Abu Hanifa, who is also reported to have been his pupil. Al-Sadiq's (a.s.) knowledge was great in religion and culture, he was fully informed in philosophy, he attained great piety in the world, and he abstained entirely from lusts. He lived in Medina long enough to greatly profit the sect that followed him, and to give his friends the advantage of the hidden sciences. He died at the age of ۶۵, in Medina on Monday, ۲۵th Shawwal ۱۴۸ H.; poisoned by al-Mansur ad-

.Dawaniqi, the Abbasid Caliph

.al Mustadarak, vol. ۲, p-۲۸۳ -۴

The Commander of the Faithful 'Ali ibn Abu Talib (a.s.): Was the first perfect exemplar " -۵ of the teachings of the Most Noble Messenger (S) 'Ali was raised by him from early childhood and followed him like a shadow until the very end of the latter's life. He was like a moth before the prophetic flame; the final moment when he was separated from the Most Noble Messenger (S) was when he embraced his corpse and laid it to rest. 'Ali (a.s.)

was the first person after the Most Noble Messenger (S) to approach spiritual realities in the manner of philosophical reflection, that is, by free exercise of reason. He used many technical terms and laid out and organized the rules of Arabic grammar in order to protect the Holy Qur'an from copyist's errors. The exact scholarship, spiritual culture, and consideration of ethical, social, political, and even mathematical problems shown in 'Ali's (a.s.) discourses, letters, and other documents that have reached us are astonishing. The wealth of these documents makes 'Ali (a.s.) the best known individual among Muslims to have a full realization of the sublime goals of the Holy Qur'an and the critical and practical concepts of Islam as they should be realized. They testify to the soundness of the Prophetic saying, 'I am the city of knowledge and 'Ali is its gate'. Furthermore, he combined this knowledge with action. In short, 'Ali's outstanding character is beyond description, and his virtues are innumerable. Never in history has someone's character drawn the attention of the world's scholars and thinkers to such an extent. R. Campbell, 'Allamah Sayyed Mohammad Hosayn Tabatabai, Islamic teachings pp. ۱۲۳-۱۲۷

.al-Mustadarak, vol. ۲, p-۲۸۳-۶

The Fifth Imam, Muhammad, known as al-Baqir (۵۷/۶۷۵-۱۱۴/۷۳۲) The son of the fourth -۷ Imam, he was present at Karbala at a young age. Because of changing political and religious conditions, among them the general revulsion following the events at Karbala, many people came to Medina to learn the religious and spiritual sciences from him. He trained numerous well-known men of religion, and mainly for this reason is the first Imam after 'Ali from whom large numbers of traditions are recorded. He buried in the Baqi' cemetery in Medina

السلام قال: ان اكمل المؤمنين ايماننا احسنهم خلقا.

The most perfect believers from the point of view of faith are the ones who excel in”  
(moral conduct.” (١)

:The Holy Prophet (S) said

قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: ما يوضع فى ميزان امرى يوم القيامة أفضل من حسن الخلق.

There is nothing better than good moral conduct which could be written on the “Letter of”  
(Deeds” on the Day of Resurrection.” (٢)

And said

قال رسول الله (ص): اكثر ما تلج به امتى الجنة تقوى الله وحسن الخلق.

My Ummah will enter into Paradise mostly on the basis of piety and excellence in moral”  
(conduct.” (٣)

:And the following narration

جا رجل الى رسول الله عليه وآله من بين يديه فقال: يا رسول الله ما الدين؟ فقال: حسن الخلق. ثم اتاه من قبل يمينه فقال: يا رسول الله ما الدين؟ فقال: حسن الخلق. ثم اتاه من قبل شماله فقال: ما الدين؟ فقال: حسن الخلق. ثم اتاه من ورايه فقال: ما الدين؟ فالفتف اليه فقال: اما تفقه؟ هوان لا تغضب.

A man approached the Holy Prophet (S) and asked: 'What is religion?' The Holy Prophet” (S) replied: 'Good moral conduct.' The man asked the same questions from the Holy Prophet (S) alternatively by appearing from right, left, and behind the Messenger. Finally the Holy Prophet (S) took a deep look at him and said: 'Why don't you understand?'  
(Religion is defined as never to get angry.” (٤)

Islam has attached special importance for moral ethics, and because of these consideration the Holy Qur’an contains relatively more verses regarding ethics as compared verses

.al-Kafi, vol. ۲, p-۹۹ -۲

.al-Kafi, vol. ۲, p-۱۰۰ -۳

.Mohajateh al-Baiza, vol. ۵, p-۸۹ -۴

related to obligation. Inside the books of narrations, one may find thousands of narrations regarding ethics as compared to narrations dealing with other topics; if this number is not regarded greater in quantity, certainly it is not smaller either

The rewards and promises mentioned for good moral deeds are certainly not lesser than the rewards prescribed for other actions, and likewise the warnings and punishments described for indecent moral actions are certainly not less than the punishments for other actions

Therefore, in Islam, ethics constitutes the basics and should not be treated simply as secondary religious obligations or something related to the beautification and decoration of religious persons. If religion has defined do's and don'ts for obligations, it has defined the same for ethics. If encouragement, persuasion, rewards, punishment, and warnings have been utilized for obligations, the same approach has been applied for ethics as well as

Therefore, there exists no difference between ethics and obligations as far as religious recommendations are concerned, and in order to achieve perfection and prosperity one cannot remain ignorant of ethical matters

The moral obligations cannot be ignored by taking the excuse of treating them simply as moral obligations, likewise forbidden moral acts should not be performed either. If performance of daily-prayers is compulsory and their non-performance is prohibited and brings Divine-Punishment, equally important is the fulfillment of a promise and its breach is prohibited and brings Divine-Wrath

The real religious and prosperous is some one who is committed to his religious obligation as well as

is honest in fulfillment of his moral commitments. On the contrary ethics play an important role for achieving prosperity and spiritual perfection that will be explained in the book later on.

### 1. Self-awareness and Self-building

Although a human being is not more than a single reality, but is the possessor of different dimensions within his single existence –the existence which starts from the insignificant dusty material lacking any sort of sense and feelings and ultimately terminates into a precious celestial jewel.

:God-Almighty said in the Holy Qur'an

الَّذِي أَحْسَنَ كُلَّ شَيْءٍ خَلَقَهُ □ وَبَدَأَ خَلْقَ الْإِنْسَانِ مِنْ طِينٍ ثُمَّ جَعَلَ نَسْلَهُ مِنْ سُلَالَةٍ مِّنْ مَّاءٍ مَّهِينٍ  
ثُمَّ سَوَّاهُ وَنَفَخَ فِيهِ مِنْ رُّوحِهِ □ وَجَعَلَ لَكُمُ السَّمْعَ وَالْأَبْصَارَ وَالْأَفْئِدَةَ □ قَلِيلًا مَّا تَشْكُرُونَ

Who made all things good which He created, and He began the creation of man from" clay, then He made his seed from a draught of despised fluid; then he fashioned him and breathed into him of his spirit; and appointed for you hearing and sights and hearts; small (thanks give ye" (٣٢: ٧-٩)

A human being is the possessor of various facts and parameters within his existence. From one aspect he is the possessor of physical body and a name, while from another aspect he is possessor of animal instincts as well as. Eventually overall, he is a human being possessing superior human virtues which are not found in other animals.

Therefore, human being is a single reality, a reality that possesses various dimensions and facts within his single existence. When it is said: My weight and my



face, it is indicative of his body and name; when it is said: My food and my health, it is also related to his body; when it is said: movement, anger, and sexual passion, it indicates his animal self; and lastly when it is said; my wisdom, my thinking and my thoughts, it indicates to his superior human virtues

Therefore, a human being possesses different kinds of selves namely; self related to his physical body, self related to his animal instincts, and the human-self, but the most valuable and precious self is his -human-self. What had made human beings, “Vicegerent of God” upon earth and has distinguished them over other creatures is nothing but the single heavenly “Spirit” blown into his existence by God-Almighty, called Human Soul. The wise God has explained the creation of human beings in the Holy Qur’an as follows

وَلَقَدْ خَلَقْنَا الْإِنْسَانَ مِنْ سُلَالَةٍ مِنْ طِينٍ ثُمَّ جَعَلْنَاهُ نُطْفَةً فِي قَرَارٍ مَكِينٍ ثُمَّ خَلَقْنَا النُّطْفَةَ عَلَقَةً فَخَلَقْنَا الْعَلَقَةَ مُضْغَةً فَخَلَقْنَا الْمُضْغَةَ عِظَامًا فَكَسَوْنَا الْعِظَامَ لَحْمًا ثُمَّ أَنْشَأْنَاهُ خَلْقًا آخَرَ فَتَبَارَكَ اللَّهُ أَحْسَنُ الْخَالِقِينَ

Verily we created man from a product of wet earth; then placed him as a drop (of seed)” in a safe lodging; then fashioned we the drop a clot, then fashioned we the little lump bones, then clothed the bones with flesh, and then produced it as another creation. So (blessed the God, the Best of Creators.” (٢٣:١٢-١٤)

:It is about the creation of human being that God-Almighty has said

تَبَارَكَ اللَّهُ أَحْسَنُ الْخَالِقِينَ

So blessed the”

﴿God –the Best of Creators.﴾ (٢٣:١٤)

It was because of this Heavenly Spirit that human being reaches to an exalted position  
:that God–Almighty orders the angels as follows

فَإِذَا سُوِّيْتَهُ وَنَفَخْتَ مِنْ رُوحِي فَقَعُوا لَهُ سَاجِدِينَ.

So when I have made him and have breathed unto him of My Spirit, do ye fall down”  
(prostrating yourself unto him.” (١٥: ٢٩

If, human beings were bestowed distinction over other creatures and God–Almighty said  
:about them as follows

وَلَقَدْ كَرَّمْنَا بَنِي آدَمَ وَحَمَلْنَاهُمْ فِي الْبَرِّ وَالْبَحْرِ وَرَزَقْنَاهُمْ مِنَ الطَّيِّبَاتِ وَفَضَّلْنَاهُمْ عَلَىٰ كَثِيرٍ مِمَّنْ خَلَقْنَا تَفْضِيلًا

Verily, we have honored the children of Adam. We carry them on the land and the sea,”  
and have made provision of good things for them, and have preferred them above many  
(of those whom we created with a marked preferment.” (١٧: ٧٠

Therefore, if a human being should strive for self–building he must build his human–self  
and not his animal or physical–self. The aims of prophets had been to strengthen the  
human beings in their endeavors for perfecting their human selves. The Prophets said to  
:the human–beings

Don't forget that your self is your human–self; in case you sacrificed your human–self for  
the sake of whims and passions of your animal–self; you will inflict upon yourself a terrible  
.loss

:God–Almighty has said in the Holy Qur’an

قُلْ إِنَّ الْخَاسِرِينَ الَّذِينَ خَسِرُوا أَنفُسَهُمْ وَأَهْلِيهِمْ يَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ ۗ أَلَا ذَلِكُمْ هُوَ الْخُسْرَانُ الْمُبِينُ

Say: the losers will be those who loose themselves and their house folk on the Day of”  
(Resurrection. Ah, that will be the manifest loss.” (٣٩:١٥

Those



who never think about any thing except their animal existence have indeed lost their human personality and are not striving for their recovery either. The Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) has said

قال علي عليه السلام: عجبت لمن ينشد ضالته وقد اضل نفسه فلا يطلبها.

It is indeed strange to see someone so desperately looking for lost personal things, while” making absolutely no efforts to find his lost (human) self.”١١

There can not be more severe and painful loss than some one's losing his human personality and real self; for such a person nothing is left except animalism

### Human-soul and Animal-self .٢

The verses of the Holy Qur’an and narrations about human-self could be divided into two categories. Some of the verses define human-self as a precious valuable jewel possessing Heavenly excellence, descended from Heaven, which is the source of all superior characteristics and human virtues. These verses recommend that human beings must strive for achieving self-refinement and self-perfection through training, and must be careful for its protection, never to lose such a precious Heavenly gift. For example :God-Almighty in Holy Qur’an defines this precious jewel as follows

وَيَسْأَلُونَكَ عَنِ الرُّوحِ قُلِ الرُّوحُ مِنْ أَمْرِ رَبِّي وَمَا أُوتِيتُمْ مِنَ الْعِلْمِ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا

They will ask the (of Muhammad) concerning the spirit. Say: The spirit is by command of” (my Lord, and knowledge ye have been vouchsafed but little.”(١٧:٨٥)

In the above verse the spirit has been defined as an existence belonging to the celestial world that is superior than the material world. The Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) about

:the self said

قال على عليه السلام: ان النفس لجوهره تهمنيه من صانها رفعها ومن ابتذلها وضعها.

Self is like a precious jewel, whoever strives for his protection, he will help him attaining” exalted positions, and whoever acted negligently in his protection he shall pull him towards humiliation.”<sup>(١)</sup>

:And said

قال على عليه السلام: من عرف نفسه لم يهنها بالفانيات.

Whoever knows the worth of his self will never allow himself to be indulging into passing” worldly amusements and shameful deeds.”<sup>(٢)</sup>

:And said

قال على عليه السلام: من عرف شرف معانه عن دنأه سهوته و زورمناه.

Whoever discovers the nobility of self shall guard him against lowness of passions and” false desires.”<sup>(٣)</sup>

:And said

قال على عليه السلام: من شرفت نفسه كثرت عواطفه.

Whoever possesses the nobility of self will have more compassion.”<sup>(٤)</sup>

:He also said

قال على عليه السلام: من شرفت نفسه نزهها عن ذله الطالب.

Whoever possesses the nobility of self will become free from Wants.”<sup>(٥)</sup>

From the above quoted verses and narrations whose examples are frequent, it can be derived that human self is a valuable and precious jewel which should be carefully guarded protected and nourished

The second category of verses and narrations defines the self as something wicked and

dangerous enemy responsible for all sorts of evils, against whom we are supposed to wage a great struggle (Jihad al-Akbar) till it becomes completely submissive, otherwise it .will inflict terrible misfortune and cruelty upon the defeated person

:Following are some examples

وَأَمَّا مَنْ خَافَ مَقَامَ رَبِّهِ وَنَهَى النَّفْسَ عَنِ الْهَوَىٰ ۗ فَإِنَّ الْجَنَّةَ هِيَ الْمَأْوَىٰ ۗ

But as far him who feared to stand before his”

p: ۱۹

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Ghirar al-Hukm, p-۲۲۶. ۱۱ Ghirar al-Hukm p-۴۹۵ -۱

.Ghirar al-Hukm, p-۶۶۹ -۲

.Ghirar al- Hukm, p-۷۱۰ -۳

.Ghirar al-Hukm, p-۶۳۸ -۴

.Ghirar al-Hukm, p-۶۶۹ -۵

(lord and restrained his soul from lust, Lo! The garden will be his home.” (٧٩:٤٠-٤١)

:(The Holy Qur'an quotes from Prophet Joseph (a.s

وَمَا أُبْرِئُ نَفْسِي □ إِنَّ النَّفْسَ لَأَمَّارَةٌ بِالسُّوءِ إِلَّا مَا رَحِمَ رَبِّي □

I don't exculpate myself Lo! the (human) soul enjoineeth unto evil, save that whereon my”  
(Lord hath mercy. Lo! My Lord is Forgiving, Merciful.” (١٢: ٥٣)

:The Holy Prophet (S) said

قال النبي الله صلى الله عليه وآله: اعتدى عدوك نفسك التي بين جنبيك.

“(Your's greatest enemy is your self, which is located between your two sides.”(١)

:Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) said

قال على عليه السلام: إن النفس لاماره بالسوء فمن ائتمنها خائنه ومن استنام اليها أهلكته ومن رضى عنها اورده شر الموارد.

Self commands you continuously to indulge into evil deeds, therefore, whoever trusted”  
his self –he will deceit him, whoever believed his self –he will destroy him; and whoever is  
“(satisfied with his self –he will lead him to face worst kind of disasters.”(٢)

:He further said

قال على عليه السلام: الثقة بالنفس من أوثق فرص الشيطان.

“(Trusting the self provides the most dependable opportunities for devil's entrance”(٣)

:Imam al-Sajjad (٤)(a.s.) said

قال على بن الحسين عليه السلام فى دعائه: الهى اليك أشكو نفسا يالسو اماره والى الخطيئه مبادره وبمعاصيك مولعه ولسخطك متعرضه تسلك بى مسالك المهالك.

Oh God! I do complain to you against the self –which continuously commands; to indulge”  
into sinful acts and deviations,. Stands up against Your wrath and punishment; and pulls  
“(me towards the path of absolute destruction.”(٥)

From the above quoted verses and narrations whose examples are frequent, it can

.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۷۰, p-۶۴ -۱

.Ghirar al-Hukm, p-۲۲۶ -۲

.Ghirar al-Hukm, p-۵۴ -۳

Imam al-Sajjad (a.s.): The son of Imam al-Husayn by the daughter of Yazdigird the last Sassanid king of Iran was born in Medina on Saturday, ۱۵th Jamadi al-Ola ۳۶ A.H. He participated in Imam al-Husayn's uprising and accompanied his father to Karbala being a tragic witness to the tragic event. After his father's martyrdom he was made captive and taken from Karbala to Kufa and from Kufa to Damascus. His speeches and protests on necessary occasions made manifest the worthiness and glory of Ahl al-Bayt (a.s.), the cruel injustice suffered by his father, and the enormities perpetuated by the Yazid's Ummayyad regime. Imam al-Shafi considered Imam 'Ali ibn al-Husayn (a.s.) as the most supreme jurist of all the people of Medina. His book, "Al-Shaifah Al-Sajjadiyyah" represents and stands out as a profound social work of the time and a reflection of a supreme endeavor to meet the exigencies of spiritual ordeals facing the society at the time of Imam. He died at the age of ۵۸ in Medina; poisoned by al-Walid ibn Abdul Malik ibn Marwan on ۲۵th [Muharram ۹۵ A.H., and is buried in Jannatu'l Baqi Cemetery in Medina [Tr

.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۹۴, p-۱۴۳ -۵



be derived that human self constitutes an evil existence which is the source of all sort of sins and therefore, should be made submissive through efforts and waging greater .(struggle (Jihad al-Akbar

Here it is quite possible that some may consider that these two categories of verses and narrations are incompatible and contradict each other; or one might imagine that a human being possesses two selves, namely: human- self which is the source of all goodness and blessing, and the other one animal-self which is the source of all evil and .sinfulness

Both of the above mentioned interpretations are incorrect because firstly there exists no conflict between the above mentioned verses and narrations of two categories; secondly, the sciences had already proved that a human being is not more than a single reality possessing a single self and it is not such that his animalism and humanism are separate .from each other

But human self comprises of two stages and two dimensions of his single existence. At lower the stage, self is an animal possessing all animalistic characteristic, while at higher stage, the self is a human possessing Divine-spirit -descended from the Celestial Heavenly Kingdom. When it is said: Self is noble, precious, source of all virtues and blessings; one must endeavor for his nourishment and perfection -here the higher stage .of self has been indicated

But when it is said: Self is your greatest enemy; don't trust him because he will lead you to eventual destruction, control and make him submissive through

greater struggle –here his animal and lower stage have been pointed out. If it is said: Nourish and strengthen your self here the human dimension of the self is meant. When it is said: Wage greater struggle for his total submission, here the animal dimension of the self is meant

There exists a continuous confrontation between these two selves or two stages of human existence. The animal self continuously strives to dominate by keeping human being amused with whims, passions and lower animal desires, thus, closing the path of advancement perfection, exaltation and movement towards God-Almighty and making a human being captive of his animal self

While on the contrary his human self or the higher stage of his existence continuously strives for attaining the higher sublime spiritual stations of human perfection leading towards God's Countenance, and in order to accomplish his cherished goal, tries to control, and forces the animal-self for his absolute submission. This internal struggle, within the human existence continues until one of the combatant becomes victorious defeating his opponent

If the human or celestial-self gets upper hand –the human values become alive, thus, leading human being towards the road of spiritual excellence and perfection ultimately achieving the highest position of God's Countenance. But, on the contrary if the animal-self becomes victorious –he turns off the light of wisdom, thus, throwing the human being into the deepest valley of darkness confusion and deviation. It was because of this internal confrontation within human existence that Divine Prophets came to help

guide and support the human beings in their holy struggle which ultimately determines their destiny

### Human Virtues .۳

A human being possesses two types of selves: the human self and the animal self, but the value of a human being is related to his human-self and has nothing to do with his animal self. The animal-self may be regarded some sort of parasitic existence, or like an uninvited guest, and in reality is the unconscious-self

Although, a human being is an animal and is obligated to fulfill his animalistic requirements, but he has not been created to live in this world like an animal, instead he has been created with the aims and objectives of utilizing and commissioning his animal existence for perfecting his human existence

A human being have some genuine requirements incorporated within his inner existence for the sake of his animal as well as human existence. Since he is an animal, he requires food, water, clothing and shelter in order to motivate him for making serious endeavors for their search, feelings of thirst and hunger have been incorporated within his existence

Similarly, for the sake of continuation of human race, sexual desires and love for female partner have been incorporated within his nature

Since men like to live and in order to sustain his life he has no other choice except to take care of means of living required for his animal existence. When he sees food he feels hungry and desires to eat and therefore, he tells himself: I must arrange food for

my own consumption and whatever obstacles are encountered in this path I must try to  
.remove them

Of course, these feelings are not bad because for sustenance of life one must work, eat and drink. In Islam not only this has not been forbidden, on the contrary it has been recommended and encouraged. But parallel to that it must be clearly understood that the animal life is a preliminary and not the desired goal. Or in other words, the animal life is  
.not the main quest rather some one accompanying him

Therefore, if some one assigns authenticity to animal existence, strives and endeavors seriously day and night to fulfill his animal lower desires and passions; considers the aims of life simply eating, drinking, sleeping, and reproducing –has indeed fallen into intense darkness of deviation and wanderness. Because, he has removed the human wisdom and  
.Heavenly spirit from the position of power and have confined them into a forgotten place

Such an individual does not deserve to be called as a human being –rather he is an animal with a human face. He possesses wisdom but by his perverted deeds has become so isolated that he can no longer recognize and follow the superior human virtues and characteristics. In spite of having eyes he is unable to see the realities; in spite of  
.possessing ears he cannot hear the facts

The Holy Qur'an considers such an individual as an animal and even worse and more  
deviated than the animals because animal lacks wisdom

and does not understand, while the above mentioned person in spite of having wisdom  
 .does not understand

:The Holy Qur'an describes such individuals, as follows

فَإِنْ لَمْ يَسْتَجِيبُوا لَكَ فَاعْلَمْ أَنَّمَا يَتَّبِعُونَ أَهْوَاءَهُمْ □ وَمَنْ أَضَلُّ مِمَّنِ اتَّبَعَ هَوَاهُ بِغَيْرِ هُدًى مِّنَ اللَّهِ □ إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَهْدِي الْقَوْمَ الظَّالِمِينَ

And if they answer thee not, then know that what they follow is their lusts. And who goes”  
 farther astray than he who followeth his lust without guidance from God? Lo! God guideth  
 (not wondering folk.” (٢٨:٥٠

:And

وَلَقَدْ ذَرَأْنَا لِجَهَنَّمَ كَثِيرًا مِّنَ الْجِنِّ وَالإِنسِ □ لَهُمْ قُلُوبٌ لَّا يَفْقَهُونَ بِهَا وَلَهُمْ أَعْيُنٌ لَّا يُبْصِرُونَ بِهَا وَلَهُمْ آذَانٌ لَّا يَسْمَعُونَ بِهَا □ أُولَئِكَ  
 كَالْأَنْعَامِ بَلْ هُمْ أَضَلُّ □ أُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْعَافُونَ

Already have we urged unto Hell many of the Jinn and humankind, having hearts”  
 wherewith they understand not, and having eyes wherewith they see not, and having  
 ears wherewith they hear not. These are as the cattle –nay but they are worse! These are  
 (the neglectful.” (٧: ١٧٩

:The Holy Qur'an further defines these creatures as follows

Hast thou seen him who maketh his desire his god, and God sendeth him astray”  
 purposely and sealeth up his hearing and his heart, and setteth on his sight a covering ?  
 (Than who will lead him after God (hath condemned him) ? Will you not then heed ?(٤٥: ٢٣

How unfortunate and losers are those who have sacrificed their heavenly-self,  
 prosperity, and human perfection for the sake of passions and desires of their animal  
 existence? They have exchanged their human

[\(1\)](#) self with their animalistic pleasures.

The Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) said

Whoever becomes involved into world's allurements, thus giving up his gains from his”  
[\(2\)](#) immortal life in the Next World –has indeed been cheated.”

He also said

قال علي عليه السلام: اكرم نفسك من كل دنيه وان ساقتك الى الرغب, فانك لن تعترض بما تبذل من نفسك عوضا ولا تكن عبد غيرك وقد جعلك الله حرا وما خير خيرا لا ينال الا بشر ويسر لا ينال الا بعصر.

Restrain your self from indulgence into lower shameful deeds no matter how attractive” or appealing they might appear because, in this exchange or trade you do not receive the genuine value of your self Do not allow yourself to be slave of other because, God has created you as free. The goodness which cannot be obtained except through the evil is not goodness. Also a thing acquired except with serious efforts would not be easy to  
[\(3\)](#) retained.”

And said

قال امير المؤمنين عليه السلام: ليس المتجران ترى الدنيا لنفسك ثمنا ومما لك عند الله عوضا

What a bad trade it is that one exchanges his self for this world instead of trading it with”  
[\(4\)](#) whatever is available with God–Almighty (in the Next– World).”

But, a human being cannot be summarized only into animal self, because he also possesses a human self, and on account of this merit he is an abstract and Celestial Jewel, descended from the Heavenly Kingdom, cherishing values other than animalistic desires

If a human being ponders deeply into his Inner existence and really recognized

p: ٢٤

The Commander of the faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) has said: This world is not a place of – ١ permanent settlement, it is passage, a road on which you are passing. There are two

kinds of people here; those who have sold their souls for eternal damnation, the other type are those who have purchased their souls and freed them from damnation.” –

[Nahjul-Balagha, S.M. A Jafri p-۵۴۳ [Tr

.Ghirar al-Hukm, vol. ۱, p-۸۸ –۲

.Nahjul-Balagha, Sabhi Saleh, vol. ۳۱, p-۴۰۱ –۳

.Nahjul-Balagha, sermon ۳۲ –۴

himself; he will discover that he has arrived from the kingdom of power, wonder, knowledge, blessing, benevolence, illumination, goodness, justice, and in one sentence .from the kingdom of absolute perfection, and is originated and belonged to it

It is here that a human being discovers another prospective and looks beyond the limit boundaries of created world –towards the supreme source of absolute perfection and feels attracted towards his higher values. Hence being committed for aspiration of those cherished values, accordingly he changes the movement of his self from the animalistic course towards the exalted path of perfection –which ultimately leads him towards the .highest spiritual station of God's Nearness

When this internal revolution within him occurs the importance of higher and moral ethical values becomes explicit. Therefore, if a human being desires values such as knowledge, favor, welfare, sacrifice, justice, benevolence, defense of deprived and destitute, truth, goodness, and honesty– it is because, he considers him belonging to the World of Absolute Perfection and regards such virtues worthy of his exalted human .position

It is because, of these feelings that he admires them to the extent, that he is ready to .sacrifice his animal self and its desires for the sake of those cherished higher virtues

Good morals, etiquette, and ethics are defined as a series of spiritual and meaningful perfection, whose proportion for his own spiritual perfection need, is clearly understood “by the human celestial soul. The soul admits to himself: “I must do these things

The ethical musts are derived from the



degree of perfection and nobleness within the self and are utilized for achieving exaltation of essence and spiritual perfection. When he says: "I must offer sacrifice on this righteous path." Because, he understands that sacrifice is useful for achieving the perfection and exaltation of essence, and therefore, desires to do that

As for as the path and means of spiritual perfection are concerned they are the same for all human beings. Similarly, all of them have been created identical as for as their sense for recognition of values and anti values is concerned

If a human being ponders deep into his own perfection seeker pure nature, away from the whims and passions of self, he might discover the moral and ethical virtues as well as the moral vices. All human beings of all times were created such by God-Almighty. And if some, of them become deprived of this sacred sense of identification, it was because their whims, passions, and intense animalistic desires, silenced the light of their wisdom, leaving them like a sole rider in the fields of self-struggle

The Holy Qur'an about the recognition of virtues and vices by the pure human nature as follows

وَنَفْسٍ وَمَا سَوَّاهَا فَأَلْهَمَهَا فُجُورَهَا وَتَقْوَاهَا قَدْ أَفْلَحَ مَن زَكَّاهَا

And a soul and Him who perfected it and inspired it (with conscience of) what is wrong for" (it and what is right for it. He is indeed successful who causeth it to grow." (۹۱:۷-۹)

The Prophets came with the intention of awakening human nature and to charge

their unconscious-self into conscious-self; they came to help, support, and guide human beings in recognizing and paying attention to higher moral values, and utilizing them for attaining God's-Nearness; they came to remind human beings about their exalted human position and need for safe guarding and motivating the superior human virtues; they :came to emphasize the important point that

You are not animals instead are humans and possess the potential of being superior than the angels. World affairs and animalistic manifestations are far below before your exalted .celestial dignity and therefore, you should not sell yourself for them

:Imam al-Sajjad (a.s.) was asked

قيل لعلي بن الحسين عليه السلام: من اعطهم الناس خطرا؟ قال: من لم يرى الدنيا خطرا لنفسه

?“Who is the most exalted and most noble person”

The one who does not regard the world worthy of greatness of his self.” Replied the”  
(Imam.١)

If man really identifies his true human personality and if his human self indeed gets upperhand, then good morals and ethics become alive and dominate over the moral vices and rascalities. And when it occurs, a man is no longer permitted to ignore human values and follow vices for example, Ignoring truth and speaking lies, disregarding honesty and practicing treachery, not care about the honor of self and indulging into sinful deeds; and .ignoring favor and practicing human persecution etc

:The Commander of Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) said

قال علي عليه السلام: من كرمت عليه نفسه هانت عليه شهواته

(Whoever consider his self honorable will regard selfish passions low and mean.”(٢)

The prophets continuously

.Nahjul al-Balagha, saying ۴۴۹ -۲

strived for awakening the upright human nature so that. they could learn about their jewel of existence and could discover their dependence and link with God-Almighty; thus spending everything in their possession for attaining the position of nearness and .pleasure of the Lord of the worlds to the extent that their eating, drinking

Sleeping, seeing, speaking, working, living, and dying become sacred and ethical. Truly, when men become God's servant and do not cherish for any other goal except his .pleasure everything become ethics, worship and virtue

:The Holy Qur'an said

قُلْ إِنَّ صَلَاتِي وَنُسُكِي وَمَحْيَايَ وَمَمَاتِي لِلَّهِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ

Say: Lo! My worship and my sacrifice, and my living, and my dying are for God, the Lord" (of the worlds." (٤:١٦٢)

Therefore, because of the above mentioned reasons, recognition of self in Islam has been assigned a special importance. The Commander of the Faithful Imam 'Ali (a.s.) has :said

قال علي عليه السلام: معرفه النفس انفع المعارف.

"(١) Self-consciousness is one of the most profitable assets of a person."

:And said

قال علي عليه السلام: من عرف نفسه جل امره

"(٢) Whoever succeeds in self –his affairs will be improved."

What is meant with self recognition is not the particulars of one's identify card rather it means –man's realization of his true position within the created world; an understanding that he is not simply an earthly animal rather is a reflection of heavenly illumination from .the Celestial Kingdom; is the Trustee and Vicegerent of God-Almighty upon earth

A celestial being who has been created conscious, empowered and free, is capable

.Ghirar al-Hukm, p-۷۶۸ -۱

.Ghirar al-Hukm, p-۶۲۸ -۲

of upward ascent towards the absolute perfection, and his special creation has been assigned the responsibility of nourishment and perfection of the self

It is because of this realization that man feels a sense of greatness and perfection; discovers the sacredness and virtues within his inner existence and morals and ethics become valuable and meaningful for him. In that case he get relieved from the feelings of hopelessness, depressions, vainness, nonsense, aimless repetitions, and instead life becomes sacred, precious beautiful, and objective

### Esoteric Life .٤

Man in this world has an outwardly life related to his body. He eats, drinks, sleeps, moves, and walks but at the same time also possesses a spiritual life in his inner essence

While he lives in this world, at the same time within his inner essence either journeys towards prosperity, perfection and enlightenment, or moves towards adversity, cruelty and intense darkness; either journeys on the righteous path of humanity and ascends towards God, or deviates from the righteous path heading towards darkest valleys where he wanders in darkness becoming eventually lower than animals; either marches up on the steps of perfection towards enlightenment, joy, perfection, and God's Countenance or falls into intense darkness for eternal punishment

Although, majority of people are ignorant of this reality but it does exist

:God-Almighty said in Holy Qur'an

يَعْلَمُونَ ظَاهِرًا مِّنَ الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا وَهُمْ عَنِ الْآخِرَةِ هُمْ غَافِلُونَ

They know only some appearance of the life of the World, and are needless of the”  
(Hereafter.” (٣٠:٧)

But being knowledgeable or ignorant does not change the

reality on the Day of Resurrection when the dark curtain of materialism are rolled up from the human eyes thus, enabling him to witness the reality and his own state of affairs.

:God–Almighty said in Holy Qur’an

لَقَدْ كُنْتَ فِي غَفْلَةٍ مِّنْ هَذَا فَكَشَفْنَا عَنْكَ غِطَاءَكَ فَبَصَرُكَ الْيَوْمَ حَدِيدٌ

And unto the evil-doer it is said): Thou wast in needlessness of this. Now we have) (removed from thee thy covering and piercing is thy sight this day.” (٥٠:٢٢)

Therefore, from the above quoted verses it may be inferred that affairs related to the Next World all along did exist within human inner essence right here in this world, but unfortunately man was ignorant to realize it. However, since in the Next World all the materialistic curtains of ignorance shall be removed from his sight, he will be forced to .see these realities clearly over there

We may therefore, conclude from the above mentioned verses and traditions that the human–self earns things while living in this world, and these earning shall remain with him eventually determining his ultimate destiny in his eternal abode. Following are some :examples

:God–Almighty said in the Holy Qur’an

كُلُّ نَفْسٍ بِمَا كَسَبَتْ رَهِينَةٌ

(Every soul is a pledge for its own deeds.” (٧٤:٣٨)

:And said

ثُمَّ تُوَفَّى كُلُّ نَفْسٍ مَّا كَسَبَتْ وَهُمْ لَا يُظْلَمُونَ

Then every soul will be paid. in full what it hath earned; and they will not be wronged.”

((٣:١٤١)

:And said

لَا يُؤَاخِذُكُمُ اللَّهُ بِاللَّغْوِ فِي أَيْمَانِكُمْ وَلَكِنْ يُؤَاخِذُكُمْ بِمَا كَسَبْتُمْ قُلُوبُكُمْ ۗ وَاللَّهُ عَفُورٌ حَلِيمٌ

God will not take you to task”





for that which is unintentional in your oaths. But He will take you to task for that which  
(your hearts have garnered. God is forgiving, clement.” (٢:٢٢٥

:And said

وعليها ما اكتسبت. لا يُكَلِّفُ اللَّهُ نَفْسًا إِلَّا وُسْعَهَا ۚ لَهَا مَا كَسَبَتْ

God tasketh not a soul beyond its scope. For it (is only) that which it hath earned, and”  
(against it (only that which it hath deserved.” (٢:٢٨٦

:And said

يَوْمَ تَجِدُ كُلُّ نَفْسٍ مَّا عَمِلَتْ مِنْ خَيْرٍ مُحْضَرًا وَمَا عَمِلَتْ مِنْ سُوءٍ تَوَدُّ لَوْ أَنَّ بَيْنَهَا وَبَيْنَهُ أَمَدًا

On the Day when every soul will find itself confronted With all that it hath done of good”  
and all that it hath done of evil (every soul) will long there might be a mighty space of  
(distance between it and that evil.” (٣:٣٠

:And said

ثُمَّ إِلَىٰ رَبِّكُمْ تُرْجَعُونَ ۖ وَمَنْ أَسَاءَ فَعَلَيْهَا مِنْ عَمَلٍ صَالِحًا فَلِنَفْسِهِ

Whoso doth right, it is for his soul. and whoso doth wrong, it is against it. And afterward”  
(unto your Lord ye will be brought back” . (٤٥:١٥

:And said

فَمَنْ يَعْمَلْ مِثْقَالَ ذَرَّةٍ خَيْرًا يَرَهُ ۖ وَمَنْ يَعْمَلْ مِثْقَالَ ذَرَّةٍ شَرًّا يَرَهُ

And whoso doth good an atom's weight will see it then, and whoso doth evil an atom's”  
(weight will see it then.” (٩٩:٧-٨

:And said

وَأَنْ لَيْسَ لِلْإِنْسَانِ إِلَّا مَا سَعَىٰ ۚ وَأَنَّ سَعْيَهُ سَوْفَ يُرَىٰ

And that man hath only that for which he maketh effort and that his effort will be seen.””

((٥٣: ٣٩-٤٠))

:And said

وَمَا تُقَدِّمُوا لِأَنْفُسِكُمْ مِنْ خَيْرٍ تَجِدُوهُ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ

And whatever of Good ye send before (you) for your souls, ye will”

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(find it with God.” (٢:١١٠

:And said

يَوْمَ لَا يَنْفَعُ مَالٌ وَلَا بَنُونَ إِلَّا مَنْ أَتَى اللَّهَ بِقَلْبٍ سَلِيمٍ

The day when wealth and sons avail not (any man). Save him who bringeth unto God a”  
(whole heart.” (٢٦: ٨٨-٨٩

:The Holy Prophet (S) said to one of his companions

قال النبي صلى الله عليه وآله: يا قيس! لا بد لك من قرين يدفن معك وهو حي وتدفن معه وانت ميت فان كان كريما اكرمك وان كان لثيما المك ثم لا يحشر الامعه ولا تسال الاعنه فلا تجعله الا صالحا فانه ان صلح آنتست به وان فسد لا تستوحش ألامنه وهو فعلك

Oh Qais! You will have no other choice except to live with a companion in your grave. He”  
is alive and you will be buried with him. If he is good and honorable, will make you  
honorable, and if he is low and mean, you will become low and mean as well. After that on  
.that on the Day of Resurrection you will be associated with him and will be reprimanded

Therefore, be careful and try to select a righteous companion for yourself; because if he  
is righteous –you will develop affection for him. If he is corrupt be assured that all the fear  
and punishment inflicted upon you will be through his existence. That companion is  
[\(nothing but your actions and deeds in this life.”](#) (١)

A human being in this same world is continuously occupied in nourishing his self as well as  
accumulating the provisions of his life in the Next World. Through his belief and

p: ٣٤

thoughts, habits and virtues, love and liking, interests and desires and by means of .actions which affects his self –he gradually nourishes, trains, and builds himself

His ultimate outcome is all related to the above mentioned factors, learning and righteous belief, ethics and good morals, love and association with God–Almighty, obedience and seeking God's Pleasure, and performance of righteous deeds in accordance with Divine Commands etc. are things which are responsible for the ascension of human Celestial Soul towards the stages of perfection, ultimately achieving the highest spiritual station of .God's Nearness

A human by means of faith and performance of righteous deeds in this very world .discovers a new life and purity which would be manifested in the Next World

:God–Almighty said in the Holy Qur'an

مَنْ عَمِلَ صَالِحًا مِّنْ ذَكَرٍ أَوْ أُنْثَىٰ وَهُوَ مُؤْمِنٌ فَلَنُحْيِيَنَّهٗ حَيَاةً طَيِّبَةً

Whosoever doth right, whether male or female, and is a believer, him verily We shall”  
(quicker good life.” (١٦: ٩٧)

Man in this world in addition of utilizing material blessings for his bodily pleasures could also utilize spiritual blessings for the growth, training and perfection of his soul and innerself, thus, building his Next World's life in such a manner that the desired result .would be manifested in the Hereafter

:Imam al– Sadiq (a.s.) said

قال النبي صلى الله عليه وآله: يا قيس! لا بد لك من قرين يدفن معك وهو حي وتدفن معه الدنيا فانكم تنعمون بها في الاخره.

:God–Almighty says to his servants

Oh my righteous servants! Utilize My worship's blessing in this world so that you could”

﴿be benefited with them in the Next World as well.﴾ (١)

:The Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) said

قال على عليه السلام: مداومه الذكر قوت الارواح.

﴿Continuation of invocation (dhikr) is the nourishment of human souls.﴾ (٢)

:He also said

قال على عليه السلام: بذكر الله فانه نور القلوب.

Don't forget invocation (dhikr) of God-Almighty because, it is the illumination of”  
﴿Hearts.﴾ (٣)

Paradise and its blessings or hell and its punishments for a human being are decided in this same world through his beliefs, morals and deeds, even though he might be ignorant of them; but in the next world when the materialistic curtains are rolled up, this reality will  
.be manifested

:Imam al-Sajjad (a.s.) in a narration speaks as follows

Be aware! That whoever bears enmity with the prophets and saints; accepts religion” other than God's religion; disregards Divine Obligations by following his own whims and passions; is indeed engulfed with eternal flames which consumes human bodies –the bodies who have given up their spirituality through domination of cruelty over their inner  
.existence

Alas! They are like dead bodies who do not feel the heat of the fire. Had they been alive they would have felt the pain and torture of burning their bodies. Therefore, oh people of insight! Learn a lesson and be thankful to the Lord of the worlds who has bestowed upon  
﴿you the blessing of His Guidance.﴾ (٤)

:God-Almighty said in the Holy Qur’an

الَّذِينَ يَأْكُلُونَ أَمْوَالَ الْيَتَامَىٰ ظُلْمًا إِنَّمَا يَأْكُلُونَ فِي بُطُونِهِمْ نَارًا ۖ وَسَيَصْلَوْنَ سَعِيرًا

Lo Those who devour the wealth of orphans wrongfully, they”

.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۷۰, p-۲۵۳ -۱

.Ghirar al-Hukm, p-۷۶۴ -۲

.Ghirar al-Hukm, p-۴۷۹ -۳

.Qurrateh al-Ayoon, Faiz, p-۴۶۶ -۴

«do but swallow fire into their bellies and they will be exposed to burning flame.» (٤:١٠)

A human being in this world either accumulates enlightenment and insight or cruelty and darkness for the Next World. If he remained blind and without enlightenment in this world .tomorrow he will be raised up in the Next World with the same condition

:The Holy Qur'an said

مَنْ كَانَ فِي هَذِهِ أَعْمَىٰ فَهُوَ فِي الْآخِرَةِ أَعْمَىٰ وَأَضَلُّ سَبِيلًا

«Whoso is blind here will be blind in the Hereafter, and yet further from the road.» (١٧:٧٢)

The most eminent scholar 'Allamah Tabatabai (r.a.) had stated the following interesting .story

Once upon a time there used to live a pious ascetic and saintly personality known as" Sheikh Abud in Najaf Ashraf. He was a committed way farer upon the road of gnosticism, continuously worshipping and reciting invocation (dhikr). Sometimes he would visit the grave yard located in the Wadi-us-Salam, spending long hours walking, sitting, .pondering, and looking carefully at the old and new graves

One day, while returning from such routine visits he was encountered by a group of curious people, who after offering salutations asked him: 'Sheikh Abud! What is new of Wadi-us-Salam?' 'There is nothing new'. Replied Sheikh Abud. "But the group insisted to .hear some news from the Wadi-us-salam

Then the Sheikh Abud said: "I encountered the most strange thing over there; in spite of careful looking through the new and old graves, I could not discover any traces of snakes, .scorpions, and the food stuff consumed by them

I therefore, asked one of the grave: in narrations it has been described that the human beings inside the graves are tortured by the snakes, scorpions, and other noxious creatures, but I do not see these creatures within these graves

The grave replied to me: 'Yes! It is true that snakes and scorpions do not exist among us,'  
“instead, you are the one who bring them with you from the world for your own fortune

The internal and spiritual life of a human being is an actual and real life; a human being in his essence travels a real path which either leads him towards prosperity and perfection or terminates into cruelty and total annihilation. For continuation of this action he receives help and strength from his beliefs, morals and deeds

:God–Almighty in the Holy Qur’an said

مَنْ كَانَ يُرِيدُ الْعِزَّةَ فَلِلَّهِ الْعِزَّةُ جَمِيعًا □ إِلَيْهِ يَصْعَدُ الْكَلِمُ الطَّيِّبُ وَالْعَمَلُ الصَّالِحُ يَرْفَعُهُ

Whoso desireth power (should know that) all power belongeth to God. Unto Him good”  
(words ascend, and the pious deeds doth He exalt.” (٣٥:١٠)

The ultimate status of human self is the outcome of his efforts and endeavors which depends upon his beliefs, morals, characteristics, liking, and deeds; the final result of which, whether good or bad, will be declared in the Next World

?What to Be .ه

The scientific higher learning had confirmed that the human spirit consists of a physical occurrence and a spiritual eternal dimension. That is, the Celestial Spirit is the same earlier physical form, which after passing gradually through various stages of perfection has



.now reached to the level of human soul meaning potential human being

This movement towards perfection never stops rather continues till the end of human life. At the beginning he is a celestial abstract superior than the matter, but at the same time he is not a full or complete abstract because, for his existence, he is related to a physical body.

The soul consists of two dimensional existences: The material dimension which is related to body and performs material acts, and because of this consideration the stages of movements towards perfection have been attached to it; the other dimension is an abstract superior than the matter capable of performing non-material acts.

One side of his existence is physical and animal while the other side is human and celestial. While he is not more than a single existence, possesses animal passions and desires and accordingly performs animalistic acts, but at the same times also possesses human desires and virtues and performs human obligations.

:It was because of this wonderful creation that God-Almighty in Holy Qur'an said

فَتَبَارَكَ اللَّهُ أَحْسَنُ الْخَالِقِينَ

“(So blessed be God -the best of creators” (۲۳:۱۴”

This wonderful creation at the very beginning is not complete, rather nourishes himself gradually towards his ultimate perfection. Beliefs, thoughts, virtues, and desires derived, from his actions and deeds build his real identity, thus gradually completing his perfection. Virtues and characteristics are not the sort of things which could be added to his existence from outside accidentally rather they are the real builders of his existence's

.identity from within

Here it is interesting to note that beliefs, thoughts, and characteristics not only exert influence upon human existence but, also are effective in his deciding what to be come? That is, righteous beliefs and thinking together with good morals and virtues as a result of righteous actions gradually ascend a human being towards the path of perfection .ultimately his becoming a perfect human being and thus, attaining God's Nearness

Similarly ignorance, false ideologies, immoral deeds, and hard heartedness as a result of evil deeds pull human soul towards weakness and isolation, and after gradually leading him towards various animalistic stages eventually throws him inside the deep valleys of intense darkness. Because of his firmness, influence of animalistic characteristics and accumulation of ignorances and cruelties he turns into an animal form in his esoteric .essence

Yes, his essence indeed turns into an animal thus, acquiring an animalistic personality. He no longer remains a human being but is an animal or even worst than an animal because, he is an animal who has acquired his animalism after passing through the superior stage of humanism. Although, outwardly he lives a human life but, in essence has turned into an .animal without being aware of this internal change

The animalism of animals is not due to their special faces or features, rather it is because of their animalistic selves and absolute obedience to their animalistic instincts and desires .without any limitations and considerations

A wolf is regarded as a wolf not because of his apparent

wolfy face but, it is because of his brutal nature and his absolute obedience to this instinct without any limitations that he is regarded as a wolf. Therefore, if some one is completely subdued by animal brutality in a manner that his senses of seeing and thinking become out of order, then such a person in essence turns into a real wolf- a wolf far brutal as compared to common wild wolves. Because, now his faculties of wisdom and thinking are .being employed and are at the service of his brutal animalistic characteristics

It is because of this reason that there are situations, where human being are charged with brutal crimes for which the wild wolf could not be charged. Are such human being not wolves? Yes! They are indeed true wolves, even though they do not understand and the others regard them as humans. But, on the Day of Resurrection, when the curtains shall .be rolled up, their inner essence will be exposed

Obviously Paradise is not a place for wolves, because they can not become companions for saints and righteous servants of God. Such a wolf who has been demoted to lower animal status from the superior human status, deserves to be confined, punished, and .tortured inside the dark and horrible environment of Hell

Therefore, a human being in this world is an undetermined existence who builds himself his future personality. Either he becomes human thus, surpassing in excellence even with the most intimate God's angels, or descends whereby his

.inner essence turns into an animal

This is something whose authenticity have been proved by higher scientific learning as well as confirmed and certified by Divine Prophets. Also, the Holy Prophet (S) and the Infallible Imams (a.s.) of his Holy Progeny (Ahlul Bayt) have informed about that

:Holy Prophet (S) had said

وفي الحديث النبوي يحشر بعض الناس على صور يحسن عندها القرده الخنازير.

On the Day of Resurrection the people will reappear in faces that the faces of monkeys”  
(and pigs are far better than theirs.” (١)

:The Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) about the corrupt scholar , has said

قال علي عليه السلام: فالصوره صوره انسان القلب قلب حيوان, لا يعرف باب الهدى فيتبعه ولا باب العمى فيصد عنه وذلك ميت الحيا.

Although, his outward appearance is like a human being but his heart is like an animal” heart. He does not recognize the path of guidance so that he could follow it, and does not know the path of deviation so that he could avoid it. Such a person is indeed a dead one  
(living among the alive.” (٢)

:Imam al-Sadiq (a.s.) had said

قال ابو عبدالله عليه السلام: ان المتكبرين يجعلون في صور الذر, يتو طوهم الناس حتى يفرق الله من الحساب.

The arrogant people on the day of Resurrection will be transformed into tiny ants to be”  
(trampled by the people till accounts of all the people are settled.” (٣)

:God-Almighty in the Holy Qur’an said

وَإِذَا الْوُحُوشُ حُشِرَتْ

(And when the wild beasts are herded together.” (٨١:٥)

Some of the commentators of the Holy Qur’an have interpreted

.Qurrath al-Ayoon, p-۴۷۹ -۱

.Nahjul Balagha, sermon ۸۷ -۲

.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۷, p-۲۰۱ -۳

the phrase “wild animals” in the above verse for human beings who will reappear with animal faces on the Day of Resurrection, because, unlike human beings the animals are not required to be judged for their deeds, hence their appearance does not make any sense.

:God–Almighty in Holy Qur’an said

يَوْمَ يُنْفَخُ فِي الصُّورِ فَتَأْتُونَ أَفْوَاجًا

“(A day when the trumpet is blown and ye come in multitudes.” (٧٨:١٨)

According to some of the commentators the above verse has been interpreted that on the Day of Judgment, human beings will be separated from each other and will appear in different groups in accordance with their esoteric faces. There is an interesting narration from the Holy prophet (S) regarding the interpretation of the above verse

Ma’z bin Jabal said: “I asked the Holy Prophet (S) about the interpretation of the above verse. He replied: 'Oh! Ma’z you had asked about a very important subject while shedding tears from his eyes the Holy Prophet (S) said: My ummah will reappear in ten different groups on the Day of Judgment as follows

Some of them will reappear as monkeys while some of them will look like pigs; some of them will reappear while walking up side down,. some will reappear as blind and wandering,. some of them will reappear as deaf and dumb understanding absolutely nothing; some will reappear with chewing their tongues while blood and pus will be coming out of their mouths making the people around them uncomfortable; some of them will reappear with their hands

and feet cut off; some will reappear as being hanged upon branches of fire; and while  
‘some of them will reappear with dress of molten lead pressed to their bodies

:Then he explained these ten categories as follows”

Those who will reappear as monkeys are the tale bearers or spies; those who will reappear as pigs are the ones who accepted bribes and had illegal income those who will be walking up side down are the ones who practiced usury, those who are blind are the judges and officers who oppressed the people, those who are dumb and deaf are the ones who were egotistic and ambitious; those who will reappear with their hands and feet cut off are the ones who pained and troubled their neighbors; those who are hanged upon the branches of fire were the people who indulged in slandering and backbiting against the masses for the pleasure of kings and rulers; those whose odors is worst than dead bodies are the ones who indulged themselves in worldly desires and passions without paying Divine Share from their wealth, and those who are dressed with molten [lead dress](#) are the arrogant ones who took pride in themselves.”[\(۱\)](#)

In the light of above, the ethical and moral matters cannot be treated as minor and insignificant rather are the most important crucial and determinant matters which build the esoteric and spiritual life of a human being and even influence his “what to become”?

Thus, moral education not only teaches how to live, but

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Tafsir Majma al-Bayan, vol. ۱۰, p-۴۲۳, Ruh al-Bayan, vol. ۱۰, p-۲۹۹ and Nur al-Thaqalain, -۱  
vol. ۵, p-۴۹۳

.also deals with “what to become” for human beings

## The Heart in Quran

### point

The phrase heart carries special importance and has been used extensively in the Holy Qur'an and narrations. But what is meant with this phrase is not the pine-shaped physical heart located in the left side of the chest which supports the animal life system by continuously pumping fresh blood into various parts of the body. Because, the Holy Qur'an relates things to heart which are not comparable with this pine-shaped heart. e.g

### 1. Reasoning and Comprehension

:The Holy Qur'an said

أَفَلَمْ يَسِيرُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ فَتَكُونَ لَهُمْ قُلُوبٌ يَعْقِلُونَ بِهَا

Have they not traveled in the land and have they hearts wherewith to feel and ears”  
(wherewith to hear.” (٢٢:٤٦)

### 2. Un-comprehending and Reasoning

:The Holy Qur'an said

لَهُمْ قُلُوبٌ لَا يَفْقَهُونَ بِهَا وَلَهُمْ أَعْيُنٌ لَا يُبْصِرُونَ بِهَا

Having hearts wherewith they understand not, and having eyes wherewith they see”  
(not.” (٧:١٧٩)

:And said

وَطَبَعَ عَلَىٰ قُلُوبِهِمْ فَهُمْ لَا يَفْقَهُونَ

(And their hearts are sealed, so that they apprehend not.” (٩:٨٧”

### 3. Faith

:The Holy Qur'an said



أُولَئِكَ كَتَبَ فِي قُلُوبِهِمُ الْإِيمَانَ وَأَيَّدَهُم بِرُوحٍ مِّنْهُ

These are they into whose hearts He has impressed faith and strengthened them with a”  
(spirit from Him.” (٥٨:٢٢)

#### Blasphemy and Disbelief .٤

:The Holy Qur’an said

فَالَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِالْآخِرَةِ قُلُوبُهُم مُّنْكَرَةٌ وَهُمْ مُّسْتَكْبِرُونَ

And as for those who believe not in the Hereafter there hearts refuse to know, for they”  
(are proud.” (١٦:٢٢)

:And said

أُولَئِكَ الَّذِينَ طَبَعَ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ قُلُوبِهِمْ وَسَمِعَتِمْ وَأَبْصَارِهِمْ ۖ وَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْغَافِلُونَ

Such are they whose hearts and ears and eyes God hath sealed. And such are the”  
(heedless.” (١٦:١٠٨)

#### Dissension .٥

:God–Almighty said in the Holy Qur’an

يَحْذَرُ الْمُنَافِقُونَ أَنْ تُنزَلَ عَلَيْهِمْ سُورَةٌ

تَسْتَعْجِلُونَ بِمَا فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ

The Hypocrites fear lest a surah should be revealed concerning them, proclaiming what”  
(is in their hearts.” (۹: ۶۴)

### To Receive Guidance .۶

:God-Almighty said

وَمَنْ يُؤْمِن بِاللَّهِ يَهْدِ قَلْبَهُ ۖ وَاللَّهُ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيمٌ

And whosoever believeth in God, He guideth his heart. And God is knower of all things.”  
(۶۴:۱۱)

:And God said

شَهِيدٌ وَهُوَ إِنْ فِي ذِكْرِكَ لَذِكْرَىٰ لِمَنْ كَانَ لَهُ قَلْبٌ أَوْ أَلْقَى السَّمْعَ

Most surely there is a reminder in this for him who has a heart or he gives ear and is a”  
(witness.” (۵۰: ۳۷)

### Negligence .۷

:God-Almighty said

وَلَا تُطِيعْ مَنْ أَغْفَلْنَا قَلْبَهُ عَن ذِكْرِنَا وَاتَّبَعَ هَوَاهُ

And obey not him whose heart we have made heedless of Our Remembrance, who”  
(followeth his own lust.” (۱۸:۲۸)

### Certainty and Tranquility .۸

:God-Almighty has said

أَلَا بِذِكْرِ اللَّهِ تَطْمَئِنُّ الْقُلُوبُ

(Verily in the remembrance of God do hearts find rest.” (۱۳:۲۸)

:And said

هُوَ الَّذِي أَنْزَلَ السَّكِينَةَ فِي قُلُوبِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ لِيَزِدُوا إِيمَانًا

He it is who sent down peace of reassurance into the hearts of the believers that they”  
(might add faith unto their faith.” (٤٨:٤)

### Anxiety and Conflict .٩

:God–Almighty has said

إِنَّمَا يَسْتَأْذِنُكَ الَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِاللَّهِ وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ وَارْتَابَتْ قُلُوبُهُمْ فَهُمْ فِي رَيْبِهِمْ يَتَرَدَّدُونَ

They alone ask leave of thee who believe not in God and the Last Day, and whose hearts”  
(feel doubt, so in their doubt they waver.” (٩:٤٥)

### Blessing and Kindness .١٠

:God–Almighty has said

وَجَعَلْنَا فِي قُلُوبِ الَّذِينَ اتَّبَعُوهُ رَأْفَةً وَرَحْمَةً

(And places compassion and mercy in the hearts of those who followed him.” (٥٧:٢٧)

:And said

هُوَ الَّذِي أَيْدَكَ بِنَصْرِهِ وَبِالْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَأَلَّفَ بَيْنَ قُلُوبِهِمْ

He it is who supporteth thee with His Help and with the believers. And (as for the”

(believers) hath attuned their hearts.” (٨: ٦٢-٦٣)

### Hot-temper and Cruelty .11

:God-Almighty said

وَلَوْ كُنْتَ فَظًّا غَلِيظَ الْقَلْبِ لَانْفَضُّوا مِنْ حَوْلِكَ

If thou hadst been stern and fierce of heart they would have dispersed from round about”  
(thee.” (٣:١٥٩

Therefore, heart in the Holy Qur’an has been assigned the most important privileged position, and various psychic tasks have been related to it, namely: faith, blasphemy, hypocrisy, reasoning, understanding, not understanding, acceptance of truth, unacceptance of truth, guidance, deviation, sin, intention, purification, corruption, benevolence, aggravation, love, invocation, negligence, fear, anger, doubt, conflict, mercy, cruelty, regret, assurance, arrogance, jealousy, rebellion, offense, and other similar acts

Since the pine shaped piece of flesh called heart could not be the origin of these effects, instead these effects are the consequences of human self and spirit. Therefore, it could be said: What is meant with heart is the same “Celestial Jewel” which controls the degree : of human-ness within a human being

The heart possesses such exalted position in the Holy Qur’an that it is mentioned when the topic of revelation i.e. communication between God and men is discussed. God-  
:(Almighty said to Holy Prophet (S

نَزَلَ بِهِ الرُّوحُ الْأَمِينُ عَلَى قَلْبِكَ لِتَكُونَ مِنَ الْمُنذِرِينَ

Which is the true spirit hath brought down, upon the heart, that thou mayest be (one) of”  
(the warners.” (٢٦:١٩٣-١٩٤

:And said

قُلْ مَنْ كَانَ عَدُوًّا لِجِبْرِيلَ فَإِنَّهُ نَزَّلَهُ عَلَى قَلْبِكَ بِإِذْنِ اللَّهِ

Say (O Muhammad, to mankind) who is enemy to Gabriel! For he it is who hath revealed”

«(this scripture) to thy heart by God's leave.» (۲:۹۷

The heart's position is so

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eminent that it sees the revealing angel and hears his voice. God–Almighty has said

فَأَوْحَىٰ إِلَيْهِ مَا أَوْحَىٰ مَا كَذَبَ الْفُؤَادُ مَا رَأَىٰ

And He revealed unto His slave (Prophet Muhammad) that which he revealed. The Heart” (lied not (in seeing the angel) what it saw.” (٥٣:١٠-١١)

### Soundness and Sickness of Heart

Our living depends upon spirit and heart because, they are the ones who manage the bodies. All the parts of the body obey their command and all deeds and action initiate from the heart. Therefore, the salvation and cruelty of a person depends upon his hearts condition. It has been inferred from the Holy Qur’an and narrations that like the human bodies which are healthy and sick at different times, his heart's condition may also follow (the same cycle (i.e. some times it is healthy while at other times it is sick

:God–Almighty in Holy Qur’an said

يَوْمَ لَا يَنْفَعُ مَالٌ وَلَا بَنُونَ إِلَّا مَنْ أَتَى اللَّهَ بِقَلْبٍ سَلِيمٍ

The day when wealth and sons avail not (any man). Save him who bringeth unto God a” (whole heart“ (٢٦: ٨٨-٨٩)

:And said

إِنَّ فِي ذَٰلِكَ لَذِكْرًا لِمَنْ كَانَ لَهُ قَلْبٌ

(Lo! therein verily is a reminder for him who hath a heart” (٥٠:٣٧)

:And said

وَأُزْلِفَتِ الْجَنَّةُ لِلْمُتَّقِينَ غَيْرَ بَعِيدٍ هَٰذَا مَا تُوْعَدُونَ لِكُلِّ أَوَّابٍ حَفِيظٍ مِّنْ خَشْيَةِ الرَّحْمَنِ الْغَيْبِ وَجَاءَ بِقَلْبٍ مُّنِيبٍ

And the Garden is brought nigh for those who kept from evil, no longer distant. (And it is” said): that is that which ye were promised, (it is) for every pertinent and heedful one, who feareth the Beneficent in

(secret and cometh with a contrite heart.” (٥٠: ٣١-٣٣)

Therefore, the above verses make it explicit that health of a person is related to his heart's condition and his eternal salvation depends upon his return to God-Almighty with a pure and humble heart. On the other side the Holy Qur'an introduces some examples of hearts which are sick as follows

فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ مَرَضٌ فَزَادَهُمُ اللَّهُ مَرَضًا

(In their hearts is a disease, and God increaseth their disease. (٢:١٠”

:And said

وَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ مَرَضٌ فَزَادَتْهُمْ رِجْسًا إِلَىٰ رِجْسِهِمْ

But as for those in whose hearts is disease, it only addeth wickedness to their”  
(wickedness. (٩:١٢٥

:And said

وَإِذْ يَقُولُ الْمُنَافِقُونَ وَالَّذِينَ فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ مَرَضٌ مَا وَعَدَنَا اللَّهُ وَرَسُولُهُ إِلَّا غُرُورًا

And when the hypocrites, and those in whose hearts is a disease were saying: God and”  
(His Messenger promised us naught but delusion. (٣٣:١٢

:And said

فَتَرَى الَّذِينَ فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ مَرَضٌ يُسَارِعُونَ فِيهِمْ يَقُولُونَ نَخْشَىٰ أَنْ تُصِيبَنَا دَائِرَةٌ

And thou seest those in whose heart is a disease race towards them, saying: We fear lest”  
(a change of fortune befall us. (٥: ٥٢

In these verses the blasphemy, hypocrisy, and friendship with the pagans have been introduced as heart's sicknesses. Similar verses and hundreds of authentic traditions narrated by Holy Prophet (S) and infallible Imams (a.s.) of his Holy Progeny had stated that human heart and soul are susceptible to sickness like human bodies

God-Almighty the Creator of heart and soul, the Holy Prophet (S), and Infallible Imams

(a.s.) who are the specialists of human beings and their hearts had informed us about the

p: ۴۹



?sickness of some of the hearts. Why should we ignore this reality

The real human specialists after identifying the symptoms namely: blasphemy, dissension, unacceptance of truth, arrogance, revenge, anger, criticizing, slander, treason, self-conceit, fear, malevolence, defamation, ill-speaking, back-biting, harshness, oppression, felony, misery, avarice, fault-finding, lying, ambitiousness, hypocrisy, deceit, suspicion, cruelty, self-weakness and many other indecent characteristics, have introduced them as the sickness of heart and soul

Therefore, those who leave this world with such contaminated hearts will not be returning to God with a pure and sound heart to be worthy of the verse

يَوْمَ لَا يَنْفَعُ مَالٌ وَلَا بَنُونَ إِلَّا مَنْ أَتَى اللَّهَ بِقَلْبٍ سَلِيمٍ

The day when wealth and sons avail not (any man). Save him who bringeth unto God a” (whole heart.” (۲۶: ۸۸-۸۹

The sicknesses of heart and self could not be considered as small or insignificant rather they are much more dangerous and incurable as compared to bodily diseases. In case of bodily diseases the physical order of the body looses its equilibrium thus, causing pain, discomfort, and inflicting damage upon a specific part of the body

But this is rather limited and in any case these effects cannot go on beyond the physical life span of the inflicted person. However, the sickness of heart and self are accompanied with continuous anguish, torture, and eternal punishment; the pain and punishment which penetrate until the very depths of heart engulfing the soul with eternal flames

The heart which remained completely ignorant of God’s existence without witnessing His signs by

spending a life of disbelief, deviation, and sins in reality is blind and dark, which will be raised on the Day of Judgment with similar condition, and will have no other choice except to be condemned into Hell to live a painful eternal life full of anguish and torture. God-  
:Almighty in Holy Qur'an said

وَمَنْ أَعْرَضَ عَن ذِكْرِي فَإِنَّ لَهُ مَعِيشَةً ضَنْكًا وَنَحْشُرُهُ يَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ أَعْمَى قَالَ رَبِّ لِمَ حَشَرْتَنِي أَعْمَى وَقَدْ كُنْتُ بَصِيرًا قَالَ كَذَلِكَ أَتَتْكَ آيَاتُنَا فَنَسِيَتْهَا ۖ وَكَذَلِكَ الْيَوْمَ تُنْسَى

But he who turneth away from remembrance” of Me, his will be a narrow life, and I shall” bring him blind to the assembly on the Day of Resurrection. He will say: 'My Lord! wherefore hast thou gathered me (hither) blind, when I was wont to see?' He will say: 'so (it must be) our revelations come unto thee but thou didst forget them. In like manner (thou art forgotten this Day. (٢٠:١٢٤-١٢٦)

:And said

فَإِنَّهَا لَا تَعْمَى الْأَبْصَارُ وَلَكِن تَعْمَى ۖ أَفَلَمْ يَسِيرُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ فَتَكُونَ لَهُمْ قُلُوبٌ يَعْقِلُونَ بِهَا أَوْ آذَانٌ يَسْمَعُونَ بِهَا ۗ الْقُلُوبُ الَّتِي فِي الصُّدُورِ

Have they not traveled in the land, and have they hearts where with to feel and ears” wherewith to hear ? For indeed it is not the eyes that grow blind, but it is the hearts, which (are within the bosoms, that grow blind. (٢٢:٤٦)

:And said

وَمَنْ كَانَ فِي هَذِهِ أَعْمَى فَهُوَ فِي الْآخِرَةِ أَعْمَى وَأَضَلُّ سَبِيلًا

(Whoso is blind in here will be blind in the Hereafter, and yet further from the road.”(١٧:٢٢)

:And said

وَمَنْ يَهْدِ اللَّهُ

فَهُوَ الْمُهْتَدِ □ وَمَنْ يُضَلِّلْ فَلَنْ تَجِدَ لَهُمْ أَوْلِيَاءَ مِنْ دُونِهِ □ وَنَحْشُرُهُمْ يَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ عَالِي □ وَجُوهِهِمْ عَمِيََا وَبُكْمًا وَصُمًّا

And he whom God guideth, he is led aright, while, as for him whom He sendeth astray, for them thou wilt find no protecting friends beside Him, and We shall assemble them on (the Day of Resurrection on their faces, blind, dumb, and deaf “ (١٧:٩٧

May be you will find the above, something strange and may ask: How the esoteric eyes will become blind on the Day of Judgment? Do we have eyes and ears other than these apparent bodily eyes and ears? The reply is: Yes! The Creator of human beings and Divine human doctors had informed that human heart and also soul, have their own eyes, ears, and tongue but of their own kind

Human self is a mysterious existence possessing a special life in his inner essence. Self has his own world in which there is light as well as darkness, there is purity and cleanliness as well as indignation and contamination, and there is seeing and hearing as well as blindness and deafness

But the light and darkness of that special world is not similar to the light and darkness of this world, rather the belief in God–Almighty, Day of Judgment, Prophethood, and the Holy Qur’an is the illumination for self’s world

:God–Almighty has said

فَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا بِهِ وَعَزَّرُوهُ وَنَصَرُوهُ وَاتَّبَعُوا النُّورَ الَّذِي أُنزِلَ مَعَهُ □ أُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْمُفْلِحُونَ □

Then those who believe in him (Muhammad) honor him, help him, and follow”

(the light which is sent down with him: They are the successful. (٧:١٥٧

:And said

قَدْ جَاءَكُمْ مِنَ اللَّهِ نُورٌ وَكِتَابٌ مُبِينٌ

(Now hath come unto you light from God and a plain scripture. (٥:١٥)

:And said

أَفَمَنْ شَرَحَ اللَّهُ صَدْرَهُ لِلْإِسْلَامِ فَهُوَ عَلَى نُورٍ مِّنْ رَبِّهِ □ فَوَيْلٌ لِلْقَاسِيَةِ قُلُوبُهُمْ مِّنْ ذِكْرِ اللَّهِ □ أُولَئِكَ فِي ضَلَالٍ مُّبِينٍ

Is he whose bosom God hath expanded for the surrender (unto Him), so that he" followeth a light from His Lord (as he who disbelieveth) ? Then woe unto those whose (hearts are hardened against remembrance of God. Such are in plain error. (٣٩: ٢٢

God-Almighty has informed that Islam, Qur'an, faith, and Divine obligations are all illumination and their obedience makes the heart enlightened; although, in reality this happens in this same world but its final result is declared in the Next World. Also, He had informed us that blasphemy, hypocrisy, sinning, non-acceptance of truth all are darkness and make the heart dark and contaminated, which would certainly become manifested in .the Next World

The Divine Prophets were dispatched by God-Almighty with the mission of leading human .beings out of darkness of blasphemy towards the environment of illumination and belief

:God-Almighty has said

كِتَابٌ أَنْزَلْنَاهُ إِلَيْكَ لِتُخْرِجَ النَّاسَ مِنَ الظُّلُمَاتِ إِلَى النُّورِ

We have revealed unto thee (Muhammad) that thereby thou mayst bring forth mankind" (from darkness unto light. (١٤:١

The believers, by means of illumination of faith, self-purification, good moral conducts, God's-Remembrance, and righteous deeds make their heart and souls illuminated; witness the sublime realities through their esoteric eyes and



ears; and ascend toward God's Nearness through various stages of perfection

Such souls when leaving this world will turn into absolute illumination, joy, cheerfulness, beauty, and in the Next World will be utilizing the same illumination accumulated by them in this material world. God–Almighty has said

يَوْمَ تَرَى الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَالْمُؤْمِنَاتِ يَسْعَى نُورُهُمْ بَيْنَ أَيْدِيهِمْ وَبِأَيْمَانِهِمْ بُشْرَاكُمُ الْيَوْمَ جَنَّاتٌ تَجْرِي مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا ذَلِكُمْ هُوَ الْفَوْزُ الْعَظِيمُ

On the day when thou (Muhammad) wilt see the believers, men and women, their light” shining forth before them and on their right hands (and will hear it said unto them): Glad news for you this day: Gardens underneath which rivers flow, wherein ye are immortal.

(That is the supreme triumph. (٥٧:١٢)

Yes! The illumination for the eternal world must be arranged in this world, and it is because of this reason that the pagans and hypocrites do not have illumination in the :Next World. God–Almighty has said

يَوْمَ يَقُولُ الْمُنَافِقُونَ وَالْمُنَافِقَاتُ لِلَّذِينَ آمَنُوا انظُرُونَا نَقْتَبِسْ مِنْ نُورِكُمْ قِيلَ ارْجِعُوا وَرَاءَكُمْ فَالْتَمِسُوا نُورًا

On the Day when the hypocritical men and the hypocritical women will say unto those” who believe, look on us that we may borrow from your light! It will be said: Go back and (seek for light! (٥٧:١٣)

**Heart in Traditions**

**point**

The pioneers of religion and real human specialists have left many interesting narrations about the heart. Following are some of the examples: In some of the narrations the :hearts have been classified into three categories

:Imam al–Baqir (a.s.) said

عن ابى جعفر عليه السلام قال: القلوب ثلاثة: قلب

منكوس لا يعثر على شيء من الخير وهو قلب الكافر وقلب فيه نكته سودا فالخير والشر يعتلجان, فما كان منه أقوى غلب عليه, وقلب مفتوح فيه مصباح يزهر فلا يطفأ نوره الى القيامة وهو قلب المؤمن.

:There are three kinds of hearts”

a. First type: Reversed heart which lacks feelings for any sort of righteous deeds. Such heart is the heart of a unbeliever

b. Second Type: The heart which contains a black spot in which a war is being waged between the truth and falsehood, and whichever becomes victorious will take over the heart's control

c. Third type: The conquered heart in which there is a lighted lamp which is never going to (be turned off. Such a heart is the heart of a believer.”<sup>(١)</sup>

:Imam al-Sadiq (a.s.) has quoted from his learned father

عن ابي عبدالله عليه السلام قال: كان ابي يقول: ما من سىء افسد للقلب من الخطيئه, ان القلب ليواقع الخطيئه فما تزال حتى تغلب عليه فيصير اسفله اعلاه واعلاه اسفله.

There is nothing worst than sinning for the heart. When the heart is encountered with” sin, it struggles against the sin until sin becomes victorious thus, making the heart as a (reversed heart.”<sup>(٢)</sup>

:Imam al-Sajjad (a.s.) has said

عن على بن الحسين عليه السلام فى حديث طويل يقول فيه: الان للعبد اربع اعين: عينان يبصر بهما امر دينه ودنياه, وعينان يبصر بهما امر آخرته. فاذا اراد الله بعيد خيرا فتح له العينين اللتين فى قلبه فابصر بهما الغيب وامر آخرته واذا اراد به غير ذلك ترك القلب بما فيه.

A man possesses four eyes, with two apparent”

p: ٥٥

١- ٥١-p, vol. ٧٠, Bihar al-Anwar,

٢- ٥٤-p, vol. ٧٠, Bihar al-Anwar,

eyes he sees the affairs relevant to his world, and with two esoteric eyes sees the affairs related to the Next World. Therefore, whenever God–Almighty desired the good for a believer, He opens his heart's eyes to enable him to witness the hidden world and its mysteries. But when He does not desire his welfare, leaves the heart with his esoteric [\(eyes closed.\)” \(١\)](#)

:Imam al–Sadiq (a.s.) has said

عن ابي عبدالله عليه السلام قال: ان للقلب اذنين، روح الايمان يساره بالخير والشيطان يساره بالشر فايهما ظهر على صاحبه غلبه.

The heart possesses two ears, the spirit of belief slowly invites him towards righteous” deeds, while the Satan slowly invites him towards evil deeds. Therefore, whoever [\(becomes victorious in this struggle takes over heart's control.” \(٢\)](#)

(Imam al–Sadiq (a.s.) quotes from the Holy Prophet (S

عن الصادق عليه السلام قال: قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: شر العمى عمى القلب.

[\(The darkness of the heart is the worst kind of darkness.” \(٣\)](#)

:Imam al–Baqir (a.s.) said

عن ابي جعفر عليه السلام قال: ما من عبد الاوفى قلبه نكته بيضا فاذا اذنب ذنبا خرج في النكته نكته سودا. فان تاب ذهب ذلك السواد، وان تمادى في الذنوب زاد ذلك السواد حتى يغطي البياض، فاذا غطى البياض لم يرجع صاحبه الى خير ابدا وهو قول الله تعالى: كلا بل ران على قلوبهم ما كانوا يكسبون.

Initially there is a white spot and light within the heart of a human being and as a result” of his committing sin, a black spot appears. If the person repents the black spot gets wiped out, but

p: ٥٦

١- Bihar al–Anwar, vol. ٧٠, p-٥٣

٢- Bihar al–Anwar vol. ٧٠, p-٥٣

٣- Bihar al–Anwar, vol. ٧٠, p-٥١



if he persisted in sinning, the blackness gradually increases ultimately covering the entire white spot, When this happens the owner of such heart will never return towards goodness and become manifestation of the Qur'anic verse

﴿Nay, but that which they have earned is rust upon their hearts.﴾<sup>(١)</sup>

:The Commander of the Faithful Imam 'Ali (a.s.) has said

قال علي عليه السلام: ومن قل ورعه مات قلبه ومن مات قلبه دخل النار.

Every one who lacks self restraint and piety will have a dead heart; whoever have a dead heart will enter inside the Hell.”<sup>(٢)</sup>

:He further emphasized this matter in his last will addressing to his son

فيما اوصى به امير المؤمنين عليه السلام ابنه, قال: يا بني ان البلا القاقه واشد من ذالك مرض البدن واشد من ذالك مرض القلب. وان من النعم سعه المال وافضل من ذالك صحه البدن وافضل من ذالك تقوى القلوب.

Oh my son! The poverty is one of the most horrible calamity,. But still severe than poverty is the bodily sickness; and the sickness of soul is harsher than the bodily sickness. Plenty of wealth is one of the God's blessing, but sound health is better than that, and the piety of heart is even superior than sound health.”<sup>(٣)</sup>

:There is a narration quoted from Anas bin Malik from the Holy Prophet (S) who said

انس من مالِك قال قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: ناجى داود ربه فقال الهى لكل ملك خزانه فاين خزانتك؟ قال جل جلاله: لى خزينه اعظم من العرش واوسع من الكرسي واطيب من الجنه وازين من الملكوت. ارضها

p: ٥٧

١- al-Kafi, vol, ٢, p-٢٧٣

٢- Nahjul Balagha, saying ٣٢٤

٣- Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ٧٠, p-٥١

المعرفة واسمائها اليمان وشمسها الشوق وقمرها المح به ونجومها الخواطر وصاحبها العقل ومطرها الرحمه واثمرها الطاعه وثمرها الحكمة. ولها اربعة ابواب: العلم والحلب والصبر والرضا. والاهى القلب.

The prophet David (a.s.) asked God; ‘Oh God! All the emperors possess treasure then” where is Your treasure ? God–Almighty replied: ‘I possess a treasure which is greater than the sky; vaster than the Heaven's firmaments; smells better than the perfumes of Paradise, and is beautiful than the Celestial Kingdom

Its earth is enlightenment; its sky is belief, its sun is enthusiasm; its moon is love, its stars are inspiration and attention towards Me; its clouds are reason, its rain is blessing, its fruits are obedience; and its yield is wisdom. My Treasure has four doors, the first one is the door of knowledge, the second one is the door of reason, the third one is the door of patience, and the fourth one is the door of contentment. Know that My Treasure is –the [\(heart of a believer'.”\(١\)](#)

The Divine Heart Specialists have described many interesting topics in these traditions.  
:They have divided the hearts into following three categories

### The Heart of an Unbeliever (١)

These Divine Specialists have described that the heart of an infidel is a reversed or over–turned heart which does not contain any goodness in it. Such heart' is deviated from its primordial nature; does not look towards the Upper–Heavens and keeps itself amused and preoccupied into worldly affairs, therefore, it does not witness the existence of God–Almighty and I. Eternal–World

It lacks the proper imagination for

p: ٥٨

goodness and righteous deeds, because, the righteous deeds reach the perfection stage and Gods–Nearness only in cases when they are performed with the intention of attaining His pleasure. But since an infidel has reversed his heart, he does not see God–Almighty any more, and therefore, does not have any other aim except this world in all his affairs

Such an heart in his primordial nature was blessed with esoteric eyes which now have been blinded because, he cannot witness the most explicit shining realities i.e. the .Creator of the Universe. He is blind and will be raised as blind in the Next World too

In this world he is attached to worldly affairs, and will be raised in the Next World possessed with the same attachment, but since the Eternal–World lacks these worldly amusements, he will burn with the fire of separation. In such heart the light of faith has .been extinguished and therefore, it is totally filled with absolute darkness

#### The Heart of a Believer (۲)

Just opposite to the heart of an unbeliever is the heart of a perfect righteous believers; whose doors are open towards the Upper–Heaven and Unseen–World; is illuminated with the light of faith which will never be turned off; and through its two esoteric eyes witnesses the mysteries of the Hidden–World. Such a heart continuously strives for achieving absolute t perfection, beauty and salvation and seeks God's Pleasure and .Blessing

Since he wants God–Almighty therefore, continuously strives to move in His Direction by means of good moral conduct and righteous deeds. Such

heart is wider than the Celestial Sky and Divine Throne, beautiful than the Paradise, is the Divine Treasure and center of manifestation of Heavenly Light; his earth is enlightenment, his sky is faith; his sun is enthusiasm for God's countenance; his moon is God's love; where the wisdom rules and absorbs the rain of Divine Blessings for producing the fruits of worship and obedience; is filled with absolute light, joy, cheerfulness, purity, and will be raised in the next world in the similar state

### **The Heart of a Believer– Occasionally Contaminated (۳)**

The heart of a believer which occasionally gets contaminated with sin is not dark and confined rather is illuminated with the light of faith and remained open for receiving guidance and Divine Blessings. But as a result of sinning it has developed a black spot and Satan has succeeded to make an entry into it

Although, the esoteric eyes are not quite yet blinded but because of sinning have caught a disease which might render them blind. Both angels as well as Satan have access within such heart. The angels enter through the doors of faith and invite him towards goodness while the Satan influences through the black spot inviting him towards evil

In such a heart both Satan and angel are engaged in a continuous confrontation. Angel wants to take over the control of entire heart forcing Satan out through good deeds on the other side Satan through seduction and sins makes the darker heart further darkest and strives to take over the control of entire heart

.by forcing out the angel and permanently closing the gateway of belief forever

These two are permanently engaged in a continuous war until one of them become victorious over his opponent, and what is the magnitude of victory achieved. The esoteric life and eternal destination of human being depends upon this struggle. It is here that the struggle with the self becomes of crucial importance, which will be discussed later on in .the book

### Hard-heartedness

In his initial primordial nature the heart is bestowed upon with special virtues such as purity, enlightenment, kindness, and blessing. He is sensitive towards other people's difficulties and feels un-comfortable while seeing others in pain even animals. He desires that others should live a pleasant and comfortable life and takes pleasure in doing favors .towards them

In accordance with his pure nature is inclined and pays attention towards God-Almighty; takes pleasure in performing worship, prayer, supplication, and other righteous deeds, .while immediately feels ashamed and offer repentance if commits sins

In case the heart accepted invitation of his pure primordial nature and acted accordingly, he becomes purest, kindest, sincerest, and enlightened, because of the effects of worship and prayers his enthusiasm and love for these things increases day by day. But if he neglects and acts against his inner natural feelings and sentiments, they gradually get .subdued and eventually become completely silenced and eventually annihilated

If after seeing the horrible tragic scenes involving others does not show any reaction, gradually becomes used to such things to the extent that

.further repetition of such encounters will produce least reaction

Also, it is possible that one may reach to a point where seeing the poverty, hunger, and wretchedness involving others not only produce any disturbance with in his conscience on the contrary while seeing the painful scenes of imprisonment, torture, and murders feels  
(happy and pleased. (١)

If someone commits a sin for the first time, he feels guilty and ashamed about it, but having committed a sin for the first time, to repeat it for the second and third time relatively becomes easier for him, and in case of his persistence in sinning reaches to a point, where not only he does not feel any sense of guilt and shame, on the contrary  
.considers himself victorious and feels happy

The heart of such persons has become dark and reversed and in the words of the Holy Qur'an and narrations has acquired hard-heartedness. Satan has occupied these hearts forcing the God's Angels out, and the doors of salvation have been closed permanently  
.leaving no hope for repentance and return towards God-Almighty

:God-Almighty said in the Holy Qur'an

فَلَوْلَا إِذْ جَاءَهُمْ بَأْسُنَا تَضَرَّعُوا وَلَكِنْ قَسَتْ قُلُوبُهُمْ وَزَيَّنَ لَهُمُ الشَّيْطَانُ مَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ

If only, when our disaster came on them, they had been humble! But their hearts were”  
(hardened and the devil made all that they used to do seem fair unto them! (٦:٤٣)

:And said

أُولَئِكَ فِي ضَلَالٍ مُّبِينٍ فَوَيْلٌ لِلْقَاسِيَةِ قُلُوبُهُمْ مِّنْ ذِكْرِ اللَّهِ

Then woe unto those whose hearts are hardened against remembrance of God. Such”  
are

p: ٦٢

The video tapes commercially produced by the Serb criminals showing the most – ١  
horrible brute crime scenes of mass killings, torture, and raping in recent ethnic cleansing  
in Bosnia-Herzegovina under the very nose of the United Nations, in the heart-land of

civilized Europe, and their welcome by the sadists in the Western countries proves the  
.[authenticity of this statement [Tr

(in plain error. (٣٩:٢٢

:Imam aI-Baqir (a.s.) said

عن ابى جعفر عليه السلام قال: ما من عبد مؤمن الا وفي قلبه نكتة بيضا فان اذنب وثنى خرج من تلك النكتة سواد فان تمادى فى الذنوب اتسع ذالك السواد حتى يغطى البيضا فاذا غطى البيضا لم يرجع صاحبه الى خيرا بدا وهو قول الله كلا بل ران على قلوبهم ما كانوا يكسبون.

There is a white spot inside the heart of each believer. Once he commits a sin or repeats” it, a black spot appears inside the heart. In case of persistence of sins, the black spot, increases, gradually in size filling the entire heart with blackness. When this happens the owner of such heart never returns towards goodness, and this, is what God meant in the  
:verse

كلا بل ران على قلوبهم ما كانوا يكسبون.

”(١) Nay, but that which they have earned is rust upon their hearts.”

:The Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) said

قال امير المؤمنين عليه السلام: ما جفت الدموع الا لقسوه القلوب وما قست القلوب الا لكثرة الذنوب.

The tears of eye never get dried but for the sake of hardheartedness,, the heart never”  
”(٢) acquires hard-heartedness but for the sake of excess of sins.”

:The Holy Prophet (S) said

قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: من علامات الشفا: جمود العين وقسوه القلب وشده الحرص فى طلب الرزق الاصرار على الذنب.

:The following four things are the indicators of human cruelty”

(i) And (iv) Excessive greed for earning a living (iii) Hard-heartedness (ii) Dryness of eyes  
”(٣) persistence of sins.”

It was because of this reason that the Infallible Imams (a.s.) of prophet's



.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۷۳, p-۳۶۱ -۱

.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۷۳, p-۳۵۴ -۲

.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۷۳, p-۳۴۹ -۳

.progeny in their supplications took shelter in God–Almighty against hard–heartedness

:Imam al–Sajjad (a.s.) said

قال علي بن الحسين (ع) في دعائه: الهى اليك أشكو قلبا قاسيا، مع الوسواس متقلبا وبالرين الطبع متلبسا وعينا عن البكا من خوفك جامده وإلى ما تسرها طامحه.

Oh God! I do complain to you against hard–heartedness –the heart which by means of” whims and passions is in the state of continuous revolution and has become contaminated. And I do complain to you against the dryness of eye which does not cry and is not afraid of you, and instead takes pleasure in looking towards whatever makes it [pleased.”](#)<sup>(١)</sup>

Therefore, a human being who desires his own prosperity and soundness of heart must prevent himself from committing any sin however small it might seem; should gradually motivate his self for performing righteous deeds namely: worship, prayer, communications with God, sincerity, kindness and help towards others, defense of oppressed and deprived, benevolence, and cooperation for achieving social welfare and social justice, so that it performs them as a matter of habit

His inner purity and illumination continues striving for perfection and purification fill his heart becomes a special center of God's favorite angels

### Heart's Physicians

It has already been explained earlier that like human bodies, hearts could also be healthy and sick, and the eternal prosperity or salvation of a person depends upon his returning to the Next World with a pure and sound heart. It is therefore, important for us to be knowledgeable about the health and sickness of the heart; must

p: ٦٤

identify the symptoms of the disease; and should understand the causes and factors in order to implement all the health care hygienic measures to prevent its spread

Do we possess self-sufficiency in this matter or do we need the prophets? There is absolutely no doubt that we lack sufficient knowledge about the special creation of human-self and the secrets and mysteries which have been incorporated by the Creator in this Celestial existence

In fact we are ignorant about our psychological and esoteric life; do not well recognize the factors and causes responsible for the self's sickness; cannot properly diagnose the symptoms of the disease; and are not well aware about various kinds of diseases, preventive measures required against their spread, and the available methods of their treatment. Therefore, the presence of Divine Prophets is really required in order to provide guidance and lead us in solving the above mentioned problems

The prophets are the real physicians and specialists of the souls, who through Divine Blessing and revelations understand very well about the pain as well as the treatment of self. They have been educated and trained in various disciplines dealing with human beings and their souls in the school of revelation, and are thoroughly knowledgeable about the secret and mysteries of this special celestial existence

They understand the straight path of guidance and ascend towards God-Almighty as well as the causes and factors of deviations, and therefore, are in a position to help lead the human beings in following the straight path

.and can prevent their deviations

Yes! the prophets are God's physicians who have rendered most valuable services for humanity throughout the history, which are relatively more valuable than the services rendered by physicians of the human bodies. The prophets were able to discover the mysterious abstract (i.e. Celestial Spirit) for themselves, and by introducing this “Celestial Jewel” to human beings succeeded in reviving their human personality

They were the ones who introduced and enlightened human beings with learning, spirituality, and moral ethics by showing them the path of journey leading towards God's Nearness

They are the ones who made the humanity familiar with the unseen world and strived for self-purification, self-nourishment and self-refinement of human beings. If there are marks of meaningfulness, sentiments, love, moral ethics, and other virtues found among human beings it is all due to the blessing of painstaking continuous efforts and endeavors (of all God's physicians and specially the Last Divine Messenger Prophet Muhammad (S

If the Divine Prophets would not have been dispatched for human-guidance, certainly the conditions of human beings would have been something different. Yes! The prophets are real distinguished personalities of the humanity, and because of this distinction have been called as physicians of self in the traditions

.(The Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) said about the Holy Prophet (S

طبيب دوار بطبه قد احكم مرهمه واحمى مواسمه يضع من ذلك حيث الحاجه اليه, من قلوب عمى و آذان صم والسنه بكم. متبع بدوائه مواضع الغفله ومواطن الحيره لم يستضيئوا باضوا الحكمه ولم يقدحوا

بزناد العلوم الثاقبه, فهم فى ذلك كالانعام السائمه الصخور القاسيه.

Muhammad (S) was a traveling physician who continuously endeavored for the treatment of souls. He had prepared ready-made ointments and arranged other tools of surgery for the treatment of wounds and disinfecting the diseases at suitable occasions. He cured the heart's blindness, ear's deafness, tongue's dumbness, and prescribed medicine for all those who were living in the state of confusion and wandering because, they did not utilized the light of wisdom for abstraction of realities and thus, were forced [\(to live like grazing animals.” \(١\)](#)

.The Holy Qur'an has been described as a health-giving medicine for the diseased hearts

:God-Almighty has said

قَدْ جَاءَ تَكْمُ مَوْعِظَةٌ مِّن رَّبِّكُمْ وَشِفَاءٌ لِّمَا فِي الصُّدُورِ

There hath come unto you an exhortation from your Lord. A balm for that which is in the”  
(breasts. (١٠:٥٧)

:And said

وَنُزِّلُ مِنَ الْقُرْآنِ مَا هُوَ شِفَاءٌ وَرَحْمَةٌ لِّلْمُؤْمِنِينَ

(And We reveal of the Qur'an that which is a healing and a mercy for believers. (١٧:٨٢”

:The Commander of the Faithful Imam 'Ali (a.s.) said about the Holy Qur'an

قال على عليه السلام: وتعلموا القرآن فانه أحسن الحديث وتفقهوا فيه فانه ربيع القلوب واستشفوا بنوره فانه شفا الصدور.

Learn the Holy Qur'an because, it is the best of learning; pay attentions towards its”  
verses because they are like the springs rain; its recital revives the heart; and utilize the  
[\(Qur'anic illumination for the healing of your hearts.” \(٢\)](#)

:At some other place he said

قال على عليه السلام: واعلموا انه ليس على احد بعد القرآن من فاقه ولا لاحد قبل القرآن من

.Nahjul Balagha, sermon, ۱۰۸ - ۱

.Nahjul al-Balagha, sermon-۱۱۰ - ۲

غنى فاستشفوه من ادوائكم واستعينوا به على لاوايكم فان فيه شفا من اكبر الدا وهو الكفر والغى والضلال.

Know that anyone who possesses the Holy Qur'an would not require any thing else, and" whoever is deprived of it will never be free from want. By means of the Holy Qur'an heal the sickness of your hearts and strengthen yourself through it while confronting hardships. Because, it contains the cure for the most severe diseases namely: blasphemy, [hypocrisy](#) , and deviations."[\(1\)](#)

Yes! the Prophet of Islam is the best physician of the souls. He recognized well our pain and its treatment; brought the Holy Qur'an and presented it to us which the best program of healing for our internal pains. Apart from that various kind of psychic disease and their treatments have been explained for us through the Holy Prophet (S) and Infallible Imams (a.s.) of his Holy progeny Ahlul Bayt which have been preserved for us in the form of traditions.

Therefore, if we are interested in the happiness and soundness of our self, we must practice the hygienic measures for the psychic and physical health of our self. We must identify these diseases within our souls through Qur'anic verses and guidelines issued by the Holy Prophet (S) and Infallible Imams (a.s.) and must seriously strive for their treatments. Any negligence shown in this important and crucial task would result in serious damage inflicted upon ourselves, which will become manifested in the Next World.

### Refinement and Perfection of Self

It was already discussed that the self-building and self-nourishment are

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the most important crucial tasks, because, the happiness and prosperity of both worlds depends upon them. All of the God's Prophets were dispatched for accomplishment of this aim. Self-building must be undertaken into two stages

The first stage of self-refinement consists of cleansing of heart from indecent moral conduct and avoiding sins. This act is called refining and evacuation

The second stage of self-nourishment and perfection consists of acquiring higher learning for abstraction of absolute truth, attaining moral excellence in conduct, and undertaking of righteous deeds. This act is called nourishment and perfection

Both the above mentioned stages are necessary for achieving self-building, because, unless and until the heart's ground is not thoroughly cleansed from evilness, it would not be available for acquiring higher learning, attaining moral excellence, and performance of righteous deeds. A heart which is contaminated with Satan's presence, how could it become a center for the manifestation of Divine Light

How can God's intimate angels enter into such a heart? On the other hand if faith, enlightenment, moral excellence, and righteous deeds do not exist, through, which means the human self will attain nourishment and perfection

Therefore, for self building both these stages must be attempted simultaneously. On one side the heart must be thoroughly cleansed and purified from all sort of impurities and falsies, and on the other side it should be encouraged and motivated for performance of righteous and virtuous deeds. Satan must be forced out and God's Intimate Angel should be welcomed

Any sort of foreign material other than



God's should be thrown out from it, and God's Blessing and Illumination must be absorbed. These two stages are complimentary to each other. It is not possible to purify the heart and let postpone the performance of righteous deeds for a later opportunity, and likewise we can not ignore the heart's internal impurities and evilness before undertaking the performance of righteous deeds

Therefore, it is necessary that both of these stages must be coordinated, and should be undertaken simultaneously. Avoiding sins and shameful moral deeds invites human being towards goodness, and similarly performance of righteous and virtuous deeds result in his acquittal of sins and obscene deeds. But in order to continue detailed discussion for the both stages it would be better to divide them into separate chapter. Firstly the stage of self-refinement will be discussed

## (Evacuation or Self-refinement (Takhliyah

### Self-refinement

#### point

:At this stage the following three acts should be performed

- A. Refinement of self from all sort of false beliefs, evil thoughts, and superstitions
- .B. Refinement of self from vices and moral indecencies
- .C. Quitting all kind of sins and transgressions

False beliefs and superstitions are ignorance and deviations that result in self's darkness and deviation from following the straight path of perfection and God's Nearness. Because, the believers in false beliefs never recognize the straight path of human perfection and wander aimlessly and confused in the darkest valleys of deviations and vices never reaching to their undefined final destination. How come the heart which is full of intense darkness can witness the ever shining

?sacred Divine illumination

Also, moral indecencies strengthen the animalistic habits gradually silencing the light within the celestial human soul. Such a deviated person will never succeed in accomplishing the most exalted human objective of reaching the nearness of the .supreme source of beauty and absolute perfection, i.e. God-Almighty

Similarly, sinning and transgressions makes the human self dark and contaminated, thus, causing him further to deviate from the exalted path of human perfection and God's .Nearness. Naturally, such a person will never reach to its ultimate cherished goal

Therefore, self-refinement determines our final destination and should be considered as an extremely important matter. We must, therefore, first identify the moral indecencies and sins and then must take remedial actions for cleansing and purifying our self from .these impurities

Fortunately, in the first part we do not have any problem because the physicians of the self or God's assigned human specialists –Prophet's and Infallible Imams have thoroughly defined moral indecencies, and even have given the prescription for their treatment; have counted various kinds of sins and taught us how to relinquish them. We all recognize .moral indecencies and understand their ugliness

We know that hypocrisy, arrogance, jealousy, revenge, anger, slander, treason, egotism, malevolence, backbiting accusation, ill-speaking, wrath, oppression, fear, stinginess, greed, fault-finding, lying, love of the world, ambitiousness, deceit, cheating, suspicion, .cruelty, snobbery, self-weakness, and other such habits are bad and undesirable

Apart from the fact that by features we understand and realize their ugliness, hundreds of Qur'anic verses and traditions also confirms their ugliness and

indeencies. Our traditions in this field are extremely vast, rich and comprehensive that there does not exist the least shortage. Also, all forbidden acts and sins and their relevant punishments have been explained explicitly and comprehensively in the Holy Qur'an and traditions, and we do know about all of them

Therefore, as for as the identification of minor and major sins are concerned, we do not have any problem at all. But at the same time it must be frankly admitted that we all are captive of Satan and imperious self (nafse- ammarah), and unfortunately do not find the grace for purification of self from sins and moral indeencies. This is our real problem for which a solution must be found

:In my opinion these are two important factors relevant to the above problem

First: We don't understand our moral diseases and do not have the courage to admit this sickness within ourselves

Secondly: We regards them a minor thing and are negligent about the severe painful and catastrophic consequences arising thereof, and because of this reason are not concerned for their treatment. These are the two factors responsible for our negligence towards self-refinement. Therefore, these should be discussed in detail and the method of treatment should be discovered

### **Negligence from the Disease .۱**

We probably understand the moral sicknesses and do appreciate heir ugliness but only in others, and not within ourselves. If we encounter impoliteness and moral indeencies in others we are quick to observe them immediately. While it is quite possible that the same moral indeency

or may be worst than that might exist within ourselves, but we do not pay the east  
.attention and ignore it completely

For example, we may regard transgression of others rights as something bad and might  
hate the transgressor, but at the same time it is possible that we ourselves might be  
.transgressor, and may not realize it at all

We do not consider our own act as a transgression, and on the contrary it is quite  
possible, that we might present it something as a glorious or virtuous act before  
ourselves, thus, by this means making it justified. Similar might be the case with other  
.moral shameful deeds, and in this manner we never think about our own improvement

Because, if a sick person does not consider himself sick naturally he will never worry  
about his treatment. Since, we do not consider ourselves as sick, we are not concerned  
about our treatments either, and this happens to be our biggest problem. Therefore, if we  
care about our happiness and prosperity we must think for the remedy of this problem  
.and by all possible means must endeavor to identify for internal psychological diseases

## **Diagnosis of Self-sickness .۲**

### **point**

Here it would be appropriate to describe the ways and means which could be useful for  
.identifying the self-sickness

## **Strengthening of Reason .۲.۱**

The most exalted, celestial distinction of human beings, and the most perfect parameter  
of his existence distinguishing him over all other creatures, which in the terminology of  
,the Holy Qur'an and traditions has been called by different names such as: spirit

self, heart, and intelligence, all are manifestations of one single reality, but because of different considerations have been given different names. But the fountainhead and origin of all thinking, rationalization, and intelligence have been named as reason. (۱)

In the books of tradition the reason (aql) has been treated with special distinction, and special chapters have been assigned for its detailed explanation. Reason in traditions have been titled as the most noble existence which is the source of all obligations, rewards, and punishments

:For example: Imam al-Baqir (a.s.) has said

عن ابی جعفر علیه السلام قال: لما خلق الله العقل استنطقه. ثم قال له: اقبل, فاقبل. ثم قال له: ادبر. فادبر ثم قال: قعزتی وجلالی! ما خلقت خلقا احب الی منک ولا اکملتک الا فیمن احب. اما انی ایاک آمر وایاک انهی وایاک اثیب.

When God Almighty created the reason, it was blessed with the power of speech. Then it was ordered by Him to come and it obeyed; then it was commanded by him to return and again it obeyed. Than God-Almighty said

By the oath of My Honor and Glory ! I have not created any existence which is superior” and dearer than you. You will not be perfected in anyone except the one who is dearer to me. Be aware! That obedience and transgression of My Commands depends upon you, (and you will receive the rewards and punishment accordingly.” (۲)

:Also the Holy Qur’an said

لَكُمْ آيَاتِهِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَعْقِلُونَ كَذَلِكَ يُبَيِّنُ اللَّهُ

.Thus, God expoundeth unto you His revelations so that ye may understand”

p: ۷۴

For God's-worship there is nothings superior than the reason. A believer is not wise” –۱ until and unless he possesses the following ten characteristics: ۱. The people should expect goodness from him. ۲. They should feel immune from his wickedness. ۳. He must evaluate the good deeds of others as too much even if they are small. ۴. Should regard his good deeds as insignificant even if they re too much. ۵. Should never be tired from

acquiring knowledge through out his life. ۶. Should never be annoyed while people approach him demanding fulfillment of their wants. ۷. Should prefer seclusion and obscurity more than outwardly fame and popularity. ۸. Poverty in his sight should be more dearer than the richness. ۹. He must rely upon on only one single power in the world. ۱۰. The tenth characteristic which is more important than all is –that while seeing others he must say: 'He is more better and pious than me. ' Because, the people belong to two categories: Either they are better or re worst than him. “While encountering the better ones he must show humility and be courteous so that he could be associated with him. Regarding the latter who outwardly does not appear good, he must say: 'May his inner self is better than my own inner self or may be he will become ashamed from his devotion and may return towards God-Almighty through repentance and thus, might attain a prosperous end. “If some one pays need to these dimensions he has indeed discovered his dignity and exaltedness and will be successful over his contemporaries.”–Nasayeh,

Ayatullah Mishkini, p-۳۰۱

.al-Kafi, vol. ۱, p-۱۰ –۲

(۲:۲۴۲)

أَفَلَمْ يَسِيرُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ فَتَكُونَ لَهُمْ قُلُوبٌ يَعْقِلُونَ بِهَا

Have they not traveled in the land, and have they hearts wherewith to feel and ears”  
(wherewith to hear.”the Holy- Qur’an (۲۲:۴۶

:And said

يَعْقِلُونَ إِنَّ شَرَّ الدَّوَابِّ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ الصُّمُّ الْبُكْمُ الَّذِينَ لَا

(Lo! The worst of beasts in God's Sight are the deaf, the dumb, who have no sense. (۸: ۲۲”

Those who possess ears, tongue, and reason, but do not utilize them in discovering the realities are introduced by God-Almighty in the Holy Qur’an in the category of beasts and even worst than them, be cause they have not used their minds. God-Almighty said

وَيَجْعَلُ الرَّجْسَ عَلَى الَّذِينَ لَا يَعْقِلُونَ

(He hath set uncleanness upon those who have no sense. (۱۰:۱۰۰)...

Whatever goodness is possessed by a human being it is due to his reason; he recognizes God-Almighty by means of reason and worships him; accepts the Day of Resurrection and makes him readied for it; accepts the prophets and obeys them; understand the good moral conduct and trains him accordingly; identity the vices and evil and therefore, avoids them. It is because of this reason that the reason has been praised in the Holy :Qur’an and traditions e.g. Imam al-Sadiq (a.s.) replying to a beggar said

بعض اصحابنا رفعه الى ابي عبدالله عليه السلام قال: قلت له ما العقل؟ قال: ما عبد به الرحمان واكتسب به الجنان.

It is because of the existence of reason that God-Almighty gets worshipped, and one”  
([1](#)) (makes his entry into Paradise.”

:He also said

قال ابو عبدالله عليه السلام: من كان عاقلا

.al-Kafi, vol. ۱, p-۱۱ -۱



كان له دين ومن كان له دين دخل الجنة.

Whoever is wise and intelligent possesses religion, and whoever has religion will enter”  
into the Paradise.” (١)

:Imam al-Kadhim (a.s.) said to Hasham

قال ابو الحسن موسى بن جعفر عليه السلام (في حديث): يا هشام! ان الله على الناس حجتين: حجة ظاهره وحجة باطنه فاما الظاهره فالرسل والانبياء والائمة. واما الباطنه بالعقول.

:God-Almighty has blessed the human beings with two proofs”

One is apparent and the other one is hidden. The apparent proofs are Prophets and  
Imams, and the hidden proof is the reason and intelligence within our existence.” (٢)

:Imam al-Sadiq (a.s.) said

قال ابو عبدالله عليه السلام: اكمل الناس عقلا احسنهم خلقا

The most perfect human beings from the point of view of reason are those who are the”  
best in moral conduct.” (٣)

قال ابو عبدالله عليه السلام: العقل دليل المؤمن

“The reason is the guide of a believer.” (٤)

:Imam al-Ridha’ (٥) (a.s.) said

قال الرضا عليه السلام: صديق كل امر عقله وعدوه جهله.

“The reason is the friend of everyone and the ignorance is his enemy.” (٤)

:The Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) has said

قال امير المؤمنين (ع): اعجاب المر بنفسه دليل على ضعف عقله

“Egotism of a person is the indication of his wisdom's weakness.” (٥)

:Imam al-Kadhim (a.s.) said to Hasham

قال موسى بن جعفر عليه السلام: يا هشام! من اراد الغنى بالامل وراحه القلب من الحسد السلامه فى الدين فليتضرع الى الله فى مسالته بان يكمل عقله. فمن عقل قنع بما يكفيه ومن قنع بما يكفيه استغنى ومن لم يقنع بما يكفيه لم يدرك الغنى ابدا.م.

Whoever desires to become contented without possessing health, a tranquil heart”

p: ٧٤

.al-Kafi, vol. ١, p-١١ –١

.al Kafi, vol. ١, p-١٤ –٢

.al-Kafi, vol. ١, p-٢٣ –٣

.al-Kafi, vol. ١, p-٢٥ –٤

Imam ‘Ali ibn Musa al-Ridha’ (a.s.): was born in Medina on Thursday, ١١th Dhu'l-qi'dah –٥ ١٤٨ A.H. He lived in a period hen the Abbasids were faced with increasing difficulties because of Shi'ite revolts. After al-Mam'un the seventh Abbasid caliph and a contemporary of Imam al-Ridha’ (a.s.) murdered his brother Amin and assumed office, he thought he would solve the problems by naming Imam as his own successor hoping thus, to insure him in worldly affairs and turn the devotion of his followers away from him. After encouragement, urging and finally threats, Imam accepted on condition that he be excused from dismissals, appointments, and other involvement in matters of state. Making the most of this circumstance, the Imam extended guidance to the people, imparting priceless elucidation of Islamic culture and spiritual truths, which have survived in numbers roughly equal to those reaching us from the Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.), and in greater number than those of any other Imam. Finally after al-Ma'mun realized his mistake, for Shi'ism began to spread even more rapidly he is said to have poisoned him; he died at the age of ٥٥ in Mashhad Khurasan on Tuesday, ١٧th Safar ٢٠٣

A.H.. He is buried in Mashhad Iran

.al-Kafi, vol. ١, p-١١ –٤

.al-Kafi, vol. ١, p-٢٧ –٧

free from jealousy and soundness in religion must cry before God–Almighty and should ask for perfection of his reason. Therefore, whoever becomes wise will be contented with modest means of livelihood, and thus, will become free from wants, and whoever is not contented with modest means of livelihood will never become free from wants.”(١)

:Imam al Kadhim (a.s.) (٢) said

قال موسى بن جعفر عليه السلام: يا هشام! ان العقلا تركوا فضول الدنيا, فكيف الذنوب, وترك الدنيا من الفضل وترك الذنوب من الفرض.

A wise person avoids even extra worldly–affairs what to say about sins, while quitting” extra worldly–affairs is optional and avoiding of sins is mandatory.”(٣)

:And said

قال موسى بن جعفر (ع): يا هشام! ان العقال لا يكذب وان كان فيه هواه.

“A wise person will never tell a lie, even if his self is tempted to do so.”(٤)

:And said

قال موسى بن جعفر عليه السلام: يا هشام! لا دين لمن لامروه له ولا مروه لمن لا عقل له وان اعطهم الناس قدر الذي لا يرى الدنيا لنفسه خطرا. اما ان ابدانكم ليس لها ثمن الا الجنة فلا تبيعوها بغيرها.

Whoever lacks compassion does not have religion; whoever lacks wisdom does not have” compassion; the most valuable person is the one who does not consider the entire world worthy of his self Know that: your bodies could not be traded with anything except Paradise. Therefore, be careful never to trade yourselves for a price other than Paradise.”(٥)

From the above tradition the preciousness of the reason, its important role in acquiring higher learning and sciences, accepting faith

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(between Mecca and Medina) on Sunday ۷th Safar ۱۲۸ A.H. He was contemporary with four Abbasid Caliphs as al-Mansur, Hadi, Mahdi, and Harun. Because of the sever oppression, the necessity of taqiyya grew more stringent, and since he was under close surveillance, he admitted only a few elect Shi'ites. Finally he was martyred –poisoned by owner of the second Abbasid Caliph al-Mansur on ۲۵th Rajab ۱۸۳ A.H. He is buried in Kadhimayn in Iraq. Despite of most stringent need for caution and taqiyya, he enjoyed in promulgating the religious sciences and made many prophetic sayings available to the Shi'ites, to the extent that he left more teaching on Jurisprudence than any other Imam

[with the exceptions of Imam al-Baqir (a.s.) and al-Sadiq (a.s.)] [Tr

.al-Kafi, vol. ۱, p-۱۷ -۳

.al-Kafi, vol. ۱, p-۱۹ -۴

.al-Kafi, vol. ۱, p-۱۹ -۵

worshipping God, recognizing and utilizing good morals, and quitting sins and other , vices, could be understood well. Here, it should be emphasized that simply the existence of reason is not sufficient as for as the accomplishment of the above objectives are concerned, rather it is the commissioning and efficient utilization of the faculty of reason .within human body which produce the cherished results

Within human body the presence of reason could be compared to like a righteous judge or expert, but he could only issue the correct judgment if , the required safe and peaceful .environment has been provided in which the verdict issued by him will be accepted

Or in other words we may compare reason with an intelligent, competent, sincere and resourceful governor of a region, but he could succeed only if his governance is officially certified and backed up by the ruling administration. The reason could be like a wise, trusted, and sincere adviser but only if it is being allowed to advice and if the attention is .paid to its words

If the reason becomes the ruling authority within a human body and could control the whims and passions of the self- it will govern it in an excellent manner; will achieve an equilibrium between the supply and demands; will arrange everything in a proper order, so that they may achieve perfection by ascending towards God-Almighty. But are the whims and passions of the self going to surrender themselves so easily and accept the ?governance of reason

No! They

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won't, on the contrary they will engaged themselves into sabotage and other destructive work against it till the reason is forced out of the field of confrontation. There is no choice except that the reason should be strengthened, because, the stronger it is the better it recognizes the internal enemies and will be able to subdue and control them easily. Therefore, it is our utmost duty to endeavor and struggle for strengthening the faculty of reason.

### Thinking before Action .٢.٢

In order to strengthen the reason we must seriously decide that before undertaking each action its over all worldly and eternal results and ultimate consequences must be thoroughly reviewed. This should be practiced till gradually it becomes a habit. It is because of this consideration that Islam encourages us to think about the ultimate consequences of our actions. e.g.: Commander of the Faithful Imam 'Ali (a.s.) said

كان امير المؤمنين عليه السلام يقول: نبه بالتفكر قلبك.

“By means of pondering deeply, make your heart aware and knowledgeable.” (١)

:Also said

قال امير المؤمنين عليه السلام: ان التفكير يدعو الى البر والعمل به.

“Pondering invites a person towards good works and actions.” (٢)

:And said

قال امير المؤمنين عليه السلام: التدبير قبل العمل يؤمنك من الندم.

Thinking about the ultimate consequences before action makes you safe against feeling

“sorry later on.” (٣)

:A man approached the Holy Prophet (S) and asked him

ان رجلا اتى رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله فقال: يا رسول الله اوصني. فقال له: فهل انت مستوص ان اوصيتك؟ حتى قال ذلك ثالثا

في كلها يقول الرجل: نعم يا رسول الله, فقال له رسول

.al-Kafi, vol. ۲, p-۵۴ -۱

.al-Kafi, vol. ۲, p-۵۵ -۲

Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۷۱, p-۳۳۸ -۳

الله: فاني اوصيك اذا هممت بامر, فتدبر عاقبته, فان يك رشدا فامضه وان يك غيا فانتبه عنه.

”Oh Messenger of God! Please advise me”

:The Holy Prophet (S) replied

Will you follow my recommendation?” ‘Yes! I will’, Replied the man. This question and answer was repeated three times. Then the Holy Prophet (S) said: “My recommendation is that whenever you wanted to decide to undertake an action, then firstly you must ponder well about its ultimate consequences. In case you found it good then go ahead and do it, [\(1\)](#) but in case you realized that it is not good, then don't do it.”

:Also, he said

قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: انما اهلك الناس العجله ولو ان الناس تشبثوا لم يهلك احد.

People were ruined because of being hasty. If they would have pondered about their [\(2\)](#) actions none of them would have been ruined.”

:And said

قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: الاناه من الله العجله من الشيطان.

Delay and thinking about the consequences are blessings from God-Almighty while [\(3\)](#) haste is from Shaitan.”

.(The following has been quoted from a tradition by the Infallible Imams (a.s

واروى: التكفر مرآتك ترايك سيأتك وحسناتك

”Pondering is like a mirror which shows your goodness and evilness.” [\(4\)](#)

The animals in their actions follow the passions of their instincts and do not have the power of thinking and reasoning, but since a human being possesses reason, he must ponder and review the ultimate consequences before undertaking any action. Nevertheless, a man also possesses the same desires and animalistic passions, therefore, immediately reacts, gets stimulated, and



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.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۷۱, p-۳۳۹ -۱

.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۷۱, p-۳۴۰ -۲

.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۷۱, p-۳۴۰ -۳

.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۷۱, p-۳۲۵ -۴

absorbed as soon as he is faced with a desirable animal object of opposite sex from his own species

In this situation animal passions do not allow him to resort to thinking, because, once reason enters the scene it will prevent the action taken in accordance with animalistic passions

Therefore, if we become habitual of practicing thinking and rationalizing before undertaking each action, then in that case, we will be opening a gateway for the reason so that it could be present at the scene. Once it enters at the scene, it immediately diagnoses our interest and benefits by subduing the animalistic passions, and will guide us towards the straight path of human perfection if it is strengthened and becomes ruler (of the country (i.e. human body

It could diagnose the internal enemies and psychic diseases within his inner self, and accordingly may take the preventive measures and necessary treatments for their cure. It is because of these considerations that thinking pondering, and reasoning have been assigned special emphasis in Qur'anic verses and traditions

### Being Pessimistic towards the Self .۲.۳

If a human being takes a correct and in-depth review of his inner-self and investigate his psychic characteristics, most probably he would be able to discover his psychic diseases, because, after all, one is more knowledgeable about his ownself as compared to others. God-Almighty has said

بَلِ الْإِنْسَانُ عَلَىٰ نَفْسِهِ بَصِيرَةٌ وَلَوْ أَلْقَىٰ مَعَاذِيرَهُ

(Oh! But man is telling witness against himself, although he tenders his excuses. (۷۵:۱۴-۱۵”

But our problem is that while judging we cannot remain impartial, because, we

are optimistic about our souls; consider ourselves, our characteristics, our actions, and our opinions as faultless. The imperious-self (nafse-ammara) makes the animalistic passions so charming, attractive, and appealing before our eyes that the evil deeds committed by us appears as virtuous acts. The Holy Qur'an said

أَفَمَنْ زُيِّنَ لَهُ سُوءُ عَمَلِهِ فَرَآهُ حَسَنًا فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ يُضِلُّ مَنْ يَشَاءُ وَيَهْدِي مَنْ يَشَاءُ

Is he, the evil of whose deeds is made fair-seeming unto him so that he deemeth it good," (other than Satan's dupe)" God verily sendeth whom He will astray and guideth whom He

(will. (۳۵:۸

It is because of this reason that we do not realize our defects and faults so that we could take remedial measures. Therefore, the solution of the problem consists that we must continuously be pessimistic and suspicious about the self; should presume or even must be assured that we possess vices, plenty of diseases, and with this reality should investigate the self. The Commander of the Faithful Imam 'Ali (a.s.) has said

قال علي عليه السلام: ان المؤمن لا يصبح ولا يمسي الا ونفسه ظنون عنده فلا يزال زاريا عليها ومستريدا لها.

A believer is continuously pessimistic about his self, always criticizes, and demands" (better deeds from him.)"

:In praising the characteristics of the pious, he said

قال علي (ع): فهم لانفسهم متهمون ومن اعمالهم مشفقون واذا ذكروا احد منهم خال مما يقال له فيقول: انا اعلم بنفسي من غيري وربي اعلم مني بنفسي.

Their souls before them are always blamed' and criticized and they are always afraid of" their deeds. While one of

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them is being praised, he is afraid of such praise and says: 'I am more aware about my own self; and God-Almighty is more knowledgeable as compared to me.'(۱)

One of the biggest obstacle which never permits us to discover our psychic diseases and to seek treatment is our being optimistic and having a favorable opinion about our souls. Therefore, if this obstacle could be removed and the self is reviewed honestly, it would be possible to diagnose the disease and seek its treatment accordingly

#### Consulting Spiritual Physicians .۲.۴

In order to diagnose our hidden internal faults and defects we may seek the assistance of a learned scholar of ethics who after having perfected his self has achieved a praiseworthy moral conduct. We must explain in detail the characteristics and internal behavior to him, and should request him to remind us about our psychic faults and moral indecencies

A spiritual physician who Is a psychiatrist as well as a scholar of ethics, whose belief and action coincides, and is a true manifestation of higher moral excellence is extremely useful and influential for achieving self-perfection and undertaking a spiritual journey towards God-Almighty. If, one could succeed in finding such a person one must be thankful to God-Almighty for this blessing

Unfortunately, such persons are not available easily and are in shortage. Also, this point needs to be emphasized that the correct diagnosis of the self's disease is extremely difficult. Therefore, it is patient's duty to describe in detail his deeds and internal characteristics without reservation before such a spiritual

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physician to enable him to diagnose his sickness correctly. If the patient did not cooperate and concealed the realities about him, then in that case, he will not obtain the desired results.

### Consulting a Wise Friend .۲.۵

A good friend who is wise, intelligent, and well wisher is a great blessing of God–Almighty, and could be helpful in our efforts for achieving self-refinement and identification of moral indecencies, subjected to his being competent to identify our good and bad characteristics. Also, he should be a confident and well wisher.

Because, if he could not diagnose the good and bad characteristics not only he can not help us, but on the contrary he may regard our weaknesses as virtues and visa versa. In case, if he is not a trusted well wisher, it is quite possible that for the continuation of friendship and not to hurt our sentiments, might conceal our faults and defects, and even for flattering and appeasement will mislead us by branding our moral indecencies as our virtues.

If, luckily we succeeded in finding such an ideal friend then we must demand him to feel free in frankly pointing out to us all our defects and faults observed by him. We must appreciate his reminders, should utilize them for improvement of the self, should make him understand that his criticism is sincerely appreciated and that not only we are not unhappy of his reminder on the contrary are grateful and pleased.

On the other hand, the person who has been trusted for this task is obliged

to prove his honesty and sincerity through his practical actions. He must review the characteristics of his friend honestly without any reservations, and should let him know about his observations in a friendly and well-wishing manner in strict confidence

Also, pointing out defects and faults in the presence of others should be strictly prohibited. His aim should be to present out the facts and exaggeration should be strictly avoided, because, a believer is supposed to be like a mirror for another believer reflecting the later's beauty and ugliness the way they are without making any addition or subtraction

Of course, such a friend who for the sake of reform reminds a person about his faults and defects are in shortages, but if one luckily y finds such an ideal friend, he indeed has received one of the greatest blessing. He must appreciate it, should be pleased for his comments, must thanks him, and must realize that a friend who criticizes for the sake of his improvement is one of the best and most valuable friend

God forbids! If instead, a person feels offended with his positive criticism and for the sake of self defense starts thinking about taking revenge against him. If, someone reminded you that there are some poisonous scorpions upon your dress. Will you then feel offended with such a reminder and will take revenge or will you be pleased and thanks him

Yes! The undesirable characteristics are like scorpions and even worst that this, because they sting and continuously

strive their entries inside the soul. Some one who helps us to against them has indeed done the greatest services for us

:Imam al-Sadiq (a.s.) said

قال الصادق عليه السلام: احب اخواني الى عيوبى.

“(The one who points out my faults to me is my best brother.”) (۱)

### Learning from Other's Faults .۲.۶

Most probably a human being is unaware of his own defects but sees them in others clearly and feels their ugliness very well. According to a famous proverb

They see a tiny piece of straw in the eyes of others and makes it big like a mountain, but” “can not see the mountain of their own eyes

Therefore, one of the method for identifying our psychic defects is to detect these faults within other people. Once, a human being sees a defect of others, instead of paying attention towards it or criticizing, he should investigate his own inner-self for being contaminated with the same faults, and in case he finds it, should try for its remedial. In this manner he could learn a lesson from the faults of other people, in continuation of his efforts for achieving self-refinement. The Holy Prophet (S) said

قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: السعيد من وعظ بغيره.

“(Fortunate is the one who learns a lesson from the faults of others.”) (۲)

### Learning from Criticism .۲.۷

Generally friends decline to point out the defects of a human being but opposite to that his enemies are quite eager to criticize. Of course, they are not sincere in their criticism and are motivated with their feelings of jealousy, enmity, and revengefulness but any

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۱- Tohof al-Aqool, p-۳۸۵

۲- Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۷۱, p-۳۲۴

.way one might utilize their criticism to his best advantage

:When being criticized by his enemies a man has two options

Firstly: He may take a defending position by taking the excuse that since the criticism is uttered by his enemies who are not his well wishers, therefore, he will defend himself by every possible means, thus, silencing their voices. Such a person had not only corrected his defects but on the contrary he might contaminate himself by committing further mistakes

Secondly: He might pay good attention to his enemy's criticism, then with the aim of truth finding may refer to his own-self by reviewing him honestly. If, he found out that the enemy was right and his own-self was at fault, he should resort immediately to his own reform

In case, if it is feasible, he should even thank his enemy whose criticism be-came a means of his self-refinement- an enemy who is far better than those protecting friends who did not point out his defects, and with their flattering and appeasement kept him in the darkness of ignorance

But if after referring to his self and reviewing, if he finds out that the defect does not exist within his self, then must thanks God-Almighty and be careful in guarding his self, lest it become contaminated with this defect later on. In this manner he could be benefited from the criticism of his enemies. Of course, this method of encounter will not be an obstacle as for as his utilization of other logical and



.legal means for dissipating the treacherous enemy plans are concerned

### Symptoms of Heart's Sickness .۲.۸

One of the best methods for diagnosing a disease is to recognize its symptoms. The bodily sickness is generally identified by means of two indications i.e. either by feeling pain or by means of weakness of a particular part of the body in discharge of its assigned function. Every part of the body is supposed to perform a special function, which .in case of being fit performs it very well

Therefore, if a part of the body is not performing its assigned function well it means that the part is sick. For example, the human eye in sound health under particular conditions sees the object, and therefore, if in spite of having suitable conditions does not see well, .indicates that it is sick

Similarly, other organs of the body like ears, tongue, hands, feet, heart, liver, kidney, and others, each one of them is supposed to perform a particular function, which is performed by them in their being fit, and their failure to perform their relevant functions indicate .their sickness

Similar is the case with human self or heart which in accordance to his primordial nature is assigned to perform a special function. He has arrived from the Celestial Kingdom with knowledge, blessing, power, mercy, justice, love, enlightenment, illumination, and other moral virtues. By nature he is curious to discover the reasons and realities and desires .God

Belief, attention, love, attachment, and worship towards God–Almighty all are symptoms of soundness of self

and heart. Likewise, attachment shown towards knowledge and wisdom, benevolence and service for the God's Creatures for the sake of God–Almighty, sacrifice, generosity, .seeking justice, and other moral virtues also are indicative of soundness of the self

If, a person discovers such characteristics within him, it means that he possesses a sound heart, but on the contrary if he realized that he does not pay attention towards God; does not enjoy prayer, supplication, and worshipping; does not like God; is ambitious for power, wealth, wife, and children; prefers sexual and carnal pleasures over God's consent; does not have any other goal in life except to safeguard his own interests; does not enjoy sacrifice, generosity, kindness, and service towards others human beings, and .does not feel upset while seeing other people inflicted with calamities

Such a person must know that he is certainly sick, and if he is interested in his prosperity .must resort to his reform and treatment as soon as possible

### **Decision for Treatment .۳**

After the psychic sickness is diagnosed correctly, once we become sure that we are sick then its treatment must be started immediately, and the most important thing which matters at this stage –is to be able to take the firm decision. If, we really want and seriously decide that we must refine ourselves from the moral indecencies –it could be .done

But if we treat. it something as insignificant, and do not decide, then in that case getting cured and achieving sound health would become impossible. It is at this

stage that Satan and imperious-self enter into action and by means of playing dirty tricks prevent us from taking the right decision. But we must be careful and should not become .victim of their treacherous deceit

It is possible that he may justify the self's ugliness by pointing out: Don't you want to live with the people? Others do possess the same characteristics, look at Mr. so and so, they all possess the some characteristics even greater than yours. Do you alone want to be ?good

خواهی نشوی رسوا همزنگ جماعت باش.

“If you don't want to be insulted then better join the crowd”

But we must take a decisive and firm stand against their treacherous deceits and must say: The argument that the others are also contaminated has nothing do with me; there being contaminated does not give mean excuse or justification; in any case this defect and sickness exist within me; if I die in this condition; will be inflicted with eternal doom, .and therefore, must endeavor for treatment and attaining self-refinement

Sometimes it is possible that the Satan will enter the field with time killing and delaying :tricks, thus, preventing us from taking the right decision at the right time. He might tell us

True! This defeat exists within you and must be reminded .But it is not late. Why hurry up? Take it easy and let the other important works first be completed and then with complete ease you may engage yourself in self-refinement. Right now! You are too young. This is

the time for fun and enjoyment. Wait till you become old. Then you may repent. God does .accept repentance any way. Then you may get yourself busy in self-perfection

We must, therefore, be intelligent enough to understand that these are Satanic tricks. Who knows that we will be alive till our old age? Perhaps, the death might arrive before old age and we might leave this world contaminated with the psychic diseases. In that ?case what will be our destiny

Any way even if we lived till that time but will the Satan and imperious self quit their treacherous filthy tricks and leave us free to pay attention towards the self-refinement? Even at that time by means of some other tricks they will prevent us from taking the right decision. Therefore, why not right now, we should take the action to subdue the rebellious .imperious-self

Sometimes, it is possible that imperious-self would tell us: You have become addicted to sinning and quitting this addiction is impossible for you. You are a prisoner of the whims and passions of your self. How could you free yourself from this imprisonment? Your self has become totally darkened by means of sins, and therefore, you do not have any chance for return. But we must better understand that the above argument is nothing but .another treacherous trick of imperious-self

In response we must tell him: quitting habit is not only impossible but on the contrary is quite possible. Of course, it is difficult but any how I

must take action and must endeavor for self-refinement. If, quitting sins and bad characteristics would really have been impossible then in that case all these moral instructions, about their quitting, from the Prophet (S) and Infallible Imams (a.s.) would not have been issued. The path of repentance is never closed and is always open and .therefore, we must decide and must get involved in achieving self-refinement

Also, it is possible that the imperious-self may reflect their psychic diseases and moral indecencies as insignificant and unimportant by saying: you are committed for the performance of mandatory obligations as well as also perform such and such recommended obligations. Certainly you will receive the pardon of Merciful and .Beneficent God and will be sent to Paradise

The moral indecencies which you possess are not so important to be concerned, and anyhow they will be compensated with your performance of recommended obligations .((Mustahabbat

Here, too it is important to be careful and to understand that such justifications are nothing but deludings of Satan and imperious-self. We must tell them: righteous deeds are accepted only from pious people, and achieving piety without self-refinement is impossible. If, the self is not cleansed thoroughly from evilness it could never be a place .for goodness

Unless Satan is forced out the angels will never enter. If, by means of committing sins and other carnal desires the heart becomes contaminated and dark, it will remain without .illumination and radiance in the Next World

Serious attention should always be paid about the dangerous

consequences of the psychic diseases which have already been summarized earlier. Apart from that, by referring to literature of moral ethics and traditions, the dangerous effects and eternal punishments of each psychic disease must be studied thoroughly; through these means the treacherous Satanic plans must be resisted by taking a definite and firm decision for starting a program of self-refinement. If we succeed passing through the decision stage we will become closer to the stage of action

### **Control and Domination of Self .۴**

Human-self is the origin and source of all actions, deeds, sayings, virtues, and vices. If he is reformed one's success in both worlds is assured, but if becomes contaminated, will turn into a source of vices and will bring a catastrophe for this as well as the Next World

If, he started walking on the righteous path, might even surpass the God's most favorite angels; but if showed indifference towards the precious "Jewel-of- Humanity" (Gowhar al-Insaniyat), and selected the animalistic way of life would become even lower than them, falling into the darkest valleys of ignorance

The ways and means for following either one of these two paths have been incorporated within human existence. He has reason and wisdom, and in accordance with his primordial nature is inclined towards higher moral human characteristics, but at the same time he is also a biological animal possessing animalistic passions, desires, and energies

But it is not so that all of these animalistic characteristics are evil and damaging responsible for his eventual doom; on the contrary, their existence

is necessary for the continuation of his human life; if utilized properly they even might be helpful in his journey towards attaining self-perfection and ascent towards God-Almighty

But the problem is that animalistic passions and desires do not limit or stop themselves at certain predetermined level, and do not least care about the interests of others. Neither they offer any explanation for human requirements nor care about other desires, and do not follow any other goal except to achieve a saturation point. The sexual passions strive to achieve their own absolute climax and pursue this single goal without pursuing any other objective

Other animalistic passion such as; pleasure of edible and drinks; ambitions for position, power, and fame; attachment to wealth, property, and other luxuries; power of revenge and wrath; and all other characteristics which arise from them do not stop themselves at a certain desired limit, rather each one of them demands its own absolute domination

It is because of this reason that the human-self becomes a battlefield where various passions wage war against each other continuously. This battlefield is never silent until one of them gains victory thus, taking the self into its absolute imprisonment

But among them, reason possesses the most important position and power. By utilizing the religious guidelines might exert control over the passions and desires of self, thus, preventing their tendencies towards excessiveness or dissipation, may take control of the power center, maintain an equilibrium between the desire and passions and in this manner might rescue self's

country from anarchy, disturbances and extremism, by guiding him towards the straight path of humanity and ascension towards God–Almighty

However, taking over center of power by the reason is not an easy task, because, it is opposed by a most powerful deceitful enemy called the imperious–self, who is not alone and is supported by many of his friends and partisans. God–Almighty has said

إِنَّ النَّفْسَ لَأَمَّارَةٌ بِالسُّوءِ إِلَّا مَا رَحِمَ رَبِّي

(The (human) soul is certainly prone to evil, unless my Lord do bestow His Mercy. (١٢:٥٣)

:The Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) said

قال على عليه السلام: العقل والشهوه ضدان, ومؤيد العقل العلم ومؤيد الشهوه الهوى, والنفس متنازعه بينهما. فايهما قهر كانت في جانبه.

The reason and lust are opposite to each other; knowledge supports reason while the lust is supported by the passions and inordinate desires, self is a battlefield where a war is waged between the reason and lust; whoever becomes victorious in this fight takes [\(control of the self.”\(١\)](#)

:And, he said

قال على عليه السلام: الشر كامن في طبيعه كل احد فان غلبه صاحبه بطن وان لم يغلبه ظهر.

Evil and mischief are hidden inside every self; in case the master of self takes over his control, they remain hidden, but when opposite happens, they make themselves [\(manifested.”\(٢\)](#)

Therefore, reason is a good ruler but requires support and cooperation. If, we support reason in this confrontation by attacking the forces of passions and lusts, and handover the ruling of the body to reason then we indeed had accomplished a great victory

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This is what have been desired by all the religious pioneers, Divine Messengers, guides, leaders, and seekers of truth through out the ages, and it was to accomplish this objective that they had issued plenty of instructions to mankind. e.g

:The Commander of the Faithful Imam 'Ali (a.s.) had said

قال على عليه السلام: اياكم وغلبه الشهوات على قلوبكم فان بدايتها ملكه ونهايتها هلكه.

Be careful! Passions do not take over control of your hearts; because in the beginning”  
(they will take you as their possessions, and will ruin you eventually.”<sup>(١)</sup>

:And said

قال على عليه السلام: من لم يملك شهوته لم يملك عقله.

Whoever does not take possession of his passions and desires will not be the master of”  
(his reason either.”<sup>(٢)</sup>

:And said

قال على (ع): غلبه الشهوه اعظم هلك وملكها اشرف ملك.

The domination of passions is the –worst kind of catastrophe, and triumph over them is –”  
(one of the most precious possessions.”<sup>(٣)</sup>

:Imam al-Sadiq (a.s.) said

قال الصادق عليه السلام: من ملك نفسه اذا رغب واذا رهب واذا اشتهى واذا غضب واذا رضى حرم الله جسده على النار.

Whoever at the time of seduction, fear, lust, wrath, and consent, is in control of his self;”  
(God-Almighty will make the Hell' s fire forbidden for his body.”<sup>(٤)</sup>

:The Commander of the Faithful Imam 'Ali (a.s.) said

قال على عليه السلام: غالبوا انفسكم على ترك المعاصي يسهل عليكم مقادتها الى الطاعات.

Take control of your self and do not allow him to indulge in sins, so that it is easier to”  
(guide him towards worships.”<sup>(٥)</sup>

## Therefore, domination over the self

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.Ghirar al-Hukm, p-۱۶-۱

.Ghirar al-Hukm, vol. ۲, p-۷۰۲-۲

.Ghirar al-Hukm, vol. ۲, p-۵۰۷-۳

.Wasail al-Shi'a, vol. ۶, p-۱۲۳-۴

.Ghirar al-Hukm, vol. ۲, p-۵-۸-۵

and controlling his whims and passions is a matter of utmost importance and pre-requisite for achieving self-refinement. Human self is like a mulish horse; if by means of hard training he becomes disciplined, you have the control of his straps in your hands, and is mounted upon his back, then in that case you may be benefited from his commissioning.

But if he is not disciplined and wants to run away freely here and there without any control, then there is absolutely no doubt that you will have a crash. Of course, to discipline the rebellious self is an extremely difficult task; although, in the beginning he will offer resistance against you, but if you persisted patiently, he will be subdued eventually.

:The Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) said

قال علي عليه السلام: اذا صعب عليك نفسك فاصعب لها تذل لك وخادع نفسك عن نفسك تنقد لك.

If self showed stubbornness and did not surrender against you, then deal harshly till be”  
(becomes tame. Act deceitfully against him until becomes obedient.)<sup>(١)</sup>

:And said

قال علي عليه السلام: الشهوات اعلال قاتلات افضل دوائها اقتنا الصبر عنها.

Lusts and passions of self are most fatal diseases, and the best medicines are patience”  
(and perseverance against them.)<sup>(٢)</sup>

## Self-Struggle

### point

Self is our biggest and most staunch enemy who is permanently and continuously at war with reason; by listening to Satanic whispers he attacks the reason together with his soldiers to get it isolated and ultimately silenced, so that he becomes the sole-contender in the battle-field. His single goal

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.Ghirar al-Hukm, vol. ۱, p-۷۲ -۲

is to force out God's favorite angels from the heart's kingdom and helping Satan to take  
 .over his absolute control

Naturally, defeating such a treacherous enemy is not an easy task, but requires determination, resistance, perseverance, and even struggle –a struggle not only for once or twice, for a few days and few years but continuous one till the last breath of life, which  
 .is a hard, difficult, and serious struggle

In order to defeat the self and to control passions we must fight hard by strictly following the commands of Prophet (S) and Infallible Imams (a.s.); with the help of reason must march forward preventing transgressions and encroachment of the self, and destroying the roots of his forces, so that reason could take over the power, and by taking inspirations from religious law could guide us upon the path of human perfection leading  
 .towards God's–Nearness

We must know while confronting self, compromise and piece settlement is not possible, and what is required is a devastating blow making him crippled permanently from plotting any further conspiracies. In order to achieve happiness and salvation there is no other alternative except to follow this course, and because, of this reason struggle against the  
 .(self has been called in traditions as –"Greater-Struggle" (Jihad al-Akbar

:(Here we would quote few examples from the Commander of the Faithful Imam 'Ali (a.s

قال علي عليه السلام: املكوا انفسكم بدوام جهادها.

”(Take over the possession of yourself--through continuous struggle.”(۱)

:And said

قال علي عليه السلام: اغلبوا هوائكم وحاربوها فانها ان تقيدكم توردكم من

p: ۹۸

الهلكه ابعده غايه.

Fight and dominate over self's whims and passions. Because otherwise if they" succeeded in making you their prisoner –they will treat you in a most humiliating manner (destroying you eventually.)" (١)

:And said

قال على عليه السلام: الا ان الجهاد ثمن الجنه فمن جاهد نفسه ملكها وهي اكرم ثواب الله لما عرفها.

Be aware! That Paradise is purchased through self–struggle. Therefore, who is engaged" in self –struggle will be victorious. Paradise (or self) is the greatest reward for some one (who really appreciates their worth.)" (٢)

:And said

قال على عليه السلام: جاهد نفسك على طاعة الله مجاهده العدو عدوه, وغالبها مغالبه الضد ضده فان القوى الناس من قوى على نفسه.

By means of fighting against the self; incite him towards God's worshipping. Fight him" the way one must fight with his worst enemy, and dominate over him like the domination of victor over his opponent. The most powerful person is the one who is victorious over (his self.)" (٣)

:And said

قال على عليه السلام: ان الحازم من شغل نفسه بجهاد نفسه فاصلحها وحبسها عن اهويتها ولذاتها فملكها وان للعقال بنفسه عن الدنيا وما فيها واهلها شغلا.

A wise man keeps himself engaged in struggle against his self, thus, reforming and" preventing him from indulging into passions and amusements, and in this manner subdues him ultimately taking over his possession. Such a wise person is so must preoccupied in his self–refinement that he is totally detached with the world, whatever it (contains and its dwellers.)" (٤)

Struggle against the self is the most crucial warfare which ultimately determines our destiny

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.Ghirar al-Hukm, vol. ۱, p-۱۳۸ -۱

.Ghirar al-Hukm, vol. ۱, p-۱۶۵ -۲

.Ghirar al-Hukm, vol. ۱, p-۳۷۱ -۳

.Ghirar al-Hukm, vol. ۱, p-۲۳۷- -۴

a warfare upon which depends our 'how to live' in this world and the Hereafter. If, we do not dominate the self through struggle and take over the ruling authority in our own hands, he will take over the control of our possessions by pulling us in every direction at his will

If, we failed to make him our prisoner, he will certainly take us into his imprisonment as his slaves; if we could not succeed in inciting him for doing good moral virtuous deeds, he will force us to indulge into most shameful evil deeds. Therefore, it must be said that the struggle against the self is one of the most important and difficult duty which has been assigned upon the shoulders of the wayfarers journeying towards God, and whatever energy is spent by them in this struggle deserves merit and is energy well spent

**(Greater Struggle (Jihad al-Akbar .)**

**point**

The struggle against the self is so important that the Prophet (S) has described it as the "Greater-Struggle" (Jihad al-Akbar); It is so crucial that it has been described, even greater than the armed conflict. The Commander of the Faithful Imam 'Ali (a.s.). had narrated:

عن امير المؤمنين عليه السلام قال: ان رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله بعث سريه فلما رجعوا قال: مرحبا بقوم قضوا الجهاد الاصغر وبقي عليهم الجهاد الاكبر. قيل: يا رسول الله! وما الجهاد الكبار؟ فقال: جهاد النفس.

That the Prophet (S) dispatched his soldiers to battle front to fight against the enemy." When the soldiers returned triumphant, the Prophet said: ' Congratulations! For

p: ١٠٠



those who have successfully completed the “Minor-Struggle“ (Jihad al-Asghar), but they have yet to engage themselves into Greater-Struggle (Jihad al-Akbar)'. He was asked:

?"'Oh Prophet of God! What is the Greater- Struggle

(Struggle against the self.' Replied the Prophet (S)."<sup>(١)</sup>

:The Commander of the Faithful Imam 'Ali (a.s.) said

قال علي عليه السلام: ان افضل الجهاد من جهاد نفسه التي بين جميعه.

The best struggle is the, struggle of some one, who fights' against his self located"<sup>(٢)</sup>  
(between his two sides."<sup>(٢)</sup>

:In his death will the Prophet (S) said to Imam 'Ali (a.s

في وصيه النبي لعلي عليهما السلام قال: يا علي! افضل الجهاد من اصيح لا يظلم احد.

Oh 'Ali! The best struggle is the struggle of some one who made his night into morning"<sup>(٣)</sup>  
(without thinking to oppress a single individual."<sup>(٣)</sup>

In these traditions the importance of struggle against the self have been described as “Greater-Struggle” or Supreme Struggle –the struggle which is even superior than the struggle for the sake of God-Almighty (Jihad fi Sabil illah). Considering the exalted position of struggle for the sake of God, which is considered as one of the most superior worshipping –the importance and worth of self-struggle becomes explicitly clear. In order to further explain its superiority in detail we may point out the following three reasons

#### A. First Reason

Each act of worship even armed struggle required self-struggle from the following two considerations

i) Firstly: The performance of each act of worship with perfection and in accordance with) certain requirements itself requires self-struggle

:For example

Is the performance of daily prayer (٤) with

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.Wasail al-Shia, vol. ۲, p-۱۲۴-۱

.Ghiraral-Hukm, vol. ۱۱, p-۱۲۴-۲

.Wasail al-Shi'a, vol. ۱۱, p-۱۲۳-۳

Daily prayer: the Prophet (S) has called the prayer: the ladder of a believer carrying him -۴  
higher towards the heavens. Also, God-Almighty said in the Holy Qur'an: "For prayer  
[restrains from shameful and unjust deeds." (۲۹: ۴۵) [Tr

presence of mind as well as meeting all other conditions, so that it indeed becomes –a believers heavenly journey preventing him from fortifications and forbidden deeds –  
 ?possible without efforts and self–struggle

Is fasting with perfection satisfying all its requirements so that it becomes –a shield against Hell's fire –possible without self–struggle? Is it possible for a valiant, struggler eager for martyrdom, to appear on the battle field to fight bravely with the enemies of  
 .Islam without self–struggle? And similar is applicable to all other worships

ii) Secondly: Every act of worship is accepted by God–Almighty and becomes a means of attaining His Nearness, subjected to its being performed solely for the sake of His Pleasure, being purified from ,all traces of polytheism, self–deceit and other selfish  
 .passions, and performance of such acts without self–struggle are not possible

Even the armed struggle and martyrdom are worthy of merit and become means of attaining God's Nearness –only if they are performed purely for the sake of God's  
 .(Pleasure and declaration of slogan of Monotheism (Tawhid

But, if this superior worship was performed with the intention of achieving fame and glory: .taking revenge from the enemy, for the sake of lasting the name in history, for showing off and deceit, for achieving wealth and position, running away from facing life's difficulties, and other desires of the self –then in that case they lack any spiritual  
 .distinction and do not become means of attaining God's Nearness

Therefore, self–struggle is superior then all worships and virtuous deeds, even

armed struggle undertaken for the sake of God–Almighty, because, it is a prerequisite for their genuine dischargement with perfection. It is because of these considerations that  
 .(this has been called as the –Greater–Struggle (Jihad al–Akbar

### B. Second Reason

Armed struggle becomes compulsory only under certain special times and circumstances, further it is not incumbent upon everyone (Wajib al–aini), rather is a collective obligation (Wajib al–kifai), and some people are free from this obligation. During certain periods armed struggle is not required at all, or is required to the extent of collective obligation, e.g. if required number of people had assumed this obligation, then the others are  
 .excused

Apart from this it is not incumbent upon women, elderly men, handicapped, and sick people. But on the contrary, struggle against the self is incumbent upon everyone as an individual obligation (Wajib al–aini) during all times, circumstances, and situations, must be continued till the very last moments of life, and no body under any condition except the  
 .impeccable (Masoomin) (a.s.) will ever be free this requirement

### C. Third Reason

The struggle with self is harder than all the worships even the armed struggle in which a combatant risks his life by accepting martyrdom. Because, absolute surrender before God–Almighty, self–struggle against self's whims and passions for the entire life, and journeying towards the straight path of perfection is much more difficult than the fighting of a valiant warrior with the enemy in the battle field for a moment and ultimately  
 .achieving martyrdom

In fact, self–struggle is so hard that except with continuous

resistance, tolerance of pains and anguishes, and without God's Assistance it is not possible. It is because of this reason that we recite five times every day in daily prayers the sentence:

اهدنا الصراط المستقيم.

“ (١) ” Show us the straight path”

To follow up the straight path of perfection is so difficult that the Prophet of Islam (S) said to God–Almighty:

الهي لا تكلني الى نفسي طرفه عين ابدا

“Oh God! Don't leave me at the disposal of myself even for the fraction of a second”

## ٢. Struggle and Divine Assistance

True, that self–struggle is extremely difficult, requires resistance, perseverance, and intelligence, but any how it is possible and is something absolutely necessary for human happiness. Therefore, if one decides seriously to begin it, he will certainly receive Divine Assistance and will succeed in his efforts

وَالَّذِينَ جَاهَدُوا فِينَا لَنَهْدِيَنَّهُمْ سُبُلَنَا

:As God–Almighty has promised in the Qur'an

And those who strive in our cause –we will certainly guide them to our paths. For verily” (God is with those who do right. (٢٩:٦٩)

:Imam al–Sadiq (a.s.) said

قال الصادق عليه السلام: طوبى لعبد جاهد الله نفسه وهواه طوبى لعبد جاهد الله نفسه وهواه ، ومن هزم جند هواه فقد ظفر برضا الله تعالى ، ومن جاوز عقله نفسه الاماره بالسوء بالجهد والاستكانه والخضوع على بساط خدمه الله تعالى فقد فاز فوزاً عظيماً . ولا حجاب أظلم وأوحش بين العبد وبين الله تعالى من النفس والهوى، وليس لقتلهما وقطعهما سلاح وآله مثل الافتقار الى الله والخشوع والجوع والظماً بالنهار والسهر بالليل ، فإن مات صاحبه مات شهيدا ، وإن عاش واستقامه أداه عاقبته إلى الرضوان الأكبر .

قال

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If a man could have a superior and more vital aim than the “guidance”, certainly that” –۱ would have been included in the Surah Praise –a Surah which is the Opening Chapter of the Holy Qur’an and forms an important part of the prayer , and it would have been recited as a prayer for acceptance from God. It is by way of His direction or guidance that the intellect and experience set their course in the correct, advantageous, and suitable position widening the path of a wayfarer. Otherwise, without it, the intellect and experience would turn into alight in the hands of a thief, or a piece of sharp blade in the [hand of a mad man.” –Profundities of Prayer, Sayyid ‘Ali Khamenei, p-۳۳ [Tr

الله تعالى " والذين جاهدوا فينا لنهدينهم سبلنا وان الله لمع المحسنين " وإذا رأيت مجتهداً أبلغ منك في الاجتهاد فوبخ نفسك ولمها وغيرها تحثيثاً على الازدياد عليه واجعل لها زمماً من الأمر وعاناً من النهي وسقها، كالرائض الفاره الذي لا يذهب خطوه من خطواتها إلا وقد صحح اولها وآخرها . وكان رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله وسلم يصلى حتى تورمت قدماه ، ويقول : أفلا أكون عبداً شكوراً؟. أراد أن يعتبر به أمته . فلا تغفلوا عن الاجتهاد والتعب والرياضه بحال، ألا وانك لو وجدت حلاوه عباده الله ورأيت بركاتها واستضأت بنورها لم تصبر عنها ساعه واحده ولو قطعت إرباً إرباً، فما أعرض من أعرض عنها إلا بحرمان فوائد السلف من العصمه والتوفيق.

How good is a servant of God who struggles against the self and his passions for the” sake of God's Pleasure. Whoever becomes victorious over the self’s whims and passions has already achieved God's-Pleasure. Whoever offers resistance, and with humility in front of God, allows the reason to control imperious-self would receive the greatest “.blessing

There exists between the servants of God and Him nothing darker and horrible barrier” than the imperious-self and his passions, and in order to destroy their roots forever, the realization to seek God, humility, hunger, thirst during the day (i. e. fasting), and night awakening (i.e. engaging in night prayers and having humming communications with .(God-Almighty

Such a person if dies in this course has left the world as a martyr, and if remains alive .would ultimately attain the exalted position of God's Nearness

God-Almighty has promised in the Holy Qur'an that those who strive in His cause will  
 "certainly be guided towards His path and verily, God is with those who do right

When you encounter another struggler endeavoring in self-refinement better than your own efforts, then reprimand your self severely, and , remind him to be more careful and determined. In accordance with Divine do's and don'ts make a bridle for the self and like a master, training his inexperienced and wanton slave, encourage your self towards virtuous deeds. The Prophet (S) offered so much prayer that his feet become swelled, in  
 ?"response to people' s complaint, replied: should not I be thankful to God-Almighty

By these serious endeavors in worship the prophet (S) wanted to teach a lesson to his community. Therefore, one should never be negligent from endeavors, worship, and ascestism. Know that! if you could witness the sweetness of worshipping and other blessings and if your heart becomes illuminated with Divine Light -you will not be ready to  
 .discontinue if for an hour, even if they cut off your body into several pieces

Therefore, the negligence from worshipping shall never be possible except being deprived from advantages of competing for achieving immunity against sins and attaining  
 (God's -Blessings." (۱)

Self struggle is exactly like the armed struggle. Each blow inflicted upon the enemy, and every stronghold captured by means of soldiers make the enemy weaker in the same proportion, thus, making the, forces psychologically stronger and better prepared for  
 subsequent assaults and

p: ۱۰۶



later victories. It is in accordance of this Divine Tradition that we are told in the Holy  
:Qur'an

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا إِن تَنْصُرُوا اللَّهَ يَنْصُرْكُمْ وَيُثَبِّتْ أَقْدَامَكُمْ

(Oh ye who believe! If you help God's cause, He will make your foothold firm. (۴۷:۷)

The same is true with self-struggle. Each blow inflicted upon imperious-self and his whims and passions being opposed, makes him weaker in the same proportion and, thus, making us stronger and better prepared for subsequent assaults and later victories. But opposite to that any amount of irresolution shown and surrender to self's whims and passions make us weaker and making him stronger and better equipped for later  
.assaults

If we could take the first giant step towards self-refinement, then with Divine Assistance will be able to achieve absolute domination over the self, but if we ran away from the battle field against the passions and self's soldiers, then they will become more stronger  
.and ultimately take over our absolute control

### Man, His own Physician .۳

It is true that Prophets and Infallible Imams (a.s.) are the teachers and physicians of human souls, but the responsibility for treatment, refinement, and purification of their souls have been assigned upon their own shoulders. Although, the Prophets and Infallible Imams (a.s.) have lectured and explained to human beings in details about their psychic diseases and symptoms, issued relevant prescriptions for their treatments, so that they could become familiar with their pains and treatments, and could assume the  
.responsibility of their own self reforms

Because, nobody could diagnose the disease and

take the necessary action for its treatment, better than the man himself. Man listens about the psychic disease and their treatments either from the tongue of a preacher, or learns through reading a book, but the one who must discover the disease with in his own-self, and should use a particular medicine for its treatment –is no body except man himself.

A man could feel about his own pains, and is knowledgeable about the hidden mysteries within, far better than anyone else. Therefore, if he himself is not careful in controlling his own-self, then of course, the preaching and warning issued by others would not produce any useful outcome.

Islam believes that reforms must begin from the inner existence of human beings, they must be prepared for undertaking self-refinement, should pay attention to psychological hygiene, and should be assigned the responsibility to guard their own souls. This in itself could be considered as one of the important principle of Islamic training. God-Almighty, said in the Holy Qur'an

بَلِ الْإِنْسَانُ عَلَىٰ نَفْسِهِ بَصِيرَةٌ وَلَوْ أَلْقَىٰ مَعَاذِيرَهُ

(Oh, but man is telling witness against himself, although he tender his excuses. (٧٥:١٤-١٥”

:Imam al-Sadiq (a.s.) said

قال ابو عبدالله عليه السلام لرجل: انك قد جعلت طيب نفسك وبين لك الدا وعرفت آيه الصحه ودلت على الدوا فانظر كيف قيامك على نفسك.

You have been appointed physicians of your own self pains, prescriptions, and” symptoms of sound health all have been explained for you; now let us see, how are you [going to act for the treatment of your self?”](#) (1)

And

p: ١٠٨

:said

قال ابو عبدالله عليه السلام: من لم يجعل له من نفسه واعظا فان مواعظ الناس لن تغنى عنه شيئا..

Whoever does not have a preacher within his own-self, preaching by others, will not be”  
 (of any use for him.” (١)

:Imam al-Sajjad (a.s.) said

قال ابو عبدالله عليه السلام يقول: ابن آدم! لاتزال تخير ما كان لك واعظ من نفسك.

Oh son of Adam! So for as you have a preacher inside your self –you are bound to do”  
 (good deeds.” (٢)

:The Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) said

قال على عليه السلام: اعجز الناس من عجز عن اصلاح نفسه.

(The most helpless person is the one-- who is helpless in reforming his self.” (٣)

:And said

قال على عليه السلام: ينبغي ان يكون الرجل مهيمنا على نفسه مراقبا قلبه حافظا لسانه

It is desirable that a man should assume the responsibility of supervision over his own--”  
 (self He should continuously watch out his heart and control his tongue.” (٤)

## The Stages of Self-refinement

### Prevention .1

Observance of psychological hygiene and prevention of sins and obscene moral deeds are the best and easiest stages of self-refinement. At these stages the self is not yet quite contaminated with sins, still possesses his natural purity and enlightenment, and is better prepared for performance of good deeds and acquiring of good morals

He has not yet blackened and darkened, Satan has not yet made his entry inside him, and has not accustomed to evil deeds. Because, of these factors he is better prepared for quitting sinful deeds

Teenagers and young people, if, decide for purifying their souls and quitting sinful and  
moral

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.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۷۰, p-۷۰ -۱

.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۷۰, p-۶۴ -۲

.Ghirar al-Hukm, vol. ۱, p-۱۹۶ -۳

.Ghirar al-Hukm, vol. ۲, p-۸۶۲ -۴

absence deeds, it is relatively easier for them, because, they still are at the preventing stage which is easier than quitting a chronic habit. Therefore, the youth, teens, and even childhood years are the best period for self-refinement. Likewise, so far as a man has not .tasted the pleasure of a particular sin, he is in a better position not to commit it

Therefore, children, youths, and those people who not yet been contaminated with certain sinful deeds must appreciate this stage as something very important, guard themselves not to commit sin at all, and should maintain their state of purity and .cleanness, because prevention is always better than cure

They should better understand this important point that if they sinned and acquired obscene moral characteristics within their existence, than in that case they would have opened the gate for Satan's entry within their hearts, and onward, quitting a sin for them .would become extremely difficult as compared to earlier

Satan and imperious-self, therefore, always try to present sinning for once and twice, something as minor and insignificant, so that by this mean they could increase their .influence and make the self addicted to sinning

Therefore, a man who is seriously concerned about his salvation and welfare must seriously resists self's whims and passions and should not allow his self to commit a sin :even for once. The Commander of the Faithful, Imam ' 'Ali (a.s.) said

قال علي عليه السلام: لا ترحض لنفسك في شيء من سيء الأقوال والأفعال.

Don't let your self allow to”

1 (make an evil commitment or indulgence into evil deeds.”

:And said

قال على عليه السلام: غالب الشوه قوه ضراوتها فانها ان قويت ملكوت واستقادتك ولم تقدر على مقاومتها.

Dominate the passions of your self, before he becomes stronger, because, once he” becomes stronger, he will take-over your control pulling you in every direction as he 2 (pleases, and in that situation you will not be able to offer resistance against him.”

:And said

قال على عليه السلام: العاده عدو متملك.

3 (Habit is like an enemy who prefers his hegemony over you.”

:And said

قال على عليه السلام: العاده طبع ثان.

4 (Addiction becomes second nature for a man.”

:And said

قال على عليه السلام: غالب الهوى مغالب لنصم خصمه وحاربه محاربه العدو عدوه لعلك تملكه.

Dominate your self’s passions like an enemy dominates his enemy; wage a war against” him like an enemy attacks his enemy; may be, through these means you might be able to 5 (dominate him.”

:And said

قال امير المؤمنين عليه السلام: ترك الخطيه ايسر من طلب التوبه و كم من شهوه ساعه اورثت حزنا طويلا و الموت فضح الدنيا فلم يترك لذى لب فرحا.

Not to commit sin is better than repentance, because, many a times, an hour of carnal” pleasures results in perpetual anxiety and distress. Death is a mean for discovering the scandalous nature of this world, which does not leave any pleasure left for an intelligent 6 (and aware person.”

:Imam al-Sadiq (a.s.) said

قال ابو عبدالله عليه السلام: اقصر نفسك عما يضرها من قبل ان تفارقتك واسع في فكاكها كما تسعى في طلب معيشتك فان نفسك وهينه بعملك.

Before the soul departs from”

p: ١١١

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.Ghirar al-Hukm, vol. ٢, p-٨٠١ -١

.Ghirar al-Hukm, p-٥١١ -٢

.Ghirar al-Hukm, p-٣٣ -٣

.Ghirar al-Hukm, p-٢٦ -٤

.Ghirar al-Hukm, p-٥٠٩ -٥

.al-Kafi, vol. ٢, p-٤٥١ -٦

your body, do not allow your self to perform harmful deeds,. endeavor for achieving self's freedom the way you make efforts for earning your living. Because, the same self will be [\(mortgaged against the deeds \(on the Day of Judgement\)\).”\(۱\)](#)

.God-Almighty has said in the Holy Qur’an

وَأَمَّا مَنْ خَافَ مَقَامَ رَبِّهِ وَنَهَى النَّفْسَ عَنِ الْهَوَىٰ ۖ فَإِنَّ الْجَنَّةَ هِيَ الْمَأْوَىٰ

But as for him who feared to stand before his Lord and restrained his soul from lust. Lo!”  
(the Garden will be his home. (۷۹:۴۰-۴۱)

Any how, the path of prevention is the best as well as the easiest path, and therefore, as much as a man endeavors seriously in this path is worthy of merit. How blessed is a young man, who subdues his imperious-self, does not allow him to indulge in sinful deeds, and with a purified and refined self follows the straight path of human exaltation ascending towards God's Nearness, till the very end of his life

## Sudden Renunciation .۲

If the self has already crossed the preservation stage by becoming contaminated with sins and moral vices, the alternative is to resort to cleansing, which consists of several methods. One of the best method of cleansing is the internal revolution and a complete sudden renunciation. A person who has become contaminated with sins and other moral vices may decide once to return towards God-Almighty through repentance –washing and purifying the heart from all sorts of sins and vices

With a single bold definite decision, one force out devils from the heart by shutting the doors for

p: ۱۱۲



their entry forever, thus, making the heart's dwelling readied for the descend of God's favorite angels and Divine illumination

Having inflicted a devastating severe blow the imperious-self and Satan should be subdued thoroughly, and the power to rule over the self must be taken into hands firmly and forever. There were many such lucky individuals who were blessed with Divine Favor of attaining self-refinement by means of internal revolution within their inner existence, and remained faithful to their commitment till the last breath of their lives

This internal spiritual revolution or awakening (or being reborn) occurs in the lives of peoples sometimes hearing a short sentence of a preacher and scholar of moral ethics, hints given by a Divine Guide, happening of an unusual shattering tragedy, participation in a gathering of prayer and supplication, and listening to verses, traditions, and pondering for a few minutes. Sometimes, a minor incident like a sparking illuminates the heart's dwelling

There were individuals who were blessed to receive Divine-Grace to attain self-refinement through internal spiritual revolution in their lives, and thus, joined the ranks of wayfarers journeying towards God-Almighty. Following are few examples

Bashar Hafi, was one of the most famous pious and religious personalities of his period. In his biography it has been written: Earlier he was an aristocrat who was continuously busy in world amusements and sexual pleasures round the clock; his house was the center of carnal pleasures, drinking, dancing, and loud music. But later on repented and joined the ranks of most distinguished

:ascetic and pious persons. Following is the story of his repentance

One day, a maid came out side the door of his house for emptying the garbage can;" coincidentally at the same time Imam al-Kadhim (a.s.) was passing by through the alley :near his house and the sound of loud music reached to his ears. He asked the maid

('?Does the owner of this house is a free man or servant (of God'

.Of course! He is a free man as well as a master. ' Replied the maid'

You are right, because if he was a servant -must have been afraid of his master and' .should not have been so bold in committing sins '. Replied the Imam

The maid returned back to the house. Her master, who was busy in drinking asked the" :maid

'?What is the reason of your delay'

The maid narrated for her master the encounter outside with an unidentified person and" the details of questions and answers exchanged between them. 'What he said ultimately?' Asked the master. His last words were: 'You are right! Your master is a free man, because if he would have considered himself God's servant, then he would have been afraid of his Master and would not have shown such boldness in committing sins ,. .Replied the maid

This short sentence of Imam al-Kadhim (a.s.) like a sharp arrow pierced Bashar's heart" and like a fresh illuminated and metamorphosed his inner existence. He left his drinking and came out, bare footed running fast in order to reach the

:un-identified person. Ultimately reaching near him, he said

Oh my master! I beg God's as well as your pardon. Yes! I was and still am God's servant”' but had forgotten my servitude; because, of that acted so boldly in committing sins, but right now I have discovered my servitude, and want to repent for my past sins and omissions. Will God-Almighty accept my repentance ? I “Yes! God-Almighty, will accept your repentance, will for give your past sins, and you must quit sinning for ever. I Replied  
the Imam

Bashar repented and become one of the most famous pious and saintly personality of his” time, and in order to show his thank for this blessing used to walk bare-footed till the end  
(of his life.”(۱)

:Abu Basir narrated

One of the agent of a tyrant king used to live in my neighborhood, who used to acquire” his living through illegal means and had turned his home into a center of carnal pleasures, dancing, drinking, and music. Naturally, living next door to him was annoying and painful for me, but there was no alternative except to bear, because my repeated advises have not produced any improvement in his behavior. Finally, one day, when I pressed him hard  
:to change his life style, he replied

I am a prisoner of Satan, because of my addiction to eating, drinking, and sinning, I”' cannot quite them. I am sick but can do nothing for treatment. You are a good neighbor for me, but I am a bad neighbor for

p: ۱۱۵

you. I am helpless and have become a prisoner of self's whims and passions, and don't know how to get myself out of this situation. When, you visit Imam al-Sadiq (a.s.) in the near future, please plead my case with him, may be he will suggest a solution for my rescue.

Abu Basir continued: "I was deeply influenced with his words, and remained patient for a while till an opportunity aroused for me to go to Madina for seeing Imam al-Sadiq (a.s.). When I saw Imam (a.s.) I narrated the story of my neighbor for him. The Imam replied: 'When you returned back to Madina, your neighbor will come to see you, then you must tell him that Jafar bin Muhammad had said

'Do not commit sins, so that I could guarantee Paradise for you'

:Abu Basir said

When I returned back to Kufa after completing the pilgrimage, people came to see me" including my next door neighbor. After exchanging formalities of greetings and inquiring about my trip when he wanted to leave, I gave him a hint that I have to discuss something in private. When other people left my house, I said to him that I narrated his story to Imam (a.s.), and he replied

Upon your return to Kufa, that man will come to see you. Tell him that Jafar bin Muhammad said

اخرج بما انت فيه وانا اضمن لك الجنة.

: 'Quit sinning so that I could guarantee Paradise for you'

This short message of Imam (a.s.) so much touched his heart that he started"

?crying and said to me: 'Do you swear by God that Imam said these words for me

I swore by God and assured him that these are the exact words of Imam for him. He” replied: 'These words are enough for me. , “He said these words and left my house. For several days I did not hear any news about him. One day, he send a message for me to visit him at his home. I accepted his invitation and went to his house, he opened the door :and hiding behind the door said

Oh Abu Basir! Every thing which I acquired through forbidden means have returned to' their owners,. Right now, I possess absolutely nothing even a pair of clothing to cover myself and that is why I am standing behind the door. I have quitted all sins and have .truly implemented the Imam's message in my life

:Abu Basir said”

I was indeed happy to learn about his repentance and changed condition, and wondered' about the impact of Imam s short message upon him. I returned back to my home and arranged some clothing and some quantity of food and brought it for him. After a while he .again called me and when I went to see him, found him sick

He remained in this condition for quite some time, and during this period I frequently visited him to take care of his needs, but unfortunately treatment did not produce any improvement and his condition continued to deteriorate day

by day till one day I found him in precarious condition hovering between life and death, while I was sitting on his side, and he was taking his last breaths, he suddenly opened his eyes and said

Oh Abu Basir! Imam al-Sadiq (a.s.) had fulfilled his promise. He said these words and left for his eternal abode

After sometimes I had the opportunity for going to Hijaz for Hajj Pilgrimage, and also to see Imam al-Sadiq (a.s.). When I was about to enter in his presence and my one foot was inside the hall while another one still in the yard, the Imam said: 'Oh Abu Basir! I have fulfilled the promise for your neighbor and the Paradise which I had guaranteed for him, (۱) "was bestowed upon him."

There were and still are such individuals, who with single definite bold decision and act of bravery, subdued the imperious-self and took over the command of their affairs in their own hands, and with the occurrence of a spiritual internal revolution polished and refined their hearts from all sort of impurities and vices. Therefore, the above stories indicate that following the above path is possible for all of us

The Commander of the Faithful, Imam 'Ali (a.s.) said

قال علي عليه السلام: غالبوا نفسكم على ترك العادات وجاهدوا اهوائكم تملكوها.

For quitting habits subdue the self: by struggling against his whims and passions; may be" (۲) "you will succeed in making him your prisoner."

And said

قال علي عليه السلام: افضل العباده ترك العاده.

Best of the worships are achieving"

p: ۱۱۸

1) "domination over habits."

:Imam al-Baqir (a.s.) said

عن ابي جعفر عليه السلام قال: كل عين باكيه يوم القيامة غير ثلاث: عين سهرت في سبيل الله و عين فاضت من خشيه الله و عين غضت من محارم الله.

:One the Day of Resurrection all eyes shall be crying except the following three kinds"

First: The eyes of some one who spent his nights awake in worshipping for the pleasure of God-Almighty

.Second: The eyes of some one who shed tears, because, of fear from God-Almighty

Third: The eyes of some one who prevented them from looking forbidden things for the pleasure of God-Almighty."

:Imam al-Sadiq (a.s.) said

عن ابي عبدالله (ع) قال: فيما ناجى الله عز و جل موسى (ع): يا موسى! ما تقرب الى المتقربون بمثل الورع عن محارمي. فاني ابيحهم جنات عدن لا اشرك معهم احدا.

God-Almighty said to Prophet Moses (a.s.) through revelation that nothing is more" effective in attaining my nearness as avoidance of forbidden things. 'The Paradise of Eden' will be bestowed upon them, and no one else would be allowed to enter therein."

Of course, it must be admitted that self-domination and total avoidance of sin is not an easy task, but still with foresight, self-awareness, decisiveness, and pondering it might not be so difficult, considering the fact that one will be supported and strengthened with Divine Assistance as promised in the Holy Qur'an

As for those who strive in Our (cause) -We will certainly guide them to our paths. For" (verily God is with those who do right. (٢٩:٦٩)

**Gradual Renunciation .٣**

If we discovered that our inner existence

.Ghirar al-Hukm, p-۱۷۶ -۱

.al-Kafi, vol. ۲, p-۸۰ -۲

.al-Kafi, vol. ۲, p-۸۰ -۳



does not have the courage and boldness required for quitting all sins at once, we may decide for gradual renunciation in stages. This procedure consists of beginning with quitting few sins at a time as a test of our will power, and the struggle should be .continued till we become victorious over the self cutting the roots of those sins forever

Later on, the same procedure should be repeated regarding some other sins and should .be continued till the final victory is achieved

Care should be taken that the sins quitted earlier should not be repeated at all. Obviously, renunciation of each sin makes the imperious-self and Satan weaker in the same proportion; the place of each devil, forced out shall be immediately replaced by the entry of God's angel, and similarly the amount of darkness removed from the heart's surface .shall be replaced with whiteness and illumination in the same proportion

The abstinence from sins should be continued, in this manner, till self-perfection and final victory in controlling the self's desires is achieved. It is possible that while practicing abstinence of few sins at a time, we might reach to the limit, where we feel to have the necessary will power and determination to quit all sins at a time like sudden at once renunciation, in which case this golden opportunity should be utilized taking the decision .to refrain from all sins

By forcing out the Satan, the imperious-self should be subdued by allocating the heart's dwelling for God-Almighty and his favorite

angels. If we struggle and endeavor to achieve the above cherished goal, we will certainly  
.be victorious. Self-struggle is exactly like waging a war against an enemy

A worrier must continuously watch over his enemy's movement, evaluate his own strength compared with enemy's resources, must strive for strengthening his forces, and by utilization of suitable opportunities must attack his enemy inflicting devastating blows,  
.thus, annihilating his soldiers completely or forcing them out of self's kingdom

### **Things which are Helpful for Self-refinement**

#### **Meditation .۱**

One of the most important obstacle for achieving the self-refinement is -negligence. If round the clock we are submerged in worldly affairs, running away from remembrance of death, are not prepared for thinking about dying even for a moment, and if incidentally  
.this thought enters in our minds, we try to deviate from it immediately

If, we are negligent about the dangerous consequences of moral vices, are not concerned about the indictment for sins and eternal punishment, and the belief in the Day of Resurrection has not penetrated the profundities of our soul beyond a superficial mental concept; then with such negligence, how could we,- take the decision for self-  
?cleansing and refinement, and control and restrain him against his desires

Negligence, in itself, is one of the most severe psychological disease and is the origin of many other diseases. The treatment of this disease is pondering, foresight, and  
.strengthening the forces of belief

It is necessary that a human being should continuously keep a strict vigil upon his self,  
should never forget death, should ponder

about serious consequences of self's diseases, indictment for sins and horrible punishment of Hell, and should always keep in mind about the accounting of his deeds on the Day of Judgment. In that case he is ready for self-refinement and should take a definite decision for purifying his heart from sins and other moral obscene deeds

:Imam 'Ali (a.s.) said

قال على عليه السلام: من عمر قلبه بدوام الفكر حسنت افعاله في السر والجهر.

Whoever makes his heart's kingdom habitated with continuous pondering –his affairs”  
 (would become good in outward appearance as well as inwardly.” (١)

### Reward and Punishment .٢

In order to be victorious in attaining self-refinement and abstinence from sins, we may use the reward and punishment method. In the beginning we must address the self: I have decide to abstain from sins, if you do not- cooperate in this matter and committed sins, I am going to punish you with such and such punishment

That is, if you committed back-biting, I will take a fast for one day, or will speak only the minimum required for one week, will donate such amount for charity, will not drink water for one day, will deprive you from one diet, and will remain under the sun during summer, so that you should not forget about the temperature of Hell 's Fire

After that we must watch over the self strictly so that he does not commit back-biting, and in case he commits it, we must take a bold stand against it without being lenient, and must execute the promised punishment

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against him. Once, the imperious-self realized that we are serious in refraining from sins and will strictly execute the punishment without least compassion, he will surrender himself before our genuine demands

If, we implemented this program without any negligence, we may close the paths of Satan's entries, and achieve absolute domination over the self, with the condition that we must take a definite decision and must punish the rebellious-self without showing least compassion

It is strange that regarding minor violations of civil laws, the violators are indicted and punished, but unfortunately for self-cleansing and refinement this method is not practiced, in spite of the fact that our prosperity and eternal salvation depends upon it. Many of the God's deserving servants by utilization of the same method were able to attain self-refinement, self-cleaning, and self-domination

:The Commander of the Faithful, Imam 'Ali (a.s.) said

قال علي عليه السلام: نعم العون على اسر النفس و كسر عاداتها الجوع.

﴿Hunger is the most effective tool for achieving self-domination and breaking habits.﴾

:And said

قال علي عليه السلام: من استدام رياضه نفسه انتفع.

﴿Whoever practices self-asceticism is bound to earn benefits.﴾

:One of the Prophet's companion said

Once on a hot summer day the Prophet Muhammad (S) was sitting under the shade of a tree, suddenly a man appeared who after taking off his clothes laid down with bare back upon the hot sand and started rolling over it, alternatively making his back and stomach to bear the hot sand, occasionally covering his face with it, said: 'Oh my imperious-self! You better taste

.Ghirar al-Hukm, p-۷۷۳ -۱

.Ghirar al-Hukm, p-۶۴۷ -۲

the heat of this hot sand particles, and know it that the heat of Hell ' s fire is for severe  
and painful than this

The holy Prophet (S) witnessed the above scene with interest, and having wore his”  
clothes when the man wanted to return, the Holy Prophet asked the man to come near  
him, and said: 'I saw you doing some thing strange which is not done by any other person.  
?‘What was the motive behind this act

The man replied: 'Oh Prophet of God: The fear of God forced me to perform this act. By”  
performing this act I said to my self. Taste the temperature of this hot sand and know  
that the heat of Hell' s fire is much more severe and painful than the temperature of this  
“hot sand

The Holy Prophet (S) said: Yes! you feared God–Almighty the way one should. be really be”  
fearful of Him, and he with this act has glorified you over the angels of His Thrown. 'Then  
he said to his companions: 'Come and stand closer to this man and ask him to pray for  
you.’ The companions assembled around the man and requested him to pray for them.  
:The man raised his hand for prayer and said

اللهم اجمع امرنا على الهدى واجعل التقوى زادنا والجنة مأبنا.

O God ! Guide our affairs. make piety provision of our journey, and bestow upon us”  
(Paradise in the Hereafter.”(١)

:The Commander of the Faithful Imam ' ‘Ali (a.s.) said

قال على (ع): تولوا من

p: ١٢٤

انفسكم تادييها واعدلوا بها عن ضراوه عاداتها.

Arise against the self and chastisement prevent: him from becoming addicted to various”  
(habits.” (۱)

### **Dignity of Human Essence and Strengthening Human Virtues .۲**

Earlier, it was pointed out that human self is a precious jewel which has come into existence from the world of life, knowledge, perfection, beauty, blessing, benevolence, and by nature is the origin of these things. Therefore, if he paid attention towards his exalted position and virtues within his existence, he will then realize that commitment of sins and other moral obscene deeds are below his dignity, and naturally will be disgusted .with them

When he understood that, he is a human being has descended from the Upper Heavens to be God's Vicegerent upon earth, animalistic desires and passions will become worthless in his sight, and desire for achieving moral excellence shall be revived in his .existence

:The Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) has said

قال علي عليه السلام: من كرمت عليه نفسه هانت عليه شهواته.

Whoever appreciated the greatness of his self, will regard passions as insignificant and”  
(worthless.” (۲)

:Imam al-Sajjad (a.s.) was asked

قيل لعلي بن الحسين عليه السلام: من اعطهم الناس خطرا؟ قال: من لم ير الدنيا خطرا لنفسه.

Who is the worthiest person ? 'The one who does not consider this world worthy of his”  
(own existence. ' Replied the Imam.” (۳)

Therefore paying attention about the exaltedness of human soul, discovering the worth of his existence, and his lofty position, might be helpful in attaining self-refinement and :abstinence from sins. If we address our self, we must say

You belong to the heavenly kingdom

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.Ghirar al-Hukm, p-۳۵۰ -۱

.Nahjul Balagha, saying ۴۴۹ -۲

.Tohf al-Aqool, p-۲۸۵ -۳



of knowledge, life, perfection, virtues, benevolence and blessings; you are the God's Vicegerent upon the earth; you are human and have been created for eternal life of Next World and God's Nearness; you are superior than animals and following animalistic passions is not worthy of your existence

In this manner attaining self-refinement and abstinence of sins will become easier for us. Also, for self-refinement, each vice must be uprooted gradually by strengthening opposite characteristics, thus, replacing vices with virtues, which turn into habits or second nature

For example, if we are jealous with respect to a certain individual, becomes sad and annoyed seeing his blessings and happiness, and by means of slander, insult, annoyance, obstruction, and indifference try to satisfy our own internal psychic disorder –must try to show praise, respect, goodwill, and cooperation towards him

When we behave in this manner exactly opposite to the feelings of jealousy, slowly, this vice becomes weaker day by day, and eventually is replaced by benevolence. If, we are sick with the disease of stinginess, must imposed upon the self to bear the necessary expenditure for our genuine requirements, so that the undesirable habit of miserliness gradually become uprooted, and eventually become accustomed to spending money and beneficence

If, we show miserliness regarding payment of religious dues, we must take stand against the self and without paying least attention to self's whims and passions, must remit our religious financial obligations. If, we show hesitation for spending money for ourselves and our family, then the genuine

expenditure should be imposed upon the self so that it becomes accustomed to it gradually.

If, because of miserliness we cannot participate in charitable affairs, we must take action by all possible means at our disposal; a portion of our financial assets should be spent in God's Way for supporting the destitute people so that gradually we become accustomed to it.

Of course in the beginning this task might appear as difficult but with perseverance and resistance it would become easier. over all in order to achieve self-refinement and to refrain from immoral deeds the following two tasks should be performed

Firstly: We should not offer positive response to the demands of immoral and obscene deeds, so that gradually their roots are dried off completely.

Secondly: The virtuous characteristic opposite to that particular vice should be strengthened; and in accordance with this virtuous characteristic, task must be imposed upon the self so that gradually he becomes used to it, acquiring them as his habit and temperament, ! thus, cutting the roots of wicked deeds forever. The Commander of the Faithful Imam 'Ali (a.s.) said

قال علي عليه السلام: اكره نفسيك على الفضائل فان الرذائل انت مطبوع عليها.

Force your self to perform good moral deeds, because the wickedness has been”  
([1](#)) incorporated in your inner essence.”

:And said

قال علي عليه السلام: عود نفسيك فال المكارم وتحمل اعبه المغارم تشرف نفسيك وتعمر آخرتك ويكثر حامدوك.

Make yourself used to performance of good deeds and for tolerance of payment of”  
severe reparation, so that he becomes noble, your Hereafter

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becomes fruitful, and your admirers become more.”(۱)

قال على عليه السلام: الشهوات اعلال قاتلات والفضل دوائها اقتنا الصبر عنها.

Selfish passions and desires are fatal diseases, and the best medicines are selection of”

patience and abstinence from them.”(۲)

### Renunciation of Bad Company .۴

Human being are susceptible to being influenced with many of the characteristics, etiquette, and behavior of other people with whom they have social association, and in reality become like them, especially their best friends and close social associates play an influential role in their lives. Friendship with corrupt and wicked individuals forces a person towards corruption and evil deeds, while association with righteous people with good morals invites a person towards salvation and goodness

One of the characteristics of a human being is that he makes himself like others. If, he mixes socially with corrupt and sinful people –he becomes familiar with sinning and other immoral deeds, not only he does not see the ugliness of his actions, on the contrary, regards these acts as manifestation of acts of goodness

Opposite, to that if his social circle consists of righteous people with good morals, he become thoroughly familiar with good morals and good character and desires to become like them. Therefore, a good friend is one of the greatest blessing of God–Almighty and is considered as an important factor responsible for progress and prosperity of a human being. And opposite to that a bad friend is one of the greatest problem and an important factor responsible for his adversity and deviation

Therefore. the choice of a friend

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.Ghirar al-Hukm, p-۴۹۲ -۱

.Ghirar al-Hukm, p-۷۲ -۲

should not be regarded something as insignificant and unimportant. rather should be treated with utmost importance. because. it determines our ultimate destiny. The  
:Commander of the Faithful Imam ' 'Ali (a.s.) said

قال امير المؤمنين عليه السلام: لا ينبغي للمسلم ان يواخي الفاجر فانه يزين له فعله ويحب ان يكون مثله ولا يعينه على عمر دنياه ولا امر معاده, ومدخله ومخرجه منعنده شين عليه.

A Muslim should never take a sinful and corrupt person as his friend –because, a sinful” friend presents vices as virtues, and desires that his friend should behave exactly like himself A bad friend neither helps a person in worldly affairs nor in the affairs belonging  
(to the Next World, and socialization with him makes a person disgraced.”<sup>(١)</sup>

:Imam al-Sadiq (a.s.) said

عن ابي عندالله عليه السلام قال: لا ينبغي للمسلم ان يواخي الفاجر ولا الاحمق ولا الكذب.

It is not appropriate for a Muslim to make friendship with a lewd, stupid, and mendacious”  
(person.”<sup>(٢)</sup>

:The Holy Prophet (S) said

قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: المر على دين خليله وقرينه.

(A person is bound to follow the religion of his friend and social companion.”<sup>(٣)</sup>

:The Commander of the Faithful Imam ' 'Ali (a.s.) said

قال على (ع): اياك ومعاشره الاشرار فانهم كالنار مباشرتها تحرق.

Association with evil person should be avoided strictly, because on evil person is like a”  
(burning fire and whoever nears him will be burnt.”<sup>(٤)</sup>

:And said

قال على عليه السلام: اياك ومصاحبه الفساق فان الشر بالشر يلحق.

Association With Wicked person should be strictly avoided, because, evil will be”  
(associated with evil.”<sup>(٥)</sup>

:Also said

قال علی علیه

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۱- al-Kafi, vol. ۲, p-۶۴۰

۲- al-Kafi, vol. ۲, p-۶۴۰

۳- al-Kafi, vol. ۲, p-۶۴۲

۴- Ghirar al-Hukm, p-۱۴۷

۵- Ghirar al-Hukm, p-۱۴۷

السلام: اخذر مجالسه قرين السوفانه يهلك مقارنه ويردى مصاحبه.

Strictly avoid companionship with an evil friend, because, he will lead his fellow”  
 (companion towards destruction and will damage his reputation.”)

Therefore, if some one is really striving to attain self-refinement, and if has bad friends and evil companions –should quite their company at once, because, with their company refraining from sins is almost impossible

Bad friends slow down one's determination for self-refinement by encouraging him to get indulge into sins and other immoral deeds. To commit a sin is like a habit, and its quitting shall be possible only, if the socialization with other addicted persons should be avoided

### Avoiding Potential Blunders .۵

Self-refinement and refraining from sins forever is something is not an easy rather is a difficult task. A human being is always susceptible to stumble by sinning, because the imperious-self naturally invites him towards vices. Heart –which is the command center for rest of the body is in a state of continuous change or metamorphism, is influenced by external events, issues orders in accordance with the situation it encounters, the things it sees, and the words it hears

At centers of worships and religious spiritual assemblies the heart naturally shows inclination towards performance of virtuous deeds, and opposite to that at the centers of corruption and vices pulls towards evil deeds. Seeing scenes of spirituality motivates heart towards spiritual matters, while seeing erotic scene of carnal acts makes him seduced

In a corrupted assembly the hearts becomes inclined to perform similar vices while in

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a spiritual gathering the heart gets motivated towards God–Almighty. If, he gets associated with worldly people infatuated with accumulation of wealth and properly, the hearts become inclined towards animalistic desires, and if associates with God's pious .servants –becomes' motivated towards virtuous deeds

Therefore, those who are sincerely interested in self–refinement and abstinence from sins must close their eyes and ears from seeing erotic scenes of carnal desires, should not participate in such parties; should not mix socially with such corrupted individuals, .otherwise they themselves are most likely to stumble

It is because of these considerations that Islam forbids a man from participating in religiously prohibited (Haram), parties such as gambling, drinking, and other sinful assemblies. Also, looking at the face (with lust), meeting in private, hand–shake, joking .and laughing with women who are unlawful (Na–mahram) have been forbidden

One of the great wisdom hidden behind the recommended Islamic Veil (hijab) is related to same matter. Since Islam requires an ideal social environment where self–refinement and abstinence from sins could be made possible. Otherwise, controlling imperious–self shall become impossible, because, the corrupt environment naturally pushes human beings towards corruption, even thinking about sin invites a man to commit that sin .ultimately

:The Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) said

قال على عليه السلام: اذا ابصرت العين الشهوه عمى القلب عن العاقبه.

When eye sees an erotic scene –the heart becomes blind from seeing its ultimate”  
(consequences.” (١)

:And said

قال على عليه السلام: فكرك في المعصيه يحدوك على الوقوع فيها.

Simply thinking about sinful carnal deeds encourages you to”

.Ghirar al-Hukm, p-۳۱۵-۱



[\(commit them eventually.\)](#)

## Egotism – the Root of all Evils

point

The scholars of ethics have defined egotism as the mother of corruption (Ummul Fisad), the root of all vices and sins, and in order to attain self-refinement one must seriously struggle against it. Here, in the beginning, its meanings shall be explained and then the evil influences of this characteristic and confrontation methods against them shall be discussed.

Meanwhile, it must be understood that each living existence by nature is an egotist and shows keen interest about his essence, characteristics, actions, effects, and perfection. Therefore, egotism cannot be condemned something as absolutely undesirable, but requires further explanation.

Earlier it was pointed out that a human existence consists of two stages and possesses two selves or two mines, i.e. animal-self and human-self. The human-self consists of a Celestial Spirit, (blown by God-Almighty), descended from Heavenly Kingdom to become God's Vicegerent upon earth. From this point of view it belongs to the category of knowledge, life, power, blessing, benevolence, perfection, goodness, and by nature aspires towards these ideals.

Therefore, if a person recognizes himself (the human-self) and discovers the values incorporated therein, considers them as honorable, strives to achieve the nearness of the Fountainhead of Absolute Perfection, which results in his revival of moral decencies, virtues, and goodness.

Considering the above, this type of egotism could not be regarded as undesirable, rather is something good and praiseworthy, because this characteristic is not egotism rather in reality it is God-seeking. This matter has already been explained earlier and a detailed discussion

.Ghirar al-Hukm, p-۵۱۸ –۱

.shall be presented later

The second stage of human existence consists of his animal-self, and in this stage he is like an animal exactly, possessing animalistic desires and passions. Although, in order to remain alive in this world and to sustain a living, a human being is supposed to provide his animalistic means of living up to a moderate limit, and up to this extent there does not exist any prohibition and reproach

But the most important and determining factor is that whether the body should be ruled by the wisdom and celestial human spirit or by the imperious-self and his animal-self. If wisdom and human-self rule, then the animal-self and his passions are adjusted, optimized, and all of them are mobilized for journeying on the path of exaltedness and perfection leading towards God's Nearness

In this case the human-self which is the same existence attached to God – assumes his authenticity, whereby revival of moral excellence in conduct and God's Nearness become the primary goal, and taking care of one's animalistic requirement will become a secondary aim. Therefore, egotism and love for self not only has not been condemned, on the contrary have been praised

But if the imperious-self and animal-self took over control of bodily affairs, the wisdom and human-self are subdued and become isolated, in which case a man gradually takes distance from God and human values, falling ultimately into deep and dark valleys of ignorance. He forgets his human-self (i.e. humanism) and recognizes in his place his unconscious self

Na-khud) (i.e. animalism). And these are the meanings of egotism which is called as the) .mother of all evils and is therefore, undesirable

An egotist sees only his own animal-self and nothing else. All his actions, efforts, talks, and character revolves around the axis of satisfying his animalistic passions and desires. He practically considers himself as an animal and does not recognize any goal in life .except meeting his animalistic requirements

In order to accomplish these base animalistic objectives considers himself as independent or renegade and justifies all his actions. His animal-self is the only thing .which he considers something sacred and honorable

He demands every thing for his own sake, even truth and justice, which should back up his animalistic desires, and if they are not on his side, does not need such justice, rather .gives himself the right to wage combat against them

He even interprets and comments religious commands and obligations as he pleases, assigning authenticity to his own opinions and thinking, whereby the religious laws and obligations are supposed to adopt themselves in accordance with his whims and .passions

Since an egotist is deprived of real human dignity, virtues and moral perfection; he keeps himself amused with whimsical, false, and futile affairs such as: seeking false publicity, ambitiousness, covetousness, snobbishness, eating, drinking, sexual pleasures, and .remains totally ignorant from God's Remembrance and self-perfection

Because an egotist is infatuated and obedient to his imperious-self, he does not have any other aim except satisfying the demands of his passions in the best

possible manner; in order to meet this animalistic objective is not ashamed of performing the most shameful deeds and consider them as justified and permissible

He wants to accomplish his animalistic goals, and in order to achieve them does not refrain from indulgence in lying, accusing, oppressing, and breach of commitments, deception, treachery, and any other acts of transgression

Therefore, egotism is the mother of all evils which makes all acts of abjectness justified and permissible, or in other words, it can be said that all acts of transgressions in reality are the by-products of egotism which are manifested in different manners at different occasions-. For example, oppression and trampling over the rights of others could not be anything other than self-centeredness

Likewise, lying, backbiting, ill-speaking, fault-finding, jealousy, and revenge all are the vices of egotism which have been manifested in these manners. It is because of this reason that self-centeredness is called as the root of all transgressions

Self-centeredness consists of various degrees and stages the highest of them leads to the state of self-adoration a self-worshipping. If this ugly characteristic is not confronted strongly, it gradually becomes so intense whereby the imperious-self becomes an object of worship, whose commands must be obeyed absolutely, and a person becomes submissive to his whims and passions to the extent of adoration. God-Almighty said about such a person in the Holy Qur'an

أَرَأَيْتَ مَنِ اتَّخَذَ إِلَهَهُ هَوَاهُ

.(Seest thou such a one as taketh for his god His own passion (or impulse)?" (۲۵:۴۳)

Is worship means any

thing else except that a worshipper in front of his object of worship humbles and bows down, and should be submissive to his commands absolutely without raising least objection? Similar is the case with an egotist person because he regards his self as an object of worship and humbles and prostrates in front of him by obeying his commands .without any question. Therefore, an egotistic cannot be considered as a Monotheist

### Worldliness, the Source of all Sins .1

In Islamic narrations and Heavenly verses the world has been defined as a place of amusement, and an object of arrogance which has been severely condemned; its attachment is not worthy of the lofty status of believers, and therefore, they should strictly refrain themselves from being attached to its adornments. Following are few examples:

The Holy Qur'an said

وَمَا الْحَيَاةُ الدُّنْيَا إِلَّا مَتَاعُ الْغُرُورِ

(For the life of this world is but goods and chattels of deception (٣:١٨٥)

And said

أَفَلَا تَعْقِلُونَ وَمَا الْحَيَاةُ الدُّنْيَا إِلَّا لَعِبٌ وَلَهْوٌ □ وَلِلْآخِرَةِ خَيْرٌ لِلَّذِينَ

What is the life of this world but play and amusement but best is the home in the”  
(Hereafter, for those who are righteous. Will ye not then understand? (٦:٣٢)

And said

اعْلَمُوا أَنَّمَا الْحَيَاةُ الدُّنْيَا لَعِبٌ وَلَهْوٌ وَزِينَةٌ وَتَفَاخُرٌ بَيْنَكُمْ وَتَكَاثُرٌ فِي الْأَمْوَالِ وَالْأَوْلَادِ □ كَمَثَلِ غَيْثٍ أَعْجَبَ الْكُفَّارَ نَبَاتُهُ ثُمَّ يَهِيجُ فَتَرَاهُ مُصْفَرًّا ثُمَّ يَكُونُ حُطَامًا □ وَفِي الْآخِرَةِ عَذَابٌ شَدِيدٌ

Know that the life of this world is only play, and idle talk, and pageantry, and boasting”  
among you and rivalry in respect of wealth and children: as the likeness of vegetation  
after

rain, whereof the growth is pleasing to the husbandman, but afterward it drieth up and thou seest it turning yellow, then it becometh straw. And in the Hereafter there is (grievous punishment. (۵۷:۲۰

:The Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) said

اما بعد فاني احذر كم الدنيا فانها حلوه خضره حفت بالشهوات وتحببت بالعاجله وراقت بالقليل وحليت بالآمال وتزينت بالغرور. لاتدوم حيرتها ولا تؤمن فجعتهها، غراره ضراره حائله زائله نافذه بائده اكاله غواله.

So now, certainly I frighten you from this world for it is sweet and green, surrounded by” lusts, and liked for its immediate enjoyments. It excites wonder with small things, is ornamented with (false) hopes and decorated with deception. Its rejoicing do not last and its afflictions cannot be avoided. It is deceitful, harmful, changing, perishable, exhaustible, (liable to destruction eating away and destructive.” (۱)

:And said

والدنيا دار منى لها الفنا ولاهلها منها الجلا وهى حلوه خضرا وقد عجت للطالب والتبست بقلب الناظر.

The world is a place for which destruction is ordained and for its inhabitants departure” from here is destined. It is sweet and green. It hastens towards its seeker and attaches to the heart of the viewer. So depart from here with the best of provision available with you and do not ask herein more than what is enough and do not demand from it more than (subsistence.” (۲)

There are plenty of narrations (۳) and verses in which the world has been reproached, and the people .are warned to refrain from being attached to its adornments. Especially, in the precious book of

p: ۱۳۷

۱- ۱۱۱- Nahjul Balagha, sermon

۲- ۴۵- Nahjul Balagha, sermon

۳- The dryness of eyes is the result of hard-heartedness, hard-heartedness is caused due to excessive sinning; excessive sins are the result of consumption of food which is arranged through forbidden and unlawful income; earning through forbidden and

unlawful means is due to forgetting death; forgetting death is due to lengthy desires; lengthy desirers are caused because of attachment to world; and world's attachment is  
[the root of all evils [Tr



Nahjul-Balagha (the Path of Eloquence), the world and worldly have been reproached severely, and it has been emphasized that the people should not be attached to this perishable transient world, and should pay more attention towards the Hereafter

In this book the people have been divided into two groups: the worldly and the one who is attached to the Hereafter. Each one of these groups follows their own special program.

:God-Almighty has said in the Holy Qur'an

وَمَنْ يُرِدْ ثَوَابَ الدُّنْيَا نُؤْتِهِ مِنْهَا وَمَنْ يُرِدْ ثَوَابَ الْآخِرَةِ نُؤْتِهِ مِنْهَا

Whoso desireth the reward of the world, we bestow on him thereof and whoso desireth" (the reward of the Hereafter, we bestow on him thereof. (۳:۱۴۵)

:And said

الْمَالُ وَالْبَنُونَ زِينَةُ الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا □ وَالْبَاقِيَاتُ الصَّالِحَاتُ خَيْرٌ عِنْدَ رَبِّكَ ثَوَابًا وَخَيْرٌ أَمَلًا

Wealth and children are an ornament of life of the world. But the good deeds which" (endure are better in the Lord's sight for reward and better in respect of hope. (۱۸:۴۶)

**?What is World .۲**

Anyhow, Islam considers world something as undesirable and demands from its followers to practice asceticism. Here, it would be appropriate to throw some light about the Islamic ?concept of this world, and why it has been reproached

Does the world consist of worldly existence such as: earth, sun, moon, stars, animals, plants, trees, mines, and human beings? Therefore, the life of this world can be defined as working, eating, drinking, sleeping, marrying and other related acts of living. Does Islam refrain from these things? Do earth, sky, animals, vegetables, and trees are bad

?things that a human being should avoid them

Does Islam prohibits earning a living, acquiring of knowledge, business and production, and sexual relationship? Absolutely this is not the case, because all of the above things have been created by God–Almighty, and in case they were bad, He would not have created them. God–Almighty regards them as His Beautiful Bounties which should be conquered by human beings and should be utilized for their advantages. The wealth and property not only is not reproached but on the contrary has been introduced as blessing :in the Holy Qur’an as follows

إِنْ تَرَكَ خَيْرًا الْوَصِيَّةُ لِلْوَالِدَيْنِ وَالْأَقْرَبِينَ

(If he leaves wealth, that he bequeath unto parents and near relatives in kindness. (٢:١٨٠)

Earning a genuine living by lawful means not only has not been reproached, rather has .been regarded as one of the best kind of worship

:Following is an example

:The Holy Prophet (S) said

قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: العباده سبعون جزا افضلها طلب الحلال.

Worship consists of seventy acts and the best among them is the act of earning a” (genuine living through lawful means.)

:Imam al–Baqir (a.s.) has said

عن ابي جعفر (ع) قال: من طلب الرزق في الدنيا استعفافا عن الناس وتوسيعا على اهلها تعظفا على جاره لقي الله عز وجل يوم القيامة ووجهه مثل القمر ليله البدر.

Whoever endeavors sincerely for earning a genuine living (through lawful means);” becomes self–sufficient in taking care of his expenditures; maintains a reasonably comfortable standard of living for his family; shows benevolence to his neighbors –such a person will meet God–Almighty

.al-Kafi, vol. ۵, p-۷۸ -۱

(١) in the Hereafter, while his face will be shining like the full moon.”

:Imam al-Sadiq (a.s.) said

عن ابي عبدالله عليه السلام قال: الكاد على عياله كالحماهد في سبيل الله.

Whoever strives for earning a living for his family is tantamount to a warrior engaged in”  
(٢) Holy War for the sake of God.”

The Islamic traditions emphasize the importance of work, farming, agriculture, trade, and even marriage. The life styles of Prophet (S) and Infallible Imams (a.s.) indicate that they too have worked for earning a living. Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) the leader of the pious also mode endeavors and worked hard for earning a living in his life

Therefore, what is really meant with this reproached world? In the opinion of some people it is not the world which is reproached rather it is the attachment to world which has been strictly condemned. e.g. the Holy Qur’an said

زَيْنَ لِلنَّاسِ حُبُّ الشَّهَوَاتِ مِنَ النِّسَاءِ وَالْبَنِينَ وَالْقَنَاطِيرِ الْمُقَنْطَرَةِ مِنَ الذَّهَبِ وَالْفِضَّةِ وَالْخَيْلِ الْمُسَوَّمَةِ وَالْأَنْعَامِ وَالْحَرْثِ □ ذَلِكُمْ مَتَاعُ الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا □ وَاللَّهُ عِنْدَهُ حُسْنُ الْمَاَبِ

Beautified for mankind is love of the joys (that come) from women and offspring, and” stored-up heaps of gold and silver, and horses branded (with their mark), cattle, and land. That is comfort of the life of the world, God-Almighty ! With Him is a more excellent (abode. (٣:١٤)

:The Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) said

قال على عليه السلام: اياك وحب الدنيا فانها اصل كل خطيئه ومعدن كل بليه.

Be careful not to attach your self from this”

p: ١٤٠

al-Kafi, vol. ٥, p-٨٨ -١

al-Kafi, vol. ٥, p-٨٨ -٢

transient) world, because love of world is the root of all sins and origin of all) [catastrophes.”\(۱\)](#)

:Imam al-Sadiq (a.s.) said

عن ابی عبدالله علیه السلام قال: راس كل خطيئه حب الدنيا.

[\(Attachment to World is the basis of all sins and transgressions.”\(۲\)](#)

From these types of traditions it could be inferred that what is condemned is the attachment to these worldly affairs and not the affairs in themselves. Here the question arises whether absolute attachment and love to worldly affairs is condemned and should not a man have any attachment to his wife, children, house, wealth, and food? How could ?such a thing be expected

Because, the attachment to these affairs is a natural thing for a human being; God-Almighty has incorporated these attachment within his primordial nature, and that is the way human beings have .been created by Him. Is it possible for a man not to love his wife ?and children

Is it possible not to love clothing, delicious foods, and other beautiful things of this world? If love of these things was prohibited, God would not have created human being with these tendencies. A human being in order to keep himself alive requires these things, and accordingly he has been created in such a manner that he should feel a natural inclination :towards these affairs. The Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) said

قال علي عليه السلام: الناس ابنا الدنيا ولا يلام الرجل علي حب امه.

The human beings are the children of this World and they should not be blamed for” loving their

p: ۱۴۱

.Ghirar al-Hukm, p-۱۵۰ -۱

.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۳, p-۷ -۲

(۱) "mother."

The Islamic traditions recommend that one must love and show affection towards his wife and children. The Holy Prophet (S) and Infallible Imams (a.s.) too had shown affection towards their wives and children. Some of them liked foods and showed interest in them. Therefore, sky, plants, trees, mines, animals, and similar other God's bounties are neither bad nor condemned.

Similarly, wife, children, wealth and property, affection shown towards these things and life of this world, are not only not condemned, rather in some of the traditions, the world even has been praised. Following is the example:

In reply to a person who has condemned the world, the Commander of the Faithful Imam (a.s.) said:

ان الدنيا دار صدق لمن صدقها ودار عافيه لمن فهم عنها. ودار غنى لمن تزود منها ودار موعظه وللمن اتعظ بها. مسجد احب الله ومصلى ملائكة الله وحبط وحى الله ومتجر اوليا الله، اكتسبوا فيها الرحمة ورحبوا فيها الجنة.

Verily this world is a house of truth for those who look into it deeply and carefully, an abode of peace and rest for those who understand its ways and moods, and it is the best working ground for those who want to procure rewards for Hereafter. It is a place of acquiring knowledge and wisdom for those who want to acquire them, a place of worship for friends of God and for angels.

It is the place where prophets receive revelations of the Lord. It is the place for virtuous people and saints to do good deeds and to

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be given rewards for the same, only in this world they could trade with God's favors and blessings and only while living here they could barter their good deeds, with His Blessings, (and rewards.” (۱)

:Imam al-Baqir (a.s.) said

عن ابى جعفر عليه السلام انه كان يقول: نعم العون الدنيا على الاخره.

”(The world is the best support for the Hereafter.” (۲)

:Imam al-Sadiq (a.s.) said

قال ابو عبدالله عليه السلام: لا خير فى من لا يحب جمع المال من حلال, ويكف به وجهه ويقضى به دينه ويحصل به رحمه.

Anyone who does not like earning a living by lawful means to maintain his prestige, to pay his obligations and to take care of his relatives, then –such a person lacks any merit (and goodness.” (۳)

Therefore, what is meant by the condemnation of world and its love and attachment which is the roots of all evils? From the over all collection of these verses and traditions it could be inferred that, what is condemned is the worldliness and becoming infatuated with it, and not the creatures of the world, its life, and genuine liking of worldly affairs in themselves.

Islam, demands people to recognize the world the way it is and then they should appraise its worth accordingly; they should also discover the exalted Divine Goal behind their own creation as well as the world, and should move in that direction. If they acted in this manner –they belong to the Hereafter, otherwise they belong to the worldly group

**World's Reality .۳**

In order to explain this matter in the beginning we would discuss the reality

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.al-Kafi, vol. ۵, p-۷۲ -۳



and nature of world from Islamic point of view and then a conclusion could be reached. Islam believes in the existence of two worlds: The first one is the same material world where we live and is called world. The other one is where we will be transferred after death and is called Hereafter and Next World

Islam believes that the life of a person does not terminate at his demise; rather he will be transferred after death to an eternal abode known as the Next World. Islam regards the world as perishable, transient, and a temporary abode, while considers the Hereafter and Next World as a permanent and eternal abode

Men has not came to this world in order to live for a short while and finally to die and be destroyed, rather he has come to achieve self perfection through acquiring knowledge, good deeds, and training –and to live happily forever in his eternal abode in the Next World. Therefore, the world is like a form land for cultivation of fruits for Hereafter, place for acquiring knowledge, and a place for making arrangements for provisions of a journey

However, man for the sake of his survival and in order to live in this world has no other choice except to utilize Divine Bounties which have been created for his consumption. But utilization of these Divine Bounties should be regarded as a mean and not an end in itself

The aim of creation of human beings and world was not just to have

comfortable luxurious life and to take the maximum advantage of worldly pleasures, rather there was an exalted and superior goal behind it e.g. the nourishment of the “Jewel of Humanity” (Jowhar al-Insaniyat) through attaining self-perfection and ascending :towards God's Nearness. Following are few examples of Islamic narrations in this matter

:The Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) said

فان الدنيا لم تخلق لكم دار مقام. بل خلقت لكم مجازا لتزودوا منها العمال الى دار القرار فكونوا منها على اوفاز وقربوا الظهور للزوال.

Certainly this world has not been made a place of permanent stay for you. But it has” been created as a pathway in order that you may take from it the provision of your (good) actions for the permanent house (in Paradise). Be ready for departure from here and [\(keep close your mount for setting off.”\)](#)

:And said

ايها الناس انما الدنيا دار مجاز والاخره دار قرار فخذوا من ممركم لمقركم ولا تهتكوا أستاركم عند من يعلم أسراركم واخرجوا من الدنيا قلوبكم من قبل أن تخرج منها أبدانكم، ففيها اختبرتم ولغيرها خلقتم. إن المرء إذا هلك قال الناس: ما ترك؟ وقالت الملائكة: ما قدم؟ لله آباءكم! فقدموا بعضاً يكن لكم قرصاً، ولا تخلفوا كلاً فيكون عليكم.

Remember that this world is a thoroughfare, a road upon which people are passing night” and day, and the Next World is the abode of permanent stay. While, passing along this road make provision for the next where you will reside forever. Do not go with a burden of sins and vices before the One, Who knows

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everything about you. Remove vicious ambitions from your mind before death removes .you from your surroundings

Remember, that you are being tried in this world, and are created to be given a permanent residence in the Next World. When a man dies people ask what he has left behind as a legacy, and angels want to know what he has sent forward (good deeds and good words). May God have mercy upon you, send something in advance to the place where you will have to follow; it may be a sort of a deposit with God to be repaid to you on [your arrival. Do not leave all of your's behind, it will be a drag upon you.”](#)

:He further said

الا إن هذه الدنيا التي أصبحت تمنونها وترغبون فيها ، وأصبحت تعظكم وترميكم ليست بداركم ، ولا منزلكم الذلي خلقتم له ، ولا الذي دعيتم إليه . الا وانها ليست بباقيه لكم ولا-تبقون عليها وهلى وان غرتكم منها فقد حذرتكم شرها . فدعو اغرورها لتحذيرها واطماعها لتخويفها وسابقوا فيها الى الدار التلى دعيتم عليها وانصرفوا بقلوبكم عنها .

Remember, that this world which you covet so ardently and attempt to acquire so” earnestly, and which some times annoys you and some times pleases you so much, is neither your home nor a permanent destination. You have not been created for it, nor invited to it as your resting place. It shall neither remain with you forever nor will you .remain in it eternally

”If it has enticed you with its charms, it has also warned and cautioned you”

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of real dangers lurking in its folds. Take account of the warnings it has given you and do not be seduced or deceived by its allurements. These warnings should desist you from being too greedy or too covetous to possess it. Try, to advance towards the place where [\(you are invited for eternal bliss, and turn your face away from the vicious world.\)](#)<sup>(۱)</sup>

Therefore, as we can see the reality or the nature of the world in these narrations has been described such as: passage, a house of vanity, and deception etc. The human beings have not been created for this rather for the Hereafter, they have come here to nourish their humanism through knowledge and deeds and to arrange provisions for their eternal journey

### The Next Worlders .۴

Islam requires that people should discover the reality, essence, and nature of this world the way it actually is and, therefore, should adopt their deeds and behavior in accordance to their own perspective. Whoever, has discovered the nature of such a world will never become infatuated or would be losing his heart for its sake. They will never be deceived by its power of wealth and other allurements

While living in this very world, and utilizing all of its lawful pleasures and bounties, will never become slaves and prisoners of this vicious world. They will never forget God-Almighty and Hereafter even for a single moment and will endeavor continuously for accumulation of provisions for their eternal journey through performance of virtuous deeds

While they live in this world but

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.Nahjul Balagha, sermon-۱۷۳ -۱

with their esoteric hearts eyes look towards the sublime realities of Upper Heavens. In all situations, at all times, and in all their deeds they do consider the existence of God–Almighty and Hereafter and, therefore, are able to take advantage of these opportunities for enrichment of their eternal life

They regard the world like a form land for cultivating fruits for the Hereafter –a place for conducting business and endeavor to collect provisions for their journey to eternal abode

They commission all the resources of this transient world to the full advantage of their Hereafter, even their working, eating, drinking, marrying, and other worldly deeds are utilized for the Next World. Such people are not worldly and belong to the Next World. Ibn :abi Yafur narrated from Imam al–Sadiq (a.s.) as follows

این ابی یعفو رقال قلت لابی عبدالله علیه السلام: أنا لنحب الدنيا فقال لی: تصنع بها ماذا؟ قلت اتزوج منها واحج وانفق على عیالی وانیل اخوانی واتصدق. قال: لیس هذا من الدنيا, هذا من الاخره.

:I said to Imam al–Sadiq”

‘We like the world’

.What do you do with its wealth’ ? Asked the Imam’

I replied. ‘By means of this wealth, we get married, go for Hajj–pilgrimage, take care of” ‘genuine family expanses, help our poor brothers and give alms for the sake of God

﴿This is not world, rather it is Hereafter.﴾ Replied the Imam.”﴿١﴾

:The Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) said

واعلموا عبادالله أن المتقين ذهبوا بعاجل الدنيا وآجل الآخرة فشاركوا أهل الدنيا في دنياهم ولم يشاركهم أهل الدنيا في آخرتهم  
سكنوا

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الدنيا بأفضل ما سكنت وأكلوها بأفضل ما أكلت فحظوا من الدنيا بما حظى به المترفون وأخذوا منها ما أخذت الجبابرة المتكبرون ثم انقلبوا عنها بالزاد المبلغ والمتجر الرابع. أصابوا لذة زهد الدنيا في دنياهم وتيقنوا أنهم جيران الله غدا في آخرتهم لا ترد لهم دعوه ولا ينقص لهم نصيب من لذه.

O creature of God! remember that God fearing and pious persons passed away from this” world after having led a respectable and fruitful life , and they are going to be well rewarded in the Next World (when compared with worldly people, they had equal opportunities of gathering fruits of this world and utilize them to the best of their abilities, and at the same time kept away from all wicked and vicious way of life). They did not jeopardize their salvation like worldly minded persons. They led a more contented, more “respectable and happier life, than those who lived wickedly

They enjoyed the fruits of their labors, and had more gratifying, sober and healthy experience of the pleasures of life than the rich and wealthy had. They regaled and enjoined the joys, the facilities and the bliss of this world as much as tyrant and vicious .people desired to enjoy

Yet, while leaving this world, they carried with them all which will be of .use to them in the Next World. While living in this world they enjoyed the, happiness of relinquishing its evil ways. They made themselves sure that in the life to come they will be recipient of His Grace and

Blessings, their requests will not be turned down, and the favors destined for them in the  
 (Heaven will not be lessened or reduced.”)

Therefore, working as an employee to earn a living, being involved in trade, business and agriculture, and acceptance of positions involving social responsibilities not only are not the least incompatible of one's being a pious or man of Hereafter, on the contrary these very acts could be utilized as means of achieving God's Pleasure, and accumulation of provisions for the eternal abode

The Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) with all those serious efforts and endeavors for earning a living was the most ascetic person, but simultaneously was the ruler over his people. In the darkness of night he cried at the alter of the worship saying

يا دنيا، يا دنيا إليك عنى، أبى تعرضت؟ أم إلى تشوقت؟ لا حان حينك؟ هيهات! غرى غرى، لا حاجه لى فيك، قد طلقتك ثلاثا لا رجعه فيها! فعيشك قصير وخطرک يسير وأملكك حقير. آه من قله الزاد وطول الطريق وبعد السفر وعظم المورد.

O world, O world ! Get away from me. Why do you present yourself to me? Or are you” eager for me? You may not get that opportunity to impress me. Deceive some other person. I have no concern with you. I have divorced you thrice, where after there is no restitution. Your life is short, your importance is little, and your liking is humble. Alas! The provision is little, the way is long, the journey is far, and the

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١) “goal is hard to reach.”

:Also he said

إليك عنى يا دنيا فحبلك على غاربك قد انسللت من مخالبك وأفلتت من حبالك واجتنبت الذهاب فى مداحضك.

Get away from me O world! Your rein is on your own shoulders as I have released myself” from your ditches, removed myself of your snares, and avoided walking into your slippery places.” ٢)

The Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) while accompanying his soldiers and marching towards the battle field showed a very old and worn out shoe to Ibne Abbas :and said

قال عبد الله بن عباس -- رضى الله عنه: - دخلت على امير المؤمنين عليه السلام بذى قار وهو يخصف نعله فقال لى: ما قيمه هذا النعال؟ فقلت: لا- قيمه لها! فقال عليه السلام: والله لهى احب الى من امرتكم, الا- ان اقيم خفا, او ادفع باطلا, ثم خرج فخطب الناس فقال:

If I cannot establish a regime of justice and truth and if I cannot eradicate tyranny and” impiety, than the value of this Government and Caliphate is less to me than the cost of this pair of shoes.” ٣)

Such were and still are the God's most sincere servants; although, they live in this very world but they look towards the higher horizons and are the people who belong to Hereafter. Like other people they too are engaged in making serious efforts and endeavors for earning a living and sometimes even accept the highest social positions namely: commander, governor and ruler. But they accept these responsibilities solely for the sake of seeking God's Pleasure and fulfillment of

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١- Nahjul Balagha, saying ٧٧

٢- Nahjul Balagha, letter no.٤٥

٣- Nahjul Balagha, sermon-٣٣



.their duties

Within the lawful limits they utilize the God's Bounties, but at the same time have divorced this vicious world for three times and cleaned their hearts from its allurements. They wage war in order to take hold of the ruling power, but only for the sake of defense of truth and implementation of social justice and not simply for the sake of enjoying being a ruler.

### The Worldly Beings .٥

But whoever could not identify the world –the way it is; become carried away and amused with its adornments; considered it as the main goal of the creation and after that there is no accountability and Hereafter; became prisoner of wealth and property, wife and children, and position and power; took hold of worldly life firm; forgot about the existence of God and Hereafter; closed his eyes from spiritual values and made sole aim of his life satisfying animal passions and taking the maximum advantage from worldly pleasures, then such a person would be considered belonging to the worldly people

Even though he might be a poor, destitute, monastic person, and might refrain from acceptance of positions involving social responsibilities

.God-Almighty said in Holy Qur'an

يَعْلَمُونَ ظَاهِرًا مِّنَ الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا وَهُمْ عَنِ الْآخِرَةِ هُمْ غَافِلُونَ

They know only some appearance of the life of this world, and are needless of the”  
(Hereafter. (٣٠:٧

:And said

أُولَئِكَ الَّذِينَ اشْتَرُوا الْحَيَاةَ الدُّنْيَا بِالْآخِرَةِ

(Such are those who buy the life of the world at the price of Hereafter. (٢: ٨٦”

:And said

أَرْضَيْتُمْ بِالْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا مِنَ الْآخِرَةِ □ فَمَا مَتَاعِ الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا فِي



الْآخِرَةِ إِلَّا قَلِيلٌ

Take ye the pleasure in the life of the world rather in the Hereafter ? The comfort of the ”  
(life of the life of the world is but little than in the Hereafter. (۹: ۳۸

:And said

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ لَا يَرْجُونَ لِقَاءَنَا وَرَضُوا بِالْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا وَاطْمَأَنَّنُوا بِهَا وَالَّذِينَ هُمْ عَنْ آيَاتِنَا غَافِلُونَ أُولَٰئِكَ مَأْوَاهُمُ النَّارُ بِمَا كَانُوا يَكْسِبُونَ

Lo! Those who expect not the meeting with Us, but desire the life of this world and feel”  
secure therein, and those who are neglectful of our revelations, there home will be fire  
(because of what they used to earn. (۱۰: ۷-۸

:Imam al-Sadiq (a.s.) said

عن ابى عبد الله عليه سلام قال: ابعده ما يكون العبد من الله اذا كرم الابطنه وفرجه.

The worst condition for the relationship between man and God-Almighty is the situation,”  
when a person does not have any other aim, except satisfying the hunger of his stomach,  
(and taking care of his sexual requirements.” (۱)

:The Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) said

قال على (ع): حرام على كل قلب مطوله بالدنيا ان يسكنه التقوى.

(In a heart infatuated with world, presence of piety is forbidden.” (۲)

:Also he said

قال على عليه السلام: ولبئس المتجران ترى الدنيا لنفسك ثمنا ولمالك عند الله عوضا.

It is the worst kind of trade, whereby one considers the world worthy of his self; and”  
(purchases the world at the expanses of Hereafter.” (۳

If, the world has been condemned, it is because of the reason of its being a place of  
vanity and deceit which makes people its prisoners. It manifests itself sweet and

.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۷۳, p-۱۸ -۱

.Ghirar al-Hukm, p-۳۸۳ -۲

.Nahjul Balagha, sermon-۳۲ -۳

attractive keeping people amused with its pleasure, thus, preventing them from God's remembrance and collection of provisions for their journey towards eternal abode

The world has been reproached, and this act has been so explicitly publicized so that people become cautious not to be deceived by its deceitful manners, and should not allow themselves to become infatuated with its charms or becoming its prisoners forever. What has been condemned –is the attachment to transient world; forgetting the real aim of the creation; becoming totally negligent about the eternal life –and not the God's Bounties

### ۶. The Worldly and Next Worlders

Therefore, whoever works in this world for Hereafter is a man of Next World, and the one who works for this world will join the worldly group. The Commander of the Faithful Imam 'Ali (a.s.) said

قال علي عليه السلام: الناس في الدنيا عاملان: عامل عمل في الدنيا للدنيا، قد شغلته دنياه عن آخرته يخشى علي من يخلفه الفقر ويأمنه علي نفسه فيفني عمره في منفعه غيره. وعامل عمل في الدنيا لما بعدها فجاءه الذي له من الدنيا بغير عمل فأحرز الحظين معاً، وملك الدارين جميعاً. فأصبح وجيهاً عند الله، لا يسأل الله حاجه فيمنعه.

There are two kinds of workers in the world. One is a person who works in this world for” this world and his work of this world keeps him unmindful of the Next World. He is afraid of destitution for those he will leave behind but feels himself safe about it. So, he spends his life after the good of others

The other is one

who works in this world for what is to come Hereafter, and he secures his share of this world without effort. Thus, he gets both the benefits together and becomes the owner of both the houses together. In this way, he is prestigious before God-Almighty. If he asks [\(him anything He does not deny him.\)](#)<sup>(۱)</sup>

: Also, he said

قال على عليه السلام: الدنيا دار ممر لا دار مقره والناس فيها رجلان: رجل باغ فيها نفسه فوبقها ورجل ابتاع نفسه فاعتقها.

This world is a place for transit, not a place to stay. The people herein are of two” categories. One is the man who sold away his self (to his passions) and, thus, ruined it, and the other is the man who purchased his self (by control against his passions) and [\(freed it.\)](#)<sup>(۲)</sup>

The difference between worldly and Next Worlders does not consist in their being rich or poor; occupied in worldly affairs or being without job; being social or living a monastic life; holder of worldly positions or not; being a business man, a religious scholar, preacher and writer; consumer of worldly bounties or otherwise; rather, the real difference consists of ones being attached to the life of this world or the next one; paying attention towards God-Almighty or world; considering the goal of life simply satisfying the animalistic passions or perusal of superior goals of attaining self-perfection and nourishment of .human virtues

Every thing, which keeps a man occupied in itself preventing him from God is remembrance and perusal of affairs related

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.Nahjul Balagha, saying ۲۶۹ –۱

.Nahjul Balagha, saying ۱۳۳ –۲

to Hereafter is considered as world. Although, it could be acquiring education, teaching, writing, and being a preacher or Imam. Even living a monastic life, being an ascetic, and being continuously engaged in worship, if is done for the sake of other than God, will be considered as world

Therefore, it becomes explicitly clear that all the worldly people do not possess the same position; similar is the case with the Next Worlders; some of the worldly people are completely attached to the world and are totally negligent from God and Hereafter –such people are called the servants of world or worldly. Opposite to that, there are pure sincere servants of God–Almighty who are totally committed to Him and Hereafter and do not have any other goal except seeking His Pleasure

Among these two opposite groups there exist various ranks and positions. The degree of worldliness of each one depends to the extent of his being attached to the world and is being away from God's Nearness in the same proportion. On the opposite side, as much as one is busy in God's Remembrance and Hereafter, will be considered abandoner of the world in the same proportion, or in other words it could be said, that being worldly or being Next Worlorder are two relative acts

### **Piety, the Most Important Factor for Purification**

**point**

In the Islamic School, piety has been assigned the most important position and the pious believers are regarded as the most distinguished and respectable persons in an Islamic Society. The phrase piety in the Qur'anic

verses and narrations, and especially in the glorious book of Nahjul-Balagha (The Path of Eloquence) has been repeated quite frequently. The Holy Qur'an considers piety as the sole criteria for appraising the value and worth of individuals and said

إِنَّ أَكْرَمَكُمْ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ اتَّقَاكُمْ

(Lo! the noblest of you, in the sight of God-Almighty is the best in conduct. (۴۹: ۱۳)

The piety has been introduced as the best provisions for the Hereafter, and greatest means for achieving salvation. the Holy Qur'an said

لِلَّذِينَ أَحْسَنُوا مِنْهُمْ وَاتَّقَوْا أَجْرٌ عَظِيمٌ

(For such of them as do right and ward off (evil), there is great reward (۳: ۱۷۲)

:And said

فَمَنْ اتَّقَىٰ وَأَصْلَحَ فَلَا خَوْفٌ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا هُمْ يَحْزَنُونَ

Then whosoever refrainth from evil and amendeth -there shall no fear come upon them" (neither shall they grieve. (۷: ۳۵

:And said

وَسَارِعُوا إِلَىٰ مَغْفِرَةٍ مِّن رَّبِّكُمْ وَجَنَّةٍ عَرْضُهَا السَّمَاوَاتُ وَالْأَرْضُ أُعِدَّتْ لِلْمُتَّقِينَ

And vie one with another for forgiveness from your Lord, and for a Paradise as wide as" (are the Heavens and the earth, prepared for those who ward off (evil). (۳:۱۳۳

:And said

إِنَّ الْمُتَّقِينَ فِي جَنَّاتٍ وَنَعِيمٍ فَاكِهِينَ بِمَا آتَاهُم رَّبُّهُمْ

Lo! Those who kept their duty dwell in gardens and delight, happy because of what their" (Lord hath given them. (۵۲:۱۷-۱۸

Also, in the Nahjul Balagha and other books of traditions, piety has been assigned the most distinguished position in all ethical matters, and is the greatest means for achieving prosperity and salvation. The Commander of the Faithful Imam 'Ali (a.s.) has said



قال على عليه السلام: التقى رئيس الاخلاق.

Piety acquires the most prominent”

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position in all ethical affairs.”Nahjul Balagha, saying ٤١

:The Holy Prophet (S) said

قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: خصله من لزمها اتعته الدنيا والاخره وربح الفوز بالجنه قيل وماهى يا رسول الله؟ قال: التقوى, من اراد ان يكون اعزا الناس فليثق الله عز وجل ثم تلا: ومن يتق الله يجعل له مخرجا ويرزقه من حيث لا يحتسب.

There is a characteristic that whoever acquires it will have the world and Hereafter in his”  
?control. He was asked: 'Oh Prophet of God! What is that characteristic

The Prophet (S) replied: 'Piety! Whoever desires to become the most dearest person”  
:should become pious, and then he recited the following verse

And who so ever keepth his duty to God, He will appoint a way out for him. And will  
(١)(٣-٢:٤٥) provide for him from (a quarter) whence he hath no expectation.

:The Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) has said

قال على عليه السلام: واعلموا عبادالله أن المتقين ذهبوا بعاجل الدنيا و آجل الآخرة، فشاركوا أهل الدنيا في دنياهم، ولم يشاركهم أهل الدنيا في آخرتهم. سكنوا الدنيا بأفضل ما سكنت و أكلوها بأفضل ما أكلت، فحظوا من الدنيا بما حظى به المترفون وأخذوا منها ما أخذه الجبابرها المتكبرون. ثم انقلبوا عنها بالزاد المبلغ و المتجر الرباح أصابوا لذه زهد الدنيا في دنياهم، و تيقنوا أنهم جيران الله غدا في آخرتهم لا ترد لهم دعوته، و لا ينقص لهم نصيب من لذه.

Know, O' creatures of God, that the God-fearing have Shared the joys of this transient”  
world as well as the Next World, for they shared with the people of this world in

p: ١٥٨

their worldly matters while their people did not share with them in the matters of the Next  
.World

They lived in this world in the best manner of living and ate the choicest food and consequently they enjoyed herein all that the people with ease of life enjoyed, and secured from it what the haughty and the vain secured

Then, they departed from it after taking provision enough to take them to the end of their journey and after doing a profitable transaction. They tasted the pleasure of renouncing the world in this world, and they firmly believed that on the coming day in their next life they would be neighbors of God, where their call would not be repulsed nor would their [\(share of pleasure be small.\)](#)<sup>(۱)</sup>

:The commander of the faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) said

قال على عليه السلام: عليكم بتقوى الله فانها تجمع الخير ولا- خير غيرها ويدرك بها من الخير ما لا يدركك غيرها من خير الدنيا والاخره.

Don't give up piety because it is the source of all benevolence and goodness,. blessing” except piety does not exist; and the blessing which is achieved by means of piety can [\(never be obtained without it,. be it blessing of this world or the Hereafter.\)](#)<sup>(۲)</sup>

:Imam al-Sajjad

قال السجاد عليه السلام: شرف كل عمل بالتقوى وفاز من فاز من المتقين, قال الله تبارك وتعالى ان للمتقين مفازا.

The value and worth of each deed depend upon piety; only pious people may achieve” righteousness and prosperity. God-Almighty said: Verily righteousness and prosperity [\(belong to pious people.\)](#)<sup>(۳)</sup>

In

p: ۱۵۹

۱- ۲۷. Nahjul Balagha, letter no.

۲- ۲۸۵, p. ۷۰, Bihar al-Anwar, vol.

۳- ۳۸۶, p. ۷۷, Bihar al-Anwar, vol.

some of the traditions, piety has been introduced as the most important factor for self-perfection and purification as well as the most effective medicine for curing the psychic diseases. The Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) said

قال على عليه السلام: فان تقوى الله دوادا قلوبكم وصبر عمى افئدتكم وشفاء مرض اجسادكم وصلاح فساد صدوركم وطهور دنس انفسكم وجلا غشا ابصاركم. امن فزع جاشكم وضيا سواد ظلمتكم.

Piety is the only cure for wickedness of your heart. It is the Divine Light to expel darkness” of your heart. It is a remedy for your ailing mind. It is the only way of improvement for your corrupt soul. It purifies your conscience. It brings back sight to the eyes blinded by [ignorance of truth.”](#)<sup>(۱)</sup>

### **Piety, Objective Behind the Divine Commands .1**

In Islam the piety has been introduced as a genuine moral virtue and the real aim for explanation of (Divine) Commandments. Following are some of the examples God-:Almighty said in Holy Qur’an

يَا أَيُّهَا النَّاسُ اعْبُدُوا رَبَّكُمُ الَّذِي خَلَقَكُمْ وَالَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَتَّقُونَ

Oh mankind! Worship your Lord, who hath created you and those before you, so that you”  
(may ward off (evil). (۲:۲۱)

:And said

كُتِبَ عَلَيْكُمُ الصِّيَامُ كَمَا كُتِبَ عَلَى الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَتَّقُونَ

O you believe! Fasting is prescribed for you, even as it was prescribed for those before”  
(you, that ye may ward off (evil). (۲:۱۸۳)

:And said

لَنْ يَنَالَ اللَّهَ لُحُومُهَا وَلَا دِمَاؤُهَا وَلَكِنْ يَنَالُهُ التَّقْوَى مِنْكُمْ

(Their flesh and their blood reach not God, but the devotion from you reacheth him. (۲۲:۳۷”

:And said

وَتَزَوَّدُوا فَإِنَّ خَيْرَ الزَّادِ التَّقْوَى

So make provisions”

p: ۱۶۰

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.Nahjul Balagha, letter no.۱۹۸ –۱

(for yourself (Hereafter) ); for the best provision is to ward off evil. (۲:۱۹۷)

Therefore, it could be seen that the aim behind explaining some of these commandments or worships is actually to encourage people to acquire piety by performing those particular acts of worships. Piety in Islam have been attached so much importance that it has been introduced as the sole criteria for the acceptance of other deeds, so much so that the deed without piety shall be worthless and will not be accepted

:The Holy Qur'an said

إِنَّمَا يَتَقَبَّلُ اللَّهُ مِنَ الْمُتَّقِينَ

(God accepteth only from those who ward off evil. (۵:۲۷”

:The Holy Prophet (S) said to Abu Dharr

قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وعليه: يا اباذر! كن بالعمل بالتقوا اشد اهتماما منك بالعمل, فانه لا يقل عمل بالتقوا وكيف بكل ما يتقبل بقول الله انما يتقبل الله من المتقين.

Try your best to acquire piety, because, nothing accompanied by piety shall be regarded” smaller, and how come a thing accepted by God-Almighty, could be regarded smaller?

“(1) Because, the Holy Qur'an said: God accepts only from pious ones.”

:Imam al Sadiq (a.s.) said

قال ابو عبدالله عليه السلام: لا يغرنك بكائهم انما التقوى في القلب.

“(2) Do not let their crying deceive you, because, the piety exists only in heart.”

:God-Almighty said in Holy Qur'an

وَإِنْ تَصْبِرُوا وَتَتَّقُوا فَإِنَّ ذَلِكَ مِنْ عَزْمِ الْأُمُورِ

(But if ye persevere and ward off (evil) }, then that of the steadfast heart of things. (۳:۱۸۶”

Therefore, as could be seen that piety in Holy Qur'an and other Islamic traditions has ,been mentioned as a genuine moral, virtue

.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۷۷, p-۸۹ -۱

Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۷۰, p-۲۸۶ -۲

best provisions for the Hereafter, important medicine for curing the heart's disease, and  
.greatest means for attaining spiritual purification and self-refinement

In emphasizing its importance, it is sufficient to say that it has been mentioned as the  
real aim behind explanation of all Divine Commandments and Regulations. Now let us  
.discuss its meanings in details

### Definition of Piety .۲

Generally, piety is defined as a negative program i.e. refraining and avoidance from sins  
and other transgressions. It is interpreted that with being pious, participation in social  
affairs is very difficult rather impossible. Because, naturally, human-self is inclined  
towards sinning and in case of acceptance of social responsibilities, one will be forced to  
indulge into sins. Therefore, either one should acquire piety or must refrain from  
.acceptance of social responsibility

Or, one must accept social responsibilities and should renounce the piety, because, they  
are not compatible with each other and their combination is not possible. The inevitable  
result of such thinking is that –the more one lives an isolated and monastic live the better  
.he will be prepared to acquire piety

But piety in some Qur'anic verses, traditions, and in the Nahjul Balagha has been defined  
as a positive quality and not a negative virtue. Piety, not only means renunciation of sins,  
rather it consists of possessing an internal energy and power of self-restraint, which are  
achieved because of undertaking continuous rigorous self-discipline, whereby self  
.acquires a super strength, which makes him obedient to God's Commandments

The self acquires such strength that he shows resistance and steadfastness against  
unlawful whims



.and passions. Also, the meanings of piety in the dictionary includes the similar aspect

The phrase piety (taqwa) is derived from the Persian word (waqaya), which means protection and defense. Piety means self-restraint and self-control which is a positive quality bestowing an immunity upon the pious, and not a negative act or program. It means commitment of a human being to obey the religious commandments

Every act of abstaining from sinning is not called as piety but the power of self-restraint and self-control responsible behind this abstaining is called piety; which has been described as the best provisions of journey for the Hereafter, and naturally making provisions for a journey is a positive act and not a negative one. Here, it would be appropriate to quote few narrations from the Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.), in this matter, as follows

قال علي (ع): اوصيكم عبادالله بتقوى الله فانها الزمام والقوام فتمسكوا بوئانقها واعتصموا بحقائقها تقول بكم الى اكنان الدعاه واوطان السعه ومعامل الحرز ومنازل العز.

O creatures of the Lord! I advise you to be afraid of Him. I advise you to adopt piety,” because, piety is the safest way to salvation and the best support for religion. Keep yourself attached to it and never forsake it. It shall lead you to places of safety, to [positions of honor and pursuits bringing you peace and contentment.”](#)

:And said

قال علي عليه السلام: فان التقوا في اليوم الحرز والجنه وفي وغد الطريق الى الجنه مسلكتها واضح وسالكها رابح ومستودعها حافظ.

Piety will act as your”

p: ١٤٣

shield and defense and in life and Hereafter as your guide to Heaven. Its ways are clear and simple. Those of you who espouse it will be benefited by it. And the one who has [\(imposed it upon you will guard it and will guard you.”\(١\)](#)

:And said

قال امير المؤمنين عليه السلام: اعلموا عبادالله ان التقوى دار حصن عزيز والفجور دار حصن ذليل لا يمنع اهله ولا يحرز من لجا اليه الا وبالتقوى تقطع حمة الخطايا.

Know O Creatures of God! That piety is strongly forfeited and a respectable Heaven, and” sinful and vicious life is such a undependable refuge that it can neither protect nor guard those who take shelter there. Remember that fear of God can protect one against the [\(evils of sins.”\(٢\)](#)

:And said

قال على عليه السلام: فان تقوى الله حمت اوليا الله محارمه والزمتم قلوبهم مخافته حيت اسهرت ليايهم واضمات هو اجرهم.

Oh people! Piety prevents good people from indulging in sins and vices; it makes them” God fearing, it persuades them to spend their nights in His Worship, and to pass their [\(days in fasting.”\(٣\)](#)

:And said

قال امير المؤمنين عليه السلام: ان التقوى عصمه لك في حياتك وزلفى بعد مماتك.

The same piety is shelter for you in this world, and will be a source of prosperity and” [\(salvation in the Hereafter.”\(٤\)](#)

As could be seen that the piety in the above mentioned narrations has been introduced as a positive virtue, a powerful force introducing restrain and immunity and an important preventing factor. It should be compared to a bridle used for training

p: ١٤٤

.Nahjul Balagha, sermon ۱۱۴ -۳

.Ghirar al-Hukm, p-۲۲۲ -۴

a mulish horse for riding or restraining and controlling the whims and passions of a rebellious-self

It is like a formidable fortress and firm fortification which protect a human being from the devastating attacks of internal enemies i.e. the unlawful selfish whims and passions and Satanic whispers. It is like a shield (۱) which protects a struggler in the battle-field from the piercing of poisonous arrows and other Satanic devastating blows

Piety frees a person from the imprisonment of whims and passions and cuts off the chains of greed, prejudice, lust, and wrath wrapped around his neck. Piety is not a limitation, but on the contrary it bestows the mastership and being in control of one's own-self. It bestows upon a human being prestige, honor, nobility, power, dignity, and steadfastness

It protects the heart from Satanic assaults, thus, making it readied for the descent of God's angels, illuminating him with Divine-Light and bestowing upon him peace and tranquility. Piety for human being is like his home and clothing which protects him from natural calamities, cold and hot temperatures. God-Almighty, in Holy Qur'an said

وَلِبَاسُ التَّقْوَىٰ ذَٰلِكَ خَيْرٌ

(But the best raiment is the raiment of righteousness. (۷:۲۶)

Therefore, piety is a virtue, excellence, provision for the Hereafter, and is not a negative quality. Of course, in the Holy Qur'an and in traditions piety has also been used in places of fear and avoidance of sins but these are the requirements of piety –and not piety itself

### Piety and Seclusion .۳

Therefore, monasticism, and declining acceptance of social responsibilities not

p: ۱۶۵

An impatient (or impious) person could be compared to a soldier in the battle-field, who –۱ is fighting virtually naked without armor. Such an ill-equipped soldier is most likely to be killed and disappear from the scene during the very first encounter, with the same analogy a patient (pious) person could be compared to a soldier, who is clad in a coat of

mail from head to toe and is fully equipped with all the required armaments. Obviously, to defeat such a well equipped soldier by the enemy is relatively a difficult task. Discourse of [Patience, Ayatullah Khamenei, p-۱۰۲ [Tr

only cannot be considered as manifestations of piety, but on the contrary in some cases they are contradictory with righteousness. Islam does not believe in seclusion and monasticism, and in order to refrain from sins, it does not recommend its followers to decline acceptance of social responsibilities and living a secluded life, rather emphasizes them to accept social obligations, while at the same time by means of piety should practice self-restraint and self-control for avoiding sins and deviations

Islam does not say: don't accept lawful positions of power rather says: do accept them but for the sake of God's Pleasure, serve the people, and don't be a slave of rank and position. Don't allow your position and authority as a mean of accomplishing your sole aim of satisfying selfish whims and passions and don't deviate from the straight path

Islam does not say: in order to acquire piety close your business activities and don't make efforts for earning a living, instead it says: Don't be a slave and prisoner of world. Islam does not say: quite this world and live a monastic life to worship God-Almighty is :seclusion, rather it says

Do live in this world and do your best for its development and progress but don't become worldly or becoming infatuated with its charms -instead, utilize it for attaining higher exalted spiritual stations, and ascension towards God's Nearness. This is what piety is supposed to be in Islamic school, which has been described as one of the most exalted human virtue

.or characteristic

## Piety and Insight .۴

It may be interpreted from the Qur'anic verses and traditions that piety bestows upon and human being a sense of profound insight and intelligence enabling him to diagnose, and to follow up his genuine interests of this world and Hereafter. Following is an example:

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا إِن تَتَّقُوا اللَّهَ يَجْعَل لَّكُمْ فُرْقَانًا

Oh ye who believe! If you keep your duty to God, He will give you discrimination” ((between right and wrong). (۸:۲۹)

That is, God-Almighty open his esoteric eyes bestowing upon him a special insight to enable him to diagnose his prosperity, adversity, benefits and losses. In other verse God-Almighty said

وَآتَقُوا اللَّهَ □ وَيُعَلِّمُكُمُ اللَّهُ □ وَاللَّهُ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيمٌ

(Observe your duty to God. God is teaching you and God is knower of all things. (۲:۲۸۲”

Although, the Holy Qur'an has been descended from the Heavenly-Kingdom for the common people but especially the pious people receive guidance and advice. It is in this background that the Holy Qur'an said

□ هَذَا بَيَانٌ لِلنَّاسِ وَهُدًى وَمَوْعِظَةٌ لِّلْمُتَّقِينَ

This is a declaration for mankind, a guidance and an admonition unto those who ward off” (evil. (۳:۱۳۸)

:Imam al-Sadiq (a.s.) quoted a tradition from his father

عن ابى عبد الله عليه السلام قال: كان ابى يقول: ما من شىء افسد للقلب من الخطيئه ان القلب ليوقع الخطيئه فما تزال به حتى تغلب عليه فيصير اسفله اعلاه واعلاه اسفله.

For heart's corruption there is nothing more damaging than sinning, in which case the hearts struggles and offers resistance against sins until it becomes completely subdued

(by sins becoming an overturned heart.”[\(۱\)](#)

,Therefore

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.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۷۰, p-۵۴-۱



it could be inferred from such verses and traditions that piety is responsible for enhancement of reason with insight and brightness as well as strengthening his power of comprehension. The faculty of reason, a precious Celestial Jewel, has been bestowed to enable him to correctly identify and diagnose his gains and losses, prosperity and adversely, welfare and wickedness, and last but not the least do's and don'ts. The  
:Commander of the Faithful Imam 'Ali (a.s.) has said

قال علي عليه السلام: العقل رسول الحق.

“[1](#)” The reason within human body is like the messenger of God.”

Such an important mission has been assigned to reason, and it is quite competent to discharge this responsibility, only if, self's whims and passions accept its rule, do not oppose, sabotage, and create problems in its administration. Unfortunately, passions are bitter enemy of reason and do not allow it to perform his function in an excellent manner.

:The Commander of the Faithful Imam 'Ali (a.s.) said

قال علي عليه السلام: الهوى عدو العقل.

“[2](#)” Whims and passions of self are the enemies of reason”

:And said

قال امير المؤمنين عليه السلام: من لم يملك شهوته لم يملك عقله.

“[3](#)” Whoever does not have control over his passions will not be the master of his reason.”

:And said

قال علي عليه السلام: العجب يقسد العقل.

“[4](#)” Self-conceit and egotism corrupts reason.”

:And said

قال علي عليه السلام: اللجوج لا رأى له.

“[5](#)” An obstinate person does not have correct opinion.”

It is true that the ruling authority over human body has been assigned to reason (Aql) which is quite competent for this job, but

p: ۱۶۸

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.Ghirar al-Hukm, vol. ۱, p-۱۳ -۱

.Ghirar al-Hukm, p-۱۳ -۲

.Ghirar al-Hukm, p-۷۰۲ -۳

.Ghirar al-Hukm p-۲۶ -۴

.Ghirar al-Hukm, p-۳۱ -۵

self's whims and passions are the biggest obstacles in its path. If, one of the passions or all of them became out of control and revolted against it, than how could the reason will succeed in discharging its function well? Such a person does possess reason but lacks the .sense of comprehension and correct diagnosis

He does possess a lamp but the whims, passions, lusts, and wrath like a dark thick cloud have covered it completely, thus, not making him appreciate his welfare and control his .rebellious passions

When could an egotistic person find an opportunity to identify his faults and take the corrective action? Likewise, how could he refrain himself from moral indecencies such as wrath, jealousy, greed, revenge, stubbornness, ambitions for wealth, passion, and ?power

If one of them or more succeed in taking over self's control, they will prevent the reason to truly apprehend the realities, and in case it wants to take action against their wishes, they will oppose it by creating troubles and mobilizing their partisans for rebellion, making environment unfavorable for the rule of reason, and ultimately making it helpless to .discharge its obligations properly

A person who is a prisoner of his whims and passions could not be benefited by lectures and preaching, rather it produces opposite reaction, thus, increasing his hard-heartedness. Therefore, piety may be considered as one of the best and most effective factor of insight, enlightenment, and conscientiousness. In the end it must be clarified that when it said that piety is

responsible in enhancing the sense of insight –it means the practical aspects of reason, .ability to diagnose the duties, or in other words recognize the do's and don'ts

It has nothing to do as for as the theoretical aspects of wisdom are concerned; it is not so that an impious person would not be able to understand mathematical and scientific problems, however piety to a certain extent might be effective in enhancing the power of .intelligence and comprehension in these matters

### Piety and Victory over the Difficulties .۵

One of the most important effects of piety is the ability to dominate over the difficulties of :day to day life. God–Almighty said in Holy Qur'an

وَمَنْ يَتَّقِ اللَّهَ يَجْعَلْ لَهُ مَخْرَجًا وَيَرْزُقْهُ مِنْ حَيْثُ لَا يَحْتَسِبُ

And whosoever keepeth his duty to God, He will appoint a way out for him, and will” (provide for him from (a quarter) whence he hath no expectation. (۶۵:۲-۳)

:And said

يُسِّرًا وَمَنْ يَتَّقِ اللَّهَ يَجْعَلْ لَهُ مِنْ أَمْرِهِ

(And whosoever keepeth his duty to God, He maketh his course easy for him. (۶۵:۴”

:The Commander of the Faithful and Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) said

قال امير المؤمنين عليه السلام: فمن اخذ بالتقوى عزبت عنه الشدائد بعد دنوها واحلوت له الامور بعد مرارتها وانفرجت عنه الامواج بعد تراكمها واسهلت له الصعاب بعد انصابها.

Do you know how piety. helps those who make It the basic : principles of their lives ? It” wards off the calamities which have crowded round them and laid siege of them. It converts bitter disappointments of their affairs into pleasant achievements. It acts as a break water

against the waves of disasters and destruction which want to dash against lives and [ambitions.](#)"(۱)

Therefore, it can be inferred from the above mentioned verses and traditions that piety helps a person in solving his problems and overpowering the obstacles in his day to day life. Now let us see what influence does piety exert in these matters? The life's hardships :can be divided into two categories

The problems of first category consist of physical- bodily defects, incurable fatal diseases, unpredictable natural disasters, and similar other calamities whose solution and prevention is out of our control. The problems of second category consist of psychological, physical, family, and social problems, where our intentions and decisions .could be influential in their solution and even prevention

Of course, piety could play an important role in offering solutions for each one of the above mentioned problems. Although, in the former case, even though prevention may be difficult, and total avoidance might be practically impossible but still the technique of .how to encounter these problems is in our control

A self-restraint and pious person who completely dominates over his passions regards this world and its problems as transient and short lived, while considers the Hereafter as real and permanent abode; rests his trusts upon the Supreme and Absolute Power of God-Almighty; treats the hardships and difficulties of this world as insignificant and temporary; does not become desperate and anxious, rather offers his absolute .surrender to the Divine Will

A pious person is familiar as well as confident about God-Almighty

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and Hereafter; calamities and hardships of day-to-day life do not disturb his state of ease and tranquility, because, hardships, calamities, and tragedies in essence are not painful, rather it is the anxiety and intolerance of self which makes a person uncomfortable, and .piety could be helpful for him in such cases

But most of the severe problems and catastrophes of the second category which make the human life bitter like burning Hell are the result of moral indecencies, self-whims and .passions, and domination of Satanic desires

In majority of the cases the family problems are created because of failure on the part of husband, wife, or both of them, in controlling passions, thus, burning and frightening in .the fire, which was ignited by their own hands. Similar is the case with other problems

The moral vices such as jealousy, revengefulness, stubbornness, prejudice, egotism, greed, lust, wrath, extravagance, arrogance, and other similar rascalities are responsible for causing problems and hardships for human beings, creating pains and anxiety, and turning the sweetness of life into bitterness. Such a person is a prisoner of his carnal desires and passions to the extent that he is even helpless to identify his disease and its .treatment

The best and most effective thing which could prevent such catastrophies is the same piety, self-restraint or self-control. In the life of a pious such painful horrible catastrophies do not exist at all; with tranquility of heart and enlightenment, he lives a peaceful life as well manages to collect sufficient provisions for

Hereafter. The love of world is the roots of all evils but a pious person does not become infatuated with its allurements and charms. The Commander of the Faithful Imam 'Ali (a.s.) has said

قال علي عليه السلام: اياك وحب الدنيا فانها اصل كل خطيئه ومعدن كل بليه.

“Be careful of world’s love because, it is the roots of all sins.”<sup>(١)</sup>

### Piety and Freedom ٤٩

It is quite possible that someone may infer that piety deprives freedom and creates limitations making life difficult and unpleasant, but Islam rejects this belief and on the contrary consider piety as the source of freedom, comfort, dignity exaltedness, and regards an impious person simply as a prisoner or slave. The Commander of the Faithful Imam 'Ali (a.s.) has said

قال علي عليه السلام: فان تقوى الله مفتاح سداد وذخيره معاد وعتق من كل ملكه وتجاه من لك هلكه.

Verily piety is a key to the doors of righteousness and virtue. It is a provision for the Next World. It is a source of freedom from slavery of evil desires and a wall of protection from every ill-luck and misfortune. It is a refuge for those who try to run away from vice and wickedness and through it a person can achieve his aim.”<sup>(٢)</sup>

:And said

قال علي عليه السلام: لا شرف اعلى من الاسلام ولا عزا عز من التقوى ولا معقل احسن من الورع.

There is no distinction higher than Islam, no honor more honorable than fear of God'; no”  
asylum better than self-restraint.”<sup>(٣)</sup>

In the above traditions piety has been introduced as the key for

p: ١٧٣

١- Ghirar al-Hukm, p-١٥٠

٢- Nahjul Balagha, sermon ٢٣٠

٣- Nahjul Balagha, saying ٣٧١

solution of problems, bestower of freedom and dignity, rescuer from the waves of disasters and destruction, and as the most formidable shelter for human beings

Therefore, piety does not deprive and create limitations, rather it revives human personality and free a human being from the imprisonment of carnal desires, wraths, revengefulness, selfishness, self-conceit, prejudices, stubbornness, greed, mammonism, egotism, selfishness, ambitiousness, gluttony, and desire for fame and publicity

It strengthens wisdom and human personality in order to dominate over the passions and rebellious self, adjust them in accordance to genuine requirements, provide leadership to guide them properly preventing extravagance and dissipation of forces

The Holy Qur'an considers the persons who become prisoners and slaves of their desires, endeavored to satisfy their passions, did not recognize any limits in order to satisfy their carnal desires as idolaters and self-worshippers. The Holy Qur'an said

أَفَرَأَيْتَ مَنِ اتَّخَذَ إِلَهَهُ هَيْوَاهُ وَأَضَلَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ عِلْمٍ وَخَتَمَ عَلَىٰ سَمْعِهِ وَقَلْبِهِ وَجَعَلَ عَلَىٰ بَصِيرَتِهِ غِشَاوَةً فَمَنْ يَهْدِيهِ مِنْ بَعْدِ اللَّهِ ۗ أَفَلَا تَذَكَّرُونَ

Hast thou seen him who maketh his desire his god, and God sendeth him astray purposely, and sealeth up his hearing and his heart, and setteth on his sight a covering? (Then who will lead him after God (hath condemned him)? Will you rest them heed?" (۴۵:۲۳)

Yes! The person who has surrendered himself absolutely to his whims and passions, in order to accomplish his passionate desires strives frantically and does not hesitate to indulge into most degrading acts, does not pay attention to the voice



of wisdom and guidance of prophets, such a person is indeed is a slave and prisoner of his .self

His passions have completely dominated and imprisoned his human personality and the precious jewel of wisdom, and in order to rescue them there is no other alternative except piety. Therefore, piety does not create limitations rather blesses human beings .with freedom

### **Piety and Treatment of Diseases .۷**

It was earlier prove that moral abjectnesses such as: jealousy, hatred, revenge, fault-finding, wrath, prejudice, greed, egotism, arrogance, fear , indecisiveness, temptation, and similar other things are psychological diseases. The hearts of such people are indeed sick. Also, it has been confirmed that between the man and his self not only there exists a firm connection rather they are united, and because of this connection and .communication they exert an influence upon each and other

Physical sicknesses make the self-disturbed and uncomfortable, and similarly opposite to that psychological diseases effect human body and nerves. In majority of cases the psychological diseases and nervous disorders are the result of moral abjectness. Even some of the bodily diseases like ulcer and swelling of intestine, indigestion, acidity, headache, and stomachache are more likely the result of moral abjectness such as; .jealously, hatred, greed, egotism, and ambitiousness

It is has been proved beyond doubt that excessive indulgence into sexual activities results in dangerous fatal bodily diseases such as AIDS etc. Therefore, as was mentioned earlier the sole curing medicine for such psychological diseases is piety. It could be said that piety plays the most effective role as

far as the treatment of psychological and physical diseases, hygiene, and fitness of human beings are concerned. The Commander of the Faithful Imam 'Ali (a.s.) has said

فان تقوى الله دوا قلوبكم, وبصر عمى أفندتكم, وشفاء مرض اجسادكم, وصلاح فساد صدوركم, وطهور دنس انفسكم, وجلا عشا بصاركم, وامن فزع جاشكم وضيا سواد ظلمتكم.

Certainly piety is the medicine for your hearts, sight for the blindness of your spirits, the cure for the ailments of your bodies, the rectifier of the evils of your breasts, the purifier of the pollution of your minds, the light of the darkness of your eyes, the consolidation for the fear of your heart, and the brightness for the gloom of your ignorance.”<sup>(۱)</sup>

### (The Characteristics of Pious (Sermon of Hamam

In order to appreciate the attributes of piety and to understand its profundities in detail, let us quote here the famous sermon of Hamam from the Nahjul-Balagha explaining the qualities of pious and God-fearing persons. In this sermon the Commander of the Faithful Imam 'Ali (a.s.) has explained what piety really means and what sort of human beings pious people are, describing the graphic details of their ways of living, thinking, praying, and dealing with other men

Hamam was one of the companions of Imam 'Ali (a.s.), a very pious and God fearing man. He once asked Imam to explain at length the qualities of pious person. He wanted the explanation to be so graphic and so vivid that he could get the picture of a pious man in his mind's eyes. Imam knew that

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Hamam had a very tender heart and was disinclined to explain piety in the way that  
.Hamam had requested and evading the subject he replied

Hamam! Fear God and do good deeds. Remember that God is always a companion of”  
pious and good people! “ But Hamam was not satisfied with this reply and wanted to say  
something more. He pressed so much and others joined him and seconded his request  
that Imam reluctantly delivered the following sermon. After praising the Lord and praying  
:Him to bless the Holy Prophet (a.s.) Imam thus, continued the sermon as follows

When God created mankind He was not in need of their obedience and prayers, neither”  
was He nervous of their disobedience. Because, disobedience or insubordination of men  
cannot harm Him, similar obedience of obedient people cannot do Him any good. He is  
.beyond the reach of harm and benefit

After creating man He decided for him the variety of food which his body could absorb  
and assimilate, and the places which were congenial for him to live and to propagate.

“.Among these human beings excellent are those who are pious and who fear God

They possess pre-eminence and excellence because they always speak truthfully,”  
rightly and to the point, their way of living is based upon moderation, and their mode of  
dealing with other men is founded on their good will, fellow feeling and courtesy towards  
them. They deny themselves the things prohibited by God. They concentrate their minds  
upon knowledge of things which will

.bring them eternal bliss

They bear hardships and sufferings as happily as they enjoy comforts and pleasures. If God had not fixed the span of life for each one of them, their souls in desire of attaining His Heaven and out of fear of falling into His displeasure, would not have stayed in their  
“bodies for long

They have visualized mentally the glory of God in such a way that beyond him nothing in” this world alarms, frightens or awes them. Everything other than His might appears to them as insignificant and humble. They believe in the Heaven and its blessings like a person who has been there and has actually seen everything of the Heaven with his own  
.eyes

Similarly, their faith in the Hell and its torments is as strong as that of a person who had passed through its sufferings. They feel that the tortures of the Hell are around them and  
“very near to them

The ways of worldly people make them sorry. They harm nobody. They do not indulge in” excessive eating and pleasure seeking. Their wants are limited. Their wishes are few. They have accepted patiently sufferings and adversities in this mortal and transitory life for the sake of eternal bliss which by the grace of God proved for them a very profitable  
.transaction

The vicious world desired their fellowship but they turned their faces away from it. It wanted to snare them, but they willingly accepted every trouble and discomfort to free  
themselves from its

“.clutches

Their nights they spend in carefully studying the Qur'an, because, of their weaknesses" and short-comings, and try to find ways from this Holy book for improvements of their minds. In the study of the Qur'an when they came across a passage describing the Heaven they feel highly attracted towards it and develop such a keen desire to reach it; that the Heaven with all its blessings is visualized by their minds, while a passage about the Hell frightens them and makes them feel as if they are seeing and hearing the raging  
“.fire and the groans and lamentations of those who are suffering the tortures of the Hell

Nights they spend in praying before the Lord and requesting and beseeching Him to" deliver them from the Hell. Days find them occupied with such works that clearly indicate their wisdom, depth of knowledge, virtuousness, and piety. Constant fasting, simple diet: avoidance of every aspect of luxury and regular hard work make them look lean and  
.haggard, but they possess very sound and robust health

When people hear them discussing various problems of life they often take them to be whimsical fanatic or even half-witted. But it is not so, they are not satisfied with the quality and quantity of the work done by them in the cause of religion and humanity .The more they work the less they feel satisfied. Having set up a very high standard of efficiency for their work they fell nervous that indolence may not make it impossible

“for them to attain those heights

If anyone of them is praised for piety, virtuousness and the good deeds done by him, he” does not like to be so complimented; he is afraid that such praise may not allure him towards vanity, self flattery, and self glorification. He says, I know my mind and my work .more than others, and God knows much more than me

O Lord! Please do not hold me responsible for what they have said about me. You know very well that I did not instigate them for such praises. Please Lord! Grant me excellence far greater than what they complimented me for. And Lord! Please forgive those of my “sins short-comings which they do not know

You will find every pious person possessing the following attributes. He is resolute” though tender-hearted and kind. He is unwavering in his convictions and beliefs. He is thirsty for knowledge. He forgives those who harmed him, fully knowing that they have wronged him. Even when owning wealth his ways of life are based upon moderation. His prayers are models of humility and submissiveness to God. Even when starving he will “maintain his self-respect. He will bear sufferings patiently

He will resort only to honest means of living. Leading others towards truth and justice,” will give him pleasure. He disdains avarice and greed. Though he does good deeds all the time, yet he feels nervous of his short-comings. Every night, he thanks God for having passed one more day under His Grace and

.Mercy

Every morning finds him starting the day with the prayers of the Lord. Of nights he is cautious that he may not carelessly waste those hours in comfort and ease. He starts his  
“days happy with the thought the Lord has given him another day to do his duty

If his mind wishes for something unholy and impious he refuses to obey its dictates. He”  
desires to achieve eternal bliss. Worldly pleasures do not interest him. His wisdom is  
mixed with patience. His deeds reciprocate his words (he does what he says). Inordinate  
.desires do not trouble him. He has few defects in him. He is courteous to others

He possesses a contented mind. He eats little, he does not harm anybody. He is easy to  
“be pleased. He is strong in his faith. His passions are dead. His temper is controlled

People expect good out of him and consider themselves immune from his harm. Even if”  
he is found among godless people his name will be written in the list of Godly persons. If  
he is in company of those who always remember God, naturally his name will not be  
included amongst those who forget Him. He forgives those who harm him. He helps those  
.who have forsaken him and have refused to help him

He is kind to those who have been cruel to him. He does good to those who do evil to him.  
He never indulges in loose talks. He has no vice in him, and his

good qualities are outstanding, noticeable, and prominent, when facing dangers and disasters he is calm and undisturbed. In sufferings and calamities he is patient and hopeful. In prosperity he is thankful to God. He would not harm his worst enemy. He will  
“never commit a sin even for the sake of his best friend

Before anybody has to bear testimony to his fault he accepts and owns it. He never” misappropriates anything entrusted to him. He never forgets what he has been told. He  
.does not slander anybody. He does not harm his neighbors

When misfortunes befall any person he does not blame him, neither is he happy at the losses of others. He neither goes astray from the right path nor follows a wrong one. His  
.silence does not indicate, his moroseness nor his laughters are loud and boisterous

He bears persecution patiently and God punishes his oppressor. He is hard to himself and very lenient to others. He bears hardships in this life to attain eternal comfort and peace. He never wrongs a fellow being. If he avoids anybody it is to retain his piety and uprightness. If he forms contract with anybody it is on account of his kindness and  
.clemency

He does not avoid anybody because of his pride and vanity, and he does not mix with  
others with ulterior motives of hypocrisy, pretense, and vile.”[\(1\)](#)

The narrator says that Hamam was hearing the sermon very attentively when Imam” reached the above passage, Hamam fainted and died it

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during the faint. Seeing this Imam said: “By God, I was hesitating to all this to Hammam because of this very reason. Effective advises on minds ready to receive them often bring .“almost similar result

### Supervision – the Most Important Factor for Self–restraint

#### point

One of the most important factors for self building and self–refinement is guarding, supervising, and paying attention towards the self. A wise person who is concerned about his well–being and prosperity would not remain ignorant about his own moral abjectness and psychological disease rather he would be continuously guarding and supervising his self and would be strictly controlling his habits, etiquettes, actions, deeds, and even :thoughts. We would discuss this matter in details as follows

#### Recordings of Deeds .1

The Qur’anic verses and traditions from the Holy Prophet (S) and his Ahlul Bayt (a.s.) indicate that all actions, deeds, sayings, even breathings, intentions, and thoughts of human beings are recorded in his letter of deeds, will remain filed for the Day of Resurrection, and each person will be judged on that Day strictly in accordance to his :performance. For example: God–Almighty said in Holy Qur’an

يَوْمَئِذٍ يَصُدُّرُ النَّاسُ أَشْتَاتًا لِيُرَوْا أَعْمَالَهُمْ فَمَنْ يَعْمَلْ مِثْقَالَ ذَرَّةٍ خَيْرًا يَرَهُ وَمَنْ يَعْمَلْ مِثْقَالَ ذَرَّةٍ شَرًّا يَرَهُ

That day mankind will issue forth in scattered groups to be shown their deeds. And” whoso doth good an atom's weight will see it then. And whoso doth ill on atoms weight will (see it then. (۹۹: ۶–۸

:And said

وَوُضِعَ الْكِتَابُ فَتَرَى الْمُجْرِمِينَ مُشْفِقِينَ مِمَّا فِيهِ وَيَقُولُونَ يَا وَيْلَتَنَا مَا لِ هَذَا الْكِتَابِ لَا يُغَادِرُ صَغِيرَةً وَلَا كَبِيرَةً إِلَّا

أَحْصَاهَا □ وَوَجَدُوا مَا عَمِلُوا حَاضِرًا □ وَلَا يَظْلِمُ رَبُّكَ أَحَدًا

And the book is placed, and thou seest the guilty fearful of that which is therein and they” say: What kind of a book is this that leaveth not a small thing nor a great thing but hath counted it! And they find all that they did confronting them, and Lord wrongeth no one. (۱۸:

(۴۹

:And said

يَوْمَ تَجِدُ كُلُّ نَفْسٍ مَّا عَمِلَتْ مِنْ خَيْرٍ مُحْضَرًا وَمَا عَمِلَتْ مِنْ سُوءٍ تَوَدُّ لَوْ أَنَّ بَيْنَهَا وَبَيْنَهُ أَمَدًا بَعِيدًا

On the Day when every soul will find itself confronted with all that hath done of good and” all that it hath done of evil (every soul) will long that there might be a mighty space of (distance between it and that evil. (۳:۳۰

:And said

مَا يَلْفِظُ مِنْ قَوْلٍ إِلَّا لَدَيْهِ رَقِيبٌ عَتِيدٌ

(He uttereth no word but there is with him on observer ready. (۵۰:۱۸”

Therefore, if we believe that all our movements, actions, deeds, sayings, and even thoughts are being registered, recorded, and saved then how could we remain naive ?about the consequences arising therein

## Accounting on the Judgment Day .۲

A lot of Qur’anic verses and traditions confirm that human beings will be accounted for their deeds accurately on the Day of Resurrection. All their deeds whether small a big shall be checked and even the most insignificant action shall not be neglected. e.g. God-

:Almighty said in the Holy Qur’an

وَنَضَعُ الْمَوَازِينَ الْقِسْطَ لِيَوْمِ الْقِيَامَةِ فَلَا تُظْلَمُ نَفْسٌ شَيْئًا □ وَإِنْ كَانَ مِثْقَالَ حَبَّةٍ مِنْ خَرْدَلٍ أَتَيْنَا بِهَا □ وَكَفَى بِنَا حَاسِبِينَ

And we”

set a just balance for the Day of Resurrection so that no soul is wronged in aught. Though it be of the weight of a grain of mustard seed, We will bring it. And We suffice for (reckoners). (۲۱: ۴۷)

:And said

أَنْفُسِكُمْ أَوْ تُخَفُّوهُ يُحَاسِبِكُمْ بِهِ اللَّهُ وَإِنْ تُبْدُوا مَا فِي

And whether ye make known what is in your minds or hide it, God will bring you to” (account for it). (۲:۲۸۴)

:And said

وَالْوِزْنَ يَوْمَئِذٍ الْحَقُّ □ فَمَنْ ثَقُلَتْ مَوَازِينُهُ فَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْمُفْلِحُونَ □ وَمَنْ خَفَّتْ مَوَازِينُهُ فَأُولَئِكَ الَّذِينَ خَسِرُوا أَنْفُسَهُمْ بِمَا كَانُوا بِآيَاتِنَا يَظْلِمُونَ

The weighing on that day is the true (weighing). As for as those whose scale is heavy,” they are the successful. And as for as those whose scale is light: Those are they who lose (their souls because they disbelieved Our revelations). (۷: ۸-۹)

The Holy Qur’an describes the Day of Resurrection as the Day of Auditing and God–Almighty as the one who audits promptly. According to lots of Qur’anic verses and traditions one of the most difficult stage, through which we all have to pass over on the .Day of Resurrection –is the stage of auditing of deeds

During our entire span of life we perform various deeds which are forgotten by us after a while, but they are registered and recorded in our letter of deeds by God–Almighty, in a manner that not even the smallest or insignificant action is removed from the letter of .deeds

All of them are registered and recorded right here in this world

and will remain with the human being forever, although he might be ignorant of them completely in this world, but after death when his esoteric eyes will be opened, he will see them all intact written in a single file. Then he will realize that all the actions, deeds, beliefs, and thoughts written over there are indeed belong to him and henceforth shall never be separated from him. God–Almighty said in Holy Qur’an

وَجَاءَتْ كُلُّ نَفْسٍ مَعَهَا سَائِقٌ وَشَهِيدٌ لَّقَدْ كُنْتُمْ فِي غَفْلَةٍ مِّنْ هَذَا فَكَشَفْنَا عَنْكُمْ غِطَاءَكُم فَبَصُرْتُمْ الْيَوْمَ حَرِيدٌ

And every soul cometh, along with it a driver and a witness, (and unto the evil-doer it is” said): Thou wast in heedlessness of this. Now We have removed from thee thy covering, (and piercing is thy sight this day. (٥٠: ٢١:٢٢

:The Holy Prophet (S) had said

قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: لا تزول قدما عبد يوم القيامة حتى يسأل عن اربع: عن عمره فيما افناه, وشبابه فيما ابلاه, وعن ماله من اين اكتسبه وفيما انفقته, وعن حينا اهل البيت.

On the Day of Judgment, each servant of God will not be able to move forward even a” : single step without being questioned about the following

How he spent his life ? How he spent his youth ? Through what means he earned the (money and how was it spent ? And about the friendship of us (Ahlul Bayt).” (١)

:In another narration the Prophet (S) said

في الخبر النبوي: أنه يفتح للعبد يوم القيامة على كل يوم من أيام عمره أربعة وعشرون خزانه

p: ١٨٦

عدد ساعات الليل والنهار - فخزانه يجدها مملوءه نورا وسرورا فيناله عند مشاهدتها من الفرح والسرور ما لو وزع على أهل النار لادهشهم عن الاحساس بألم النار وهى الساعه التى أطاع فيها ربه.

ثم يفتح له خزانه اخرى فيراها مظلمه منتنه مفزعه فيناله عند مشاهدتها من الفزع والجزع ما لو قسم على أهل الجنه لنغص عليهم نعيمها ، وهى الساعه التى عصى فيها ربه. ثم يفتح له خزانه اخرى فيراها فارغه ليس فيها ما يسره ولا ما يسوؤه وهى الساعه التى نام فيها أو اشتغل فيها بشئ من مباحات الدنيا فيناله من الغبن والاسف على فواتها حيث كان متمكنا من أن يملأها حسنات ما لا يوصف ومن هذا قوله تعالى, ذلك يوم التغابن.

One of the Day of Judgment when a servant of God is being readied for accounting, for” each day of his living in the world, twenty four treasure boxes (each one representing an hour) are brought in front of him. Then they open a treasure box which is full of light and joy, whereby seeing it the servant of God becomes so happy that if his happiness is distributed among all the dwellers of Hell, they will forget the pain and torture of Hell's fire  
 “...this treasure box represent the hour when he was busy in God's Worship

After that another treasure box is opened which is frightening, dark and full of odor,” whereby upon seeing it he becomes so frightened and sad that if his grief is distributed among the dwellers of Paradise, all of the blessings of Paradise

will become unpleasant for them –this treasure box represents the hour when he was  
“busy in sinning

Then another treasure box is opened before him which is completely empty and neither”  
contains deeds producing joy nor deeds producing sadness –this treasure box represents  
the period when he was either sleeping or was busy performing allowable religious acts  
.(Mubah) (which may or may not have been performed

But having seen this empty treasurer a servant of God feels sorry because he could have  
utilized this hour for doing righteous and good deeds. It is because of this reason that the  
Day of Judgment has been named by God-Almighty as the Day of Regret.”

On the Day of Judgment the accounts of our deeds will be audited swiftly and most  
accurately determining the final destinies accordingly; all the past deeds shall be  
scrutinized; human limbs and bodily members, prophets, angels, and even earth will offer  
their testimonies; it will be real tough scrutiny indeed, and will determine one's eternal  
destination

Because, of the anxiety of result the hearts palpitate and bodies tremble in fear –a fear so  
horrible and frightening that mothers will ignore the breast feeding of their babies and  
pregnant women will loose their conception by miscarriages

All are anxious and worried to learn about their ultimate consequences. Is the result of  
their scrutiny would be God's pleasure, securing a draft for freedom, being honorable  
among God's prophets and saints, eternal living in Paradise in the company of God's most  
favorite and descent

servants? Or, would it be wrath of God, humiliation and disgrace before other creatures  
?and eternal living in the Hell

Therefore, from the above narrations it could be concluded that scrutiny of people's deed is not same and differs; for some of them it would be extremely complicated and lengthy while for others it would be swift and easy. It would be done at various stops several times and at each station some of the questions would be asked. The most horrible and difficult station is the stop for oppressors, where the question are asked regarding  
.trampling of human rights, oppressions and tyrannies

Here the accounts must be settled completely and everybody should pay his debt to the creditors. Unfortunately, over there, no one possesses ready cash to pay for his debt and therefore, he has no choice except to pay from the account of his righteous deeds. If, he had some in his account, he may exchange them for clearing his debt. If, he does not possess righteous deeds in his account then in that case, the creditor's sins are  
.transferred into the balance sheet of his deeds

Any way, it is a horrible and tough day indeed, and may God helps all of us. Of course, the length and toughness of scrutiny is not same for all and differ in accordance to the magnitude of good and evil deeds, but for the pious and God's descent servants it would  
be extremely swift and easier. In replying to a question regarding the

:length of Day of Judgment the Holy Prophet (S) said

قال رسول الله صلى عليه وآله: لما سئل عن طول ذالك اليوم فقال: والذي نفسى بيده انه ليخفف على المؤمن حتى يكون اهون عليه من الصلوه المكتوبه يصلبها فى الدنيا.

By God! For believers it would be so swift and easy –even easier than recital of an”  
obligatory prayer.”(١)

### Self-scrutiny Before the Judgment Day .٣

Someone who believes in Day of Judgment, scrutiny of deeds, rewards and punishment, knows that all the deeds are registered and recorded, and verdict would be issued either good and bad; than how could such a person would remain naive about his deeds, actions, moral etiquettes, and thoughts? Wouldn't he really care about what has been done by him during the days, months, years, and entire span of his life? And what provisions have been forwarded by him for the Hereafter

One of the precondition of belief is that it demands from believers to scrutinize their accounts of deeds in this same world, must ponder profoundly about what they have done in the past, and what is being done right now? Acting in a manner like a wise businessman, who checks his accounts each day and each month, in order to determine his profits and losses. The Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) had said

قال على عليه السلام: حاسبوا انفسكم قبل ان تحاسبوا ووازنها قبل ان توازنوا.

Before being audited on the Judgment Day better self-scrutinize your deeds in this same”  
world.”(٢)

:Also said

قال على عليه السلام: من حاسب نفسه ربح.

Whoever scrutinizes the account of his”

p: ١٩٠



.Ghirar al-Hukm, p-۳۸۵ -۲

﴿self in this world would earn profit.﴾ (١)

:Imam al-Naqi (a.s.) (٢) said

عن ابي الحسن الماضي عليه السلام قال: ليس منا من لم يحاسب نفسه في كل يوم فان عمل حسنا استزاد الله وان عمل سيئا استغفر الله منه وتاب اليه.

Whoever does not scrutinize his actions daily does not belong to us; then if, he found that he has performed some righteous deeds, he should request God-Almighty to increase His Grace, and in case if he has done an evil act, he should seek pardon from God-Almighty (by offering repentance.﴾ (٣)

:The Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) has said

قال امير المؤمنين عليه السلام: من حاسب نفسه ربح ومن غفل عنه خسر ومن خاف امن ومن اعتبر ابصر ومن ابصر فهم ومن فهم علم.

Whoever scrutinize the account of his self will earn a profit and whoever will be negligent will suffer a loss, whoever is fearful in this world will be safe in the Hereafter, whoever will pay heed to counseling will see the realities; whoever is able to see the realities would (understand; and whoever understands would become wise and intelligent.﴾ (٤)

:The Holy Prophet (S) said to Abu Dharr

في وصيه النبي انه قال: يا ابا ذر! حاسب نفسك قبل ان تحاسب, فانه اهو لحسابك غذا وزن نفسك قبل ان توزن وتجهز للعرض الا-كبر يوم لا تخفى على الله خافيه (الى ان قال:). يا ابا ذر! لا يكون الرجل من المتقين حتى يحاسب نفسه اشد من محاسبه الشريك شريكه فيعلم من اين مطعمه ومن اين مشربه ومن اين ملبسه؟ امن حلال او حرام؟ يا ابا

p: ١٩١

.Ghirar al-Hukm, p-٦١٨-١

Imam al-Naqi (a.s.): The Tenth Imam ‘Ali ibn Muhammad al-Naqi (a.s.) son of Imam –٢ Muhammad al-Taqi was born on Friday ٢nd Rajab ٢١٢ A.H. in Suryah in the vicinity of Medina. He was only six years old when his father Imam al- Taqi was poisoned by Abbasid Caliph al-Mu'tasim. The Holy Imam devoted himself to the sacred mission of preaching in Medina and did, thus, earn the faith of people as well as their allegiance and recognition of his great knowledge and attributes. This reputation of the Imam evoked

the jealousy and malice of Abbasid Caliph al-Mutawakkil against him. Al-Mutawakkil imprisoned Imam under his strict vigilance for a number of years during which he was subjected to severe tortures. But even in this miserable imprisonment, the Imam kept devoting himself at all times to worship God-Almighty. The watchman of the prison used to comment that Imam al-Naqi seemed to be an angel in human grab. He was poisoned by Abbasid Caliph al-Mut'azz billah on ۲۶ Jumada'th-thaniyah ۲۵۴ AH. The Imam was only forty two years old at the time of his martyrdom. The period of his Imamat was thirty five .years. He was buried in Samarra in Iraq

.Wasail al-Shi'a, vol. ۱۱, p-۳۷۷ -۳

.Wasail al-Shi'a, vol. ۱۱ p-۳۷۹ -۴

ذرا! من لم يبال من اين اكتسب المال لم يبال الله من اين ادخله النار.

Oh Abu Dharr! Before they scrutinize your account of deeds on the Judgment Day, do” your own self-auditing in this world because today's review would be lot more easier than tomorrow's auditing on the Judgment Day, try to attain self-purification in this world instead of his being cleaned on Judgment Day -The Day when the deeds will be presented to God-Almighty and even the smallest deeds will not be hidden from him.

:Then the Holy Prophet (S) continued

O Abu Dharr! One never acquires piety unless until he self-scrutinize his own deeds -a” scrutiny much more severe than the auditing of accounts between two business associates. A man must ponder seriously as through what means has he acquired his ?means of living ? Were it earned through lawful means or through forbidden means

O Abu Dharr! Whoever does not respect the Divine limitations for earning a living, God-” Almighty too would not have slight hesitation in dispatching him inside the Hell's fire (through either passage.”(١)

:Imam al-Sajjad (a.s.) said

كان على بن الحسين عليه السلام يقول: ابن آدم! إنك لا تزال بخير ما كان لك واعظ من نفسك وما كانت المحاسبه من همك وما كان الخوف لك شعاراً والحزن لك دثاراً ابن آدم إنك ميت ومبعوث وموقوف بين يدي الله عزوجل فأعد جواباً.

O son of Adam! You will be continuously accompanied by goodness and blessing so for as” you possess a preacher in your heart, practice self-scrutiny for your

p: ١٩٢

“deeds and fear God–Almighty

O son of Adam! verily you will die, will be raised on the Resurrection–Day, and your deeds” will be judged in accordance with Divine–Justice. Therefore, get yourself readied for [\(getting scrutinized for your deeds on the Judgment Day.\)](#)”<sup>(۱)</sup>

A man is like an investor in this world, his limited capital –life span –consists of these very hours, days, weeks, months, and years. This most precious capital i.e. one's life span, either willingly or unwillingly gets consumed and eventually one approaches death. The youth turns into old age, strength gives up to weakness and sound health changes into .sick– ness

If, against this spending of capital one has performed righteous deeds and forwarded some provisions for Hereafter, then in that case he has not suffered a loss, because he .had secured for himself a happy and prosperous future

But if he wasted his precious capital consisting his life, youth, strength and physical fitness, and against all this spending no righteous deed was deposited for his Hereafter; instead, with moral abjectness, and indulgence into sins and transgressions, made his heart dark and contaminated, then he has inflicted upon himself –the most severe damage and loss, which could never be compensated. God–Almighty said in the Holy :Qur’an

وَالْعَصْرِ إِنَّ الْإِنْسَانَ لَفِي خُسْرٍ إِلَّا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ وَتَوَاصَوْا بِالْحَقِّ وَتَوَاصَوْا بِالصَّبْرِ

By the declining day; lo! Man is astate of loss, save those who believe and do good” (works, and exhort one another to truth, exhort one another to endurance (۱۰۳:۱–۳)

The Commander of

p: ۱۹۳

:the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) said

قال على عليه السلام: ان العاقل من نظر في يومه لغده وسعى في فكاك نفسه وعمل لما لا بد له ولا محيص عنه.

A wise man is the one who is all anxious today about his tomorrow –the Resurrection” Day, must strive for achieving freedom of self; Because, of the realities of death and [Resurrection Day, he has no choice except to perform righteous deeds.”](#) (١)

:Also said

قال على عليه السلام: من حاسب نفسه وقف على عيوبه واحاط بذنوبه فاستقال الذنوب واصلح العيوب.

Whoever scrutinizes his deeds will discover his faults and sins. Then, he will offer” [repentance for his sins and will strive for correcting his faults](#) “ (٢)

#### ?How to Scrutinize .٤

##### point

Supervision and management of self is not an easy task and requires determination, maturity, sincerity, efforts, endeavors, and specific program. Will the imperious–self offer surrender so easily? Will he present himself for cross–examination and verdict? Will he :agree to pay his dues so easily? The Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) said

قال على عليه السلام: من لم يس نفسه اضاعها.

Whoever has not programmed his self for performance of righteous deeds has indeed” [wasted him.”](#) (٣)

:And said

قال على عليه السلام: من اغتر بنفسه سلمته إلى المعاطب.

[Whoever is not careful of self’s frauds and cheating will be destroyed \(by self\)”](#) (٤)

:And said

قال على عليه السلام: من كان له من نفسه يقظه كان عليه من الله حفظه.

Whoever possesses self-awakening and self-enlightenment, God-Almighty will assign”  
(Divine angels for his guidance and protection.”[۵](#))

:And said

قال على عليه السلام: املكوا انفسكم بدوام جهادها.

Subdue your self through continuous struggle and”

p: ۱۹۴

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.Ghirar al-Hukm, p-۲۳۸ -۱

.Ghirar al-Hukm, p-۶۹۶ -۲

.Ghirar al-Hukm, p-۶۴۰ -۳

.Ghirar al-Hukm, p-۶۸۵ -۴

.Ghirar al-Hukm, p-۶۷۹ -۵

(resistance, and firmly take over his control.”(۱)

The self-accounting must be accomplished in three steps in order to acquire this habit  
:gradually

#### (Making Commitments (Mosharateh .۴.۱)

:The self-accounting should be started as follows

As the early hour of the day before starting daily routine activities some time must be allocated for this purpose. For example, after offering morning prayer one may sit alone  
:in an isolated place and should address to his self in the following manner

Right now, I am alive but don't know how long it may last, may be for next one hour or may be little bit more. The time of life already spent has all been wasted, and the remaining time left might be counted as capital still at my disposal. For each hour spent out of this remaining life, I could arrange some provisions for the Hereafter. If right now the Israel –the angel of death would have arrived for receiving my soul I would have  
.desired for living one more day or even one extra hour

Oh helpless poor self! Just imagine that you are in such a condition and your desire for this living a little longer has been granted and you have been allowed to return to this world. Oh self! Be kind to me as well as to yourself and don't waste these precious hours for indulgence into nonsense amusements. Don't be negligent now, otherwise you will be ashamed tomorrow on the Judgment Day –the Day when being regretful will not be of  
.any help

Oh self! For each

p: ۱۹۵



hour spent during this life God–Almighty has created a treasure box in which good and evil deeds will be deposited, to be opened on the Judgment Day. Oh self! Try to fill this treasure with righteous deeds. Be careful not to fill this treasure with sins and .transgressions

Likewise, all the parts of the body should be addressed individually to comment themselves not to commit sins. For example, the tongue should be asked that lying, backbiting, tell–bearing, fault finding, abusing, babbling, insulting, self–praising, disputing, and false testimony are moral abjectness and divinely forbidden, which destroy eternal .life of human beings

Therefore, I will not allow it to indulge in these acts. Oh tongue! Be kind to me and yourself and don't commit immoral acts because everything said will be taped and deposited into the treasure box containing the deeds and I will be accountable on the Day .of Judgment

In this manner the tongue should be required to commit itself not to indulge into sinning. After that the righteous deeds which could be performed by it should be reminded and their performance should be made obligatory during each day. For example, it could be said to the tongue: you may recite such and such invocation (dhikr), such and such supplication, may fill up the treasure box of deeds with joy and illumination and may .receive a good result in the Hereafter

Therefore, don't be negligent otherwise you will feel terribly sorry later on. Similarly, all other parts of the body should be

required to commit themselves to perform only righteous deeds and to strictly guard them against sins and transgressions

:Imam al-Sadiq (a.s.) narrated a tradition from his father as follows

عن الصادق عليه السلام قال: الليل إذا أقبل نادى مناد بصوت يسمعه الخلائق إلا الثقلين يا ابن آدم انى خلق جديد ، إننى على ما فى شهيد فخذ منى فإنى لو طلعت الشمس لم أرجع إلى الدنيا ولم تزد فى من حسنه ولم تستعتب فى من سيئه وكذلك يقول النهار إذا أدبر الليل.

When night approaches it makes an announcement which is heard by all the creation”  
:except human being and jins as follows

Oh sons of Adams! I am a new creation and will testify about all the, deeds performed during my tenure. Utilize my existence to the best of your advantage, because, after the sun-rise you will never see me again. After that you would not be able to increase your righteous deeds and offer repentance for your sins and transgressions. After the night [\(1\)](#) departs each coming day repeats the same announcement.”

It is quite possible that Satan and imperious-self may tell us: You cannot live a life with such program. Is it possible to live a life with such limitations and restrictions? How could you allocate a certain hour for auditing program every day? With these whispers the Satan and imperious-self want to deceive, thus, preventing us from taking the important decision. We must offer resistance against these Satanic plots and must neutralize them  
:by telling them

This program is absolutely feasible and does

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not have any contradiction with life's daily routine activities, and since it is necessary for attaining self-refinement and self-purification as well as for accomplishing the eternal salvation, I must undertake this program. It is not so difficult either, and once you have decided firmly it would become easier. Even if it is a little bit difficult in the beginning, .would become easier gradually

#### (Supervision and Control (Moraqebat .۴.۲

After passing through the stage of making commitments we enter into the stage of contact execution. At this stage all the self's actions should strictly be monitored all along the day to be sure that they are being performed in accordance to commitments made earlier. A human being should remain awake in all situations and should strictly guard his .actions

He should remind himself continuously: that God-Almighty watches all our actions, and must remember the commitments made earlier. Even, a slight negligence might provide opportunity for Satan and imperious-self to make their entry and, thus, disrupting the .entire program

:The Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) said

قال علي عليه السلام: إن الحازم من شغل نفسه بجهاد نفسه فأصلحها وحبسها عن أهويتها و لذاتها فملكها و إن للعاقل بنفسه عن الدنيا و ما فيها و أهلها شغلا.

A wise man offers continuous resistance against the self, endeavors for self’s correction,” preventing him following passions and in this manner makes him subdued. A wise man with absolute domination over the self will dejected from the world and its [\(۱\) allurements.”](#)

:And said

قال علي عليه السلام: من كان له من نفسه زاجر كان

p: ۱۹۸

عليه من الله حافظ.

Whoever possesses a guard to reprimand, with m his self; God–Almighty, will appoint for”  
(him Divine Protectors.”(۱)

:And said

قال على عليه السلام: الثقة بالنفس من اوثق فرص الشيطان.

Being optimistic and confident about self provides the best opportunities for Satan to”  
(deceive us.”(۲)

A cautious and aware human being is continuously occupied in God is Remembrance and sees him in His presence. He does not perform any task hastily without profound thinking and appraising all the consequences. If he commits a sin or transgression, immediately reminds himself about God–Almighty and Judgment Day and refrains from its continuation.

Does not forget his earlier commitments and in this manner keeps the self continuously subdued, preventing him from indulgence into evil and obscene deeds. This program is one of the best means for attaining self–refinement and purification.

In addition to that a cautious believer thinks continuously about obligatory and recommended deeds, fulfillment of duties, righteous deeds, and charity through out the day; try his best to offer daily prayer on preferred time with humility, devotion, and presence of mind, offering in a manner as though this would be the last prayer of his life; keeps himself occupied with remembrance of God–Almighty in all situations and involvement.

Does not spent his free time in nonsense amusements, instead utilize it to the maximum advantages of affairs related to Hereafter; knows the importance and preciousness of time and endeavors seriously for utilization of every available opportunity for achieving self–perfection; strives to perform recommended deeds (Mustahabbat) as much as

Ghirar al-Hukm, p-۶۹۸ -۱

Ghirar al-Hukm, p-۵۴ -۲

.his capacity permits

How good it is that a believer should try to become habitual of performing at least some of the recommended deeds. Remembrance of God–Almighty and recital of invocation (dhikr) is one such recommended deed which could be done easily in all circumstances

Also, it is important that a believer with sincerity and pure intention of God's Nearness (Qurbat), should direct all his daily activities for worship, spiritual migration and ascend towards God is Countenance. Even, working, eating, drinking, sleeping, marrying, and all other lawful desired acts through sincerity and pure intention could be made as part of .worshipping

Work and business if done with the intention of earning a lawful genuine living and serving the people would become an act of worship. Similarly, eating, drinking and resting if are preliminaries for living and being a devoted servant of God are considered as .worship. That is the way God's pure servant used to live and they still live in this manner

#### Accounting of Deeds .۴.۳

The third stage is the accounting of deeds performed every day. It is necessary that a person should fix a certain hour to scrutinize his deeds and the most suitable time would be the hour when he has finished all his daily activities. At this time he should sit alone in a corner and should think what he has done during this stay. He should begin from the very first hour till the last hour of the day checking every minor activity .accurately

If he finds that he has

performed a righteous deeds and worship at that time he should thank God–Almighty for bestowing his Divine grace and should decide for its continuation. But if finds that he has committed a sin or transgression he must show his wrath against the self addressing him

Oh you wretched self! Look what have you done? You destroyed my letter of deed and made it totally dark. What will be your reply to God–Almighty on the Day of Judgment? What are you going to do with the painful punishment of Hell? God–Almighty bestowed upon you life, health, and resources in order to enable you to collect provisions for Hereafter, instead you blackened your letter of deeds with sins. Why don't you consider the probability of death approaching you at this very moment? In that case, what are you going to do? Oh shameless self

How come you are not ashamed from God–Almighty? Oh you liar and wretched hypocrite! You claim to be a believer in the existence of God–Almighty and Hereafter then how come your actions reflect contradictions with your belief

Then, he should repent sincerely and should decide firmly never to indulge into sins and transgressions as well as to compensate for his past omissions. The Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) said

قال على (ع): من وبخ نفسه على العيوب ارتدعت من كثرة الذنوب.

Whoever would reprimand self for his faults and sins– would be able to restrain himself”  
[\(from indulgence into sins.”\)](#)

If he realizes that the self is showing rebellious tendencies and

p: ۲۰۱

is not ready for repentance and abstinence from sinning, then he must take a firm stand against the imperious-self through offering resistance. He may threaten the self that serious consequences will arise in case he continued to show disobedience

For example, if the self has consumed the forbidden (haram) an unlawful food, or has committed other sins then to punish him will donate some money for charity for God's pleasure, will do fasting few days, temporarily will refrain himself from eating delicious foods or cold water, or other food which is self's favorite, or will stay out side under the burning sun for a certain period

Any way, one should not show weakness and negligence against the self or otherwise he will take the upper hand eventually throwing a human being into the darkest and deepest valleys of deviations and misfortune. But if you acted strongly offering stiff resistance against him, he will become subdued

If he finds that at a particular hour he has neither performed any righteous deed nor has committed any sin even in that case he should show his anger and reprimand the self that how come this particular hour which was the precious capital of the life has been wasted for nothing? You could have performed righteous deeds in this period and could have deposited it in the accounts of your deeds for the Hereafter. Oh you wretched loser

Why have you wasted this valuable precious opportunity? You will certainly feel sorry for your this negligence on



the Day of Judgment –a Day when regret will not be of any use. In this manner, acting like a strict business associate all the daily transactions of the self should be scrutinized strictly. Of course, it would be better if the result of this scrutiny could be recorded in a notebook.

Anyway, the matter of supervision and scrutiny for attaining self-purification and refinement is an important, useful thing that is absolutely necessary; whoever is serious, and who is serious and aspires for his salvation and prosperity, should pay special attention to it.

Although, in the beginning it might appear as a difficult task but with firm determination and perseverance it would become easy and imperious-self would become subdued surrendering completely to your supervision and domination. The Holy Prophet (S) once asked his companions:

قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: الا انبئكم باكيس الكيسين واحمق الحمقا؟ قالوا: بلى يا رسول الله! قال: اكيس الكيسين من حاسب نفسه، و عمل لما بعد الموت . و احمق الحمقاء من اتبع نفسه هواه، و تمنى على الله الامانى. فقال رجل: يا رسول الله وكيف يحاسب الرجل نفسه؟ قال: إذا أصبح ثم أمسى رجع إلى نفسه فقال: يا نفس! إن هذا يوم مضى عليك لا يعود إليك أبدا والله يسألك عنه فيما أفنيت، فما الذى عملت فيه؟ أذكرت الله أم حمدته؟ أفضيت حق أخ مؤمن؟ أنفست عنه كربه؟

أحفظت به بظهر الغيب فى أهله وولده؟ أحفظت به بعد الموت فى مخلفيه؟ أكففت عن غيبه أخ مؤمن بفضل جاهك؟ أعنت مسلما؟ ما الذى صنعت فيهمان ذكر أنه

جرى منه خير، حمد الله عز وجل وكبره على توفيقه. وإن ذكر معصيه أو تقصيرا إستغفر الله وعزم على ترك معاودته، ومحا ذلك عن نفسه بتجديد الصلاه على محمد وآله الطيبين وعرض بيعه أمير المؤمنين على نفسه وقبولها وإعاد الله لعن شائيه وأعدائه ودافعيه عن حقوقه. فاذا فعل ذلك قال الله: لست أناقشك فى شىء من الذنوب مع موالاتك أوليائى، ومعادتك أعدائى.

Shouldn't I inform you about the most intelligent person among the intelligent and the  
"most stupid one among the stupid

‘They replied: 'Oh Prophet of God please tell us”

The most intelligent person is the one who audits his self's account and performs righteous deeds for his life after death, and the most stupid person is the one who is a prisoner of self's whims and passions and keeps himself amused with long term desires!  
(Replied the Holy Prophet (S

He was asked: 'Oh Prophet of God! How the account of self should be audited ? ' The”  
:Prophet (S) replied

:When the day has finished entering into night the!' communicate with your self as follows'

Oh self! This day too is passed and will never return, God-Almighty is going to ask you” about it as how did you spend it and what deeds were performed? Did you remember and praise him? Did you discharge your due obligations as regards to the rights of a brother  
?believer

Did you remove the sorrow from his heart ? Did you take care about his children and family in his absence ? Did you pay his

due share to his offspring after his death ? Did you help a fellow Muslim ? What have you  
?done during this day

Therefore, remind it to your self one by one whatever you have done, and if you find that” you have done some righteous deed then thanks God–Almighty for bestowing His grace, but if you find that you have committed a sin then immediately offer repentance and decide firmly never to commit any sin again. Through recital of salutation. (Salawat) upon the Holy Prophet (S) and his Holy Progeny (a.s.) purify your self from impurities and .contamination

Take the oath of allegiance for the friendship of the Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali” (a.s.) and should imprecate his enemies: If one acted in this manner God–Almighty would tell him: ‘ I am not going to have any controversy with you at the time of auditing your account of your deeds on the Day of Judgment, because, you were friend with my (favorite saints and showed enmity towards their enemies.”(۱)

:Imam al- Kadhim (a.s.) said

عن الكاظم عليه السلام قال: ليس منا من لم يحاسب نفسه في كل يوم فان عمل حسنا استزاد الله وان عمل سيئا استغفر الله وتاب اليه.

Whosoever does not scrutinize the account of the self does not belong to us; thus, if he” has done some good deeds should request God–Almighty for increasing His Favor and if (he has sinned should offer repentance.”(۲)

:The Holy Prophet (S) said to Abu Dharr

في وصيه ابي ذر قال النبي صلى الله عليه

p: ۲۰۵

.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۷۰, p-۶۹ –۱

.al Kafi, vol. ۱, p-۴۵۳ –۲

وآله: على العاقل ان يكون له ساعات: ساعه يناجى فيها ربه وساعه يحاسب فيها نفسه وساعه يتفكر فيما صنع الله عز وجل اليه.

A wise person should distribute his hours as follows: One hour should be assigned for” being occupied in Prayers, supplications, and hymns with God–Almighty. One hour should be allocated for auditing the account of self s deeds. And one hour should be reserved for [\(١\)“pondering the Divine Blessings bestowed upon him.”](#)

:The Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) said

قال على عليه السلام: جاسبوا انفسكم باعلمها وطالبوها باءا المفروض عليها والاخذ من فائتها لبقائها وتزودوا وتاهبوا قبل ان تبعثوا.

Let the self be accountable for his deeds, should be demanded to discharge his due” obligations by utilizing this transient world properly. You should collect provisions for the Hereafter and make yourself readied for that journey before being forced to be [\(٢\)“transferred.”](#)

:Also, said

قال على عليه السلام: ما احق الانسان ان يكون له ساعه لا يشغله عنها شاغل يحاسب فيها نفسه فينظر فيما اكتسب بها وعليها فى ليلها ونهارها.

How much is it necessary for a person to allocate a free time for himself to scrutinize the” account of his deeds, and see what kind of good and useful, or bad and harmful deeds, [\(٣\)“have been performed by him during the past twenty four hours.”](#)

:Also said

قال على عليه السلام: جاهد نفسك وحاسبها محاسبه الشريك شريكه وطالبها بحقوق الله مطالبه الخصم خصم فان اسعد الناس من اتدب خامسه نفسه.

عن ابى عبدالله (ص) قال: فحاسبوا انفسكم قبل ان تحاسبوا فان فى القيامه خمسين موقفا

p: ٢٠٦

١-٦٤-٧٠, Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ٧٠, p-

٢-٣٨٥, Ghirar al- Hukm, p-

٣-٧٥٣, Ghirar al-Hukm, p-

كل موقف مقأ ألف سته ثم تلا هذه الايه فى يوم كان مقداره خمسين الف سنه.

Wage a continuous struggle against the self; like a strict business associate check” precisely the account of his deeds, and like a creditor force him for payment of God's dues, because, the most prosperous person is the one who does his own self-scrutiny.”<sup>(۱)</sup>

Do your own self-auditing for the account of deeds in this world before being forced to” be audited on the Judgment Day, because over there, this would be done over fifty stops :-each stops being one thousand years long.” Then he recited the following verse

<sup>(۲)</sup> (۷۰: ۴) The day whose length is equivalent to fifty thousands years.

In the end this point should be emphasized that at the time of self-scrutiny a person should not be optimistic and trust his self because the deceitful imperious-self with hundreds of deceits and tricks manifests evils as good and visa versa; does not allow a person to identify his duties and their fulfillments; justifies refrainment from worshipping and encourages indulgence into sins and transgressions. He makes you forget your sins or regard them as minor omissions and presenting minor acts of worships as great, thus, making you proud about it

He cleans the thoughts of death and Resurrection Day from the memory of your mind, encourages the hopes and long-term desires; and presents self-scrutiny something as difficult, impracticable, and even unnecessary. Therefore, because of these considerations a person should be pessimistic while auditing the account of his

p: ۲۰۷

۱- Ghirar al-Hukm, p-۳۷۱

۲- Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۷۰, p-۶۴

deeds, and should scrutinize strictly with precision without paying least attention to  
.Satanic justifications and interpretations

:The Commander of the Faithful Imam 'Ali (a.s.) has said

قال على عليه السلام: وان للذكر لاهلا اخذوه من الدنيا بدلا فلم تشغلهم تجاره ولابيع عنه يقطعون به ايام الحياه ويهتفون بالزواج عن محارم الله في اسماع الغافلين, ويامرون به, وينهون عن المنكر ويتناهون عنه. فكانما قطعوا الدنيا الى الاخره وهم فيها, فشاهدوا ما وراء ذلك فكانما اطلعوا عيوب اهل البرزخ في طول الاقامه فيه وحققت القيامة عليهم عداتها فكشفوا غطاء ذلك لاهل الدنيا حتى كأنهم يرون ما لا يرى الناس ويسمعون فلو مثاتهم لعقلك في مقاومهم المحموده ومجالسهم المشهوده وقد نشروا دواوين اعمالهم وفرغوا لمحاسبه انفسهم على كل صغيره وكبيره امروا بها فقصروا عنها ففرطوا فيها وحملوا ثقل أوزارهم ظهورهم فظعنوا عن الاستقلال بها فنشجوا نشيجا ونحبوا نحيبا يعجبون الى ربهم من مقام ندم واعتراف, لرايت اعلام هدى ومصايح دجى, قد حفت بهم الملائكه وتنزلت عليهم السكينه وفتحت لهم ابواب السماء واعدت لهم مقاعد الكرامات.

There are some people devoted to the remembrance (of God), who have adopted it, in”  
place of worldly matters so that commerce or trade does not turn them away from it.  
They pass their life in it. They speak into the ears of neglectful persons warning against  
matters held unlawful by God, they order them to practice justice and themselves keep  
“practicing it, and they refrain them from the unlawful and themselves refrain from it

It is as though they have finished the journey of this world towards the Next World and”

have beheld what lies beyond it. Consequently, they have become acquainted with all that befell them in the interstice during their long stay therein, and the Day of Judgment fulfills its promises for them. Therefore, they removed the curtain from these things for the people of the world, till it was as though they were seeing what people did not see and  
“were hearing what people did not hear

If you picture them in your mind in their admirable positions and well-known sittings,” when they have opened the records of their actions and are prepared to render an account of themselves in respect of the small as well as the big things they were ordered  
“to do but they failed to do, or were ordered to refrain from but they indulged therein

They realized the weight of their burden (of bad acts) on their backs, and they felt too” weak to bear them, then they wept bitterly and spoke to each other while still crying and  
.(bemoaning to God in repentance and acknowledgment (of their shortcomings

You would find them to be emblems of guidance and lamps in darkness, angels would be surrounding them, peace would be descending upon them, the doors of the sky would be opened for them and positions of honor would be assigned to them in the place of which God had informed them. Therefore, He has appreciated their actions and praised their  
(position.” (1)

## Repentance and Self-cleansing

### point

Prevention and refrainment from sins is the best way for attaining self-refinement. A

p: ۲۰۹

person who has never been contaminated by Sins and possesses his original purity and righteousness certainly is far superior than a sinner who has repented after committing a sin.

The person who has not yet tasted the pleasure of sin and is not used to it may refrain himself from sinning much more easier as compared to the one who has been contaminated by sins and now wants to refrain from them. The Commander of the Faithful Imam 'Ali (a.s.) said

قال على عليه السلام: ترك الذنب اهن من طلب التوبه.

”(Refraining from sin is far easier than repenting after sinning.”)

But if a person becomes contaminated after sinning, he should not be disappointed from God's blessings because, the path of spiritual migration, self refinement, and ascent towards God-Almighty remains forever open and is never closed

The Most Merciful and the Most Benevolent God-Almighty has kept the path of repentance always open for the sinners and have especially asked them to return towards Him after cleaning and purifying the self's tablet from the impurities and contamination of sins through the water of repentance. God-Almighty said in the Holy Qur'an

قُلْ يَا عِبَادِيَ الَّذِينَ أَسْرَفُوا عَلَىٰ أَنفُسِهِمْ لَا تَقْنَطُوا مِن رَّحْمَةِ اللَّهِ ۚ إِنَّ اللَّهَ يَغْفِرُ الذُّنُوبَ جَمِيعًا ۚ إِنَّهُ هُوَ الْعَفُورُ الرَّحِيمُ

Say: O My slaves who have been prodigal to their own hurt. Despair not of the Mercy of” (God, who forgiveth all sins. Lo! He is the forgiving the Merciful. (۳۹:۵۳)

:And said

وَإِذَا جَاءَكَ الَّذِينَ يُؤْمِنُونَ بِآيَاتِنَا فَقُلْ سَلَامٌ عَلَيْكُمْ ۖ كَتَبَ رَبُّكُمْ عَلَىٰ

p: ۲۱۰



نَفْسِهِ الرَّحْمَهُ □ أَنَّهُ مَنْ عَمِلَ مِنْكُمْ سُوءًا بِجَهَالَةٍ ثُمَّ تَابَ مِنْ بَعْدِهِ وَأَصْلَحَ فَأَنَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ

And when those who believe in our revelations come unto thee say: Peace be unto you!" Your Lord hath prescribed for Himself Mercy, that, those whoso of you doth evil and (repenteth afterward thereof and doeth right, (for him) Lo ! God is forgiving, Merciful. (۶:۵۴

### The Need for Repentance .۱

I don't imagine that there exists a thing which is more essential for a sinner than the repentance. The one who believes in God, Prophet, Resurrection, Rewards and Punishment, Accounting of Deeds, Paradise, and Hell does not contradict the urgency and necessity of repentance. Then, how come are, we negligent from repentance, inspite of ?being knowledgeable about the self and the sins committed by him

Don't we believe in the existence of Resurrection, Accounting of Deeds and Hell's punishments? Or, Do we contradict the God's promise that He will fill the Hell with sinners? Through sinning the human self becomes dark, black, and contaminated, even .there is possibility of loosing the human face and turning into a brute animal

Then how could we still expect finding the path leading towards Gods–Almighty and sitting in the company of His favorite saints in Paradise with such contaminated, darkened, and polluted self? Because, of indulgence into sins the straight path of human exaltedness and ascension towards God–Almighty has been lost, and now we are wandering into the .darkest valleys of ignorance and deviations

We have parted from God–Almighty and have become close to

Satan. In spite of all that we are still expecting to receive eternal salvation in the Next World and would be blessed with Divine bounties in the Paradise! What a wishful and ?immature thinking indeed

Therefore, for a sinner who is concerned about his prosperity and salvation there is no choice left except to repent and return towards God-Almighty. This is one of the great blessing of God-Almighty that the path of repentance has been left opened for his servants. A person who has been poisoned does not allow the least delay in his being taken to the hospital for treatment, because, he knows that any negligence would result .in his quick demise

Similarly, sins for human-self are far more fatal than the most deadly poison for human body. If, a poison could threaten the worldly life of a person quickly, sinning would inflict .an eternal doom upon the self and would result in the destruction of his eternal life

If poisoning results in cutting off a person's connection with the transient world instantaneously, likewise sinning makes a person far removed from God-Almighty depriving him from the God's Countenance and Nearness. Therefore, repentance and return to God-Almighty for us is something more urgent and essential than any thing else, because, our eternal prosperity and salvation depends upon it. God-Almighty said in the :Holy Qur'an

وَتُوبُوا إِلَى اللَّهِ جَمِيعًا أَيُّهَا الْمُؤْمِنُونَ لَعَلَّكُمْ تُفْلِحُونَ

«(And turn unto God-Almighty together, O believers in order that you may succeed. (۲۴: ۳۱)»

:And said

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا تُوبُوا إِلَى اللَّهِ تَوْبَةً

نُصُوْحًا عَسَىٰ رَبُّكُمْ أَن يُكَفِّرَ عَنْكُمْ سَيِّئَاتِكُمْ وَيُدْخِلَكُم جَنَّاتٍ تَجْرِي مِن تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ

Oh ye who believe! Turn unto God–Almighty in sincere repentance! It may be that your” Lord will remit from your evil deeds and bring you into Gardens underneath which rivers (flow. (٦٦:٨

:The Holy Prophet (S) said

قال رسول الله (ص): لكل دا دوا ودوا الذنوب الاستغفار.

“There is a medicine for each pain and the medicine for sins is repentance.”(١)

:Imam al–Sadiq (a.s.) said

قال الصادق عليه السلام: تاخير التوبه اغترار، وطول التسوييف حيره الاعتلال على الله هلكه والاصرار على الذنوب أمن لمكر الله ولا يامن مكر الله على القوم الخاسرون.

Delaying repentance is a sort of arrogance and deceit; continuation of delay results in” confusion and astonishment; excuses in front of God–Almighty is total destruction and persistence in sinning is due to feeling secure against Divine punishment and except the (٢) people who are losers no one else feels secure against it.”

In the light of above it would better that we should take an in–depth look within our lives; should remember all our past sins and transgressions; should ponder about the ultimate consequences; should think about the accounting of our deeds and being ashamed before God–Almighty and being insulted in front of angels and mankind; we must momentary manifest before our sight the horrible torture of Hell and deprivation from the .God's Countenance

This should create a transformation and internal revolution in our lives encouraging us to repent immediately and should return towards God–Almighty. All the past sins and transgressions should be washed

p: ٢١٣

.Wasail al–Shi’a, vol. ١١, p–٣٥٤ –١

.Bihar al–Anwar, vol. ٧٣, p–٣٦٥ –٢

.with the pure life-giving refreshing water of repentance

All the self's impurities and contamination must be set aside and forgotten; a firm decision should be made, to refrain from sins to strive for collection of provisions for .Hereafter, and start marching upon the path of spiritual ascent towards God-Almighty

But would Satan leave us alone so easily? Would he ever permit us to repent and return towards God-Almighty? The same Satan who reduced us to indulge into sinning would also prevent us from repentance; would manifest sinning something as minor offense and insignificant; would wipe them out thoroughly from” our mental memory in a manner as though they never happened at all; would completely set aside thoughts related to death, account of deeds and punishments from our mind, keeping us amused in worldly .allurements

So that we never think about the repentance until death approaches suddenly and, thus, being forced to leave this world with a self, contaminated with sins. Woe upon us, our ! negligence, and misfortune

### **Acceptance of Repentance .۲**

If repentance is indeed offered correctly it would receive Divine acceptance certainly which is one of the most unique favor of the Most-Compassionate and Most-Merciful Lord. Because, He has not created his servants for Hell and its tortures, rather has .created us for Paradise and its eternal prosperity

Divine Messengers were assigned to guide the mankind towards the path of salvation and to invite the sinners towards repentance and return to God-Almighty. The door of repentance and return always remains opened for everyone inviting

.them to enter into it

Divine messengers and saints throughout the human history continuously motivated the mankind towards repentance. The Most Compassionate and the Most-Merciful Lord in plenty of Qur'anic verses invites the sinners to return to Him and had promised them to accept their repentance and His promises are not lies

The Holy Prophet (S) and Infallible Imams (a.s.) through hundreds of traditions have invited the mankind for repentance and return towards God-Almighty, thus, making them hopeful of Divine blessings. Following are few examples

:God-Almighty said in Holy Qur'an

وَهُوَ الَّذِي يَقْبَلُ التَّوْبَةَ عَنْ عِبَادِهِ وَيَعْفُو عَنِ السَّيِّئَاتِ وَيَعْلَمُ مَا تَفْعَلُونَ

And He it is who accepteth repentance from His bondsmen, and pardoneth the evil deeds”  
(and knoweth what ye do. (٤٢:٢٥)

:And said

وَإِنِّي لَغَفَّارٌ لِّمَن تَابَ وَآمَنَ وَعَمِلَ صَالِحًا ثُمَّ اهْتَدَىٰ

And lo! Verily I am forgiving towards him who repenteth and believeth and doth good,”  
(and afterward walketh aright. (٢٠:٨٢)

:And said

وَالَّذِينَ إِذَا فَعَلُوا فَاحِشَةً أَوْ ظَلَمُوا أَنْفُسَهُمْ ذَكَرُوا اللَّهَ فَاسْتَغْفَرُوا لِذُنُوبِهِمْ وَمَنْ يَغْفِرِ اللَّهُ إِلَّاهُ وَلَمْ يُصِرُّوا عَلَىٰ مَا فَعَلُوا وَهُمْ يَعْلَمُونَ

And those who, when they do an evil thing or wrong themselves, remember God-Almighty and implies forgiveness for their sins –who forgiveth sins save God-Almighty  
(only? And will not knowingly repeat (the wrong) they did. (٣:١٣٥)

:Imam Baqir (a.s.) said

قال ابو جعفر عليه السلام: التائب من الذنب كمن لا ذنب له والمقيم على الذنب وهو مستغفر منه كالمستهز.

After repenting a person becomes like some one who has never sinned, and the one who”

is continuing sinning while reciting the phrase of repentance

p: ۲۱۵

﴿upon his tongue is like someone who ridicules himself.﴾<sup>(١)</sup>

There are plenty of verses and traditions dealing with this matter and therefore, one should not have any reservation regarding the acceptance of repentance. Not only God–Almighty accepts repentance from a sinner but also loves him for undertaking this bold initiative. God–Almighty said in the Holy Qur’an

إِنَّ اللَّهَ يُحِبُّ التَّوَّابِينَ وَيُحِبُّ الْمُتَطَهِّرِينَ

Truly God–Almighty loveth, those who turn unto him, and loveth those who have a care”  
(of cleanness. (٢:٢٢٢)

:Imam al–Baqir (a.s.) said

قال ابو جعفر عليه السلام: ان الله اشد فرحا بتوبه عبده من رجل اضل رحلته وزاده في ليله ظلما فوجدها فالله اشد فرحا بتوبه عبده من ذلك الرجل براحلته حين وجدها.

The happiness of God–Almighty from seeing a sinner repenting is much more than the”  
joy of a lone traveler who finds his missing animal together with the provisions of journey  
﴿in a dark night.﴾<sup>(٢)</sup>

:Imam Al– Sadiq (a.s.) said

قال ابو عبدالله (ع): اذا تاب العبد توبه نصوحا احبه الله فستر عليه فقلت و كيف يستر عليه؟ قال ينسى ملكيه ما كانا يكتبان عليه و يوحى الله الى جوارحه و الى بقاع الارض ان اکتى عليه ذنوبه فيلقى الله عزوجل حين يلقاه و ليس شىء يشهد عليه بشىء من الذنوب.

When a servant of God offers pure and firm repentance, God–Almighty loves him and”  
deletes all of his past sins. The narrator asked; 'Oh son of Prophet! How are the sins  
?’deleted

The two angels responsible for writing of deeds forget about his sins, simultaneously,’  
God–Almighty orders his bodily parts, limbs, and different places

p: ٢١٤

.al-Kafi, vol. ۲, p-۴۳۶ -۲



upon earth to cancel his sins from their register of deeds. Thus, he meets God–Almighty in  
 (a manner whereby nobody and nothing is a witness to his sins. ' Replied the Imam.”(۱)

### ?What is Repentance .۳

Repentance could be defined as a feeling of being ashamed, sorry, and regretful for past sins. Some one who is indeed ashamed by heart for his past sins may truly be called as a  
 :repentant. The Holy Prophet (S) said

(Feeling ashamed and being sorry (for past deeds) is repentance.”(۲)

It is true that God–Almighty accepts repentance and forgives the past sins, but simply recital of the sentence: “I ask God to forgive me” (Astaghferullah), being ashamed and regretful or even crying for past sins may not be considered as sufficient for a pure and sincere repentance, but with the existence of the following three symptoms the  
 :repentance could be considered as true and realistic

First: He must be disgusted by heart for his past sins and his self should have a feeling  
 .of shame, regret, and sorrow

.Second: He must take a firm decision not to indulge into sinning in the future•

Third: If, because of indulgence into a particular sin, he has done something, which  
 could be compensated then he must take a firm decision for its compensation. For example: If he owes dues of people, has usurped property or stolen money, must decide to return it to its owner in the first available opportunity. In case he is not in a position to  
 pay at present, he should

p: ۲۱۷

.al-Kafi, vol. ۲, p.-۴۳۶ -۱

.Haqayaq, p-۲۸۶ -۲

.try to get the owners consent or satisfaction through whatever means at his disposal

If he has committed backbiting against some one, should seek his pardon, if he has oppressed some one, should try to redress the aggrieved. If religious dues have not been paid he must arrange for their payment, and if the daily prayers and the fasting have been missed, he must perform them as make-up (qadha) obligations

If some one has undertaken all the above steps, then he may truly be called as a sincere repentant, who is indeed ashamed for his past deeds and such atonement certainly receives God's acceptance

But if some one recites the sentence: "I seek God's forgiveness" upon his tongue, but by heart is not ashamed for his past sins, does not decide for avoidance of future sins and is not ready to compensate for those sins which could have been compensated -then such a person has not atoned and should not expect acceptance of his repentance, even though he might appear in a prayer assembly and, thus, being affected sentimentally might shed some tears or may cry loudly

A person recited the sentence: "I seek God's forgiveness" in the presence of the Commander of the Faithful Imam 'Ali (a.s.). The Imam said

عن امير المؤمنين عليه السلام: ان قاتلا قال بحضرتہ: استغفر الله، فقال: ثكلتك امك اتدرى ما الاسغفار درجه العليين و هو اسم واقع على سته معان اولها الندم على ما مضى و الثانى العزم على ترك العود اليه ابدا و الثالث ان تؤدى

الى المخلوقين حقوقهم حتى تلقى الله املس ليس عليك تبعه . و الرابع ان تعمد الى كلى فريضه عليك ضيعتها فتؤدى حقها و الخامس ان تعمد الى اللحم الذى نبت على السحت فبذيه بالاحزان حتى يلصق الجلد بالعظم وينشا بينهما لحم جديد و السادس ان تذيق الجسم الام الطاعه كما اذقته حلاوه المعصيه, فعند ذلك تقول: استغفرالله.

May your mother lament for you, do you know what is repentance ? The repentance can”  
:be defined with the following six parameters

١ .Feeling ashamed and regretful for the past sins

٢ .Taking firm decision for avoidance of sins forever

٣ . Paying all the dues of the people so that when he meets God-Almighty on the  
Resurrection Day, he does not have any pending claim against him

٤ .All the religious obligations (Wajibat) which have not been performed in the past should  
be discharged as makeup (Qadha) obligations

٥ .Should feel so sad about his past sins that all the bodily flesh formed as a result of  
eating forbidden (Haram) should be melted in a manner that skin should touch the bare  
bones until the new flesh is reformed again

٦ .The inconvenience and hardship of worshipping should be imposed upon the body as a  
compensation for the pleasures it fasted because of past sins. Only after performing all  
[the above](#), you may recite the sentence I seek forgiveness from God.”

Satan is so deceitful that sometimes he even deceives a person regarding repentance. It  
is possible that a sinner might attend a prayer gathering and after being effected  
sentimentally

p: ٢١٩

:may shed some tears or may cry. Then Satan would say

Great, wonderful! What a great thing have you done? You have already atoned and all your sins have been cleaned. While in reality, such a person neither is ashamed from sinning by heart nor has he decided not to commit sins any more, and to remit dues of the creditors. Such act does not constitute a real repentance and would not result one's attaining self-purification and eternal salvation. Such a person has not refrained from sins .and has not returned to God-Almighty

### Things which Require Repentance .۴

#### point

What is sin and what sins should be repented? The answer is that every thing which stops a man from journeying towards God-Almighty, making him attached to worldly-allurements, thus, preventing from repentance should be considered as sin, must be avoided, and self should be thoroughly cleaned from its contamination. The sins might be :classified into following two categories

#### Moral Sins .۴.۱

Moral abjectness and obscene characteristics results in self's contamination, thus, preventing him to follow the straight path of human exaltedness leading towards God's Nearness and Countenance. Moral abjectness if gets deep rooted within self gradually .becomes his characteristic resulting in metamorphism of his inner essence

It even influences the ideal; of "what to be" for a human being. Moral sins, because of the excuse of their being only moral, should not be treated as smaller and insignificant, and, thus, being negligent for their repentance, instead self-purification for them is something .necessary and of vital importance

,The moral-abjectness consists of: Hypocrisy, wrath, arrogance, egotism

harshness, oppression, deceit and treachery, back-biting, accusation, criticizing, fault-finding, slander, breach of promise, lying, love of world, greed stinginess, parents rights, cutting family ties, ungratefulness, extravagance, jealousy, vilification, cursing, and other .obscene characteristics

Hundreds of Qur'anic Verses and traditions condemn these characteristics and describe their prevention, treatment, symptoms and worldly and eternal punishments. Since this matter has been discussed in details in several books of ethics, it would not be appropriate for us to discuss here, rather the readers are advised to refer to the .literature dealing with ethics

#### Practical Sins .۴.۲

Consist of the following: stealing, murder, adultery, homosexuality, paying and receiving interest, usurpation of public property, cheating, running away from the battlefield in a mandatory struggle, breach of trust, drinking alcoholic beverages, eating pork and other forbidden meats, gambling, false testimony or oath, accusing some innocent person for adultery, refraining from offering mandatory prayers and fasting, refraining from Haj Pilgrimage, refraining from the duty to encourage good and forbid evil (Amr bil-Marooif .wa Nahi al-Munkar), eating unclean food, and other forbidden things

These sins have been described in detail in the books of traditions and jurisprudence and therefore, it would not be appropriate to discuss them here in detail, rather the readers .are advised to refer to the relevant literature

These are some famous sins which should be avoided by a human being and in case of indulgence he should offer repentance and should return to God-Almighty. Apart from these there are some other types of sins which are not famous and have

not been introduced as sins but for God's most favorite saints and exalted pious personalities they are counted as sins e.g.: refraining from recommended acts (Mostahbbat), performing acts which are supposed to be avoided although not absolutely unlawful (Makroohat), sinful thoughts, attention towards other than God, and selfish whims and Satanic whispers which prevents them from God's Remembrance

All of them are considered as sins for God's favorite saints and they offer repentance for them. Even higher than the above is their negligence and omission in true recognition of God-Almighty, His essence, Attributes and Actions, which are the pre-requisite for the existence of every created being is regarded as a sin for them and realizing this omission they tremble in fear, shed tears, and offer repentance to return towards God. The repentance offered by the prophets and Infallible Imams (a.s.) might belong to this category. The Holy Prophet (S) had said

قال النبي (ص): انه ليغان على قلبي حتى استغفرالله في اليوم و الليه سبعين مره.

Sometimes it happens that the darkness approaches my heart, and because of this”  
(reason I offer repentance seventy times every day.”(۱)

:Imam al-Sadiq (a.s.) said

قال الصادق عليه السلام: ان رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله كان يتوب الى الله في كل يوم سبعين مره من غير ذنب.

The Holy Prophet (S) used to offer repentance seventy times a day, while he had not”  
(committed any sin at all.”(۲)

### (Nourishment and Perfection of Self (Tahliyah

point

Having cleaned and refined the self a wayfarer is ready for the next stage known as  
training and perfection

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of self (Tahliyeh). The logical sciences have confirmed that the human self is in the state of motion and growth gradually manifesting his hidden potentials. In the beginning the self is not complete and perfect, rather gradually develops his essence

If, he travels on the straight path gradually becomes perfect, eventually attaining his ultimate-perfection. But if deviates and selects the wrong course gradually takes distance from the ultimate human perfection, thus, eventually crashing into dark valleys of ignorance and brutality

### God's Nearness .۱

It should be understood that human movement is a real one and is not a figurative thing; this movement is related to his Celestial Spirit and not to his body. Also, this movement takes place within his inner essence and is not an external phenomenon. In this movement his precious jewel of human essence moves and becomes metamorphosed

Therefore, the axis of human movement is also a real axis and is not something metaphorical, but the axis of movement is not separate from the mover's essence, rather the mover moves within his inner essence carrying the axis of movement along with him

Now the question arises that every movement carries some goal. Therefore, the human beings in the world are moving towards which objective and what is going to be their eventual fate? The traditions and Qur'anic verses reveal that the ultimate objective or goal destined for human beings is God's Nearness, but all human beings do not travel on the straight path and do not attain the exalted position of God's-Nearness

:The Holy Qur'an said

وَكُنْتُمْ أَزْوَاجًا ثَلَاثَةً فَأَصْحَابُ الْمَيْمَنَةِ مَا أَصْحَابُ الْمَيْمَنَةِ وَأَصْحَابُ الْمَشْأَمَةِ وَالسَّابِقُونَ السَّابِقُونَ أُولَئِكَ الْمُقَرَّبُونَ  
فِي جَنَّاتِ النَّعِيمِ

And ye will be three kinds: (First) those on the right hand; what of those on the right hand? And those on the left hand, what of those on the left hand? And the foremost in the race, the foremost in the race: Those are they who will be brought nigh, in gardens of (delight. (٥٦: ٧-١٢)

The people on the right hand side are the ones who have received eternal salvation, the people on the left are the ones who have received adversity and the people foremost in the race are the ones who distinguished themselves in their journeying on the straight path and attained the exalted position of God's Nearness. This verse clearly indicates that the objective or goal behind human movement must be God's Nearness. And the following verse

فَأَمَّا إِنْ كَانَ مِنَ الْمُقَرَّبِينَ فَرَوْحٌ وَرَيْحَانٌ وَجَنَّتْ نَعِيمٌ وَأَمَّا إِنْ كَانَ مِنَ أَصْحَابِ الْيَمِينِ فَسَلَامٌ لَّكَ مِنْ أَصْحَابِ الْيَمِينِ وَأَمَّا إِنْ كَانَ مِنَ الْمُكَذِّبِينَ الضَّالِّينَ فَنُزْلٌ مِّنْ حَمِيمٍ وَتَصْلِيَةٌ جَهِيمٍ

Thus, if he is of those brought nigh. Then breath of life, and plenty and a Garden of" delight. And if he is of those on the right hand, {then the greeting) "Peace be unto thee " from those on the right hand. But if he is of the rejecters, the erring. Then the welcome (will be boiling water and roasting at Hell fire." (٥٦: ٨٨-٩٤)

Further, God-Almighty



:said in the following verse

كَلَّا إِنَّ كِتَابَ الْأَبْرَارِ لَفِي عِلِّيِّينَ وَمَا أَدْرَاكَ مَا عِلِّيُّونَ كِتَابٌ مَّرْقُومٌ يَشْهَدُهُ الْمُقَرَّبُونَ

It is not so (as understood by unbelievers), Nay but the record of the righteous is in Illiyin.”  
Ah, what will convey unto thee what Illiyin is! A written record. Attested by those who are  
(brought near (unto their Lord)). (٨٣:١٨-٢١)

From the above verse it may be concluded that the exalted position of God's Nearness and attainment of absolute perfection is the ultimate goal of people's journeying and movement. Therefore, God's favorite servants are the most distinguished group among  
:the people who have been bestowed eternal bliss. The Holy Qur'an said

إِذْ قَالَتِ الْمَلَائِكَةُ يَا مَرْيَمُ إِنَّ اللَّهَ يُبَشِّرُكِ بِكَلِمَةٍ مِنْهُ اسْمُهُ الْمَسِيحُ عِيسَى ابْنُ مَرْيَمَ وَجِيهًا فِي الدُّنْيَا وَالْآخِرَةِ وَمِنَ الْمُقَرَّبِينَ

And remember when the angels said: O Mary! Lo! God-Almighty giveth thee glad tidings”  
of a word from him, Son of Mary, illustrious in the world and the Hereafter, and one of  
(those brought near (unto God-Almighty)). (٣: ٤٥)

It can be inferred from traditions and Qur'anic verses that distinguished and deserving God's servants who have surpassed others in belief, faith, and righteous deeds shall be blessed with the most privileged and exalted position of God's Countenance, and in accordance to the interpretation of some verses has been also named “the Place of Nearness to the Most Magnificent King” (Malik Muqtadar). Also, the martyrs will be  
:assigned this special position. The Holy Qur'an said

وَلَا تَحْسَبَنَّ الَّذِينَ قُتِلُوا فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ أَمْوَاتًا ۚ بَلْ أَحْيَاءٌ

عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ يُزَكُّوْنَ

Think not of those who are slain in the way of God–Almighty, as dead. Nay, they are living”  
(with their Lord they have provision. (۳:۱۶۹

Therefore, ultimate human perfection and the final destination of the wayfarers is  
.Nearness of God–Almighty

## Meanings of God's Nearness .۲

### point

Now let us see what is meant by God's Nearness? And how could it be imagined that a person may reach closer to God–Almighty. The nearness means being close and could be defined as follows

### Nearness Relative to Place .۱

. The two existence which are closer physically are called near to each other

### Nearness Relative to Time .۲

.When two things are closer to each other relative to time are called near to each other

Of course, it is evident that nearness of (God's) servants with Him could not belong to the above mentioned two categories, because, God–Almighty is beyond the limits of time and place rather is the creator of them, therefore, it is not possible for any thing to have nearness with Him relative to time and place

### Metaphorical Nearness .۳

Sometimes it is said that Mr. X is very close and intimate with Mr. Y, which means that Mr. Y Respects, likes, and accepts Mr. X's recommendations and suggestions. This sort of nearness is called metaphorical, figurative, and ceremonial but is not real

Could this kind of nearness be possible between a servant and God? Of course, it is true God loves His deserving servants and accepts their prayers but still this kid of nearness could not be possible between a servant and God–Almighty, because as was pointed out earlier, that this has been



proved by the logical sciences and Qur'anic verses, and traditions also support that the wayfarer, his direction, and straight path all are real things and are not figurative and ceremonial.

Likewise, return towards God-Almighty which has been so much emphasized in plenty of Qur'anic verses and traditions is a real thing and cannot be metaphorical or figurative. For example: God-Almighty said in the Holy Qur'an

يَا أَيَّتُهَا النَّفْسُ الْمُطْمَئِنَّةُ ارْجِعِي إِلَىٰ رَبِّكِ رَاضِيَةً مَّرْضِيَّةً

(O Thou soul at piece! Return unto thy Lord, content in his good pleasure. (۸۹:۲۷-۲۸)

:And said

تُرْجَعُونَ ثُمَّ إِلَىٰ رَبِّكُمْ وَمَنْ أَسَاءَ فَعَلَيْهَا مَنْ عَمِلَ صَالِحًا فَلِنَفْسِهِ

Whoso doth right, it is for his soul, and whoso doth wrong, it is against it. And afterward" (unto your Lord ye will be brought back. (۴۵:۱۵)

:And said

الَّذِينَ إِذَا أَصَابَتْهُمْ مُصِيبَةٌ قَالُوا إِنَّا لِلَّهِ وَإِنَّا إِلَيْهِ رَاجِعُونَ

Who say, when a misfortune striketh them: Lo! We are God's and Lo! unto Him we are" (returning." (۲:۱۵۶)

Anyway, return to God-Almighty, straight path, way of God, and attaining self-perfection are real things and are not metaphorical. A human being's movement is an aware and optional act whose result will become manifested after his death

Since the very beginning of Human existence this movement begins and continues until death. The nearness to God is real thing and God's decent servants really become closer to Him and impious and sinner indeed take distance from God-Almighty

Therefore, let us see what is meant by nearness to God-Almighty. God's Nearness is not comparable to other types of nearness, rather it is



a special kind of nearness which might be called nearness relative to perfection or relative to the rank of exaltedness of that particular existence. In order to further clarify .let us refer to the following preface

The books of wisdom and Islamic philosophy have confirmed that existence 'is real and consists of various rank and degrees. It may be compared to the analogy of illumination .which consists of various degrees of lights varying from low to very high

The lowest degree of a lighting lamp could be one watt which is also illumination till the lamp with infinite brightness which is nothing other than illumination. In between the lowest and highest limits of illumination there exist various intermediate degrees of light .differing relative to extreme limits in proportion to their weakness and strength

Existence too consists of various ranks and positions differing in proportion to their weakness and strength. The lowest degree being the existence of nature and matter till the highest rank of existence the essence of God-Almighty which from the point of view of perfection is infinite and absolute. In between these two extremities there also exists .intermediate degrees of existence varying in proportion to their weakness and strength

Here it becomes clear that as much as an existence is stronger and holder of higher rank, in perfection would be closer relative to the most supreme existence and the source of absolute perfection -the Essence of God-Almighty, and opposite to that the weaker an existence would be, the farther

.(it will be relative to the Essence of Self Existent (Wajib al-Wajoud

Now in the light of above explanation the meaning of nearness of servants to God and distance from Him could be imagined. As for as the Celestial spirit is concerned, a human being is an abstract reality, which from the point of view of manifestation is related to matter, and because of that is capable to grow, becoming perfect until attaining the ultimate degree of his existence

From the beginning of his movement until arriving at the final destination he is not more than one person and one reality, but as much as he achieves perfection and ascension in his journeying with in his essence, in the same proportion becomes nearer to the source of all Creation, the Absolute and Infinite Perfection –the Holy Essence of God–Almighty

A human being through belief and righteous deeds can make his existence complete and perfect so that he could attain God's Nearness, thus, being able to utilize divine blessings and favors to his maximum advantage and therefore, making his own essence a source of further benevolence and goodness

point

God's–remembrance or invocation (dhikr) could be regarded as a starting 'point for the esoteric movement or spiritual migration, of a wayfarer towards the Nearness of the Lord of Universe. A wayfarer through invocation gradually lift himself above the horizons of material world stepping inside the Celestial World of beauty and illumination, becomes complete and perfect eventually attaining the highest exalted position of God's Nearness

God's invocation is the soul behind all the worships as well is the greatest aim behind their explanation, because the merit of each worship depends upon the degree of attention paid by the worshiper towards that particular act. The Qur'anic–verses and traditions have made plenty of recommendations about the importance of invocation. For example the Holy Qur'an said

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا اذْكُرُوا اللَّهَ ذِكْرًا كَثِيرًا

(Oh ye who believe! Remember God–Almighty with much. Remembrance. (۳۳: ۴۱)

:And said

الَّذِينَ يَذْكُرُونَ اللَّهَ قِيَامًا وَقُعُودًا وَعَلَىٰ جُنُوبِهِمْ وَيَتَفَكَّرُونَ فِي خَلْقِ السَّمَاوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ رَبَّنَا مَا خَلَقْتَ هَذَا بَاطِلًا

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سُبْحَانَكَ فَقِنَا عَذَابَ النَّارِ

such as) Those who remember God–Almighty, standing, sitting; reclining, and consider) the creation of the heavens and the earth (and say): Our Lord! Thou createdst not this in (vain. Glory be to thee! Preserve us from the doom of fire. (٣:١٩١)

:And said

قَدْ أَفْلَحَ مَنْ تَزَكَّىٰ وَذَكَرَ اسْمَ رَبِّهِ فَصَلَّىٰ

He is successful who groweth, and remembereth the Name of his Lord, so prayeth.” ((٨٧:١٤-١٥

:And said

وَاذْكُرِ اسْمَ رَبِّكَ بُكْرَةً وَأَصِيلًا

(Remember the Name of the Lord at morning and evening. (٧٦:٢٥”

:And said

وَاذْكُرْ رَبَّكَ كَثِيرًا وَسَبِّحْ بِالْعَشِيِّ وَالْإِبْكَارِ

Remember thy Lord much. and praise (Him) in the early hours of night and morning. (٣:” (٤١

:And said

فَإِذَا قَضَيْتُمُ الصَّلَاةَ فَادْكُرُوا اللَّهَ قِيَامًا وَقُعُودًا وَعَلَىٰ جُنُوبِكُمْ

When ye have performed the act of worship. remember God–Almighty standing, sitting.” (and reclining. (٤:١٠٣

:Imam al–Sadiq (a.s.) said

عن ابى عبدالله (ع) قال: من اكثر ذكر الله عز وجل اظله الله فى جنته.

Whoever offers a lot of invocation. God–Almighty will reward him Paradise where he” (would live forever happily under the shadow of His grace.” (١)

:Also, he said to his companions'

عن ابي عبدالله عليه السلام في رسالته الى اصحابه قال: واكثرُوا ذكرَ الله ما استطعتم في كل ساعه من ساعات الليل والنهار, فان الله عَمَر بكثره الذكر, والله ذَاكر من المؤمنین. واعلموا ان الله لم يذكره احد من عباده المؤمنین الا ذكره بخیر.

As much as it is possible do remember God-Almighty at every hour during day and night” because He has ordered His servants to offer a lot of invocation. Whoever remembers God-Almighty is reciprocated by him. Know that there is

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.Wasail al-Shi'a, vol. ٤. p-١١٨٢ -١

not a single believer who does not remember God–Almighty but that God–Almighty too  
remembers him with goodness.”<sup>(١)</sup>

:Imam al–Sadiq further said

عن ابى عبدالله عليه السلام: قال الله لموسى: أكثر ذكرى بالليل والنهار وكن عند ذكرى خاشعا وعند بلائى صابرا واطمئن عند ذكرى  
 واعدنى ولا تشرك بى شيئا إلى المصير. يا موسى! اجعلنى ذخرك وضع عندى كنزك من الباقيات الصالحات.

God–Almighty said to Moses (a.s.): 'to remember Him a lot throughout the day and night.'  
 During invocation be humble, during calamity be patient, and during My Remembrance be  
 calm and relaxed. Worship Me alone and do not associate any partner with Me. Every  
 body shall have to return towards Me. Oh Moses! Regard me as your provision of the  
Hereafter and deposit the treasurers of your righteous deeds near Me.”<sup>(٢)</sup>

:At another place he said

عن ابى عبدالله عليه السلام قال: ما من شئ الا وله حد ينتهى إليه فرض الله عزوجل الفرائض فمن أداهن فهو حد هن ٧ و شهر رمضان  
 فمن صامه فهو حده والحج فمن حج فهو حده إلا الذكرفان الله عزوجل لم يرض منه بالقليل ولم يجعل له حدا ينتهى إليه ثم تلا: يَا  
 أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا اذْكُرُوا اللَّهَ ذِكْرًا كَثِيرًا وَسَبِّحُوهُ بُكْرَةً وَأَصِيلًا – فقال: لم يجعل الله له حدا ينتهى إليه، قال: وكان أبى كثير الذكر لقد  
 كنت أمشى معه وإنه ليذكر الله و آكل معه الطعام وإنه ليذكر الله ولقد كان يحدث القوم وما يشغله ذلك عن ذكر الله وكنت أرى  
 لسانه لازقا بحنكه يقول: لا إله إلا الله، وكان يجمعنا فيأمرنا بالذكر حتى تطلع الشمس. (الى ان قال) وقال رسول

p: ٢٣٤

١- Wasail al–Shi’a, vol. ٤. p-١١٨٣

٢- Wasail al–Shi’a vol. ٤, p-١١٨٢

الله صلى الله عليه وآله: ألا اخبركم بخير أعمالكم وأرفعها في درجاتكم وأزكاها عند مليككم وخير لكم من الدينار والدرهم وخير لكم من أن تلقوا عدوكم فتقتلوهم ويقتلوكم؟ فقالوا: بلى، فقال ذكر الله كثيرا. ثم قال: جاء رجل إلى فقال: من خير أهل المسجد؟ فقال: أكثرهم لله ذكرا. وقال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: من اعطى لسانا ذاكرا فقد اعطى خير الدنيا والآخرة.

For every thing there is a limit except God's Remembrance which is infinite and beyond” limits. There are religious mandatory obligations which are performed in accordance to prescribed limits. e.g.: The fasting during the month of Ramadhan is limited to thirty days, and similarly the Hajj Pilgrimage is limited to performance of certain prescribed Hajj rituals , but contrary to all of them God's-Remembrance does not has any limits and He has not limited himself to a prescribed or minimum amount of invocation. Then he recited the following verse

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا اذْكُرُوا اللَّهَ ذِكْرًا كَثِيرًا وَسَبِّحُوهُ بُكْرَةً وَأَصِيلًا

Oh ye who believe! Remember God-Almighty with much remembrance and glorify him”  
(early, and late. (٣٣: ٤١-٤٢)

In the above verse God-Almighty has not fixed a limit for His Remembrance. Then he” said: 'My father (Imam al-Baqir a.s.) used to offer a lots of invocation, while walking with him I found him remembering God, when we used to sit together for eating he was still busy with invocation, and even while talking to the people he was not negligent from invocation

I could see his tongue almost

attached to his throat while chanting: there is no god except God–Almighty (la illahi Illallahu). After the morning prayer he used to assemble all of us together and ordered to offer invocation until sun rise

Then he quoted from the Holy Prophet (S) who said: shouldn't I inform you about your” best deeds which would bring for you more distinctions as compared to any other deed ? Which is purest and most desirable before God–Almighty. Is much better for you as compared to silver, and gold even is superior than the Holy struggle for the sake of God–Almighty

“The people asked: “Oh Prophet of God! Please tell us

.(Do a lots of God's Remembrance.” Replied the Holy Prophet (S”

Then the Imam said: A man asked the Holy Prophet (S): “Who is the best among the” believers ?” “The one who offers a lot of invocation.” Replied the Holy Prophet (S). He further said

Who possesses a invoking tongue has indeed been blessed with the goodness of this”  
(world and the Hereafter.” (۱)

:The Holy Prophet (S) said to Abu Dharr

في وصيه ابي ذر قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: عليه بتلاوه القرآن وذكر الله كثيرا فانه ذكر لك في السما ونور لك في الارض.

Recite the Holy Qur’an and do a lots of invocation, which will became a means for your”  
(remembrance in the Heavens and will produce illumination for you upon the earth.” (۲)

(Imam al–Hasan (۳) (a.s.) quotes from the Holy Prophet (S

عن الحسن بن علي عليه السلام قال: قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله:

p: ۲۳۶

۱– Wasail al–Shi’a, vol. ۴, p–۱۸۱

۲– Bihar al–Anwar, vol. ۹۳, p–۱۵۴

۳– Imam al–Hasan ibn ‘Ali: The eldest son of Imam ‘Ali and Hadhrat Fatimah was born on

Tuesday, ۱۵ Ramadhan ۳ AH in Madina. When the Holy Prophet received the happy news of the birth of his grandson, he came to the house of his beloved daughter, took the newly born child in his arms, recited adhan and iqamah in his right and left ears respectively, and in compliance with Divine command named him al-Hasan. The martyrdom of his father Imam 'Ali (a.s.) on the ۲۱st Ramadhan marked the inception of Imam Hasan's imamate. The majority of Muslims pledged their allegiance to him and finalized the formality of oath of allegiance (bayah). No sooner had he taken the reins of leadership into his hands then he had to meet the challenge of Mu'awiyah the Governor of Syria who declared war against him. In compliance of Divine will and in order not to refrain from bloodshed of Muslims he entered into a piece treaty with Mu'awiyah whose terms were not respected and carried out by Mu'awiyah. Mu'awiyah's malice against Imam Hasan led him to conspire with Imams wife Ja'dah the daughter of Ash'ath. She was made give the Imam some poison which affected his liver. Imam Hasan, thus, succumbed to Mu'awiyah's total mischief and attained his martyrdom on ۲۸th (Safar) ۵۰ A.H. His funeral was attended by Imam al-Husayn and the members of Hashimite family. His bier while being taken for burial to the Holy Prophet's tomb was shot at with arrows by his enemies, (under the direct supervision and consent of A'ishah), and it had to be diverted for burial to Jannatu'l-Baqi' at Madina

بادروا الى رياض الجنة, فقالوا: ما رياض الجنة؟ قال: حلق الذكر.

Take lead towards the Gardens of Paradise. 'Which are the Gardens of the Paradise?'  
 (Asked the companions ? 'The rings of invocation Replied the Holy Prophet (S).'[\(1\)](#)

:Imam al-Sadiq (a.s.) said

عن الصادق عليه السلام قال: قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: ذاكر الله في الغافلين كالمقاتل في الفازين له الجنة.

The one who is a reciter of God's invocation among negligent is like a struggler waging”  
 war in the battlefield alone, while the others are fleeing away. Paradise for such a  
[\(combatant is compulsory.”\(2\)](#)

:The Holy Prophet (S) said to his companions

ان رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله خرج على اصحابه فقال: ارتعوا في رياض الجنة. يا رسول الله وما رياض الجنة؟ قال: مجالس الذكر, ا  
 غدوا وروحوا اذكروا. ومن كان يحب ان يعلم منزله عند الله فلينظر كيف منزله الله تعالى عنده, ينزل العبد حيث انزل العبد الله من نفسه  
 واعلموا ان خير اعمالكم.

عند مليكمم وازكها وارفعها في درجاتكم وخير ما طلعت عليه الشمس ذكر الله فانه تعالى اخبر عن نفسه فقال: انا جليس من ذكرني.

Do utilize the gardens of the Paradise.” Which are these gardens of the Paradise ? Asked”  
 .the companions

The assemblies of invocation; remember God-Almighty at morning and evening.'  
 'Whosoever wants to know about his rank and position before God-Almighty, must see  
 how is the position of God in his own life. Because, 'He elevates a servant exactly to the  
 .same position -which was assigned to God-Almighty by the servant in his own life

Know that your best

p: ٢٣٧

١- Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ٩٣, p-١٥٦

٢- Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ٩٣, p-١٦٣

and the most purest deeds which will elevate your rank and position before the Lord and is better than any thing else of this universe is – God's-Remembrance, because God-  
(Almighty had said: “Whoever remembers me –I become his companion.”)

The above Qur’anic verses and traditions presented here as examples of invocation show its importance clearly. Now let us investigate what is the aim behind the invocation

### (A) The Aim of Invocation (Dikhr)

Earlier, it was clearly demonstrated that God's Remembrance is a great worship and is one of the best method of self-building, self-perfection and spiritual migration towards God-Almighty. Now let us examine what is really meant with invocation whose importance has been so much emphasized in traditions and Qur’anic verses

Does it means simply recital of sentences like: Glory to God, All praises belong to God and there is no god but God (subhan allahi, walhamdu lillahi, wala ilaha illal- lahu) or is there  
 ?any other aim behind this

Do these sentences without paying any inner attention towards their esoteric meanings could still provide such important effect? The phrase invocation in the dictionary has been defined in the sense of simply recital as well as in the sense of recital with heart's presence. Similarly, is the case in traditions where this phrase has been used with both meanings i.e. recital with tongue as well recital with heart's presence

In traditions it has been narrated that Prophet Moses (a.s.) while reciting hymns, asked  
 :God-Almighty

فيما ناجى به موسى عليه السلام ربه: الهى ما جزا من ذكرك بلسانه وقلبه؟ قال: يا موسى

p: ۲۳۸



اظله يوم القيامة بظل عرشى وأجعله فى كنفى.

Oh God! What is the reward for some one who remembers you by tongue and heart? 'I' will place him under the shadow of My Thrown and My Own Protection on the Day of (Resurrection.)

Therefore, as could be seen in the tradition the phrase invocation has been used in both senses i.e. invocation by means of tongue as well as invocation by means of heart. Also, there are plenty of traditions in which invocation has been used in both meanings, but mostly it has been used in the sense of heart's presence with esoteric attention –which is indeed true and perfect invocation

God's Remembrance may be defined as a state of spirituality and discerning the truth with esoteric attention towards the Lord of Universe, and knowing that He is the Overseer and Supervisor of all our actions at all times. Someone who remembers God–Almighty in such a manner, acts according to His commands, performs compulsory obligations and sustains himself from forbidden acts. Therefore, from the point of view of these considerations we may conclude that invocation is not an easy thing. The Holy Prophet (S) said to Imam 'Ali (a.s

فيما اوصى به رسول الله (ص) عليا: يا على! ثلاث لا تطيقها هذه الامه: المواسات للاخ فى ماله. وانصاف الناس من نفسه. وذكر الله على كل حال. وليس هو سبحانه الله والحمد لله ولا اله الا الله والله اكبر. ولكن اذا ورد على ما يحرم عليه خاف الله عنده وتركه.

There are three things of special strength”

p: ٢٣٩

:for my Ummah

.First: Fellowship and equality with brother believer in wealth

Second: Treading others justly against the self

.Third: God's Remembrance in all situations

What is meant with invocation is not simply recital sentences like: Glory to God; All praises belong to God; and there is no god but God (Subhan allahi, Wal hamdu lillahi wala ilahi illallahu), rather invocation is defined as the state of being so much in remembrance of God-Almighty that whenever one is encountered with a forbidden act, he should fear [\(1\)](#) God-Almighty and should refrain himself from its commitments.”

[\(2\)](#):The Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) said:

قال علي عليه السلام: لا تذكروا الله سبحانه ساهيا ولا تنسوه لاهيا واذكره ذكراً كاملاً يوافق فيه قلبك لسانك ويطابق اضممارك اعلانك ولن تذكره حقيقه الذكر حتى تنسى نفسك في ذكرك وتفقدتها في امرك.

Do not engage your self in invocation in the state of negligence and never forget God-Almighty. Remember Him with perfection so that your tongue and hearts become synchronized and your esoteric and exoteric affairs are in conformity with each other. One cannot engaged himself in real invocation but to forget his self completely and while performing deeds he should think of only God-Almighty and 'should not notice his own existence

[\(3\)](#):Imam al-Sadiq (a.s.) said:

قال الصادق عليه السلام: من كان ذاكرة الله تعالى على الحقيقه فهو مطيع ومن كان غافلاً عنه فهو عاص والطاعة علامه الهدايه والمعصيه علامه الضلاله واصلها الذكر والغفله فاجعل قلبك قبله لسانك لا تحركه بإشاره القلب وموافقه العقل ورضى الايمان فإن تعالى عالم بسرک وجهرك وكن كالنازع روحه

p: ٢٤٠

١- ١٥١-٩٣, Bihar al-Anwar, vol.

٢- ٨١٧, Ghirar al-Hukm, p-

٣- ١٥٨-٩٣, Bihar al-Anwar vol.

كالواقف في العرض الأكبر غير شاغل نفسك عما عناك بما كلفك به ربك في امره ونهيه ووعده ووعيده ولا تشغلها بدون ما كلف به ربك واغسل قلبك بماء الحزن والخوف واجعل ذكر الله تعالى من اجل ذكره إياك فإنه ذكرك وهو غنى عنك فذكره لك أجل وأشهى وأثنى وأتم من ذكرك وأسبق, ومعرفتك بذكره لك تورثك الخضوع والاستحياء والانكسار ويتولد من ذلك رؤيه كرمه وفضله السابق وتصغر. عند ذلك طاعتك وان كثرت في جنب منته. وتخلص بوجهه.

ورؤيتك ذكرك له تورثك الرياء والعجب والسفه والغلظه في خلقه وهو استكثار الطاعه ونسيان فضله وكرمه ولا تزداد بذلك بعدا ولا- تستجلب به على معنى الأيام إلا وحشه. والذكر ذكران: ذكر خالص بموافقته القلب وذكر صادق لك بنفى غيره كما قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: انى لا احصى ثناء عليك, أنت كما أثنيت على نفسك فرسول الله لم يجعل لذكر الله تعالى مقدارا عند علمه بحقيقه سابقه الله عز وجل من قبل ذكره له ومن دونه أولى. فمن أراد يذكر الله تعالى فليعلم انه ما لم يذكر الله العبد بالتوفيق لذكره لا يقدر العبد على ذكره.

Whoever remembers God-Almighty truly will become obedient; whoever is negligent of Him will certainly indulge into sins, His obedience means guidance and sinning indicates deviation. The invocation and negligence are the roots of obedience and transgression respectively.

Therefore, consider your heart as the worshipping point (Qibla), and keep your tongue still without motion except by permission of heart, by approval of wisdom, and with the consent of belief because, God-Almighty is aware of your apparent and

“.hidden affairs

Be like some one whose soul is being confiscated from his body or like some one who is” standing before the Lord to be questioned about his deeds. Don't let the self-engaged into any other thing except discharging Divine obligations which are important for you.

“.With the tears of shame, and grief cleanse and purify the contamination of your heart

Know that God-Almighty has remembered you therefore, you should too engage” yourself in invocation, because, He remembered you while being absolutely needless of you. Therefore, yours remembrance by God-Almighty will make you more perfect, .exalted, acquainted, and delightful as compared to God's Remembrance by you

Acquaintance with God's Remembrance will increase your humility, courtesy, and decency in front of Him, resulting in your being able to witness His past benevolence and blessings bestowed upon you. At this stage your obedience might appear to you as more

“.but in front of God' s favors to you, it will be something very small

Therefore, do perform your deeds strictly for the sake of God-Almighty only. If you” perceived your invocation as big it will result in hypocrisy, egotism, ignorance, harshness, and negligence in appreciation of Divine blessings and favors. Such invocation will not bear any fruits except innovator's becoming farther away from God-Almighty and with

“.the passage of time will not produce any positive effect except fear and sorrow

As the Holy Prophet (S) said: 'I am helpless to hymn your praise (the way you truly” deserves). Your essence is such -the manner you

praised yourself. Therefore, the Prophet (S) did not attach any worth to his invocations because, he was aware of the fact that remembrance of His servants by God–Almighty is far superior than the God's Remembrance by His servants

Therefore, those whose rank is much lower than the Holy Prophet (S) better consider their invocation as insignificant. Because of these considerations some one who really wants to recite God's Invocation must understand that unless and until God–Almighty remembers him and bestow upon him His special grace –he would not be in a position to “offer God's Invocation

As could be seen from these narrations that hearts attention and esoteric presence have been defined as the real meanings of invocation. Further simply heart's attention and esoteric presence but ineffective is not enough, rather what is required is effective esoteric presence whose indications have been identified as obedience of mandatory obligations and avoidance of forbidden things. But it does not mean that only oral recital of sentences like

There is no god but God”; “Glory to God”. And “all praises to God,” (la ilahi illallahu, subhan allahi, and al hamdu lillahi) is not the evidence of true invocation, because these sentences in themselves reflect degrees of God's invocation

Apart from that even this invocation by tongue flows from the heart's fountainhead. Someone, who recites these invocation by tongue certainly is having some attention by heart towards God–Almighty however small it may be, and because of this he is reciting these sentences by his tongue

From

p: ۲۴۳

the point of view of Islam, simply recital of these sentences and other invocations is desirable and carries spiritual reward subjected to it being performed with the intention of God's Nearness. Incidentally we may mention that in case of daily prayers we are strictly obliged to recite similar sentences by tongue and to perform other related rituals outwardly while we know that the heart's presence and esoteric attention is the real spirit behind the daily prayers

### **(B) The Degrees of Invocation (Dhikr**

Invocation consists of various degrees or ranks the first and lowest of them begins with the recital of invocation by tongue, and continues till the degree of absolute perfection, which terminates into attaining the stage of feeling being ceased to exist, witnessing the .(supreme reality and becoming annihilated into His Essence (Shahood and fana

At the very first stage, since the invocator pays heart's attention towards God-Almighty, starts reciting special invocation by tongue with the intention of God's Nearness, without .paying any attention to their meanings

At the second stage, although he, recites invocation by tongue with the intention of God's Nearness, but at the same time also convey their meanings to his mind. At the third stage, the tongue follows the heart, since the heart pays attention towards God-Almighty and in his esoteric essence believes in the meanings and contents of invocations, therefore .orders the tongue for their recital

At the fourth stage, the wayfarer attains esoteric presence, and perfect heart's presence with respect to God-Almighty, considers Him as an overseer of his actions and witnesses

his own existence under God's exalted presence. At this stage the experiences of wayfarers differs widely in accordance to the degree of perfection achieved by them

As much as they become detached from other than God, in the same proportion they become attached to God-Almighty ultimately achieving the highest and most exalted positions of being ceased to exist (inqata), countenance (laqa), and annihilation (fana

The wayfarer at this stage –which is the most exalted position has torn off all the veils of ignorance and falseness and has attached himself to the Supreme Source of all Blessings and Perfection

He has removed himself from every thing including his self and has returned towards God-Almighty by cutting all his ties with other than God and reserving his pure love and affection for God-Almighty. He does not see any perfection except God-Almighty so that he could become attached to him, and does not find any companion to become intimate with him

These purest servants of God have made their access into the supreme Infinite Source of Grandeur, Majesty, Perfection, Blessings and Illumination and are able to witness the Beauty and Illumination of God's Essence with their esoteric eyes. They are not ready to attach their heart and pay attention towards the metaphorical phenomenon of this world even for an instant

Because they have reached to the Fountain Head of Absolute Beauty and Perfection and, therefore, metaphorical and fictitious perfection do not have any worth in their eyes.

They burnt in the love, affection and countenance of

their beloved and are not ready to exchange this pleasure even if they are offered both the worlds, and if they encounter world's phenomenon, regards them as reflections of Divine Illumination and signs of God's Perfect Existence

(١) The Commander of the Faithful Imam 'Ali (a.s.) was asked:

سئل امير المؤمنين عليه السلام: هل رايت ربك حين عبدته؟ فقال: ويلك ما كنت اعبد ربا لم اره. قبل: وكيف رايته؟ قال: ويلك لا تدركه العيون في مشاهدته الابصار ولكن راته القلوب بحقائق الايمان.

“?Have you seen the God to whom you worship”

Woe, be upon you! I do not worship a God who could not be seen'. Replied the Imam. 'How did you see Him'? He was asked. 'Woe be upon you! God-Almighty could not be seen with physical eyes rather hearts witness His existence through the reality of their faith.'  
Replied the Imam

Imam al-Husayn (a.s.) (٢) said

قال حسين بن علي عليه السلام: كيف يستدل عليك بما هو في وجوده مفتقر إليك؟ أ يكون لغيرك من الظهور ما ليس لك حتى يكون هو المظهر لك؟ متى غبت حتى تحتاج إلى دليل يدل عليك؟ و متى بعدت حتى تكون الأثار هي التي توصل إليك؟ عميت عين لا تراك عليها رقبيا وخسرت صفقه عبد لم. تجعل له من حبلك نصيبا.

In order to prove Your Existence how can a thing could be referred as an argument” which in itself is dependent upon You? Is there exist any manifestation for other than You ?which You lack, so that he would make You revealed

p: ٢٤٦

Haqayaqe Faiz, p-١٧٩ -١

Imam al-Husayn: The younger son of 'Ali by Fatimah was born in Medina on Thursday -٢ ٣rd Sha'ban ٤ A.H; like his brother he lived most of his life quietly in Medina under the watchful eyes of the caliph's officials and spies. When Mu'awiyah's son Yazid became caliph, he demanded allegiance from al-Husayn, who refused to give it. Finally al-Husayn felt it necessary to go into battle against Yazid to protest against the injustices which were being carried out in the name of Islam. He and a small group of followers including most of his immediate family were cruelly massacred at Karbala. The day of his



martyrdom 10th Muharram ' A.H.(Ashura) has become the most solemn day of the Islamic calendar, marked by processions and universal mourning. He is buried in Karbala in Iraq

.[[Tr

When were You absent so that an argument will be required? When were You away so that the indications and circumstances of Your reappearance would be needed? Blind is the eye which does not see You as an Overseer upon his deeds. And how unfortunate (1) looser is your servant, who have been deprived of Your Love.”

The Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) in his hymns for the Holy Month of Shaban said:

الهي هب لي كمال الانقطاع اليك وانر ابصار قلوبنا بضيا نظرها اليك حتى تخرق ابصار القلوب حجت النور فتصل الي معدن العظمه وتصير ارواحنا معلقه تعز قدسك.

Oh God! Bestow upon me absolute separation from every thing except You, enlighten” the esoteric eyes of our hearts with Your Beauty and Grandeur ,so that they could tear off the veils of light and become attached to the Supreme Source of Absolute-Perfection.

(2) “May our souls become united with Your Holy-Essence.”

:Imam al-Sajjad (a.s.) describes God's righteous servants as follows

قال على بن الحسين عليه السلام: بسم الله الرمان الرحيم. إلهي قصرت الألسن عن بلوغ ثنائك كما يليق بجلالك ، وعجزت العقول عن إدراك كنه جمالك ، وانحسرت الأبصار دون النظر إلى سبحات وجهك ولم تجعل للخلق طريقاً إلى معرفتك إلا بالعجز عن معرفتك . إلهي فاجعلنا من الذين ترسخت أشجار الشوق إليك في حداثق صدورهم ، وأخذت لوعه محبتك بمجامع قلوبهم ، فهم إلى أوكار الأفكار يثوون ، وفي رياض القرب والمكاشفه يرتعون ، ومن حياض المحبه بكأس الملاطفه يكرعون، وشرايع المصافات يردون.

قد كشف الغطاء عن أبصارهم وانجلت ظلمه الريب عن عقائدهم وضمائرهم

p: ٢٤٧

١- Iqbal al-Amal, Prayer for the Day of Arafah

٢- Iqbal al-Amal, Monajat al-Shabaniyyah

وانتفت مخالجه الشك عن قلوبهم وسرائرهم وانشرحت بتحقيق المعرفه صدورهم وعلت لسبق السعاده فى الزهاده هممهم وعذب فى معين المعامله شربهم وطاب فى مجلس الأنس سرهم وأمن فى موطن المخافه سربهم واطمأنت بالرجوع إلى رب الأرباب أنفسهم وتيقنت بالفوز والفلاح أرواحهم وقرت بالنظر إلى محبوبهم أعينهم وأستقر بإدراك السؤل ونيل المأمول قرارهم وربحت فى بيع الدنيا بالآخره تجارتهم. إلهى ما ألد خواطر الإلهام بذكرك على القلوب وما أحلى المسير إليك بالأوهام فى مسالك الغيوب وما أطيّب طعم حبيك وما أعذب شرب قربك فأعدنا من طردك وإبعادك واجعلنا من أخص عارفيك وأصلح عبادك وأصدق طائعيك وأخلص عبادك يا عظيم يا جليل يا كريم يا منيل! برحمتك ومنك يا أرحم الراحمين.

Oh Lord! The tongues are helpless to offer Your Praise and Adoration, worthy of Your ” Majesty and Splendor,” the faculties of wisdom cannot comprehend Your Beauty and Glory; the eyes are powerless to be able to witness the manifestation of Your Beauty. For your servants, in their search to attain the exalted position of Your Enlightenment, You “have closed all the avenues except to admit their impotence and helplessness

Oh Lord of the Majesty and Splendor! Please consider us among Your those servants in” whose hearts the sapling of Your Countenance has been planted and whose hearts are .saturated with the grief and sorrow of Your Love

Thus, they are moving towards the nest of most tender and sublime thoughts with the hope of living in pleasure forever in the most magnanimous and splendid garden of manifestation and nearness of their God. They

drink the cups of Your Grace from the Fountain Head of Your Love and entering the wide  
“freeways of fraternity and pleasure

The curtains have been rolled up from their esoteric eyes, the darkness of doubt has”  
been removed from their beliefs and the palpitations of contradiction have been calmed  
down in their hearts. Certainly of Your Knowledge have made them as large hearted,”  
strive to surpass others in the race of piety, in their trade with God–Almighty, have been  
“,rewarded with the most delicious and pleasurable drinks

In their union with their beloved possess a clean and pure inner self while encountering  
fearful situation are assured with the Divine guidance towards safety” In their return to  
God–Almighty have attained the most tranquil state; In their journeying towards eternal  
prosperity and salvation have attained the stage of certainty; In witnessing the glory of  
their beloved their eyes shine with joy, because of accomplishing the cherished goal, they  
now possess a peaceful inner self and have profited themselves in their bartering this  
“world with the Hereafter

Oh God! How pleasing are the memories of inspiration relevant to Your Invocation for”  
the hearts! How sweet is the journeying towards you by means of pondering about the  
unseen! How much delicious is the taste of Your Love! And how much pleasurable and  
“! gratifying is the drinking of drinks of Your Nearness

Therefore, oh God! we seek Your shelter again banishment or getting lost. And accept us”  
among the most distinguished gnostics, most righteous servants, most

veracious obedient, and most sincere worshippers. Oh Lord of Majesty and Splendor, and Oh God of Mercy and Compassion we swore you of your Blessing, oh Thou Who are the (Best of Blessers.)<sup>(۱)</sup>

In summary, the fourth position is a position which is most distinguished and exalted and in itself consists of various degrees and ranks which are infinite and continue till the very Holy Essence, Self-Existent (Wajib al- Wajood), the Source of Absolute Perfection and Infinite Beauty. In the language of Godly people these stages are called namely

The position of invocation (dhikr) the position of love, (uns), the position of being, ceased to exist (inqata) the position of intense desire (shouq), the position of pleasure (raza) the position of fear (khouf), the position of witnessing, (shahood) the position of absolute certainty (ain al-yaqin) the position of assurance (haq al-yaqin) and the eventual position of becoming annihilated in God-Almighty (fana wa baqa billah). These interpretations most probably have been inferred from traditions and Qur'anic verses and each one of them requires a commentary e.g

When the worshipper pays attention towards the Glory, Splendor, Majesty and Infinite Perfection of the Holy Essence of Self Existent (Wajib al- Wajood), considers His Love, Favors, and Blessings and realizes his own helplessness and negligence, and looks at the distance between himself and that Holy Exalted Essence; it causes a feeling of love, eagerness, and sorrow within his existence which is known as the position of strong desire (shouq).

When the wayfarer thinks in retrospective about his

p: ۲۵۰

gnostic spiritual journey and discovers the spiritual stations and perfection attained by him –this revelation makes him happy and pleased, which is known as the position of affection or love (uns

When the wayfarer pays attention towards the Splendor, Majesty, Glory, and Absolute Perfection of God's Essence and opposite to that realizes his own helplessness and shortness for attaining the Nearness of that Supreme–Reality –his hearts trembles with fear. The agony and grief overtakes his entire existence, whereby he cries bitterly and sheds tears. This stage is known as the position of fear (khouf), and similar is the case with other positions

It would be better if this God's servant –the prisoner of self's passions, captive of darkness of materialism, deprived of attaining higher spiritual stations –does not put his feet inside this profound and infinite ocean, and let the explanation of these sublime spiritual stations be left for those who have reached there. Because, so far one has not tasted the deliciousness of God's Love, Affection, and Countenance, he is helpless and powerless to explain them

احب الصالحين ولست منهم, اللهم ارزقنا حلاوه ذكرك واجعلنا من اهله.

Oh God! I do like the righteous ones, although, I myself is not one of them, Oh God! Bless”  
” me with the sweetness of your invocation and please do include me among them

Let us hear the words of those who are qualified to speak in this field. The great philosopher and divine gnostic Sadrudin Shirazi writes

If a ray of Divine illumination falls upon a”

servant, makes him awakened from the sleep of ignorance and nature, thus, his becoming aware of the fact that apart from this perceptible world there also exists another world, and higher than the animalistic pleasures there also exist other satisfactions

With this realization he refrains himself from indulging into false and worthless amusements and returns towards God-Almighty by offering repentance for his past omissions. Thus, he starts pondering about Qur'anic verses, listening Divine admonitions, deliberating upon the Prophet's (S) traditions and performing deeds in accordance with "Divine commands

In order to attain the eternal perfection he restrains himself from following the worldly" allurements such as wealth, power, and positions. If he is lucky to receive further Divine Guidance and Blessings – decides seriously to disassociate himself from other than God, starts journeying towards Him and leaving the habitat of self, his whimsical attractions ascends towards God-Almighty

At this stage, a ray of Divine illumination enlightens his horizons; a door from the unseen world opens for him and gradually the pages from the Holy Kingdom become apparent "for him enabling him to witness the affairs of unseen

When he tastes these special pleasures of the unseen affairs, starts liking seclusion and" engages himself into invocation continuously. His hearts becomes detached from material involvement and pays absolute attention towards God-Almighty with his entire existence

At this juncture mystical knowledge is gradually bestowed upon him and spiritual illuminations become occasionally manifested for him, until he attains absolute certainty in his search discovering the Supreme Reality

whereby, all contradictions, doubts are vanished and a special tranquility engulfs his entire existence

At this stage he enters into the Celestial Kingdom and after witnessing the existence of "Ten-wisdoms." (۱) (Uqool-Mufarqeh) becomes united with their Celestial Lights and, thus, become enlightened

Eventually, the Glorious Illumination of the Lord of Majesty and Splendor becomes manifested upon him, thus, making his existence and egotism shattered and he surrenders in front of the Glory and Exaltedness of the Lord of the Heavenly Kingdom. This stage is known as the position of Monotheism (Tawhid) in which any thing other than God-Almighty becomes amortized in the wayfarer's eyes and he listen to the sound of

لمن الملك اليوم، الله الواحد

(۲) (۴۰:۱۶) (۳) Whose is the sovereignty this Day? It is God's the One, the Al-mighty.

The most famous and eminent gnostic late Faiz al-Kashani writes: "The way for acquiring God's Love and its further strengthening to be worthy of witnessing His Manifestation and Countenance is -to attain enlightenment, (marefah) and its further strengthening

The way of acquiring enlightenment consists of purifying hearts from worldly occupations and being attached to its allurements through paying absolute attention towards God-Almighty by means of invocations and pondering, and cleansing of heart's dwellings from all sort of attachment towards other than God

Because, the heart is like a pot, which if filled with water completely would not have any space left to be filled with vinegar. In order to fill this pot with vinegar first it must be emptied with water. God-Almighty has

p: ۲۵۳

Ten-Wisdoms (Uqool Mufarqeh): Sardar al-Mutalihin and other Islamic philosophers, -۱ regarding the creation of universe, have confirmed the existence of Ten-Wisdoms (Uqool-Mufarqeh) before the creation of natural world. And the Divine blessings upon the [material world are bestowed through their means [Author



.Mafateeh al-Ghaib, p-۵۴ -۲

“not created anyone with dual heart

Perfection in love demands that one must love God–Almighty with the entire existence of” his heart, because so far as the heart continues to pay attention towards other things at least a part of it shall remain occupied with other than God–Almighty

Therefore, as much as one is attached to other than God –his love towards Him will be decreased in the same proportion, except where, this attention towards other than God is related to a situation, whereby “ an act of God and His created being “ are reflections of “one of the manifestations of God's sacred names and Characteristics

God–Almighty in the following verse of Holy Qur’an, has pointed out about the same meanings

قُلِ اللَّهُ ۖ ثُمَّ ذَرْهُمْ

(Say God: Then leave them (۶:۹”

A stage which is achieved as a result of strong desire where a human being strives that whatever have been revealed for him should become further clearly manifested. While he should remain anxious towards what have not yet been accomplished, because, the strong desire is related to a thing which partly have been perceived from some aspects. but from other dimensions it has not yet been comprehended, and in between these two, there exists the reality, which is beyond the limits and infinite

Because, the degree and ranks of comprehension of what have been achieved –is” infinite. Similarly, whatever magnification has been left from God' s Splendor and Beauty is also infinite and having attained the real union with the sweetheart, one still

desires strongly that pleasurable event which is free from all sort of pains. Therefore, desire never rests at any stage especially when he witnesses so many ranks and positions beyond the imagination of human intellect

نُورُهُمْ يَسْعَىٰ بَيْنَ أَيْدِيهِمْ وَبِأَيْمَانِهِمْ يَقُولُونَ رَبَّنَا أَتِمِّمْ لَنَا نُورَنَا

There light will run before them and on their right hands: They will say: our Lord! Perfect”

[\(۱\)](#)(۶۶:۸) [our light for us.](#)

### Faith, the Foundation of Spiritual Perfection

Faith and enlightenment are the basis for self's perfection and journeying towards God-Almighty. Before starting this journey a wayfarer must decide about his final destination, must know where is he going, and which path he must select, otherwise he would get lost and would never reach to his final destination

Faith in God-Almighty induces courage for movement, search and endeavor, as well as clearly

p: ۲۲۹

demarcates his path and final destination. Those who lack faith are helpless to walk upon  
:the straight path of perfection. The Holy Qur'an said

وَإِنَّ الَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِالْآخِرَةِ عَنِ الصُّرَاطِ لَنَاكِبُونَ

(And Lo! those who believe not in the Hereafter are indeed astray from the path. (٢٣: ٧٤”

:And said

بَلِ الَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِالْآخِرَةِ فِي الْعَذَابِ وَالضَّلَالِ الْبَعِيدِ

(Nay, but those who disbelieve in the Hereafter are in torment and for error. (٣٤:٨”

An unbeliever who does not believe in the existence of God-Almighty and Hereafter becomes absolutely cut off from the world of perfection and his activities are limited to follow his material and animalistic requirements. Therefore, his arms and objectives for movement could not be any thing else other than material world

He is not journeying on the straight path of perfection and therefore, can never attain God's Nearness .The direction of his movement is world and therefore, continuously becomes farther away from the straight path of human exaltation

Even if an unbeliever performs a righteous deed it would not become a means for his self-perfection; because, he has not done it with the intention for God and his Nearness (Taqarrub), so that it becomes beneficial for him, rather has done it for the sake of this world and, therefore, will see the result in this world but nothing will be left for him in the Hereafter. God-Almighty said in Holy Qur'an

مَثَلُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا بِرَبِّهِمْ □ أَعْمَالُهُمْ كَرَمَادٍ اشْتَدَّتْ بِهِ الرِّيحُ فِي يَوْمٍ عَاصِفٍ □ لَّا يَقْدِرُونَ مِمَّا كَسَبُوا عَلَيَّ شَيْءٌ □ ذَلِكَ

هُوَ الضَّلَالُ الْبَعِيدُ

A similitude of those who disbelieve in their Lord: their works are ashes which the wind” bloweth hard upon a stormy day. They have no control of aught that they have earned.

(That is the extreme failure. (۱۴:۱۸

Anyway, faith is the foundation of deeds and bestows upon them merit. If, a believer's soul gets intermingled with faith (Iman) and the phrase of Monotheism (Kalma al-Tawhid) would become illuminated and would ascend towards God-Almighty. Of course, righteous :deeds too helps him in this ascent. The Holy Qur’an said

مَنْ كَانَ يُرِيدُ الْعِزَّةَ فَلِلَّهِ الْعِزَّةُ جَمِيعًا □ إِلَيْهِ يَصْعَدُ الْكَلِمُ الطَّيِّبُ وَالْعَمَلُ الصَّالِحُ يَرْفَعُهُ

Whoso desireth power (should know that) all power belongeth to God-Almighty. Unto”

(Him good words ascend and the pious deed doth He exalt. (۳۵:۱۰

The righteous deeds carry a human soul upward enabling him to attain the exalted position of God's Nearness and providing him a sacred and beautiful existence subjected to his possessed with the faith (Iman). An unbeliever's soul is dark and does not have the :decency of possessing God's Nearness and delightful existence. The Holy Qur’an said

مَنْ عَمِلَ صَالِحًا مِّنْ ذَكَرٍ أَوْ أُنْثَىٰ وَهُوَ مُؤْمِنٌ فَلَنُحْيِيَنَّهٗ حَيَاةً طَيِّبَةً

Whosoever doth right, whether male or female and is a believer, him verily we shall”

(quicken with good life. (۱۶:۹۷

Therefore, a wayfarer from the very beginning must strive and endeavor to strengthen his faith because the stronger and superior will be his faith the higher will be his ascent :and rank. Holy Qur’an said

يَرْفَعِ اللَّهُ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا مِنْكُمْ وَالَّذِينَ

أَوْتُوا الْعِلْمَ دَرَجَاتٍ ۖ وَاللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ خَبِيرٌ

God-Almighty will exalt those who believe among you, and those who have knowledge,”  
(to high ranks, God is informed of what you do. (۵۸:۱۱)

### The Means of Perfection and God's Nearness

In order to attain self-perfection and God's Nearness one may resort to various means.  
:Here we will point out some of the important means as follows

۱- God's Remembrance

۲- Nourishment of Moral Virtues

۳- Righteous Deeds

۴- Martyrdom and Struggle

۵- Benevolence and Service to Mankind

۶- Supplication and Prayer

۷- Fasting

All of the above means shall be described in details as separate chapters in this book

### (First Means –God's Remembrance (Dikhr

### (The Effects and Indications of Invocation (Dhikr

point

As it was explained earlier that invocation (dhikr), witnessing (shahood), and countenance (laqa), are esoteric positions; and are genuine spiritual perfections, whereby a wayfarer really attains an exalted rank of existence which was not accomplished by him earlier

If it is said: the position of witnessing is real and similarly, if it is said: the position of love, the position of compliance, the position of desire, the position of union, and the positions of countenance are not metaphorical, rather are real positions; it means that the relevant position represents a rank and degree of a real existence, which naturally should be

accompanied with new effects and indications, so that the existence of that perfection could be identified through them. Here, we would describe the details of the following effects

### **Commitment for God's Obedience .۱**

When some one attains a position whereby in his esoteric essence witnesses God's Beauty and sees himself in His presence, without any doubt will obey His commands absolutely. Whatever, he has been commanded to do will be performed by him and will refrain himself from things made forbidden for him

If, a human being wants to

know whether he has attained that position or not, he must evaluate his commitments towards Divine positive and negative commands and in accordance to his performance may determine his relative rank. It is not possible that a human being would have attained the exalted position of love and witnessing and would not have a total commitment towards Divine commands. Imam al-Sadiq has defined the invocation (dhikr) as follows

قال ابو عبدالله عليه السلام: (في حديث الى ان قال) ولكن اذ اورد عليك شئ امر الله به اخذت به واذا ورد عليك شئ نهى عنه تركته.

Invocation is meant that when some one encounters an act which has been made” mandatory by God-Almighty he performs it and if it is forbidden, he refrains from it.”<sup>(۱)</sup>

:Imam al Husayn (a.s.) in his prayer of Arafah said

يا من اذاق احبائه حلاوه المؤمنسه فقاموا بين يديه متملقين و يا من البس اوليائه ملابس هيبته فقاموا بين يديه مستغفرين.

Oh God-Almighty! Thou are the One Who has poured the sweetness of Your love inside” your friend's mouths so that they should stand in prayer in front of You and must adore You with humility. Oh Thou are the One Who has dressed your saints with the robe of fear so that they should stand and repent in front of you.”<sup>(۲)</sup>

God-Almighty said in Holy Qur’an

قُلْ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ تُحِبُّونَ اللَّهَ فَاتَّبِعُونِي يُحْبِبْكُمُ اللَّهُ

(Say: If you do love God follow me: God will love you. (۳:۳۱)

:Imam al Sadiq (a.s.) said

قال الصادق عليه السلام: من كان ذاكر الله على الحقيقه فهو مطيع ومن

p: ۲۵۶



كان غافلا عنه فهو عاص.

Whoever becomes a sincere invocator of God–Almighty, will also become truly obedient”  
(to Him, and whoever is negligent, will be a sinner.”

### Humility .۲

Whoever witnesses the Power and Majesty of God–Almighty would naturally humiliate himself in front of him, and will continuously lower his head in regret while realizing his omissions and negligence

:Imam al–Sadiq (a.s.) had narrated in a tradition

قال الصادق عليه السلام (في حديث الى قال) ومعرفتك بذكره لك يورثك الخضوع والاستحيا والانكسار.

Your enlightenment because of your being paid attention by God–Almighty will result in”  
your becoming humble, modest and prudent.”

### Excitement for Worshipping .۳

One of the indication of attaining the position of witnessing is the strong liking for worshipping and feeling intense pleasure during its performance, because, some one who has witnessed the Majesty and Splendor of the Lord of the Worlds and considers himself in the presence of God–Almighty –the Fountainhead of All Magnanimity and Perfection –would prefer the pleasure of hymns and humming communications with Him over any other enjoyment

Those who are deprived of spiritual pleasures keep themselves amused with transient worldly amusements which in reality are no more than a pain killer, but those who have tasted the real pleasure of worshipping and hymns of the Lord of the Worlds would never exchange their pleasant state and beauty with any other enjoyment

These are the purest God's servant who worship him only for the sake of his worthiness to be worshipped and not for the sake of any reward and punishment. In this regard, you must have

.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۹۳, p-۱۵۸ -۱

.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۹۳, p-۱۵۸ -۲

heard about the melting and burning worshipping and intimate humming communications of the Holy Prophet (S) Imam 'Ali (a.s.) Imam al-Sajjad and other Imams of Prophets (Ahlul Bayt) with their Lord

### Tranquility and Assurance .۴

The world is a place of pains, sorrows, and sufferings, which can be classified into the following three categories

First type: Tragedies like sickness of self or relatives death of self or next of kills, • oppression, prejudices, injustice, discard, and interference etc

Second type: Regret and annoyance for lack of worldly things which are beyond one's • reach

Third type: Fear of losing whatever have been accumulated, fear of theft or loss of • wealth, fear of losing children because of accidents, and fear of getting sick and possibility of death

All of the above most probably takes away ease and comfort from a human being, whose roots could be traced to strong attachments to world and avoidance of God's remembrance. God-Almighty said in the Holy Qur'an

وَمَنْ أَعْرَضَ عَن ذِكْرِي فَإِنَّ لَهُ مَعِيشَةً ضَنْكًا

(But he who turneth away from remembrance of me, his will be a narrow life. (۲۰:۱۲۴)

But God's sincere servants who have reached the Source of all Blessings and Perfection, have witnessed the Absolute Beauty and Splendor, are contented because of God's Remembrance and Affection. They are free from all sort of worries and sorrows, because of their having God-Almighty, they possess every thing

They do not become annoyed or it worried for lack of worldly things because they do not have any inclinations towards them, instead, they have attached themselves

to the Fountainhead of all Blessings and Perfection, which lacks nothing. Imam al-Hussain (a.s.) in his prayer of Arafah had said

أنت الذى أزلت الأغيار عن قلوب أحبائك، حتى لم يحبوا سواك، ولم يلجئوا إلى غيرك أنت المونس لهم حيث أوحشتهم العوالم، وأنت الذى هديتهم حيث استبانتم لهم المعالم ماذا وجد من فقدك؟

وما الذى فقد من وجدك؟ لقد خاب من رضى دونك بدلا ولقد خسر من بغى عنك متحولا كيف يرجى سواك وانت ما قطعت الاحسان وكيف يطلب من غيرك وانت ما بدلت عاده الامتان.

Oh Lord! Thou are the one who has removed the love of others from the hearts of your” favorite saints, so that they are not attached to any body except You, and do not seek any other shelter except You. While encountering terrible calamities they seek refuge in You. If Your Enlightenment and Nearness have been achieved by them -it was only because of “Your-Guidance

Whosoever does not find You what else there remains to be found? And whoever has” found You what else would he be lacking? How much looser is the one who chooses other than You and how unfortunate is the one who deviates from You. How can a human being expect thing from others while Your Favors never get cut off from him? How could one pray for his need before others, while knowing that Your Generosity and Benevolence (surround him.”<sup>(١)</sup>

Any how, the most important effect of one's attaining the position of invocation, ,witnessing, and love is the attainment of heart's peace and tranquility

because, in principle, nothing can rescue the heart's boat inside the stormy oceans of the  
:life except God's Remembrance. God-Almighty said in Holy Qur'an

الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا وَتَطْمَئِنُّ قُلُوبُهُمْ بِذِكْرِ اللَّهِ أَلَا بِذِكْرِ اللَّهِ تَطْمَئِنُّ الْقُلُوبُ

Who have believed and whose hearts have rest in the remembrance of God. Verily in the”  
(remembrance of God do hearts find rest! (۱۳:۲۸

The stronger will be the belief of a person the greater will be his heart's degree of  
.assurance and tranquility

### God's Attention towards the Servant .۵

#### point

When a God's servant remembers God-Almighty, reciprocally He too bestows special  
favor and blessing upon His servant. This matter has been mentioned in the following  
:verses and traditions, God-Almighty said in Holy Qur'an

فَاذْكُرُونِي أَذْكَرُكُمْ

(Therefore, remember me, I will remember you. (۲:۱۵۲”

:Imam al-Sadiq (a.s.) said

عن ابى عبدالله عليه السلام: قال الله عزوجل: يا بن آدم! اذكرنى فى نفسك اذكرك فى نفسى, يا بن آدم! اذكرنى فى خلا اذكرك فى  
خلاقى يا بن آدم! اذكرنى فى ملا- اذكرك فى ملا خير من ملاك. وقال: ما من عبد ذكر الله فى ملا من الناس الا ذكره الله فى ملا من  
الملائكة.

God-Almighty had said: 'Oh son of Adam! Remember me in your self so that I would”  
remember you in My Self; Oh son of Adam! Remember me in solitude so that I may  
remember you in solitude; Oh son of Adam! Remember me in congregation so that I  
remember you in a congregation much better than yours,” and said: 'Every servant who  
remembers God-Almighty among the human beings, God-Almighty remember him  
(among the angels.” (۱

God's attention and special blessings towards a

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.Wasail al-Shi'a, vol ۴, p-۱۱۸۵ -۱

servant is not a metaphorical thing, rather is a reality whose reasons may be explained as follows:

### First Reason

When a servant remembers God–Almighty and with this means makes himself readied for acceptance of His special favors, God–Almighty increases the level of his perfection and elevates him into higher spiritual positions

### Second Reason

When a servant recites God’s invocations and spiritually migrates towards Him, he is blessed with God's attention and special favors, whereby He bestows upon him exalted spiritual positions and takes over the control of his heart, The Holy Prophet (S) said

عن النبي صلى الله عليه وآله قال: قال الله تعالى: إذا علمت أنّ الغالب على عبدى الاشتغال بى نقلت شهوته فى مسألتى ومناجاتى ، فإذا كان عبدى كذلك فأراد أن يسهو حلتُ بينه وبين أن يسهو وهذا معنى العصمه أولئك أوليائى حقاً ، أولئك الأبطال حقاً ، أولئك الذين إذا اردت ان اهلك اهل الارض عقوبه زويتها عنهم من اجل اولئك الابطال.

God Almighty said: 'When I find a servant sincerely engaged in my invocation –makes” him further interested into hymns and worshipping, and if occasionally negligence dominates over him, I prevent such occurrence, These are my real saints and heroes, If I want to annihilate all the earthly creations, it is because of their distinguished existence (that My punishment does not descend towards earth.”

### God's Love towards the Servant .

One of the effect of invocation is the God's love towards the servant. It has been inferred from various Qur’anic verses and traditions that when a person engages himself in God's remembrance and obeys His commandments, He too reciprocates

p: ٢٤١

:and starts loving that person, The Holy Qur'an said

قُلْ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ تُحِبُّونَ اللَّهَ فَاتَّبِعُونِي يُحْبِبْكُمُ اللَّهُ

”(If you love God, follow me, God will love you. (۳:۳۱)

(Imam al-Sadiq had narrated from the Holy Prophet (S

عن ابي عبد الله عليه السلام: قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: من اكثر ذكر الله احبه الله ومن ذكر الله كثيرا كتبت له برائتان برائه من النار و برائه من النفاق.

Whoever offers lots of God's invocation will achieve God's affection towards him,” whoever continuously remembers God-Almighty will have two letters written for him (letter of immunity from Hells' fire, and letter of immunity from discard.”)

God's affection towards a servant is neither a ceremonial act nor it could be compared to the meanings of love as related to human beings. In case of human beings love is meant as heart's attachments and inclinations towards a desirable object, but for God such interpretation of love is not correct

Love of God must be interpreted as His special favors and graces which further enhance a servants sincerity, attention, and worshipping, towards Him, and through these means attracts him towards the higher stages of perfection and nearness. Because, He loves the servant and likes hearing his humming hymns –bestows upon him the special favor of motivating further towards prayer, invocation, worshipping, and supplications

Since, He likes servant's nearness, accordingly provides the required means for his perfection, and in nutshell because of His affection towards the servant –takes over his heart's control, thus, providing him the opportunities for better and speedy

p: ۲۶۲



.ascent towards His nearness

### **The Most Important Effects .۷**

At this stage the wayfarer is blessed with most special benefits and privileges whose explanation is not possible through the pen and tongue of strangers, and except the .recipient of these positions no one knows any thing about these affairs

Because, of the effects of self-purification, esoteric cleansing, worshipping, asceticism, thinking, and continuous recital of invocation, the wayfarer attains on exalted spiritual rank where, by means of his esoteric eyes and ears is able to see and hear the most sublime realities which can not be seen and heard by the apparent eyes and ears. Sometimes he hears the praise and hymns of other creatures including angels and joins .them

While he lives in this world and socialize with its people but in his esoteric essence looks towards upper horizons living in an another world as though he does not belong to this world. In that World he witnesses the Hell and Paradise and keeps in touch with angels and spirits of God's righteous saints. He is familiar with other World, and utilizes its blessings but does not want to speak about it, because such persons prefers seclusion .and strictly sustain themselves from fame and popularity

The higher Divine learning are descended upon the gnostics heart, and mystical-sciences which are not customary with conventional learning are witnessed by him. The wayfarer ultimately achieves an exalted spiritual position whereby he forgets everything including his self and does not pays attention towards anything except the Holy Names and .Characteristics of God-Almighty

He sees the Lord of the Universe as Over seer of every thing and every where, Who had  
:said

هو الاول والاخر والظاهر والباطن.

“I am the first, the last, the hidden and the apparent”

He sees the world as a manifestation of God's characteristics and considers every perfection and beauty from God–Almighty. The depravity of essence of all creatures, the absolute richness of the Self Existent (Wajib al–Wajood) becomes apparent for him and in witnessing the Supreme Source of Absolute Beauty and Perfection feels fascinated and  
.absorbed

Here it should be pointed out that the position of annihilation (fana) in itself consists of various degrees and ranks, and it would be appropriate if this deprived servant should  
.better refrain himself from entering into these privileged positions

### **The Means of Attainment**

#### **point**

In order to achieve faith's perfection and attaining higher spiritual positions of God's Remembrances (Dhikr), Witnessing, (Shahood), and Countenance (Laqa), the following  
:means should be utilized

#### **Meditation and Reasoning .)**

The reasons and arguments presented for the proof of God's Existence might be of some help in this regard, because, the reasons presented in the Holy Qur’an and other books of wisdom and gnosticism confirm that all the worldly phenomenon are needy and deprived  
.rather in their essence are absolute indigence and deprivation

In order to exist, and for continuation of their actions and movements they all are related to a – “Free from Want Existence”, rather in essence are related and dependent upon  
.Him. All are needy and limited

In the entire circle of existence there does not exist more



than one –"Free from Want", Self Sufficient and Infinite Existence and that is the Essence of Self Existent (Wajib al-Wajood), Whose Existence is absolutely free from defects, limitations, and needs

He is the Source of all Perfection Whose Power, Knowledge, Life, and Other Characteristics are Absolute and Infinite; is present everywhere and is the overseer of all things, nothing is hidden from Him, is closer to all the creatures, even is nearer to man than his jugular vein. The Qur'anic verses and traditions have explain this in detail.

:Following are some examples

فَأَيْنَمَا تُولُوْا فَتَمَّ وَجْهُ اللّٰهِ وَلِلّٰهِ الْمَشْرِقُ وَالْمَغْرِبُ

To God belong the east and the west: Withersoever ye turn, there is the presence of" (God. (۲:۱۱۵)

:And said

وَهُوَ مَعَكُمْ أَيْنَ مَا كُنْتُمْ □ وَاللّٰهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيْرٌ

(And He is with you wheresoever ye may be. And God sees well as that ye do. (۵۷: ۴)

:And said

أَقْرَبُ إِلَيْهِ مِنْ حَبْلِ الْوَرِيْدِ وَنَحْنُ

(We are nearer to him than (his) jugular vein. (۵۰:۱۶)

:And said

إِنَّ اللّٰهَ عَلِيْمٌ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ شَهِيدٌ

(For God is witness of all things. (۲۲:۱۷)

Therefore, pondering and reasoning over the Divine proofs helps man's exit from the intense darkness of unbelief, makes him enter inside the boundaries of faith, opens the path of perfection, and invites him towards action which is the pre-requisite of belief

The Holy Qur'an regards all worldly phenomenon as sign and indications of the existence of the World's Creator. The Qur'anic verses emphasize repeatedly to deliberate and think about God's signs, and the beauties, wonders, rhythm, and coordination which is

controlling them in order to discover the existence of a Learned, Wise and Omnipotent .God

The human beings have been asked to deliberate deeply about their own creation, mysteries, and wonders incorporated within the structures of their spirit and body, the differences of colors and languages, and the creation of their spouses. Similarly, they are .asked to ponder about the creation of sun, moon, stars, and their wonderful movement

Further they are encouraged to look and think about the creation of earth, mountains, hills, trees, plants, and animals living inside, the water and over land. Also, the Holy Qur'an .has described a lot of examples from these creations

The world indeed is beautiful and fascinating, and a little bit pondering would reveal hundreds of hidden wonders and mysteries within its creatures. Starting from sun, moon, stars, milky ways, and clouds till the fascinating and mysterious world of atom; from the great forests till different types of plants and smaller and larger trees; from the great animals like elephant and camel till the tiny ants, mosquitoes, bacteria, and viruses all of .them reveal a special beauty and elegance

By witnessing the wonders of these worldly phenomenon and the most accurate precise coordination prevailing upon them, a human being may discover the Infinite Grandeur, Majesty, Wisdom, and Knowledge of the Creator and, thus, becomes astonished and :fascinated crying from the inner depths of this heart

هَذَا بَاطِلًا رَبَّنَا مَا خَلَقْتَ

(Our Lord! Thou createdst not this in vain. (۳:۱۹۱)

Look at the brightening sky full of stars and

deliberate deeply over their creation; sit near the edge of a forest and see the Majesty  
!! and splendor of God–Almighty. Alas! The world is so beautiful

### Worshipping .٣

After being blessed with faith (iman) and enlightenment (marefah) a human being must strive and endeavor to perform righteous deed and must discharge his religious obligations. Because, it is through the performance of righteous deeds that the belief and enlightenment achieve perfection, ultimately ascending towards God's Nearness

It is True that belief, enlightenment and the words of purity (Monotheism) ascend towards Him, but in this movement they are assisted by the righteous deeds. God–Almighty said in Holy Qur'an

مَنْ كَانَ يُرِيدُ الْعِزَّةَ فَلِلَّهِ الْعِزَّةُ جَمِيعًا □ إِلَيْهِ يَصْعَدُ الْكَلِمُ الطَّيِّبُ وَالْعَمَلُ الصَّالِحُ يَرْفَعُهُ

Whoso desireth power (should know that) all power belongeth to God. Unto Him good”  
(words ascend, and the pious deed doth He exalt. (٣٥:١٠

The righteous deeds may be compared to the fuel in an airplane. So for it contains fuel it may continue to ascend, but the moment its fuel is finished it crashes immediately. Likewise, belief, ,and enlightenment so far are accompanied by righteous deeds they help ascend the human being towards Upper Heavens, but without the assistance of righteous deeds a human being crashes like an airplane without fuel. God–Almighty said in the Holy  
:Qur'an

وَاعْبُدْ رَبَّكَ حَتَّىٰ يَأْتِيَكَ الْيَقِينُ

(And serve thy Lord till the inevitable cometh into thee. (١٥:٩٩”

The only way for achieving self–perfection and attaining the state of certainty (yaqeen) is to strive seriously to discharge obligations, worshipping, and servitude

of God–Almighty. If some one imagines that he may attain exalted spiritual position through means other than worship –is in gross error. (١)If God willing (inshaAllah) the discussions regarding righteous deeds will be continued later on

#### ٤. Invocations and Supplications

Islam, especially has emphasized the importance of continuous recital of invocations and in this regard special invocations and supplications have been prescribed by the Holy Prophet (S) and Infallible Imams (a.s.) whose recital earns a special reward. Invocation in Islam is considered as a type of worship which helps one to achieve self–perfection and :God's Nearness. For example The Holy Prophet (S) had said

عن ابى سلام قال: سمعت رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله يقول: خمس ما اثقلن فى الميزان سبحان الله, والحمد لله, ولا إله الا الله, والله اكبر والولد الصالح يتوفى لمسلم فيصبر ويحتسب.

There are five things which makes a human being's deeds heavier: Glory to God (Subhan” Allahi), All praises belong to God (AlhamduLillahi), there is no God but god (La ilahi–illallahu), God is Great (Allahu Akbar) and to remain patient at the demise of a righteous (٢)“offspring.”

:And said

قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: لما اسرى بى الى السما دخلت الجنة فرايت علاقة بينون لبنة من ذهب ولبنت من فضه وربما امسكوا فقلت لهم: ما لكم ربما بنيتم وربما امسكتم؟ فقالوا حتى نجيتنا النفقه فقلت لهم: وما نفقتكم؟ فقالوا: قول المؤمن فى الدنيا: سبحان الله, والحمد لله, ولا إله الا الله, والله اكبر. فاذا — قال بنينا واذا امسك امسكنا.

When on the Night of–Ascent (Mairaj) I was taken into the paradise I saw”

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According to a tradition narrated by Imam ‘Ali bin al–Husayn (a.s.), since God was – ١ aware that the later period of history, would produce curious people, and therefore: He revealed the verses of Surah Iron till verse “knower of all that is in the breasts, “ in order to define the boundaries for investigating His essence and characteristics. Therefore whosoever has allowed himself to ponder over beyond these prescribed limits is bound to be doomed. As if the Surah al Ikhlas, “Say God is One” says to the prayer offerer: God is



unique Supreme Power, the Most High, Exalted, the Needless, His essence beyond description, neither Begets nor Begotten, and there is no one similar to Him or His equivalent. Learned, Seer, Wise etc., and other characteristics of God's essence whose knowledge and awareness is obligatory for Muslims, and are regarded influential and effective in shaping their lives, and ascension of their spirits, have been repeated in other surahs of the Holy Qur'an. Do not think beyond the limits as already defined in this surah about God's essence and know-how about His characteristics. Rather, concentration should be exerted for performing deeds, which would eventually enlighten the believer in knowing God better . Do not think that by engaging in lengthy mental debates about His essence you will achieve more enlightenment. It is not so! Instead, try to. achieve this desired enlightenment by bringing purification and spirituality to your inner self, and by practicing the principles of Monotheism in your deeds and action; and that is the way the prophets, saints, righteous servants of God, pure Monotheists, and gnostics were. –

[Profundities of Prayer, Ayatullah Sayyed 'Ali Khamenei, pp-۴۵, ۴۶ [Tr

.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۹۳, p-۱۶۹ –۲

the angels busy in building the palaces of silver and gold but occasionally they suspended the work. I asked them: 'Why do you work intermittently?' 'When we do have construction material, we continue work but when the material is consumed we are forced to “terminate the work.’ Replied the angels

What sort of material you require ? I asked. “Glory to God,” “All praises belong to God”, “There is no god but God” and “God is Great”; when a believer is busy in invocation –we receive the material and start to build, but when he forgets to offer invocation, we too are forced to terminate the work.” Replied the angels.”

:The Holy Prophet (S) said

قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: من قال سبحان الله غرس الله له بها شجره في الجنة ومن قال الحمد لله غرس الله له بها شجره في الجنة ومن قال: لا إله إلا الله غرس الله له بها شجره في الجنة ومن قال: الله أكبر غرس الله له بها شجره في الجنة: فقال رجل من قريش: يا رسول الله! ان شجرنا في الجنة لكثير. قال: نعم. ولكن إياكم أن ترسلوا عليها نيرانا فتحرقوها. وذلك أن الله عز وجل يقول: يا أيها الذين آمنوا أطيعوا الله وأطيعوا الرسول ولا تبطلوا أعمالكم.

Whoever recites: “Glory to God”, a tree is planted for him in the Paradise, similarly God–” Almighty orders plantation of a tree for a believer inside the Paradise for each recital of” All praises belong to God” or “There is no god but God or “God is Great” . “Then

p: ٢٦٩

a Qureshite man asked: 'Oh Prophet of God! Then we will have plenty of trees in the .paradise

Yes it is so! But be careful not to send the fire which will bur” all the trees, because God–' Almighty had said in the Holy Qur’an: O Ye who believe! Obey God and obey the (Messenger and render not your actions vain. ' Replied the Holy Prophet (S).”[\(۱\)](#)

Each phrase which induces God 's Remembrance in a human being and whose meanings are related to praise, supplication, and adoration of God–Almighty –is called invocation (dhikr). But traditions have prescribed special invocations whose recital brings special :rewards. Some of the important invocations are as follows

لا اله الا الله.

(La ilahi illallahu)

“There is no god but God”

سبحان الله.

(Subhan allahi)

“Glory to God”

الحمد لله.

(Al hamdu lillahi)

“All praises belong to God”

لا حول ولا قوة الا بالله.

(La hol wala quwwateh illa billah)

“There is no power except God–Almighty”

حسبنا الله ونعم الوكيل.

(Hasbanallahu wa nemal wakil)

“God is sufficient and He the best defence”

لا اله الا الله سبحانك انى كنت من الظالمين.

(La illahi illallahu subhanak inni kuntu min al zalimin)

“There is no God save Thee. Be thou Glorified. Lo! I have been a wrong Doer”

يا حى يا قيوم يا من لا اله الا انت.

(Ya hayyu ya qayoom ya min la ilahi illa unt)

“Oh Self-Existent, Eternal these is no God except Thee”

افوض امرى الى الله ان الله بصير بالعباد.

(Afwaz amri illallahi innalahi basir bil ibad)

“Leave the affairs to God, He is aware and knowledgeable about His servants”

لا حول ولا قوة الا بالله العلى العظيم.

La howlwala quwwateh)

p: ۲۷۰

(illa billah il ‘Ali ul azim

“There is no power except God the Exalted”

يا الله.

(Ya Allah)

“Oh! God”

يا رب.

(Ya Rab)

“Oh! Lord”

يا رحمان.

(Ya Rahman)

“Oh! Merciful”

يا ارحم الراحمين.

(Ya arhamar rahimin)

“Oh! The Merciful and Compassionate”

يا ذا الجلال والكرام.

(Ya zul jalale wal Ikram)

“Oh! The Majestic and Magnanimous”

(Ya ghani ya mughni)

يا غنى يا مغنى...

“Oh! Thou Who is free from needs, and oh! Thou Who is the Granter of our needs”

Similarly there are other Holy attributes of God–Almighty which have; been mentioned in

the traditions and supplications. All of them are invocations, motivates a man towards God's Remembrance, and are means of His-Nearness

A wayfarer may select any one of the above mentioned invocations and should recite them continuously. But some enlightened gnostics preferred certain special invocations. some of them recommended: "there is no god but God" (La ilahi illallahu), while others selected: "glory to God" all praises belong to God; there is no god but God; and God is (Great; (Subhan allahi, wal hamadu lillahi wala ilahi illallahu walahu akbar

But according to some traditions it may be concluded that the invocation: "there is no god but God " " (La ilahi illallahu) " possesses distinction over other invocations. The Holy Prophet (S) had said

قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: خير العباده قول لا اله الا الله.

(The best worships are the recital of invocation "there is no god but God." (۱)

:And said

قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: سيد القول لا اله الا الله.

The phrase –"there is no god but God " –is the chief and most distinguished"

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(۱) among all other phrases of invocations.”

:The Holy Prophet (S) had narrated from Arch Angel Gabriel that God–Almighty said

عن النبي صلى الله عليه وآله عن جبرئيل قال قال الله عز وجل: كلمه لا اله الا الله حصني فمن دخل حصني امن من عذابي.

The phrase –There is no god but God –is the most stable shelter of Mine. Whoever”  
(۲) entered in it shall be immune from My Punishment”

Since the aim of invocation is attention towards God–Almighty, therefore, it may be concluded –that every phrase which improves and increases a person's motivation to .remember God–Almighty is indeed the most suitable invocation for that person

Generally speaking individuals, conditions and their spiritual ranks differ. It is quite possible that the phrase “Oh! God” (Ya Allah!) under certain conditions might be interesting and suitable for some one, while the phrase– “Oh Thou the Granter of the .prayers of the depressed.” (Ya Muji bud dawatul Muztarin) may suit some other individual

For some individuals the phrase –”there is no god but God. “ (La illahi illallahu) may suit, while for some others the phrase– “Oh Merciful”, Concealer of faults” (Ya Ghafar! Ya .Sattar!) might be more suitable, and similar is the case with other invocations

It is because of these considerations that if a wayfarer has access to perfect teacher, it would be better for him to seek his guidance in this regard. But if one does not bas access to such learned teachers he may resort to supplication books, traditions and guidelines left by the Holy Prophet traditions

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.Bihar al–Anwar, vol. ۹۳, p–۲۰۴ –۱

.Bihar al–Anwar, vol. ۹۳ p–۱۹۲ –۲

and guidelines left by the Holy Prophet (S) and Infallible Imams (a.s.) of Prophets (Ahlul Bayt).

All invocations and worships are good and if performed correctly may help a wayfarer to attain higher gnostic stations. A wayfarer might utilize some or all of them but the learned teachers of gnostics recommend that in order to attain the positions of invocation (dhikr) and witnessing (shahud), a wayfarer must select a special invocation and then must undertake its recital for a certain fixed numbers in a special manner in order to accomplish the desired goal.

Here it is important to point out that invocations and supplication prescribed in the religious law, although are worships and could be a means of achieving God's Nearness but, their main aim is attaining the stage of absolute cut off from other than God, and absolute attention and heart's presence towards God-Almighty.

Therefore, simply recital of phrases without paying attention towards their meanings and remaining negligent towards the real aims behind them would not produce any result. Because, recital of invocations and even their continuous repetition is not so difficult but this action alone may not help a wayfarer attaining his cherished goal.

What is useful is concentration and heart's presence towards God-Almighty, and negation and complete cut off from every thing other than Him, which is extremely difficult. So far as one does not achieve negation of others than God, he does not attain the worthiness and decency of receiving God's blessings and illuminations.

Only a heart absolutely and



thoroughly cleansed from all existence other than God –has the honor of becoming a sacred place for the illumination of Divine light. Attaining concentration of thoughts and negation of things other than God require !' serious decision, perseverance, supervision, and constancy. It is not so that one will achieve it during the first attempt without practice and undertaking exercises. We must treat the self cautiously and should make him .habitual of this act gradually

## Instructions

### point

Some of the enlightened gnostics have recommended the following instructions for a :wayfarer before starting his spiritual journey

First: Before every thing else a devotee must purify his self from sins and moral abjectnesses by means of repentance. In the beginning with the intention of repentance (towbah) take a bath (ghusl) and during bathing, think about your past sins and esoteric contamination and then with a feeling of shame, present your self before the Most Merciful and Most Compassionate Lord saying: Oh Lord! I have repented and have returned to you. I have taken a firm decision never to sin again. As I cleaned my body with .water, I have also cleaned my heart from sins and moral abjectnesses

Second: Consider yourself all the time under the presence of God–Almighty. Try your best to remember God in all circumstances and if once in a while negligence overtakes you try .to return to the previous state immediately

Third: Must be strict in guarding his self against contamination with sins. During a period of twenty four hours he must fix

a time for self scrutiny and with extreme accuracy should review his daily deeds and  
should seriously remonstrate his self

Fourth: Should remain silent and should speak whenever it is absolutely necessary to  
speak

Fifth: Should eat moderately to meet his physical needs and should strictly avoid over-  
eating and becoming a slave of belly

Sixth: Should maintain his ablution all the times i.e. whenever he terminates ablution he  
should perform it again. The Holy Prophet (S) narrated a tradition

قال النبي صلى الله عليه وآله: قول الله تعالى: من أحدث ولم يتوضأ فقد جفانى, ومن أحدث وتوضأ ولم يصل ركعتين فقد جفانى  
ومن أحدث وتوضأ، وصلى ركعتين، ودعانى ولم أجبه فيما سألتنى من أمر دينه ودنياه، فقد جفوته.. ولست برب جاف.

God-Almighty said: 'Whoever after termination of ablution does not perform it again has  
been unfaithful to me,' whoever after performance of ablution does not offer two units of  
prayer has done oppression, and whoever after performance of ablution offers prayer  
and requests for his worldly and spiritual needs -if I don't grant them, I have oppressed  
him. But I am not the oppressor God."

Seventh: Should fix a time during ۲۴ hours preferably during night before down for  
practicing concentration and presence of heart, by sitting alone in an isolated place,  
lowering his head upon knees, concentrating all the senses towards face and strictly  
avoiding entry of all external thoughts and memories. One should remain in this state for  
a while. May be this action would result in some spiritual contemplation for the wayfarer

:Eight: Invocation

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Oh Self-Existent, Eternal, there is no god save Thee,” (Ya Hayyu ya Qayum ya man la ilahi illa unt), should be recited continuously by tongue together with heart's presence i.e. whatever is being chanted by tongue is also comprehended by the heart

Ninth: During a period of ۲۴ hours one must perform a prolonged prostration with concentration and presence of heart in proportion to one's strength and should repeat the invocation: “There is no god save Thee. Be Thou Glorified. Lo! I have been a wrong Doer.” (La ilahi illallahu Subhanak inni kuntu min az zalimin

The prolongation of prostration has been proved as very effective and produces good spiritual revelations. Some of the devoted wayfarer are reported to have repeated this invocation as much as four thousand times during a single prolonged prostration

Tenth: Fix a certain time during ۲۴ hours and with presence of heart should repeat the invocation, “Oh! Thou Who is free from needs, and Oh Thou Who is the Granter of Our needs.” (Ya Ghani Ya Mughni

Eleventh: Recite the Holy Qur'an with presence of mind daily, preferably in the standing position and should ponder over the meanings of its verses

Twelfth: Awake a little before the call of Adhan for the morning prayer, after performing required ablutions should offer Night Prayer (Namaz al-shab or Salat-ul-lail), and after finishing it should recite the following verses of Surah Heights (al-Araf) with heart's presence, which is useful for attaining certainty and negation of external thoughts

إِنَّ رَبَّكُمُ اللَّهُ الَّذِي خَلَقَ السَّمَاوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ

فِي سِتِّتِهِ أَيَّامٍ ثُمَّ اسْتَوَىٰ عَلَى الْعَرْشِ يُعْشَىٰ اللَّيْلَ النَّهَارَ يَطْلُبُهُ حَثِيثًا وَالشَّمْسَ وَالْقَمَرَ وَالنُّجُومَ مُسَخَّرَاتٍ بِأَمْرِهِ ۗ أَلَا لَهُ الْخَلْقُ وَالْأَمْرُ ۗ  
 تَبَارَكَ اللَّهُ رَبُّ الْعَالَمِينَ ادْعُوا رَبَّكُمْ تَضَرُّعًا وَخُفْيَةً ۗ إِنَّهُ لَا يُحِبُّ الْمُعْتَدِينَ وَلَا تُفْسِدُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ بَعْدَ إِصْلَاحِهَا وَادْعُوهُ خَوْفًا وَطَمَعًا  
 ۗ إِنَّ رَحْمَتَ اللَّهِ قَرِيبٌ مِّنَ الْمُحْسِنِينَ

Inna Rabbokumul lahu lazi khalaqas samawate wal arzfi sittate ayyame summastavi ala”  
 arsh yaghshil lailin nahar yatlebo hasisan washamso wal qomro wal najoom muskharat  
 be amrehi. elahul khalqo wal amr tabarkallahoh rabbul alamin adava rabbokum tazraun  
 wa kafitan nahu la yohubbul moatadin wala tafsodu fil arz bada islahaha wa ada wa ho  
 “.khofan wa tamum un rahmatullahi qarib minal mohsenin

Lo Your Lord is God who created the heavens and the earth in six days, then mounted He”  
 the thrown. He covereth the night with the day, which in haste to follow it, and hath made  
 the sun, the moon and the stars subservient by His command. His verily is all creation and  
 “.commandment Blessed be God, the Lord of the worlds

Oh mankind!) call upon your Lord humbly and in secret. Lo! He loveth not aggressors.)”  
 Work not confusion in the earth after the fair ordering (thereof, and call on Him in fear  
 (and hope. Lo! the mercy of God is nigh unto the good.” (۷: ۵۴-۵۶) (۱)

In order to achieve the desired result the above mentioned instructions should be  
 practiced for a period of ۴۰ days. It is possible that the wayfarer may succeed in receiving  
 God's attention and

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might be blessed with spiritual contemplation. But, if after passing forty days one is not fortunate enough to receive such blessings, instead of becoming disappointed, the program should be repeated again and again till the desired results are accomplished

Without giving up seriousness, action, and struggle the wayfarer should remain seriously committed towards his spiritual migration and seek favor from the Most Merciful Lord. When ever, he develops the required decency and competency to receive God's special blessing -it will be bestowed upon him

In case a wayfarer in the beginning does not have the strength to perform all of the above mentioned guidelines, he may begin with few gradually adding others. But most important among these deeds are pondering, self-control, heart's presence, and attention towards God-Almighty

It is crucial that a wayfarer should thoroughly negate all sort of external thoughts and should pay absolute attention towards God- Almighty, which is a difficult task indeed. The negation of other than God could be achieved gradually in three steps

First: During first stage while reciting invocation try your best to concentrate all your thoughts towards the invocation while strictly preventing the entries of all external thoughts

Second: During this stage one should recite invocation exactly like the first stage with the exception that, while reciting complete attention should be paid towards its meanings and contents, in a manner that mind should become clearly aware of this occurrence

At the same time efforts should be made to strictly prevent the attack of all

sorts of external thoughts and memories. is program should be exercised until one is able to prevent the attacks of all external thoughts during the entire period of invocation, while .being remained attentive to their meanings and contents

Third: During third stage, try your best first to memorize the meanings of invocation .۳ inside the heart, and since it has accepted their meanings and believes in them, orders .the tongue to recite them. In this case the tongue actually follows the heart

Fourth: At this stage try your best to negate all the meanings, contents, interpretations, .۴ and even the imaginations of invocations from the heart, thus, making it readied for receiving Divine blessings and illuminations. Try to pay absolute attention towards God–Almighty with your entire existence cleansing your hearts thoroughly from all sorts of .external existence, opening its gate for the entrance of God’s–Celestial Light

At this stage it is quite possible that one might succeed in receiving God's special attention, may utilize His grace and illuminations, and submerged with His attraction may ascent further higher and higher upon the ladder of perfection in his spiritual migration .towards God–Almighty

At this station of his gnostic journey the wayfarer might become so much absorbed that he would be seeing nothing except God–Almighty even forgetting his own self and actions. It is better for me to leave the description of these most sublime realities for the God's favorite saints who had seen the end of journey and have tasted the most delicious taste of

(the stages of Desire (Shouq), Affection (uns), and Countenance (Laqa

**(.Instructions of the Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.)**

:Nouf had narrated

I saw the commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) while passing by with speed, I asked” him. 'Oh my master! Where are you heading for?' 'Nouf, leave me alone, my desire is forcing me towards my Beloved. ' Replied the Imam. 'Oh my Master! What is your desire.' I asked him. 'the one who is supposed to know about it –already knows, and there is no need to describe it to some body else. The decency demands that a servant of God should not include others (as partner) as for as the blessings and wants are concerned.” Replied .the Imam

Oh commander of the Faithful! I am afraid of being dominated by selfish whims and” greed in my worldly affairs. ' I said. 'Why are you negligent towards the Saver of afraid .ones and Protector of pious ones ?’ Said the Imam

Introduce Him to me.” I requested. 'He is God–Almighty the Magnanimous through” whose special benevolence your wishes are granted. Pay attention towards Him with your .full strength and do not allow Satanic whispers to enter inside your heart, and if you find it difficult then consider me as your guarantor. Return to God and pay absolute :attention towards Him. The glorious God has said

I swear to My Majesty and Splendor that: Whoever puts his hope in some one other than” Me, I will cut off his hope, will dress him in the robe of disgrace and wretchedness, will

deprive him from My Nearness, will cut off communication with him and will hide his  
.memory

Woe be upon him, who takes shelter in other than Me during difficulties, while the solution of difficulties rests with Me. Does he hope in others while I remain Living and Eternal ? Does he go to the homes of human beings for solution of his problems while the gates of their houses are closed? Does he leave the door of My house while its gate remains  
?always open

Was there anyone who trusted Me and was betrayed? The hopes of My servants are” tied to Me, and I take care of their hopes. ' I have filled the sky with those who never get tired of My praise, and have ordered the angels never to close the door between Me and  
.My servants

Does not, the one who face the problem, know that no one can solve it except with My permission ? Why does not the servant approach Me for his needs, while I had already  
?“blessed him with favors without his being asked for them

Why does not he ask me instead of asking others ? Does he imagine that in the beginning” I bestow My favors upon the servant and will now deprive him after his request? Am I miser that My servants regard me as miserly ? Do not the world and Hereafter belong to me ? Do not the merry and benevolence are my characteristics ? Do not



the blessings and favors rest in My hand ? Do not all the desires end with Me ? Who has  
?"the power to terminate them

I swear with My majesty and splendor that if all the needs of all of the world's habitants"  
are summed up, and if I bestow upon them in accordance to their wants, not equivalent  
even to the weight of a tiny particle will be decreased from My kingdom. Whatever is  
?bestowed by Me, how could be it susceptible to loss or reduction

How destitute and wretched is the one who is hopeless of My Blessings ? How helpless is  
the one who disobeys me, indulges into forbidden deeds, disregards My limits and  
transgresses?" The Commander of the Faithful after narrating this narration said: 'Oh  
:Nouf ! recite the following prayer

إلهي إن حمدتك فبمواهبك، وإن مجدتك فبمرادك، وإن قدستك فبقوتك، وإن هللتك فبقدرتك، وإن نظرت فإلى رحمتك،  
وإن عضضت فعلى نعمتك، إلهي إنه من لم يشغله الولوع بذكرك، ولم يزدده السفر بقربك، كانت حياته عليه ميتة وميته عليه حسره،  
إلهي تاهت أبصار الناظرين إليك بسرائر القلوب، وطالعت أصغى السامعين لك نجيات الصدور، فلم يلق أبصارهم ردُّ دون ما  
يريدون، هتكت بينك وبينهم حجب الغفلة، فسكنوا في نورك وتنفسوا بروحك، فصارت قلوبهم مغارساً لهيبتك، وأبصارهم ماكفاً  
لقدترك، وقربت أرواحهم من قدسك، فجالسوا اسمك بوقار المجالسه وخضوع المخاطبه، فأقبلت إليهم إقبال الشفيق، وأنصت لهم  
إنصات الرفيق، وأجبتهم إجابات الأحناء، وناجيتهم مناجاه الأخلاء، فبلغ بي المحل الذي إليه وصلوا، وانقلني من ذكرى إلى ذكرك،  
ولا تترك بيني وبين

ملكوت عزك باباً إلاّ-فتحتة, ولا- حجاباً من حجب الغفله إلاّ- هتكته, حتّى تقيم روحى بين ضياء عرشك, وتجعل لنا مقاماً نصب نورك إنك على كلّ شىء قدير.

إلهى ما أوحش طريقاً لا يكون رفيقى فيه أملى فيك, وأبعد سفرأ لا يكون رجائى منه دليلى منك, خاب من اعتصم بحبل غيرك, وضعف ركن من استند إلى غير ركنك, فيا معلّم مؤمليه الأمل فيذهب عنهم كآبه الوجل, لا تحرمنى صالح العمل, واكلائى كلاءه من فارقتة الحيل, فكيف يلحق مؤمليك ذلّ الفقر وأنت الغنى عن مضارّ المذنبين, إلهى وإنّ كلّ حلاوه منقطعاه, وحلاوه الايمان تزداد حلاوتها اتصالاً- بك, إلهى وإنّ قلبى قد بسط أمله فيك, فأذقته من حلاوه بسطك إياه البلوغ لما أمل, إنك على كلّ شىء قدير.

إلهى أسألك مسأله المسكين الذى قد تحير فى رجاء فلا- يجد ملجأ ولا- مسنداً يصل به إليك, ولا- يستدلّ به عليك إلاّ بك وبأركانك ومقاماتك التى لا- تعطيل لها منك, فأسألك باسمك الذى ظهرت له لخاصه أوليائك فوجدوك وعرفوك فعبدوك بحقيقتك أن تعرّفنى نفسك لأقرّ لك بربوبيّتك على حقيقه الايمان بك, ولا تجعلنى يا إلهى ممن يعبد الاسم دون المعنى, والحظنى بلحظه من لحظاتك تنور بها قلبى بمعرفتك خاصه ومعرفه أوليائك إنك على كلّ شىء قدير.

Oh God! If I adore you –it is because of Your Mercy and Compassion., if Glorify you –it is” because of Your commandments, if I sanctify and attribute inviolability to you –it is because of your energy, if I chant the world of Monotheism with my tongue –it is because of Your Power. If I raise my eyes –see Your Blessings

all over, if I practice thriftiness, it is because to save Your Bounties,. oh Lord! Whoever, You do not engage in Your invocation, and bestow upon him the grace of journeying towards Your countenance –life becomes for him like death, and death becomes for him a .regret and disaster

Oh Lord! Those who are able to see –look towards You with their esoteric eyes,” mysteries of their hearts became manifested and their wants are granted,. the veils of ignorance have been removed between You and them,. your Divine illumination has .enlightened their hearts, they breath the breeze of Your Blessings

Your Majesty and Splendor has overwhelmed their hearts,. they witness the signs of Your Absolute Power every where,. there souls have reached near Your Sacred Thrown and with dignity, tranquility, and humility engage themselves in Your invocations. Like a friend You pay attention towards them, listen to their words, grant their, wants, and .communicate with them

Please bestow upon me similar positions as attained by them, let the veils of ignorance” be uplifted so that my soul could see the Divine illumination of Your Celestial Kingdom, and may receive an exalted position therein. Indeed You have the absolute power over all things. 'Oh God! how fearsome and terrible is journeying on the road which does not terminate in you. Whoever, chooses a shelter of other than you –would certainly be disappointed. Whoever puts his trust in other than you is like sitting upon an unstable “base

Oh God! who had induced hope within”

the hearts of all the hopeless ones and have removed their pains and sufferings, please do not deprive me from the grace of performing righteous deeds and preserve me –the shelter less and destitute– in your shelter. How come those, who put their trust in Your Mercy could be inflicted with deprivation ? While you remain absolutely free from the  
“.need of inflicting loss upon sinners

Oh God! All sweetness and pleasures eventually get terminated except the pleasure of” faith which increases every day. Oh god! my heart is looking towards You with plenty of desires, please let my heart taste the sweetness of seeing those desires granted. Indeed  
“.You have absolute power over all things

Oh God! As some one who has reached near the enlightenment of Your Essence, I beg” You, to bestow upon me all the blessings which are worthy of a believer. And protect me from all sort of evils and calamities the way You protect all Your favorite servants. In deed  
“.You have absolute power over all things

Oh God! My request to you is like the request of a confused beggar who does not have” any shelter or support and except from you does not seek the help of any other helper. I request by the name, which became manifested for Your favorite saints, thus, enabling them to become enlightened about Your Holy Essence, comprehended You as One, and worshipped You with sincerity indeed; please bestow upon me too the learning to  
comprehend Your Holy Essence, so

that I may admit the reality of Your Divinity and Godhood, and do not include me among  
 “.them who worship Your Name only without paying attention to its meanings

And allocate at least a certain moments (among various moments) to pay attention”  
 towards me thus, enlightening my heart about Your Sacred Essence as well as the  
 (essence of your favorite saints. Indeed you have absolute power over all things.”(۱)

### ۲. Instructions of Imam al-Sadiq

:Unwan Basari, an old man of ninety-four years has narrated as follows

For the sake of acquiring knowledge I used to visit Malik bin Anas. When Jafar bin  
 Muhammad (a.s.) came to our city I went to visit him, because I wanted to acquire  
 .knowledge from his distinguished and eminent personality

One day he said to me: 'I am a person who had received God' s special favor and  
 attention and have incantation and invocations for every hour during day and night,  
 therefore, you should not prevent me from their recital and like before continue to visit  
 “.Malik bin Anas for learning knowledge

Hearing these words I become sad and disappointed and left his company. I said to”  
 myself. 'If Imam had discovered some goodness within me, certainly he would not have  
 deprived me from his company. Then I left for the Prophet's mosque and offered  
 salutation to him. Next day, I went to the Holy Prophet's tomb and after offering two units  
 :of prayer raised my hands up and said

يا الله يا الله ان تعطف على قلب جفقر وترزقني من علمه ما اهتدي به

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الى صراطك المستقيم.

Oh God! Oh God! Make Jafar's heart soft for me so that I could utilize his knowledge, and" guide me towards straight path." After that with a heavy broken heart returned home as well as visited Malik bin Anas, because love and affection for Jafar bin Muhammad had penetrated far deeper inside my heart

For a long time I confined myself within the four walls of my home and did not come out except for offering mandatory daily prayers till my patience was exhausted one day I went to Imam's house and after knocking the door asked permission to enter inside. A "servant came out and asked me

What do you want?' 'I would like to see the Imam and offer a salutation. ' I replied. 'My" master is offering his prayer, replied the servant and returned inside the home, while I kept awaiting outside the door. After a little while the servant returned and said: 'You may "come in

I entered inside the house and offered salutation to Imam. He replied my salutation and" said: 'Please be seated, may God-Almighty bestow upon you forgiveness. ' Then he lowered his head and after a prolonged silence raised his head and said: 'What is your name ? ' Abu Abdullah,' I replied. 'May God-Almighty bless you with His Special Grace and '?bestow upon you firmness. What do you want

In this meeting i/there is no any other advantage for me except this prayer -even this" much is going to be extremely precious

for me.' I said to myself Then I said: 'I asked God-Almighty to soften your heart for me so that I may utilize your knowledge. I hope my prayer would have been granted by him

Oh Abu Abdullah! Knowledge cannot be acquired by learning rather real knowledge is the light which illuminates a person's heart who is blessed with His guidance. Therefore, if you are seeker of the knowledge, first make your heart comprehend the reality of (God's) servanthood, then request knowledge by means of deeds, and ask God-Almighty for comprehension so that he could make you understand.' said the Imam

I said. 'Oh! Honorable one!' 'Abu Abdullah!' "Please continue." said the Imam. 'Oh Imam!' "What is the reality of servanthood?" I asked

The Imam replied. "The reality of servanthood consists in three things as follows

First: A servant should not consider himself the owner of things which have been bestowed upon him by God-Almighty, because servants never become owner of things rather consider all the wealth as God's property and spent it exactly in the same manner as prescribed by him

Second: Should regard him as absolutely helpless in managing his own affairs

Third: Should engage himself continuously in performance of deeds recommended by God-Almighty and avoidance of His forbidden deeds

Therefore, if a servant does not consider himself as the owner of the wealth, spending it for the sake of God's way would become easier for him. If he trusted God-Almighty as a competent manager for managing his affairs

then tolerance of worldly hardships would become easier for him. If he kept himself engaged in performing Divine commands and sustained himself: from committing forbidden deeds his precious time would not be wasted in nonsense amusements

And if God-Almighty honored a servant with these three characteristics then dealing with world, people, and Satan would become easier for him. In that case, he would not endeavor for increase of wealth for self-glorification, and would not wish for things whose possession is considered as means of prestige and superiority among the people and would not waste his precious hours in false pleasures. This is the first rank of piety which have been described by God-Almighty as follows

تِلْكَ الدَّارُ الْآخِرَةُ نَجْعَلُهَا لِلَّذِينَ لَا يُرِيدُونَ عُلُوًّا فِي الْأَرْضِ وَلَا فَسَادًا □ وَالْعَاقِبَةُ لِلْمُتَّقِينَ

As for that abode of the Hereafter, we assign it unto those who seek not oppression in (the earth, nor yet corruption, the sequel is for those who ward off evil. (٢٨:٨٣)

Oh! Abu Abdullah! Please bestow upon me practical instructions. ' I said. The Imam said: "'I recommend you to follow the, following nine items. These are my recommendations and instructions for all those wayfarers who are journeying towards God-Almighty, and I pray that may God-Almighty bestow upon you his special grace

The following are the guidelines: 'There are three guidelines for practicing self-asceticism (riyazat al-nafs), three guidelines for forbearance (hilm wa burdbari), and the last three guidelines are for education {ilm}. Preserve them and, be careful not act negligently in their practice



Unwan Basari said: 'I was listening to Imam's instruction with my entire existence, then the Imam continued ': 'The three instructions recommended by me for self-asceticism consist of

۱. Be careful, do not eat any thing until and unless you feel an appetite for it, because .  
 .otherwise, it would be a matter of foolishness and ignorance

۲. Do not eat any thing until and unless you feel absolutely hungry .

۳. When you eat always recite phrase in the Name of God (Bismillah) and eat only lawful .  
 .(halal) foods

:The three instructions recommended by me for forbearance consist of

۱. Whoever tells you: 'For each sentence you speak to me, I will speak ten sentences in .  
 response.' You should say in reply: 'If you speak ten sentences to me, in reply you will not  
 .hear even one sentence from me

۲. Whoever threatens you with abusive language, you should promise him good wishes .  
 .and advice

۳. Whoever accuses you, you must say in reply: 'If you said it right may God forgive me .  
 .and if you lied then may God forgive you

:The three guidelines recommended by me for education consist of

۱. Whatever is unknown to you ask from the learned ones, but be careful not to question .  
 .them with the intention of examining their knowledge or giving them hard time

۲. Strictly avoid following your whims and as much as possible act prudently .

۳. Strictly avoid issuance of religious decrees (fatwas) without religious documents. As .  
 .much as you would like to run away while encountering a wild beast, similarly

, .be careful not to offer your neck as a bridge for people's crossing

Then he said: 'Oh Abu Abdullah! You may leave now. I have given you sufficient advice.' Do not disrupt me from continuation of my incantations and invocations, because, I believe in the dignity of my own self: Salutations be upon those who are obedient to [\(guidance.\)](#)(۱)

### Instructions of 'Allamah Majlisi .۲

One of the most eminent wayfarer of gnostic journey –the great learned Divine Scholar :Mulla Muhammad Taqi Majlisi writes

Whatever this servants has discovered during his period of self–building and gnosticism” is related to the period when I was busy in studying commentary of the Holy Qur’an, one night, while I was in a state of partly slept and partly awakened I saw the Holy Prophet .Mohammad (S) in a dream

I said to my self that it is a good opportunity to take a profound look about the perfection and moral ethics of the Holy Prophet (S) The more I paid attention towards him I found his “splendor and illumination spreading till it brightened the entire space around me

At this moment it was revealed to me that the Holy Qur’an is the perfect manifestation of” the Holy Prophet's moral ethics. Therefore, to know more about Holy Prophet's moral ethics I must ponder deeply about the Holy Qur’an. The more I paid attention upon the verses of Holy Qur’an the more I discovered the sublime realities till at one instant I felt that a lot of realities and learning have been descended upon

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“my heart

After that whenever I pondered about a Qur'anic verse, I felt that a special talent for its” comprehension has been bestowed upon me. Of course, appreciation of this incident by some one who has not been blessed with such a grace is naturally difficult rather impossible, but my aim was to advice and guide the fellow brothers for the sake of God-  
:Almighty. The guidelines for asceticism and self-building consist of

Useless talks, rather any thing other than God's Remembrance should be strictly-  
.avoided

Living in luxurious, beautiful and comfortable housing as well as consumption of-  
expensive foods, drinks and fancy clothing should be renounced. (one should limit himself  
.(to the extent of .fulfilling his genuine needs

.Social mixing with other than God's most favorite saints should be strictly avoided-

Excessive sleep should be avoided and God's invocation with complete dedication should-  
.be recited continuously

God's favorite saints by continuous recital of invocations namely: “Oh! Self-existent Oh!”  
Eternal “ (ya Hayyio ya Qayyum!) and “There is no god but God” (Ya man la ilaha illa ant),  
were able to obtain good results. I too have practiced the same invocation but perhaps  
my favorite invocation is

Oh! God”! (Ya Allah), with thorough cleansing of heart from all existence other than God,”  
together with absolute concentration towards Him. Of course, what is important is that  
God's Remembrance should be accompanied with absolute concentration and heart's  
presence. Also, all other deeds do not come close to the importance assigned to  
“.invocation

If this is done for a period of forty”

day and night continuously then certainly the doors of wisdom, learning, and love will be opened for the wayfarer enabling him to ascent towards the most exalted gnostic positions of annihilation in God (fanafi Allah wa baqa billah), or achieving permanence (with God–Almighty.” (۱)

#### Letter of Akhund–Mulla Husayn Quli Hamdani .۴

The most eminent learned Divine scholar and gnostic (late) Akhund Mulla Husayn–Quli Hamadani (r.a.) in his letter to one of the scholar in Tabriz writes

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم. الحمد لله رب العالمين والصلاه والسلام على محمد وآله الطاهرين ولعنه الله على أعدائهم اجمعين.

Bismillah ar Rahman ar Rahim, Alhamdulillah rabal alimin was salat was salam ala) (Muhammad wa aleh al tahirin wa lantatullahi ala adaihim ajmaeen

“In the Name of God, the Beneficent, the Merciful”

Praise be upon God of the worlds, salutations be upon the Muhammad and his Holy”  
“progeny and may be the curse of God be upon their enemies

It should not remain hidden for religious brothers that there is no way to achieve the” nearness of the Lord of Splendor and Majesty except strictly following the sacred religious law of Islam (Sharia) in all movements, pauses, conversations, and instances etc. Superstitious methods practiced by some pseudo mystics and ignorant ones in accordance to their intellectual taste do not produce any desired result except their  
“taking farther distance from God–Almighty

Even a person who forbids upon himself meat and leaves the hairs of his mustache” untrimmed is blessed with the blessing of faith, (i. e. belief about the immunity from sin for ,the infallible Imams of the Prophet's progeny) must understand

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that unless and until he strictly practices their instructions and traditions for invocations,  
 “he would become farther away from God-Almighty

It is therefore, necessary that he must regard the sacred Divine Law (Sharia) with special”  
 reverence and should attach utmost importance for its execution. Whatever have been  
 emphasized in the sacred religious law as well as whatever have been comprehended by  
 this poor servant by using intellect and deliberating traditions may be concluded: “The  
 fulfillment of the heartiest desire of all creatures –God' s Nearness depends upon their  
 “.making serious efforts and endeavors to quit sinning

So for this is not done recital of invocations and pondering over Qur’anic verses would”  
 not produce any useful result for heart, because the services rendered by some one who  
 is in direct rebellion against the King would be useless. I don't know, what sort of King ?  
 The exaltedness belong to that king of Splendor and Majesty, and which enmity could be  
 ?“more worst then enmity with such a King

فافهم مما ذكرت ان طلبك المحبه الالهيه مع كونك مرتكبا للمعصيه امر فاسد جدا و كيف يخفى عليك كون المعصيه سببا للنفره و  
 كون النفره مانعه الجمع مع المحبه و اذا تحقق عندك ان ترك المعصيه اول الدين و آخره و ظاهره و باطنه فبادر الى المجاهده و  
 اشتغل بتمام الجد فى المراقبه من اول قيامك من نومك فى جميع آنااتك الى نومك و الزم الادب فى مقدس حضرته و اعلم انك  
 جميع اجزا وجودك ذره ذره اسير قدرته و راع حرمه شريف حضوره و اعبده

كانك تراه فان لم تكن تراه فانه يراك و التفت دائما الى عظمته و حقارتك و رفعته و دنائتك و عزته و ذلتك و غناه و حاجتك و لا تغفل عن شناعه غفلتك عنه جل جلاله مع التفاته اليك دائما و قم بين يديه مقام العبد الذليل الضعيف و تبصبص تحت قدميه بصبصه الكلب النحيف.اولا يكفيك شرفا و فخرا انه اذن لك في ذكر اسمه العظيم.بلسانك الكثيف الذي نجسته فاذورات المعاصي.

You must better understand that your efforts endeavor for achieving God's Nearness – while still sinning and being contaminated is a serious mistake. How come this matter has remained hidden from your eyes that it is the sin of a sinner that causes the King to feel “hatred towards him, and this hatred can never be summed up with His love

Since you know it with certainty that avoidance of sins is the beginning, end, apparent, and hidden of faith, therefore the sooner you engage yourself in self-struggle the better it would be. With absolute dedication from the moment you awake, all along the day till the time of sleep you must monitor your self strictly

Be careful to remain respectful because you are continuously in the presence of the Lord of Majesty and splendor and know that all your body parts and members, including the finest particles of your existence are the prisoners of His Power, therefore, do not forget to observe the rules of etiquette. Worship him in a manner as though you are actually seeing Him, and if you

“do not see Him, any way He sees you

Be conscious about His Majesty and your humility, His Eminence and your lowness, His” Magnanimity and your abjectness and His Freedom from needs and your neediness. Be aware that if you act negligently in remembering the Lord of Glory and Magnanimity but .He does remember you, and in his presence stood like a helpless, wretched servant

Like a bony dog put your chin upon din before His feet. Is this distinction and honor is not sufficient for you that He has permitted you to utter His Holy Exalted Name by your filthy “tongue ? The tongue that had become unclean due to pollution of sinning

Oh dear! Since the Most Compassionate and Most Merciful Lord has made the tongue as” the reservoir of the mountain of light, to be commissioned only for His Holy invocation it is indeed shamelessness that the King' s reservoir be polluted by refuse and filth of lying, .backbiting, cursing, teasing, and sinning

It should be a place full of perfume and rose water instead of being filled with filth and refuse. Beyond any doubt since you acted negligently in supervising your self strictly, you don't know what son of horrible sins and transgression have been committed by your “body pans namely: ears, tongue, eyes, hands feet, belly, and sexual organs

What sorts of devastating fires have you ignited ? How much corruption have you” induced in your religion? How much prohibited wounds have you inflicted upon your heart through

the tongue's swords and arrows ? It will be surprising if it has not already been killed. If I want to comment about the details of these deviations even this entire book would not be  
?enough, what can I do with one page

You, who have yet not cleaned your body pans from the filth, how do you expect someone to write for you about the heart' s condition ? Therefore, make haste, hurry up  
“.to perform a true repentance and seriously guard your self

In summary, after making his best endeavors for strictly guarding the self a wayfarer” striving for God's Nearness should not be negligent about night vigil awakening before dawn and offering the night prayer (Namaz al-Shab) with concentration and heart's  
.presence

If time permits J he should engage himself in hymns and invocations but at least a pan of night should be spent in invocation with heart's presence. In all these situations the wayfarer should not be without grief and sorrow and if he is –he should acquire its  
“.causes

:In the end recite the following”

(The tasbih of Hazrat Fatimah al-Zahra (s.a.) (۱)

,Surah al-Ikhlās (surah no. ۱۱۲)–۱۲ times

There is no god but God. There is no partner, there is no kingdom except yours.” (La illahi”  
,illahi wahdahu la sharika lah, lahu al-Mulk) –۱۰ times

,There is no god but God” (la ilahi illallahu) –۱۰۰ times”

I Beseech God's forgiveness and offer repentance” (Astaghfarullahi rabi wa atuboh ilahe)  
,–۷۰ times

A portion of Holy Qur’an and the famous prayer named Dua al-Sabah

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..(of the Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.۱)

One should remain in the state of ablution continuously and it is preferred to offer two” units of prayer after performing each ablution. Be careful not to inflict the least damage or hurt the feeling of fellow human beings and must strive sincerely in meeting the needs .of fellow Muslims especially the scholars and pious ones

He should not attend any meeting where there is a possibility of sinning, even socialization with the negligent ones is harmful. Also, excessive involvement in world affairs –although permitted religiously, too much humor, nonsense talking, and listening “to false rumors are injurious for the hearts condition ultimately making it a dead heart

Without, practicing, strict self-control simply engaging in invocation and deliberations” would be fruitless and would not produce the results even though if one succeeds in achieving ecstasy, because it won't be durable and one should not be fooled with ecstasy achieved without self-surveillance. I do not have lot of strength and I beseech you to pray a lot for me and do not forget this humble wretched sinner full of guilt. Do recite Surah (Power (Qadr), one hundred times on Thursday night and Friday afternoon.”(۲)

### Instructions of Mirza Javad Agha Malaki Tabrizi .۵

:The most celebrated perfect gnostic Mirza Javad Agha Maliki Tabrizi(۳) writes

The Holy prophet (S) through his repeated recommendations have emphasized the” importance of prolonged prostration, which indeed is an extremely important matter. Prolonged prostration is the most nearest aspect of servanthood, and it is because of this consideration that two prostration

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[For Dua-i Sabah refer to Mafateh al-Jinan of Haj Sheikh Abbas Qummi p-۹۷ [[Tr -۱

.Tazkirateh al-Muttaqin, p-۲۰۷ -۲

Mirza Javad Agha Malaki Tabrizi: The most distinguished jurisprudent and perfect -۳ mystic late Mirza Javad Agha Malaki Tabrizi was born in Tabriz. After finishing his early education at his home town, he left for Najaf al-Ashraf which at that time was supposed to be the most reputable religious learning center. At Najaf he attended the lectures of

great learned jurisprudents such as Akhund Khorasani (writer of Kifayateh al-Usool) Haj Agha Ridha Hamadani (writer of Misbah al-Faqiyeh) and Muhaddith Nouri (writer of Mustadrak al-Wasail). Also, during this period he came in contact with most celebrated mystic personality of that time –Akhund Mulla Husain Quli Hamdani, who was unique in knowledge, ethics, and mystics. Mr. Malaki spent ۱۴ years with him and during this period acquired profound knowledge of moral ethics and Mysticism from his learned professor. Mr. Malaki attained such higher spiritual positions in gnosticism that a great jurisprudent and scholar like sheik Muhammad Hussain Isfahani famous as Kampani, himself an outstanding authority of learning and deeds, in a letter to Mr. Malaki, seeks his instructions regarding ethics and mysticism. Mr. Malaki returned to his native home town Tabriz in the year ۱۳۲۰ or ۲۱ A.H. and settled down there, but after few years due to constitutional revolution the conditions in Tabriz deteriorated facing him to migrate to Qum. Where he started teaching jurisprudence from Faiz Kashani's Book: Mafateeh as well as taught ethics (Akhlaque). Also, he kept himself busy in writing and had left many precious works. Ultimately, after living a fruitful life full of learning, teaching, writing, refinement, and purification of self he left this transient world to join his beloved in the moving of ۱۱th Dhill Hijjah ۱۳۴۳ A.H. His Holy remains were buried in the t Shaykhan-Qum Graveyard near the tomb of Mirzai Qummi. The following verse, written in Arabic reflects "The world lost its" العلم وذهب العلم. about his precious existence and the year of his demise soul, the Nation lost its shelter." His virtues and mystical perfection are far greater to be confined in words. In order to satisfy the curiosity of our readers to know more about profundities of Islamic mysticism, the following reports narrated by authentic sources will through some light about the spiritual perfection of this great man. ۱. One of his close friend and pupil had reported: "One night in the city of Shahroud in a dream I found myself in a plain where Imam al-Mahdi (۲) (a.s.) the Lord and Master of the Age, together with a group of his companions, was leading the congregational prayer. With the intention of kissing his hand and salutations, when I approached him, I saw a sheik whose face was the manifestations of virtues and perfection sitting near the Imam. After awakening from this dream kept thinking deeply about the dignified sheik who is so close to the Imam. I was so much interested to identify and meet him." "Searching for him, I went to Mash had hoping to locate him over these but could not; came to Tehran but still there was no news from him, ultimately, when I came to Qum, I found him in a small room at Faizyeh –school busy in teaching. Having inquired about him, they said: 'He is Mirza Javad Malaki Tabrizi.'

When I visited him he welcomed me warmly and with kindness, treated me in a manner as though he knows me, and was aware of that dream. After that I remained in his company and found him exactly the way I had first perceived him in that dream.” ۲. Another one of his intimate friend has reported. The following story: “One day after finishing the lecture late Malaki went to the room of a religious student in Dar al-Shafa School; he thanked and appreciated the inmate and after sitting over there for a while came out of the room. Since I was accompanying him, I asked the reason of visiting this student Mr. Malaki answered: 'Last night near the dawn I was bestowed with special Divine grace which I understood was not due my own deeds. When, I thought deeply, I discovered that this student is busy in night vigil and in his night prayer has prayed for me and those blessing were the result of his prayer. Therefore, I visited him for offering my appreciation and thanks . ۳. “Late Malaki has a son who is the source of warmth and pleasure for his household. On the Day of Eid al-Ghadir, when traditionally people visit the elderly personalities to offer greetings, his house is full of visitors. Suddenly, a female servant discovers the dead body of his son floating inside the yard's water pool. She starts crying; the others women folk of Mr. Malaki's household joins her in loud crying; having heard the loud screams Mr. Malaki comes to the back yard and sees the lifeless body of his dear one; he controls himself and asks the women folk to stop crying, the women stop lamentation and become silenced, the dead body is placed in a corner and they return inside the house in order to treat the visiting guests. Some of the guests remained for the lunch at his house. After lunch, when the guests asked permission to leave, Mr. Malaki says to some of his close friends: 'Please don't leave, I have some thing to tell you.' When all the guests left the house, he informed them about the tragedy of his son's demise and seeks their help in making the necessary arrangements for the funeral.” ۴. Late Hujjatul Islam Sayed Mahmood Yazdi, one of very close and intimate friend has narrated the following: “When the time of night prayer arrived he used to perform all the etiquettes recommended for awakening of heart namely prostration and special supplications, used to cry in his bed, then he will come outside in the yard and looking at the sky will recite the verse: Lo! in the creation of earth and sky there are signs... (۲: ۱۶۴) and while placing his head against the wall, shedded tears. During ablutions sitting on the water pool continued crying and while standing upon the prayer rug used to become agitated and used to cry a lot during prayer and especially in Qunoots.” ۵. Late Haj Agha Husain Fatimi, a pious ascetic and an intimate friend of Mr. Malaki has narrated: “When I

returned from the Jamkaran Mosque, I was informed that Mr. Malaki has inquired about me. Since, I knew that he is sick I rushed to see him. I presume it was Friday after noon, I found him laying upon a bad neat and cleaned, bathed, perfumed and hair dyed readied for Dhohr and Asr Prayer. He recited Adhan and Aqameh upon his bed, recited supplications and as soon as raised his hands for Takbirteh al-Ahram and said Allahu Akbar (God is great) his sacred spirit ascended towards the celestial Kingdom thus, the meanings of narration: The Prayer is believers heavenly journey –become truly manifested for him. Also, the meanings of “Get readied for the Prayer” in accordance to traditions have been described as the time of meeting the Beloved, too become materialized for him because he rushed to meet his Beloved with prayer. This was the brief life history of a perfect mystic. For the detailed biography the readers may refer to the following books: Rehanateh al-Adab vol. ۵ p-۳۹۷, Naqba al-Beshar vol. ۱ p-۳۳۰, Ganjinai Danishmandan vol. ۱ p-۲۳۲, preface to Resala Laqa Allah and Simai Farzangan pp. ۶۰-۷۰ [Tr]. (۲) Imam al-Mahdi (a.s.): The son of Imam Hasan Askari was born in Samarra on Friday, ۱۵th Sha'ban ۲۵۵ A.H. The twelfth Imam lives in hiding under the protection and tutorship of his father until the latter's martyrdom, when by God's command he went into occultation, during a period known as “lesser occultation” (al-Ghaybat as-Sughra). During this period, four special deputies in succession would answer the questions of the Shi 'ite and resolve their problems. After that in the year ۳۲۹ A.H. the Imam went into the Greater occultation (al-Ghaybat al- Kubra), until a day when by God's command he will reappear to fill the world with justice as it is now filled with oppression. (۳) Eid al-Ghadir: In the tenth year of the Hijra, the Most Noble Messenger (S) set out for Mecca to perform his final, farewell Hajj. After carrying out the rituals of the pilgrimage and imparting necessary teachings to the people, he set out for Medina. When he was returning on ۱۸th Dhu' l-Hijja (۱۰ March, ۶۳۲), on the road at a locale known as Ghadir al-Khumm (Ghadir Pond), he ordered the caravan to halt. In the midst of one hundred twenty thousand pilgrims from all over the Arabian Peninsula, he took ‘Ali's (a.s.) hand, raised it aloft and declared: “He of whom I am the mawla (the patron, master, leader), of him ‘Ali is also the mawla (man kuntu mawlahu fa ‘Ali-un-mawlahu). Oh God! Be friend of him who is his friend, and be the enemy of him who is his enemy {Allahuma wali man walahu wa adi man adhau}” With this act, the question of the successor, who was to govern the affairs: of the Muslims, guard the sunnah (the body of customary behavior based on the Prophet precedent), and uphold religious customs and laws, was settled for the Islamic society. The intent of the

noble verse, ' Messenger! Promulgate what has been revealed to you by your Lord. for if you do not. you will not have conveyed His message' (۵: ۶۷), was carried out. The Most Noble Messenger (S) died shortly after returning to Medina. The above traditions of al-Ghadir are so abundantly reported and so commonly attested by hundreds of different transmitters belonging to all school of thoughts that it be futile to doubt their authenticity. Ibn Kathir, a most staunch supporter of Sunni viewpoint has devoted seven pages to this subject and has collected a great number of different isnads from which the tradition is [narrated. Also, Imam Ahmad bin Hanbal has recorded this event in his Musnad [Tr

have been incorporated in each unit of prayer. About the prolonged prostration of Infallible Imams (a.s.) of the prophets progeny and their Shiite's, a lot of traditions have  
“been narrated

In the one of his prolonged prostration Imam al-Sajjad has repeated the following  
:invocation one thousand times

لا اله الا الله حقا حقا. لا اله الا الله تعبدا ورقا لا اله الا الله ايمانا وتصدقا.

(La illahi illahi haqan haqqa, la illahi illahi taubdan wa riqqa, la illahi illahi Imanan wa sadqa)

There is no god but God–truly and Justly.” “There is no god but God I bow in humility in”  
“front of him.” “There is no god but God is the truth indeed and is my faith

About Imam al-Kadhim (a.s.) it has been reported that some times he prolonged his prostration from morning till noon, and similar incidents have been narrated about his  
.companions namely: Ibne abi Amir, Jamil, and Kharbouz

During my stay in Najaf al-Ashraf, I had a learned pious scholar who was a Marjai-Taqlid” for religious students. I once ask him: 'What special act have you tried in your own life which is effective for a wayfarer in his spiritual gnostic journey ? ' He replied: 'To prolong  
:the prostration during a period of twenty four hours and reciting of invocation

لا اله الا انت. سبحانك انى كنت من الظالمين.

La illahi ilIa ant Subahnak Inni Kunt min as Zalimin). “There is no God save Thee. Be Thou )  
Glorified. Lo! I have been a wrong doer.” While reciting this invocation lie must pay

attention to the fact that God–Almighty is for inviolable to oppress me rather I am the one  
 “.who have oppressed my own self and have blamed Him for that

My teacher recommended this prostration to those who were interested in gnostic”  
 journey, and those who performed it obtained good results especially, those who  
 prolonged it more. Some of them repeated this invocation in prostration one thousand  
 times, some of them a little more or less and about some of them I heard that they  
 (repeated it three thousands times in their prostration.” (۱)

### Instructions of Sheikh Najmuddin .۶

:Sheikh Najmuddin Razi writes

Know that engaging in invocations without paying due regards to recital manners and”  
 relevant etiquettes will not produce useful results. First of all a devoted wayfarer should  
 prepare himself thoroughly to meet all the requirements of moral etiquette. When a true  
 devotee is inflicted with the pain of desire for undertaking the spiritual journey, its  
 symptoms are that he develops intense affection with invocations and feels frightened  
 with the people until reaching to a point whereby he turns his face away from the people  
 :and takes shelter in invocation, as the Holy Qur’an says

قُلِ اللَّهُ ۖ ثُمَّ ذَرْهُمْ فِي خَوْضِهِمْ يَلْعَبُونَ

(Say God! Then leave them in the play of caviling. (۶:۹۱) ”

As he continues to guard his invocations he should not be negligent towards its basis”  
 which is true repentance (towbatun nasuh) and should not commit sins. While, engaging  
 in invocations it is preferable to take a bath (ghusl) and in case it is not possible one must

p: ۳۰۰

make ablutions, because invocation is tantamount of waging wars against enemies in the battlefield which cannot be done without armaments, and this is why the ablution has been called as the armaments of believers

The clothing of devotee should be clean and should meet the following four requirements

First: Cleanliness from impurities such as blood, urine and excrement etc .۱

Second: Cleanliness from oppression i.e. the clothing should not have been obtained through oppression .۲

Third: Cleanliness from sanctity i.e. it should not consists of forbidden (haram) Material .۳ (such as silk (for men

Fourth: Cleanliness from vanity i.e. its length should be short in accordance with Islamic traditions and should not be dress of vanity .۴

The place of invocation should be dark, clean, and isolated and it is preferred to make it perfumed by burning some incenses. He should sit in the direction of Mecca, sitting in a squared position(۱) –a position which is forbidden all times except for recital of invocation because Khuwaja (a.s.) after offering morning prayer used to sit in squared position until sun-rise

He should place his hands upon his thighs, making his heart and eyes readied with all due respect should, start reciting the invocation (la ilahi illallahu). “There is no god but God” – with his entire existence in a rhythmic cycle in a whistling manner without raising his voice

He should recite the invocation firmly and continuously pondering about its meanings” within his heart as well as negating all the external thoughts. Like the meanings of “there is no

p: ۳۰۱

While offering prayers in sitting positions the legs are bent in a vertical, plane. Like –۱ sitting for Tashahud and Salutation. Squared position means a relaxed position in which



.[the legs are bent in a horizontal plane [Tr

god” (La illahi) he should negate whatever thoughts enter inside his heart, meaning that he would no longer desire any thing else and would not like to have any other beloved except God-Almighty. In totality he should negate other gods and should affirm God-  
“Almighty as the beloved and ultimate desired object

While chanting each phrase of invocation the heart should accompany the tongue from the beginning till end negating and affirming, and in this process whenever he looks inside his heart and if discovers his heart attached to something else –should discard it, returning the heart to God-Almighty. By negating –”There is no god.” –must nullify heart's attachment towards other than God, thus, destroying the roots of his attachment to other  
“objects and replacing it with God's love

In this manner the devotee should chant, invocation continuously, so that gradually heart becomes cleaned and purified from all sorts of usual desirable objects achieving an state of heart's absolute domination with invocation. When it occurs the devotee becomes totally annihilated by the invocation's illumination turning him as singular –purifying his essence with all sort of attractions and obstacles, and enabling him to pass  
“through the material and spiritual worlds swiftly

As it is said: that the heart of a believer is the place especially reserved for the union with God-Almighty. But so far as the heart's domain is occupied by the alien elements, God's Majesty and Exaltedness does not consider it befitting for His entry. However, once the  
“herald of “there is no god

announces the cleanliness of heart's domain from alien elements, one may then expect  
 (the entry of the Lord of the Majesty and Splendor. As the Holy Qur'an says:﴿

فَإِذَا فَرَغْتَ فَانصَبْ وَإِلَىٰ رَبِّكَ فَارْجِعْ

(So when thou art relieved still toil and strive to please thy Lord. (۹۴:۷-۸”

Therefore, in the light of above discussion it becomes clear that eminent gnostics while regarding invocation as one of the best means for undertaking gnostic journey, for its implementation have experienced and recommended various methods. The reason is that all invocation described therein assure the real aim behind them which is to cut off all connections from other than God and paying absolute attention towards God-Almighty

But their influence varies in proportion to the rank and degree of a devotee. What is the rank and position of a wayfarer, where does he stand upon the path, and what particular invocation will be suitable for him –are matters where the role of a competent teacher comes into picture

In the books of traditions and supplications a lot of invocation and supplication have been narrated and for each one of them special rewards have been described accordingly. Over all invocations and supplications may be divided into two categories, namely:  
 .Independent and Conditional

For some of the invocations particular timings, special conditions and a certain number have been prescribed and in these cases the wayfarer is supposed to perform them exactly in the same manner as prescribed by the Infallible Imams (a.s.) so that he earn  
 .the prescribed reward

But

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some of the invocations are independent and in those cases the devotee is free to select the suitable number for its recital and its timings in accordance to his circumstances, and conditions. Or, may consult his teacher and guide. Also, one may resort to the books of supplication and traditions

:Here it is important to emphasize the importance of the following matters

First: A wayfarer must be aware of the fact that the real aim behind the invocation is to attain absolute concentration and heart's presence towards God-Almighty. Therefore, in selecting the timings, quantity and quality of invocation he should keep in mind the real aim and should continue recital, but whenever he feels tired, exhausted and disaffected he should discontinue and must start again at some appropriate time because the Commander of the Faithful Imam 'Ali (a.s.) said

قال علي عليه السلام: ان للقلوب سهوه واقبالا وادبارا فاتوها من قبل شهوتها واقبالها فان القلب اذا اكره عمى.

Sometimes the heart is healthy and full of enthusiasm while at other times it is sick and disaffected, therefore, deeds must be performed when the heart is willing, otherwise, [performance of a deed with a reluctant heart would result in heart's blindness.](#)"(۱)

Second: It must be understood clearly that the real aim behind continuation of invocation and practicing asceticism is to attain self-perfection and God's Nearness which is not possible except through discharging due obligations. If a person is responsible for performance of some social and religious obligations, he must discharge them properly and while

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doing so should not remain negligent from God's Remembrance as well as recital of .invocations to the extent he may do so

Also, he may again continue it in his free time, but if by taking the excuse of asceticism and continuation of invocation if he hides into seclusion and did not discharge his due .obligations, then such deeds will not result in God is Nearness for him

## Obstacles of the Path

### point

Starting a spiritual journey upon the road of perfection and attaining higher spiritual positions is not an easy and simple task rather is extremely difficult and complicated. A devotee has to encounter plenty of obstacles in his path and must struggle to remove .them, otherwise, he would never be able to reach his Desired destination

### .) First Obstacle: Incompetence .)

The greatest obstacle for undertaking gnostic journey and attaining God's Nearness by a wayfarer is the incompetency of his self. A heart contaminated and darkened by sinning cannot become a center for the illumination of Divine light. When a human heart as a result of sinning turns into a Satan's commands center then how come God's favorite ?angels may descend into it

:Imam al-Sadiq (a.s.) narrated a tradition from his father

عن ابي عبدالله عليه السلام قال كان ابي يقول: ما من شيء افسد للقلب من خطيئته ان القلب ليواقع الخطيئه فلا تزال به حتى تغلب عليه فيصير اعلا اسفله.

For a human being there is nothing worst than sin because it wages war against heart” until taking over its control. This condition of heart is called inverted or upside

(۱) "down heart."

The heart of a sinner is an inverted heart, which forces him to move in the wrong direction. Then how could he move in the direction of God's Nearness and could accept God's blessings and favors? Therefore, it is necessary for a wayfarer that before starting his journey to achieve self-purification and self-perfection, firstly he must try his best not to commit sins and only then he should engage himself into invocation and worship, otherwise his efforts and endeavor in invocation and worship will not result in his becoming near to God-Almighty

### **Second Obstacle: Worldly Attachments .۲**

One of the greatest barrier is the attachments to worldly allurements such as desire of wealth and property, love of wife and children, attachment to house and other means of living, ambitions towards power and positions, attachments towards family, and even liking towards education and knowledge etc. are the types of attachments which prevent a human being from movement and migration towards God-Almighty

A heart so much in love with perceptible things and is infatuated in them, how can detach itself so easily and may ascent towards the Upper-Heaven? A heart which is the command center for of worldly affairs, how could it become the illumination of Divine light. Apart from that in accordance to traditions the love of this world is the roots of all sins and transgressions, and a sinner can never ascent towards God's Nearness. Imam al-Sadiq (a.s.) has said

عن ابی عبدالله علیه السلام قال: حب الدنيا راس كل خطيئه.

The love of world is the root"

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١)“(of all evils.”

:The Holy Prophet (S) has said

قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: اول ما عصى الله تبارك وتعالى بست خصال: حب الدنيا وحب الرياسة وحب الطعام وحب الراحة.

The first thing through which transgression against God–Almighty was done consisted of” six characteristics: Love of world, love of position, love of women, love of eating, love of (sleeping, and love of comforts.”

:Jabir narrated that once he visited Imam al–Baqir (a.s.) who said

عن جابر قال: دخلت على ابن جعفر عليه السلام فقال: يا جابر! والله انى لمح زؤن وانى لمشفول القلب: قلت: جعلت فداك, وما شغلك وما حزن قلبك؟ فقال يا جابر! إنه من دخل قلبه صافى خالص دين الله شغل قلبه عما سواه, يا جابر!! ما الدنيا وما عسى أن تكون الدنيا؟ هل هي إلا طعام أكلته أو ثوب لبسته أو امرأه أصبتها؟ يا جابر! إن المؤمنين لم يطمئثوا إلى الدنيا ببقائهم فيها ولم يأمنوا قدمهم الآخرة يا جابر! الآخرة دار قرار والدنيا دار فناء وزوال, ولكن أهل الدنيا أهل غفله, وكأن المؤمنين هم الفقهاء, أهل فكره وعبره لم يصمهم عن ذكر الله جل اسمه ما سمعوا بأذانهم ولم يعمهم عن ذكر الله ما رأوا من الزينة بأعينهم ففازوا بثواب الآخرة, كما فازوا بذلك العلم..

Oh Jabir my heart is sad and lull of grief 'May my soul be sacrificed upon you, what is the” reason of your grief ? I said. The Imam said: 'In whoever's heart the God's true and pure religion will enter, his heart would become detached to all external attachments (other (than God's

Oh Jabir! what is”

p: ٣٠٧

Bihar al–Anwar, vol. ٧٣, p–٩٠ –١

.Bihar al–Anwar, vol. ٧٣, p.٩٤ –٢

world and its worth? Is it any thing else other than the mouthful you eat, the piece of  
?“dress you use to cover your body and the women you take for marriage

Oh Jabir! The believers do not trust the world and its life and do not regards themselves”  
“as safe from their transfer into the Hereafter

Oh Jabir! The Hereafter is the permanent abode of eternity while the world is a place of”  
temporary abode and place of dying but the worldly ones are negligent of this reality  
except the true believers who are the people who think, deliberate, and take lessons from  
.the world

Whatever, enters into their ears does not prevent them from God’s Remembrance, and  
similarly possession of gold and wealth does not to make them negligent from God's  
worshipping, thus, they are the ones who earn the rewards of Hereafter because of their  
[\(۱\)](#) (being aware about the religion.”

:The Holy Prophet (S) said

قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: لا يجد المؤمن حلاوه الايمان في قلبه حتى لا يبالي من اكل الدنيا.

A person never tastes the sweetness of faith until and unless he becomes indifferent to”  
[\(۲\)](#) (whatever has been eaten by him.”

Therefore, it is necessary for a wayfarer to completely detach his heart from such  
attractions so that movement and migration towards the higher exalted positions  
become possible for him. He should thoroughly cleanse his heart from thoughts and  
.anxieties of worldly affairs so that they could be replaced by God's Remembrance

However, it must be reminded that whatever

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.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۷۳, p-۳۶ –۱

.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۷۳, p-۴۹ –۲



has been condemned is –infatuation and intense attachment to worldly affairs –and not worldly affairs in themselves. A wayfarer, like any other human being for continuation of life needs housing, clothing, food, and life partner and in order to fulfill these requirements he has no choice except to work

For the continuation of human race and to leave his offspring one must marry and for the sake of social life he has no choice except to accept social responsibilities. It is because of these considerations that none of them have been condemned in the Islamic canon law (sharia) (۱)

Instead if performed with the intention of God's Nearness (qurb), all of them are considered as worships bringing a person closer to God–Almighty. Because these things in themselves do not act as obstacles for movement, undertaking a gnostic journey, and engaging in God's Remembrance

What acts as an obstacle for movement and invocation is infatuation and intense attachments to these affairs. If these affairs become the life's main aim and objective, thus, occupying his attention and thoughts completely in themselves then such a situation would result in his becoming negligent from God's Remembrance

Therefore in Islam money worshipping, women worshipping, and power and education worshipping are condemned because they prevent a man from migration and movement towards God–Almighty but the money, women, education, and position in themselves are not condemned

Did not the Holy Prophet (S) Commander of the Faithful, Imam 'Ali (a.s.), Imam al–Sajjad, and other Infallible Imams of Prophets (Ahlul Bayt) work

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Shariah, Divine law, a science which embraces every dimension of human conduct, – ۱  
 .[including the political [Tr

endeavor, and utilize the Divine bounties? This is one of the great advantage of Islam that for the World and Hereafter and their relevant affairs does not recognize any boundary and limitations.

### Third Obstacle: Obedience of Passions .۳

The Third obstacle is surrender to selfish whims, passions and carnal desires. Like the dark and thick smoke, self's whims and passions attack the heart's domain turning into a darkened heart, thus, lacking the decency for illumination of Divine light.

Whims and passion continuously pull the heart from one direction to another one, thus, never allowing him the opportunity to have a union with God-Almighty and developing some affection for Him. Day and night they try and endeavor to present their own passionate demands. Naturally, in this situation who has the courage to think about migration and ascension towards the Celestial Kingdom of God-Almighty

:God-Almighty has said in Holy Qur'an

وَلَا تَتَّبِعِ الْهَوَىٰ فَيُضِلَّكَ عَنْ سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ

(And follow not desire that it beguile thee from the way of God. (۳۷:۲۶)

:The Commander of the Faithful Imam 'Ali (a.s.) said

قال امير المؤمنين عليه السلام: اشجع الناس من غلب هواه.

(The most brave person is the one who could dominate over the passions of his self." (۱)

### Fourth Obstacle: Overeating .۴

One of the main obstacles of the way for God's Remembrance and invocation is over-eating and being a slave of the belly. A person who strives day and night to arrange good and delicious food and fills his belly with different sorts of tasty foods, how could such a person will have union with God-Almighty, develop affection, and establish secret

## ?communications with Him

With a stomach full of food how could one may have a mood for worshipping and supplication? Some one who considers pleasure simply in eating and drinking, when would taste the sweetness of supplication with God-Almighty? It is because of these considerations that overeating has been condemned in Islam. Imam al-Sadiq (a.s.) said to  
:Abu-Basir

ابو بصير عن ابي عبدالله عليه السلام قال: قال لى: يا ابا محمد! ان البطن ليطغى من اكله, واقرب ما يكون العبد من الله اذا خف بطنه  
وابغض ما يكون العبد إلى الله اذا امتلا بطنه.

Stomach transgresses under the influence of over-eating. The most nearest situation” between God-Almighty and his servant is –when the stomach is empty and the worst  
situation is –when his stomach is full.” (۱)

:Imam al-Sadiq also said

عن ابي عبدالله عليه السلام قال: ان الله يبغض كثرة الاكل.

“God-Almighty considers over eating as something indecent.” (۲)

:The Holy Prophet (S) had said

قال رسول الله (ص): لا تشبعوا فيطفى نور المعرفة من قلوبكم.

Don't indulge in over-eating because it would quench the light of faith within your”  
hearts.” (۳)

:Imam al-Sadiq (a.s.) had said in a narration

قال الصادق عليه السلام: ليس شىء اضر لقلب المؤمن من كثرة الاكل وهى مورثة شيتين: قسوه القلب وهيجان الشهوه, والجوع ادم  
للمؤمنين وغدا للروح وطعام للقلب وصحه للبدن.

For the heart of a believer there is nothing worst than over-eating, because it will cause” hard-heartedness and seduction, while hunger happens to be the most delicious disk for  
a believer's soul and heart, and health for his body.” (۴)

The Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali

.Wasail al-Shi'a, vol. ۱۶, p-۴۰۵-۱

.Wasail al-Shi'a, vol. ۱۶, p-۴۰۷-۲

.al-Mustadrak, vol. ۳, p-۸۱-۳

.al-Mustadarak, vol. ۳, p-۸۰-۴

(a.s.) has said)

قال امير المؤمنين عليه السلام: اذا اراد الله صلاح عبده الهمة قله الكلام وقله الطعام وقله المنام.

When God-Almighty intends to reform the believer's affair, He bestows upon him three”  
 (blessings: less sleep, less appetite, and less speech.” (۱)

:He also said

قال على عليه السلام: نعم العون على اسر النفس وكسر عاداتها التجوع

(Hunger is the best help for controlling self and breaking up chronic habits.” (۲)

There is a tradition narrated by Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) that on the night of Ascent (Mairaj), God-  
 (Almighty said to the Holy Prophet (S

قال على عليه السلام: قال الله تبارك وتعالى ليله المعراج: يا احمد! لو ذقت حلاوه الجوع والصمت والخلوه وما ورثوا منها. قال يا رب!  
 ما ميراث الجوع؟ قال: الحكمة وحفظ القلب والتقرب الى والحزن الدائم وخفه بين الناس وقول الحق, ولا يبالي عاش بيسرا وبعسر.

Oh Ahmad! How sweet and beautiful are the hunger, silence, and seclusion? 'Oh God!' What is the advantage of hunger?' Asked the Holy Prophet (S). 'Wisdom, heart's tranquility, nearness to Me, continuous grief, righteous talks, thriftiness, and in difference at the time of ease and hardships, are the characteristics acquired by My servant as a  
 (result of hunger, silence, and seclusion.' Replied God-Almighty.” (۳)

Of course, a wayfarer like other people for remaining alive and to have the required energy for worship requires food, but he should be careful to eat food just to fulfill his bodily requirements and should avoid over-eating strictly. Because, over-eating causes indigestion, lethargy and depression towards worship, hard heartedness, and negligence  
 from God's Remembrance

On the contrary moderation in

p: ٣١٢

.al-Mustadrak, vol. ۳ p-۸۲ -۳

eating and hunger result in one's feeling active and zealous for worship and attention towards God– Almighty. While, being hungry a human being is possessed with soul's purification, illumination and enjoyment which is not the case with a full stomach

Therefore, it is extremely important that a wayfarer should eat only to the extent it is required for fulfillment of his bodily needs and especially should be hungry during invocation, worshipping, and supplication

### Fifth Obstacle: Unnecessary Talks .٥

One of the obstacle which prevents a wayfarer from movement towards his ultimate desired goal, and intervene in achieving concentration and heart's presence, is useless and idle talks. God–Almighty has bestowed upon him the power of speech in order to fulfill his genuine needs. If he used it to the extent it was needed then he has utilized this great blessing correctly

Apart from that because of excessive talking a persons thoughts became scattered and disturbed and therefore, cannot pay attention towards God–Almighty with heart's presence It is because of these considerations that too much talking and nonsense conversations have been severely condemned in traditions. For example: The Holy Prophet (S) had said: [\(١\)](#)

قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: لا تكثروا الكلام بغير ذكر الله فان كثرة الكلام بغير ذكر الله طقسوا لقلب. ان ابعد الناس من الله القلب القاسى.

Avoid speaking too much except while reciting invocations for God–Almighty, because, “utterance of too many words other than God's Remembrance causes hard–heartedness and the most distant apart people from God–Almighty are the people with darkened heart”

The Commander of the

p: ٣١٣

:Faithful, Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) said

قال على عليه السلام: اخزن لسانك وعد كلامك يقل كلامك الا بخير.

Control your tongue and do count the words uttered by you in order to reduce your talk”

“(while engaging in an un-pious act.”(١)

:The Holy Prophet (S) said

قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: الكلام ثلثة: فرائح وسالم وشاحب. فاما الرابح فالذى يذكر الله, واما السالم فالذى يقول ما احب الله, واما الشاحب فالذى يخوض فى الناس.

There are three kind of talks, namely: useful, good and nonsense. The useful talks” consist of God's invocation, healthy talks are the ones which are loved by God, and

“(nonsense talks are spreading, rumors, and talking about the people behind their back.”(٢)

:Also he said

قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: امسك لسانك فانها صدقه تصدق بها على نفسك, ثم قال: ولا يعرف حقيقه الايمان حتى يحزن من لسانه.

Control your tongue because it is the best gift which you may present to the self; then he”

further elaborated: a person never tastes the reality of belief but to strictly control his

“(tongue.”(٣)

:Imam al-Ridha (٤) said

قال ابو الحسن الرضا عليه السلام: من علامات الفقه الحلم والعلم والصمت. ان الصمت باب من أبواب الحكمة ان الصمت يكسب المحبه انه دليل على كل خير.

There are three things which indicate symptoms of intelligence and religious knowledge” of jurisprudence: Patience, learning, and silence. And among them silence is the gate of

“(wisdom, causes love, and is responsible for each blessing.”(٥)

:The Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) has said

قال على عليه السلام: اذ اتم العقل نقص



.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۷۱, p-۲۸۱ -۱

.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۷۱, p-۲۸۹ -۲

.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۷۱, p-۲۹۸ -۳

Imam 'Ali ibn Musa al-Ridha (a.s.): was born in Medina on Thursday, ۱۱th Dhu'l qadah -۴ ۱۴۸ A.H. He lived in a period when the Abbasids were faced with increasing difficulties because of Shiite revolts. After al-Mam'un the seventh Abbasid Caliph and a contemporary of Imam al-Ridha (a.s.) murdered his brother Amin and assumed office, he thought he would solve the problems by naming Imam as his own successor hoping thus, to insure him in worldly affairs and turn the devotion of his followers away from him. After encouragement, urging, and finally threats, Imam accepted on condition that he be excused from dismissals, appointments, and other involvement in matters of state. Making the most of this circumstance, the Imam extended guidance to the people, imparting priceless elucidation of Islamic culture and spiritual truths, which have survived in numbers roughly equal to those reaching us from the Commander of the Faithful Imam 'Ali (a.s.), and in greater number than those of any other Imam. Finally after al-Ma' mum realized his mistake, for Shi'ism began to spread even more rapidly he is said to have poisoned him; he died at the age of ۵۵ in Mashhad, Khorasan on Tuesday, ۱۷th Safar ۲۰۳

A.H.. He is buried in Mashhad Iran

.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۷۱, p-۲۹۰ -۵

الكلام.

”(١) The more one achieves perfection of reason the less he talks.”

:Imam al-Sadiq (a.s.) said

عن ابي عبد الله عليه السلام قال: ما عبد الله بشيء افضل من الصمت والمشي الى بيته.

There is no worship superior than silence and going on foot towards the House of God”

”(٢) for Hajj pilgrimage.”

:The Holy Prophet (S) said to Abu Dharr

قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: عليك بطول الصمت فانه مطرده للشيطان وعون لك على امر دينك.

I recommend you to practice silence, because it would keep Satan away from you. It”

”(٣) helps a lot for the protection of your religion.”

Anyway, it is necessary for a wayfarer to control his tongue strictly, should be serious in his talks and should avoid over-talking. In worldly affairs he should limit himself to the extent it is absolutely necessary , and instead should engage his tongue in recital of invocations, incantations, and in discussions of useful and important academic and social matters. The most celebrated mystic of our time, great professor ‘Allamah Tabatabai

:(RA)(٤) said

I have witnessed the most precious effects of silence. Practice silence for forty days and” nights speaking only when it is absolutely required, remaining engaged in meditations

“and invocations until attaining purity and enlightenment

**(Sixth Obstacle –Love for Self (Hubbe–Zat .٦**

Once a wayfarer succeeds in removing all the obstacles from his path and somehow manages to pass through all stages, then he has to be confronted with the greatest barrier which is –love for self. Suddenly, he discovers that all actions, and deeds even worships were done for the sake of love for

.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۷۱, p-۲۹۰ -۱

.Bihar of al-Anwar, vol. ۷۱, p-۲۷۸ -۲

.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۷۱, p-۲۷۹ -۳

Allamah Sayyid Muhammad Husayn Tabatabai: Was born into a family of scholars in ' -۴  
 Tabriz in ۱۲۷۱ A.H. Solar/۱۸۹۲ A.D. He lost his mother when he was ۵ years old and his  
 father at the age of nine. He studied his primary education over there for six years. In the  
 year ۱۲۹۷/۱۹۱۸ he entered the field of religious and Arabic studies and was occupied with  
 readings of texts until ۱۳۰۴/۱۹۲۵. In the year ۱۳۰۴/۱۴۲۵ he went to Najaf al-Ashraf for higher  
 religious studies where he studied Jurisprudence, mathematics, and Philosophy under the  
 most eminent personalities of that period such as Ayatullah Abul Hasan Esfahani,  
 Ayatullah Hojjat Kuhkamani, and Sayyed Hosayn Badkubi, and after finishing his  
 curriculum returned to his native Tabriz in the year ۱۳۴۵/۱۹۳۵. In the year ۱۳۲۵/۱۹۴۶ he  
 settled in Qum where he continued his religious studies, teaching, and research activities  
 until his demise in the year ۱۳۶۰/۱۹۸۱. Allahmeh Tabatabai in his Autobiography writes: "I  
 forgot all that is fair and foul in the world and thought the sweet and bitter events equal. I  
 withdrew from social contact with any except scholars; I cut back food and sleep and  
 life's other necessities to the bare minimum and devoted the rest of my time and  
 resources to scholarship and research. I would often spend the night in study until sunrise  
 (especially in spring and summer), and I would always research the next day's lesson in  
 advance, making whatever exertions were called for to solve any problem that arose so  
 that by class time I would already have a clear understanding of the Professor's topic."  
 'Allamah S.M. H. Tabatabai, Islamic Teachings, p-۱۴. 'Allamah Tabatabai has written  
 hundreds of the religious works, the famous among them is Commentary of the Holy  
 Qur'an, (Tafsir al-Mizan) published in ۲۰ volumes. In this work the Noble Qur'an is  
 .[expounded in an unprecedented manner verse by verse. [Tr

.self

All his worshipping, asceticism, invocation, supplication, fasting, and prayer were performed for the sake of self and rewards of the Hereafter, resulting a net gain for his self. Such worships although will earn a person Paradise and eternal rewards but would not result in his ascent towards the most distinguished sublime spiritual positions of  
Invocations, Witnessing, and Countenance

Without migrating from the positions of love for essence or love for self, a person would never be able to witness the unique and unparallel beauty of the Lord of Glory and Majesty, and so for he does not tear off all the veils including the veil of self, he would not  
.be able to develop the required capability of witnessing God's illumination

Therefore, it is necessary for a wayfarer that through asceticism and struggle he must arrange his exit from the limited boundaries of love of essence by converting it into love of God and, thus, performing all deeds for His pleasure only, If he eats food, it is because of the fact that his eternal beloved has desires so. for the sake of his remaining alive, and if he worships, it is because of the reason. that he had considered God–Almighty as worth  
.of being worshipped

Such a person seeks neither this world nor the next one instead he is the seeker of God–Almighty. He does not want even to have miracles or special discoveries and except the  
.real Creator does not have any other desire and objective

If he succeeds and passes

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through this crucial stage and even is able to give up his identity and personality than he may take up a giant step towards the threshold of Monotheism (Tawhid), thus, ascending towards the most sublime spiritual positions of Witnessing, Countenance, and entering :inside the Celestial Kingdom as described by the Holy Qur'an

(Firmly established in the favor of a Mighty King." (۵۴:۵۵"

### Seventh Obstacle: Indecisiveness .۷

One of the great obstacle of the path and perhaps the most important one is the indecisiveness and lack of determination which prevents a person from starting his deeds. Satan and imperious-self in the beginning try their best to reflect matters relevant to gnostic journey and asceticism as insignificant and unnecessary. They endeavor to convince a person simply to engage in rituals without paying least attention towards .heart's presence

They would say: You don't have any other obligation except worshipping in a ritual manner. Why do you care about having heart's presence, attention, and invocation? If occasionally he thought about these things, they will prevent him from his determination by utilizing hundred of tricks and treacheries, and sometimes they will reflect these matters before him as something so much difficult and complicated that he will become .disappointed and hopeless

But, a true devotee should resist the whispers of Satan and his imperious-self. By referring to Qur'anic-verses, traditions, and books of moral ethics and learning, he should make himself aware about the importance and need of spiritual migration, heart's .presence, invocation, and witnessing the Supreme Reality

Once he discovers its real worth and

see his own eternal salvation in it –he should move seriously, ignoring all whispers of hopelessness and disappointments telling his self: although, it is difficult but since my future salvation depends upon it I should better take action quickly, as God–Almighty has promised in the Holy Qur’an

“As for those who strive in us, We surely guide them to our paths.” (۲۹:۶۹”

Since, discussions regarding the explanation of first Method of attaining perfection and God's–Nearness became too lengthy, I apologize to my readers

### **Second Means, Nourishment of Moral Virtues**

One of the ways for gradual nourishment and perfection of self, spiritual migration, and attaining God's Nearness is to excel in moral virtues deeply rooted within human primordial nature. Good moral ethics are values which are incorporated within human Celestial Spirit and with their gradual nourishment the humanness of a human being attains perfection until finally ascending towards the exalted sublime position of God's Nearness

The Holy Essence of the Lord of the World is the fountainhead of all perfection; since, a human being also belongs to the Upper Heavens, through his pure, upright, and uncontaminated nature recognizes the human perfection which are in proportion to Heavenly Kingdom, naturally feels attracted towards them

It is because of these considerations that all human beings at all times, regarding appreciation of good moral virtues namely: justice, sacrifice, righteousness, trust, benevolence, bravery, patience and perseverance, knowledge, defense of deprived, thanks, generosity, loyalty, reliance (upon God), hospitability, pardon and forgiveness, politeness, and social service etc. –are in agreement. God–Almighty in Holy Qur’an said

وَنَفْسٍ

وَمَا سَوَّأَهَا فَأَلْهَمَهَا فُجُورَهَا وَتَقْوَاهَا قَدْ أَفْلَحَ مَنْ زَكَّاهَا وَقَدْ خَابَ مَنْ دَسَّاهَا

And a soul and Him who perfected it, and inspired it (with conscience of) what is wrong” for it and (what is) right for it. He is indeed successful who causes it to grow. And he is (indeed a failure who stunteth it. (٩١:٧-١٠

Moral virtues when repeated plant themselves firmly with in human self and like a habit become a part of human existence. It influences the self-building, what to become, and how to become of a human being. It is because of these considerations that special attention has been paid towards moral ethics in Islam, and they constitute a great portion .of Islamic commands

There are hundreds and thousands of traditions which deal with ethics. Majority of Qur’anic verses consist of ethical commands; majority of the Qur’anic stories pursue .moral objectives so much so that it could rightly be called as a book of moral ethics

In principle, one of the great aim of Divine prophets had been self-purification and nourishment of. moral excellence. The Prophet of Islam too had clearly announced the objective behind his prophetic mission as perfection and nourishment of moral ethics and :said

قال النبي صلى الله عليه وآله: انما بعثت لاتمم مكارم الاخلاق.

I have been appointed as prophet of God for the completion and perfection of moral” (١) [\(ethics.”](#)

:Also, said

قال رسول الله (ص): عليكم بمكارم الاخلاق فان الله بعثي بها.

I recommend to you the importance of good moral conduct because, I have been”

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appointed by God–Almighty to accomplish this very aim.” (1)

### Third Means, the Righteous Deeds

point

It may be derived from the Holy Qur’an that after the belief (Iman) the righteous deeds play the most important role in attaining self–perfection, God’s Nearness, higher human ranks, and pure delightful life of the Next World. God–Almighty has said in the Holy Qur’an

مَنْ عَمِلَ صَالِحًا مِّنْ ذَكَرٍ أَوْ أُنْثَىٰ وَهُوَ مُؤْمِنٌ فَلَنُحْيِيَنَّهٗ حَيَاةً طَيِّبَةً ۖ وَلَنَجْزِيَنَّهُمْ أَجْرَهُمْ بِأَحْسَنِ مَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ.

Whosoever doth right, whether male or female, and is a believer, him verily We shall quicken with good life and We shall pay them a recompense in proportion to the best of (what they used to do. (١٦: ٩٧)

:And said

وَمَنْ يَأْتِهِ مُؤْمِنًا قَدْ عَمِلَ الصَّالِحَاتِ فَأُولَٰئِكَ لَهُمُ الدَّرَجَاتُ الْعُلَىٰ

But whoso cometh unto Him a believer, having done good works, for such are the high” (stations. (٢٠: ٧٥)

:And said

فَمَنْ كَانَ يَرْجُو لِقَاءَ رَبِّهِ فَلْيَعْمَلْ عَمَلًا صَالِحًا وَلَا يُشْرِكْ بِعِبَادَةِ رَبِّهِ أَحَدًا

And whoever hopeth for the meeting with his lord, let him to righteous deeds and make” (none share of the worship due unto his lord. (١٨: ١١٠)

:And said

مَنْ كَانَ يُرِيدُ الْعِزَّةَ فَلِلَّهِ الْعِزَّةُ جَمِيعًا ۖ إِلَيْهِ يَصْعَدُ الْكَلِمُ الطَّيِّبُ وَالْعَمَلُ الصَّالِحُ يَرْفَعُهُ

Whoso desireth power should know that) all power belongeth to God. Unto Him good” (words ascend, and the pious deed doth He exalt. (٣٥: ١٠)

The Glorious God in this verse explains that all power, prestige, and wealth belong to Him



and the sacred word that is the clean and pure soul of a Monotheist (Muahid) and righteous belief in Monotheism (Tawhid) will ascend

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.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۶۹, p-۳۷۵ -۱

.towards God–Almighty, and this will be made possible through the righteous deeds

The righteous deeds performed with pure intention and sincerity affect the doer's self thus, nourishing him for attaining perfection. The Holy Qur'an clearly explains that the pure and charming life of the Hereafter and attainment of the most sublime spiritual position of God's Nearness and Countenance is possible only through the combination of belief and righteous deeds

The Holy Qur'an has emphasized the importance of righteous deeds a lot and regards it as the only means for achieving eternal salvation and prosperity. The value and worth of righteous deeds depends upon their being compatible with religious law and revelations

Because the Creator of the men as well as of the world who is familiar with the special creation of human beings knows his path of perfection and salvation and therefore, accordingly has revealed it to the Holy Prophet (S) through the revelations so that he may present it to the people for their utilization. God–Almighty said in Holy Qur'an

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا اسْتَجِيبُوا لِلَّهِ وَلِلرَّسُولِ إِذَا دَعَاكُمْ لِمَا يُحْيِيكُمْ

O you who believe, obey God and the messenger while he calleth you to that which”  
(quickeneth you. (۸:۲۴)

The righteous deeds are the deeds that have been defined by religious law (shariah) as mandatory (wajib) or recommended (mustahab) deeds, and a wayfarer through their performance may undertake his spiritual migration leading him towards God's Nearness.

This is the only way and all other ways are deviated and misleading and will never take

.a wayfarer to his final destination

A wayfarer must be absolutely obedient to religious law and for his mystical journey should not follow any other path except the religious path and should avoid strictly engaging into invocations and incantations that do not have any authenticity in religious law.

Because, not only they do not take a wayfarer towards his destination instead, carry him farther apart from his destination since deviation from religious law is innovation and sin. To start with, a wayfarer should try his best to perform all religious obligatory obligations correctly in accordance with regulations, because, their renunciation will not result in attainment of higher spiritual positions, however seriously he may endeavor in performing recommended deeds and engaging into invocations and incantations

During the second stage the recommended deeds and invocations might be included in the program. The wayfarer at this stage in accordance to his spiritual strength and personal capabilities may perform recommended deeds and the more he endeavors the greater will be the possibilities of his attaining higher spiritual positions

From the point of view of superiority, it should be pointed out that all recommended deeds are not equal rather some of them excel over others and with the result some of them could be more better and favorite, as have been mentioned in the books of supplication and traditions

A wayfarer might select some supplications, prayers, invocations, and incantations from these books and then may engage himself on a regular basis. The more and precisely he performs them

the greater will be the purity and illumination of his soul, enabling him to ascend higher and higher up toward the exalted gnostic stations

Here, we will point out to some of the righteous deeds and for the remaining ones the readers are advised to refer to other books but it should be reminded that mandatory deeds, recommended deeds, invocations, and supplications would be considered as righteous and favorite deeds only if they are performed with sincerity

The authenticity of a deed and its becoming favorite depends in proportion to the sincerity of the performer. From this consideration; firstly we must discuss sincerity (ikhlas), and I will describe some of the righteous deeds later on

### The Sincerity

The position of sincerity has been described as one of the highest stages of a wayfarer's gnostic journey and attainment of self-perfection. It is because of sincerity that the heart becomes center of illumination for Divine light, whereby wisdom and knowledge flowing through heart manifest themselves through appearing upon the tongue. The Holy Prophet (S) has said

قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: ما اخلص عبد اربعين صباحا الا جرت ينابيع الحكمة من قلبه على لسانه.

Whoever devotes himself sincerely for a period of forty days for God-Almighty, streams” (of wisdom flowing from his heart will appear upon his tongue.”<sup>(۱)</sup>

:The Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) said

قال على عليه السلام: اين الذين اخلصوا اعمالهم لله وطهروا قلوبهم لمواضع نظر الله.

Where are those who performed their deeds with sincerity for God-Almighty, and” purified their hearts so that

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they could absorb God's special attention towards them.” (١)

:Hadhrate Fatimah al-Zahra (٢) (s.a.) the daughter of the Holy Prophet (S) has said

قالت سيده النساء صلوات الله عليها: من اصعد الى الله خالص عبادته اهبط الله افضل مصلحته.

Whoever sends pure and sincere worship for God-Almighty, He too reciprocates by”

bestowing upon Him His best favors.” (٣)

:The Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) has said

قال على عليه السلام: قلوب العباد الطاهره مواضع نظر الله سبحانه فمن طهر قلبه نظر الله اليه.

Pure hearts of believers are reserved for Glorious God' s special attention, therefore,”

whoever purifies his heart will certainly be blessed with God's special attention.” (٤)

The Holy Prophet (S) had narrated a tradition from Arch-Angel Gabriel who heard it from

:God-Almighty who said

قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: مخبرا عن جبرئيل عن الله عز وجل انه قال: الاخلاص سر من اسرارى استودعته قلب من احببت من عابدى.

That sincerity is a mystery from my mysteries and whoever is loved by me, I will deposit”

it in his heart.” (٥)

Sincerity consists of various grades and degrees, the most lowest grade of sincerity is that a believer should perform all his worships strictly for the sake of God-Almighty free

from all traces of polytheism, hypocrisy, and ostentation

This much amount of sincerity is must for the correctness of worships, and without it the doer will not be able to receive God's Nearness. The worth of a deed depends upon pure intentions and sincerity, free from all traces of Polytheism and dissimulation. The Holy

:Prophet (S) has said

قال رسول

.Ghirar al-Hukm, p-۱۷۲ -۱

Fatimah al-Zahra (s.a.): The beloved daughter of the Prophet from Khadijah, Fatimah -۲ was born in Mecca on Friday, ۲۰th Jumadath-thaniyah in the fifth year after the declaration of the prophethood (۶۱۵ A.D.) She was so loved by the Prophet that he called her "a part of me." In ۲ A.H. / ۶۲۴ A.D. she married ' 'Ali ibn Abu Talib from whom she bore three sons, Hasan, Husayn and Muhsin (who died stillborn), and two daughters, Zaynab and Umme Kulthum. She was at the Prophet's bedside at the moment of his death and struggled for her husband's succession to the caliphate. She died at the age of ۱۸ in Medina on ۱۴th Jummaadi al awwl ۱۱ A.H. (۶۳۳ A.D.); and is buried in the graveyard of Jannatu'l Baqi in Medina. It is said that when she was born the whole sky became illuminated; therefore she is called al-Zahra' , the "Radiant." She is the mother of the Shi'ite Imams and is considered the most holy of Muslim women

.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۷۰, p-۲۴۹ -۳

.the Ghirar al-Hukm, p-۵۳۸ -۴

.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۷۰. p-۲۴۹ -۵

الله صلى الله عليه وآله: ان الله لا ينظر الى صوركم واعمالكم وانما ينظر الى قلوبكم.

“God–Almighty does not look at your faces and deeds rather looks inside your hearts.”<sup>(١)</sup>

:Imam al–Sadiq (a.s.) has said

قال ابو عبدالله عليه السلام: يقول الله: انا خير شريك, من اشرك معي غيري في عمله لم اقبله الا ما كان خالصا.

God–Almighty said: ' I am the best partner for You, and whosoever associates with me” some one else in his deeds, then I will handover the entire deed to that associate, because I do not accept but pure and sincere deeds.”<sup>(٢)</sup>

:Also, he said

قال ابو عبدالله عليه السلام: ان الله يحشر الناس على نياتهم يوم القيامة.

On the Day of Judgment, God–Almighty will associate people in accordance with their”  
“intentions

:The Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) has said

قال على عليه السلام: طوبى لمن اخلص لله العباده الدعا ولم يشغل قلبه بما ترى عيناه ولم ينس ذكر الله بما تسمع اذناه ولم يحزن صدره بما اعطى غيره.

How lucky is the one who worships and prays only for the sake of God–Almighty; does” not engage his heart in whatsoever is seen by his eyes; does not forget God's Remembrance because of whatsoever enters into his ears,. and does not become envious in seeing things bestowed upon others.”<sup>(٣)</sup>

:He also said

قال على عليه السلام: امارات السعاده اخلاص العمل.

“Sincerity in deeds is an indication of doer's salvation and prosperity.”<sup>(٤)</sup>

A worship that is accepted by God–Almighty and earns perfection and His Nearness for ,the worshipper –is the worship free from all traces of self–conceit

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.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۷۰, p-۲۰۹ -۱

.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۷۰, p-۲۴۳ -۲

.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۷۰-۲۲۹ -۳

.Ghirar al-Hukm, p-۴۳ -۴



dissimulation, Egotism, and ostentation offered for the sake of Him alone. The only criteria for acceptance of deeds is –sincerity and devotion. The more is the degree of .sincerity the greater would be the perfection and merit of the deed

:The worshippers may be grouped in to the following three categories

The First Group: Consists of those who worship God–Almighty because of fear of Divine .۱  
.punishment and Hell’s fire

The Second Group: Consists of those who obey Divine commands for the sake of .۲  
.bounties of Paradise and rewards in the Hereafter

Although, worshipping with the above aims does not harm their correctness in any way and the doer will earn the eternal rewards and favors, because, the Holy Qur’an and .traditions have very often utilized both of the above methods for the people's guidance

Apart from that the Holy Prophet (S) himself, infallible Imams (a.s.) of his Holy Progeny, and God's Favorite Saints too were afraid of Divine retributions, continuously cried for .help and were eager and hopeful for Paradise and its bounties

The Third Group: Consists of those who worship God–Almighty because they consider .۳  
Him worthy of it and want to thank him for His Divine bounties and blessings. Such aim .does not have any contradiction with sincerity –a criteria for the acceptance of deeds

Therefore, in traditions, in order to encourage people for God's obedience, His bounties and favors have been reminded, so that to show their appreciation, the human beings should obey His commandments. Even the Holy Prophet (S) himself

and Infallible Imam (a.s.) of his holy progeny sometimes in order to emphasize the importance and seriousness of worship said

افلا اكون عبدا شكورا.

“Shouldn't I be a thankful servant?”

Although, the deeds of all groups do get accepted, but among them it is the third group whose deeds carry special distinction because they are accompanied with a higher degree of sincerity. The Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) has said

قال امير المؤمنين عليه السلام: ان قوما عبدوا الله رغبة فتلك عباده التجار وان قوما عبدوا الله رهبة فتلك عباده العبيد وان قوما عبدوا الله شكرا فتلك عباده الاحرار.

:The worshiper of God–Almighty may be divided into following three groups”

First Group: Consists of those who worship God–Almighty for the sake of eternal rewards, which is like –worshipping of merchants, (for the sake of profit

Second Group: Consists of those who worship God–Almighty because of the fear of God (and retributions, which is like –the worshipping of slaves (for the sake of fear

Third Group: Consists of those who worship God–Almighty because to express their appreciation and thanks for His bounties and favors which is like the –worshipping of freeman.”(1)

The Fourth Group: Consists of those who worships God–Almighty for the sake of attaining self–perfection and nourishment of their selves. Of course, perusal of this objective does not inflict any damage to the degree of sincerity and devotion that is the criteria for acceptance of deeds

The Fifth Group: Consists of those who are the most favorite and distinguished servants of God–Almighty. Since

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they have recognized Him very well and consider Him as the Fountainhead of all Blessings  
and Perfection –Worship Him

Because, of their being aware of the Absolute and Infinite Power of the Lord of Splendor and Majesty, and since they have not discovered any other effective source of power except Him – consider Him alone worthy of worshipping, love Him and humiliate and humble themselves in front of His Exalted Glory, And this is called the highest degree of sincerity and devotion. Imam al-Sadiq (a.s.) has said

قال الصادق عليه السلام: ان الناس يعبدون الله على ثلاثه أوجه: فطبقه يعبدونه رغبه في ثوابه فتلك عباده الحرصاء وهو الطمع، وآخرون يعبدونه فرقا من النار فتلك عباده العبيد وهى الرهبه، ولكنى أعبده حبا له عز وجل فتلك عباده الكرام، وهو الامن لقوله عز وجل " وهم من فزع يومئذ آمنون " وبقوله " قل إن كنتم تحبون الله فاتبعونى يحببكم الله ويغفر لكم ذنوبكم " فمن أحب الله أحبه الله، ومن أحبه الله عز وجل كان من الآمنين.

:There are three categories of worshippers”

The first category consists of those who worship for the sake of eternal rewards –which is the worshipping of greedy, because they are motivated due to greed

The second category consists of those who worship because of fear of Hell's fire which is the worshipping of slaves, since their motivation is due to fear. But since I love God– Almighty –I worship Him, which is the worship of elders, and nobles whose motivation is tranquility and assurance. God–Almighty has said

وَهُمْ مِّنْ فَرَعٍ يَوْمَئِذٍ آمِنُونَ

And such are safe”

(from fear that Day. (۲۷:۸۹

:And further said

قُلْ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ تُحِبُّونَ اللَّهَ فَاتَّبِعُونِي يُحْبِبْكُمُ اللَّهُ وَيَغْفِرْ لَكُمْ ذُنُوبَكُمْ

Say (O Muhammad, to mankind): If you love God, follow me, God will love you and forgive”  
(your sins. (۳:۳۱

Therefore, whosoever loves God-Almighty, He too loves him and (on the Day of  
(Resurrection) he will be among those who have been blessed with peace and security” (۱

:The Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) has said

قال علي عليه السلام: ما عبدتك خوفا من نارك ولا طمعا في جنتك ولكن وجدتك اهلا للعباده فعبدتك.

Oh God! I worship you neither because of fear from the Hell's fire nor for the greed of”  
Paradise's bounties, but, since I believe You are worthy of adoration and praise –I do  
”(worship you.” (۲

All of the above mentioned groups are sincere and their deeds are accepted but still all of  
them do not hold a single rank, rather from the point of view of perfection they differ with  
.each other –the fifth group possessing the most distinguished position

It should be reminded here that the holder of distinguished ranks are not disqualified as  
for as the requirements of lower ranks are concerned, rather in addition to their being  
.qualified for lower ranks they also possess higher distinguished credentials

The righteous and sincere slaves of God-Almighty, too are afraid of Him, are hopeful of  
His Mercy and Compassion, are thankful for His Bounties, and are anxious for attaining  
spiritual nearness with Him, but their motivation behind worship is not limited to only  
,above things

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instead, since they have discovered a better understanding of God–Almighty, they praise  
and worship Him

Those distinguished and God's chosen human beings in spite of their attaining exalted spiritual positions have not given up the lower positions, because, a wayfarer traveling upon the road of perfection when reaches relatively higher spiritual stations, also possesses the qualifications of lower stations which have been attained by him earlier in  
his spiritual journey

Whatever was discussed so far was related to sincerity and devotion in worship, but sincerity is something which is not limited to worship only, rather a wayfarer gradually reaches to a point whereby he purifies himself as well his heart, for God–Almighty,  
cleansing the heart's dwelling from all sort of alien existence

So much so that all actions, deeds and thoughts, are assigned exclusively to God–Almighty, and the wayfarer does not perform any thing but for His pleasure. He is not afraid of other than God and does not trust other than Him, to the extent that even his friendship and enmity are done exclusively for the God’s pleasure, and this is known as  
the highest degree of sincerity. The Commander of the Faithful Imam 'Ali (a.s.) has said

قال علي عليه السلام: طوبى لمن اخلص لله عمله وعلمه وحبه وتغضه واخذه وتركه وكلامه وصمته.

How fortunate is the one whose deeds, knowledge, love, grudge, possession,  
(renunciation speaking, and silence –all are reserved exclusively for God–Almighty.”<sup>(1)</sup>

:Imam al–Sadiq has said

قال ابو عبدالله عليه السلام: من احب لله وابغض لله واعطى الله ومنع الله فهو ممن

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يكمل ايمانه.

Whosoever loves, grudges, donates, and refrains exclusively for the sake of God–  
 (Almighty –is some one whose faith is perfect.” (١)

:Also, said

قال الصادق عليه السلام: ما انعم الله على عبد اجل من ان لا يكون في قلبه مع الله غيره.

God–Almighty has not bestowed upon a servant any thing superior than –that there”  
 (should not be anything in his heart except God–Almighty.” (٢)

:The Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) says

قال على عليه السلام: اين القلوب التي وهبت لله وعوقدت على طاعه الله.

Where are the hearts who have been donated to God–Almighty, and are committed”  
 (exclusively for his obedience.” (٣)

When a wayfarer attains that privileged position, God–Almighty purifies him for Himself and through Divine Illumination, intuition, and revelations makes him immune against sins and transgressions. Such a human being is called God's devoted friend (Mukhlis) and they  
 :are the most distinguished servants of God–Almighty. The Holy Qur’an says

إِنَّا أَخْلَصْنَاهُمْ بِخَالِصِهِ ذِكْرَى الدَّارِ

Lo! We purified them with a pure thought, remembrance of the Home (of the Hereafter)”

((٣٨:٤٦

:(The Holy Qur’an says about Prophet Moses (a.s

وَأَذْكُرْ فِي الْكِتَابِ مُوسَى □ إِنَّهُ كَانَ مُخْلَصًا وَكَانَ رَسُولًا نَبِيًّا

And make mention in the scripture of Moses. Lo! He was chosen, and he was a”  
 (messenger of (God), a Prophet. (١٩:٥١

God's chosen devoted servants ultimately reach to a position whereby even Satan becomes disappointed in his efforts to make them deviated. The Holy Qur’an quotes

:Satan when he speaks to God-Almighty

قَالَ فِعْزَتِكَ لَأُغْوِيَنَّهُمْ أَجْمَعِينَ إِلَّا عِبَادَكَ مِنْهُمْ الْمُخْلِصِينَ

He said: Then by Thy might, I surely will beguile them every”

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.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۷۰, p-۲۴۸ -۱

.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۷۰ p-۲۴۹ -۲

.Ghirar al-Hukm, p-۱۷۲ -۳

(one, save Thy single minded slaves among them. (٣٨: ٨٢-٨٣

In the end it must be reminded that attaining such exalted position is not an easy and simple thing rather it requires self-purification, endeavors, and struggle in worshipping.

:The Commander of the Faithful, Imam 'Ali (a.s.) says

قال علي عليه السلام: الخلاص ثمره العباده.

“(Sincerity and devotion are the fruits of worship.”(١)

As has been described in traditions that engagements in worshipping and invocations continuously for a period of forty days and nights might be effective and useful for attaining inner purity enlightenment of soul, and the position of sincerity. But, this could not be accomplished in one single attempt rather should be attempted gradually after .passing through various stages of sincerity

### Some Righteous Deeds

#### point

As was mentioned in earlier chapters of this books that the only path that could lead a wayfarer towards perfection and may help him in his ascend towards God's Nearness is obedience to revelations and following the path shown by Divine Prophets. The path which they followed themselves has been defined as performance of mandatory (wajibat) and recommended (Nawafil wa Mustahabbat) religious deeds which are called .righteous deeds

All mandatory and recommended righteous deeds incorporated into Islamic Cannon Law (sharia) and registered in the Holy Qur'an as well as in other books of traditions are called as righteous deeds. You may better identity them and might utilize them in following the :righteous path. Here we will discuss some of righteous deeds as follows

#### First: Obligatory Prayers

#### point

The Prayer is one of the best means for undertaking



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.Ghirar al-Hukm, p-۱۷ -۱

spiritual migration towards God-Almighty and attaining the exalted position of His-nearness. Imam al-Ridha (a.s.) has said

قال الرضا عليه السلام: الصلواه قربان كل تقى.

“The prayer is a means of attaining God’s nearness for every righteous human being.”<sup>(١)</sup>

(Mu' awiyah bin Wahab asked Imam al-Sadiq (a.s

معاويه بن وحب قال: سالت ابا عبد الله عليه السلام عن افضل ما يتقرب به العباد الى ربهم واحب ذلك الى الله عز وجل ما هو؟ فقال ما أعلم شيئاً بعد المعرفة أفضل من هذه الصلاه، ألا ترى أن العبد الصالح عيسى ابن مريم عليه السلام « وأوصاني بالصلاه والزكوه ما دمت حياً. : قال

What is the best deed which brings human beings close to God-Almighty, and is also liked” by Him ? The Imam replied: After enlightenment of God's Essence, I do not know any thing better than the 'prayer”. Did not you hear that God's righteous servant Prophet Jesus (a.s.) has said: “God has recommended for me prayer and charity until I remain alive.”<sup>(٢)</sup>

:Also, he said

زيد الشحام عن ابى عبد الله عليه السلام قال سمعته يقول: أحب الاعمال إلى الله عز و جل الصلاه وهى آخر وصايا الانبياء (عل)، فما أحسن الرجل يغتسل أو يتوضأ فيسبغ الوضوء ثم يتنحى حيث لا يراه أنيس فيشرف عليه وهو راکع أو ساجد. إن العبد إذا سجد فأطال السجود نادى إبليس: ياويلاه أطاع وعصيت وسجد وأبيت.

The most esteemed and favorite deed before God-Almighty is – “Prayer” The Prayer is” the last dying will of all prophets. How good it is that a human being takes a bath or performs ablution, then retires into

p: ٣٣٣

١- ٢٦٥-٣, vol. ٣, al-Ka.fi,

٢- ٢٦٤, vol. ٣, al-Kafi,

a secluded corner where he is not seen by anyone and have the honor of performing genuflexion and prostration. When a servant bows himself down into prostration and prolonged it than Satan says

Oh! Woe upon me! this servant has obeyed God-almighty, while I transgressed and he”  
(has offered prostration which I refused.”(١)

:Imam al Ridha (a.s.) has said

قال الرضا عليه السلام: اقرب ما يكون العبد من الله وهو ساجد وذلك قوله تعالى " واسجد واقترِب "

The most nearest position between the servant and God-Almighty is- the state of”  
:prostration (٢) because God-Almighty has said

وَاسْجُدْ وَاقْتَرِبْ

(٣) (١٩: ٩٦) ”(But prostrate thyself; and draw near (to God-Almighty).”

:Imam al-Sadiq (a.s.) said

قال ابو عبدالله عليه السلام: اذا اقام المصلى الى الصلاه نزلت عليه الرحمه من اعنان السما الى اعنان الارض وحفت به الملائكه وناداه ملكك: لو يعلم هذا المصلى ما فى الصلاه ما انفتل.

When a human being stands for prayers,. God's Blessings descend upon him from the”  
sky; the angels circle him around and one of them says,. If this prayer-offerer would have  
known the worth of his prayer, he would never have broken his concentration (towards  
(God) throughout the prayer.”(٤)

:The Holy Prophet (S) has said

قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: إذا قام العبد المؤمن في صلاته نظر الله إليه أو قال: أقبل الله عليه - حتى ينصرف، وأظلمته الرحمه من فوق رأسه إلى افق السماء، والملائكه تحفه من حوله إلى افق السماء، ووكل الله به ملكا قائما على رأسه يقول له: أيها المصلى لو تعلم من ينظر إليك ومن تناجى ما التفت ولا زلت من موضعك أبدا.

When”

.al-Kafi, vol. ۳, p-۲۶۴ -۱

Prostration: Regarding prostration it is narrated that during one's entire life if one – ۲  
succeeds during a single prostration to achieve a real union with the Creator, it will  
compensate for all the past omissions. He would receive Divine blessings and would  
become immune from the satanic temptations forever. On the contrary if during  
prostration, which is the state of renunciation if his heart is preoccupied with any thing  
.other than Him, he will be listed among the group of hypocrites and the misled

.al-Kafi Vol. ۳, p-۲۶۵ -۳

.al-Kafi, vol. ۳, p-۲۶۵ -۴

a believer stands for prayer, God–Almighty looks at him until he finishes it, His blessing covers him from the sky; the angels circle him around and God–Almighty assigns an angel who says: 'Oh prayer offerer! If you would have known –who is looking at you and with whom are you communicating ? You would never have paid your attention towards any other thing, and you would never have been deviated from this position.'[\(۱\)](#)

### Heart's Presence in Prayer .۱

The Prayer is a celestial formula and Divine electuary, every part of which contains a hidden mystery. It is a means of love, communication, and remembrance of the Lord of the Universe. It is the best means of attaining perfection, spiritual ascension, and God's Nearness. According to Islamic traditions the prayer has been called –a believers heavenly journey (Mairaj) which protects him from moral indecencies

It is such a pure sparkling stream of spirituality that whosoever enters into it five times a day will purify his soul from all sort of pollution and contamination. It is the greatest trust of God–Almighty and is the criteria of acceptance of all other deeds. The prayer is such a mysterious heavenly formula, but subjected to its being alive and possessing spirit, which means heart's presence during prayer, paying attention towards God–Almighty, and being humble in front of Him

The invocations, recitals of Qur'anic verses, genuflection, prostration, the witnessing, and salutations constitute the face and body of the prayer while the heart's presence and attention towards the Creator form its spirit. Since a body

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without a soul becomes a dead body lacking any characteristic, likewise a prayer offered without heart's presence, although satisfies as far as the performance of compulsory religious obligation is concerned, nevertheless, such a prayer does not help in ascending .the prayer offerer towards higher spiritual positions

In principle, the greatest objective behind the establishment of prayer may be described as –invocation recitals and engaging in God's Remembrance. God–Almighty said to the  
:(Holy Prophet (S

وَأَقِمِ الصَّلَاةَ لِذِكْرِي

(And establish worship for My Remembrance. (۲۰:۱۴”

:The Friday–Prayer has been described as an invocation in the Holy Qur’an

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا إِذَا نُودِيَ لِلصَّلَاةِ مِنْ يَوْمِ الْجُمُعَةِ فَاسْعَوْا إِلَىٰ ذِكْرِ اللَّهِ

Oh ye who believe! When the call is heard for the prayer of the Day of Congregation,”  
(haste unto remembrance of God. (۶۲: ۹

The criteria for the acceptance of prayer is –the heart's presence, and whatever amount of heart's presence it may contain, the prayer will be accepted accordingly. It is because of this consideration that traditions have emphasized a lot about the importance of .heart's presence in prayers

:For example

:The Holy Prophet (S) has said

قال النبي صلى الله عليه وآله: ان من الصلاه لما يقبل نصفها وثلثها وربعها وخمسها إلى العشر, وان منها لما تلف كما يلف الثوب الخلق فيضرب بها وجه صاحبها, وانما لك من صلاتك ما اقبلت عليه بقلبك.

Sometimes only half of the prayer gets accepted while at other times may be one–third,” one fourth, one–fifth, and one–tenth of it will be accepted. Some of the prayers like an old wrapped cloth are

pounded upon the offerer's head. As a matter of fact, only that portion of the prayer will be accepted from you, in which you have paid heartily attention towards God-  
(Almighty.)” (١)

:Imam al-Sadiq (a.s.) said

عن ابى عبدالله عليه السلام يقول: اذا قام العبد إلى الصلاه أقبل الله عز وجل عليه بوجهه فلا يزال مقبلاً عليه حتى يلتفت ثلاث مرات فإذا التفت ثلاث مرات أعرض عنه.

When a servant stands of prayer, God-Almighty pays attention towards him and did not” break it until the servant deviates from His- remembrance for the third time. When this  
(happens, God-Almighty too turns his face away from the prayer offerer.” (٢)

:The Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) says

قال امير المؤمنين عليه السلام: لا يقوم من احدكم الى الصلاه متكاسلاً ولا ناعساً ولا يفكر في نفسه فإنه بين يدي ربه عز وجل ، وانما للعبد من صلاته ما اقبل عليه منها بقلبه.

Do not offer prayer in the state of drowsiness or napping; while offering prayer do not” think about yourself; because, you are standing in the presence of God-Almighty. Indeed, only that portion of the prayer will be accepted from the servant in which he has paid  
(heartiest attention towards God-Almighty.” (٣)

:The Holy Prophet (S) has said

قال صلى الله عليه وآله: أيما عبد التفت في صلاته قال الله: يا عبدى إلى من تقصد ومن تطلب؟ أرباً غيرى تريد أو رقيباً سوى تطلب؟ أو جواد خلاى تبغى؟ و أنا أكرم الأ-كرمين وأجود الأجودين وأفضل المعطين، أثيبك ثواباً لا يُحصى قدره. أقبل على فأنى عليك مقبل وملائكتى عليك مقبلون. وأن أقبل زال عنه أثم

p: ٣٣٧

١- Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ٨٤, p-٢٦٠

٢- Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ٨٤, p-٢٤١

٣- Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ٨٤, p-٢٣٩

ما كان منه. فإن ألتفت ثانيه أعاد الله مقاتته فإذا أقبل في صلاته غفر الله له وتجاوز عنه ما كان منه. فإن ألتفت ثالثه أعاد الله مقاتته، فإن أقبل في صلاته غفر الله له ما تقدم من ذنبه. فإن ألتفت رابعه أعرض الله عنه وأعرضت الملائمه عنه ويقول: وليتك يا عبدى الى ما توليت.

Each servant (of God), while standing in prayer pays attention towards other than Him,” God-Almighty says: 'Oh my servant! Which way are you turning your face ? Who is the one you are looking for ? Do you seek a God and protector other than me ? Are you ?looking for a benevolent other than me

While, I remain to be the Most Merciful among merciful, Most Compassionate among benevolent and happens to be the Greatest Bestower. I will bestow upon you such a reward that could not be counted. Pay attention towards Me, because I and my angels “are paying attention towards you

Thus, if the prayer offerer paid attention towards God-Almighty, his past sins are” deleted. But again if he pays attention towards others (than God), he is reminded by God-Almighty like before. If he turns his attention towards prayer, his sins and negligence “from prayer are pardoned and their effects are nullified

If for the third time he deviates his attention from the prayer, God-Almighty once more” repeats his earlier warning, in case he paid attention towards the prayer, again his sins are pardoned. But if he deviated his attention away from the prayer for the



fourth time, then God–Almighty and his angels turn their faces away from the prayer offerer and God–Almighty says to him: ' Now I have assigned you to the guardianship of [\(someone who is liked by you.\)](#)'[\(۱\)](#)

The value of prayer depends directly upon heart's presence and attention paid towards God–Almighty; to the extent heart's presence is achieved during prayer, it will be effective in attaining inner purification and God's–Nearness. It was not without reason that all Divine Prophets (a.s.) Infallible Imams (a.s.), and God's favorite saints paid so much attention towards prayer. About the Commander of the Faithful Imam 'Ali (a.s.) it has [:been written](#)

At the time of prayer his body used to tremble and the color of his face changed. They" asked him the reason behind his agitation and fear. In reply he said: ' The time has arrived for returning of trust –which was offered to earth and heavens but they declined to assume this responsibility. But human being accepted this great trust. I am afraid that whether I would be able to discharge this heavy responsibility of returning this trust or [\(not. "](#)[\(۲\)](#)

About the Imam al–Baqir (a.s.) and al–Sadiq (a.s.) it has been narrated: "At the time of prayer their faces used to turn pale and red with fear of God–Almighty; in their prayer [\(they conversed with God–Almighty as though they are actually seeing him.\)"](#)[\(۳\)](#)

About Imam al–Sajjad (a.s.) it has been narrated: "When he stood for prayer the color of his face became pale with fear, and like

p: ۳۳۹

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.Bihar al–Anwar, vol. ۸۴, p–۲۴۴ –۱

.Bihar al–Anwar, vol. ۸۴, p–۲۴۸ –۲

.Bihar al–Anwar, vol. ۸۴, p–۲۴۸ –۳

a humble slave standing in front of his Master, his body parts trembled. His prayer was always used to be his parting prayer as though there will never going to be any other  
 (prayer offered by him after this one.”(۱)

About the life of Fatimah al-Zahra (s.a.) the daughter of the holy Prophet (S) it has been narrated: “Because, of the intensity of fear, during prayer even the number of her breaths  
 (could have been counted.”(۲)

Regarding the life of Imam al-Hasan (a.s.) it has been narrated: “His body trembled during prayer. When he remembered Paradise and Hell, become so restless and agitated as though have been bitten by a snake. He requested Paradise from God-Almighty and  
 (sought His shelter from Hell.”(۳)

Ayesheh narrates about the Holy Prophet (S): while I was busy in talking with him, when” the time of prayer arrived, suddenly he become so indifferent as though neither he  
 (recognizes us nor we do recognize him.”(۴)

:About Imam al-Sajjad (a.s.) it has been narrated

While he was in the middle of prayer his cloak rolled down from his shoulder but he” remained unconscious about it. When he finished his prayer one of his companion asked: 'Oh son of the Holy Prophet (S) ! While you were offering prayer your clock rolled down  
 ‘.but you did not pay attention to it

The Imam replied: 'Woe upon you! Do you know in front of whom I was standing ? Such” awareness prevented me from paying attention towards my clock. Don't you understand  
 that a servant's

p: ۳۴۰

.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۸۴, p-۲۵۰ -۱

.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۸۴, p-۲۵۸ -۲

.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۸۴, p-۲۵۸ -۳

.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۸۴. p.۲۵۸ -۴

prayer is accepted only to the extent he pays attention towards God–Almighty during his  
?“prayer

Oh son of the Holy Prophet (S), Therefore, on this basis we all are going to be doomed?"  
Asked the companion. 'No! If you offer recommended prayers (Nawafil) God–Almighty  
through them will treat your compulsory prayers as completed.”(۱)

Regarding the Holy Prophet (S) it has been narrated that during prayer the color of his”  
face changed completely, and a bubbling sound similar to the noises coming out from a  
boiling pot was heard coming out from his chest. When he stood for his prayer he was  
motionless like a piece of cloth fallen upon the ground.”(۲)

### Degrees of Heart's Presence .۲

#### point

Heart's presence consists of various ranks and degrees which differ from each other  
from the point of view of perfection. A wayfarer has to go through these various grades  
gradually so that he may ascent towards the higher spiritual positions of God's Nearness  
and Witnessing

It is a lengthy way containing various positions, whose introduction and explanation for  
some one deprived like me, who is looking from a distance and burning in regret –is not  
befitting. But some of these stages will be explained here in brief, which might be useful  
for wayfarers

#### First Stage

This may be defined as a state in which the prayer offerer either through out the prayer  
or some part of it pays brief attention to the fact that he is standing before God–Almighty,  
speaks and converses with Him. However, at this stage he does not pay attention  
towards the

p: ۳۴۱

.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۸۴, p-۲۴۸ -۲

.meanings of words and does not understand the details of his conversation

### Second Stage

The second degree of heart's presence may be defined as a state in which the prayer offerer apart from his being aware of the fact that he is standing before God-Almighty and is communicating with Him, also, pays attention towards the meanings of words and invocation and knows exactly what is he saying to God-Almighty. While announcing the words, simultaneously, he is also making his heart to understand its meaning like a mother who teaches her child how to pronounce a sentence as well as explains him its .meanings

### Third Stage

The Third degree of heart's presence may be defined as a state in which the prayer offerer in addition of his being aware of the earlier stages, also comprehend very well the realities of Glorification, Adoration, Praise, Sanctification, Monotheism, and meanings of .other invocations

Further, his understanding of the above is based upon logical arguments, pays attention towards them during prayer, understand very well as to what is he saying, what does he ?want, and with whom is he speaking

### Fourth Stage

The fourth stage of heart's presence may be defined as a state in which the prayer offerer, in addition of his being aware of the early stages, must also have influenced upon his inner essence the learning and meanings of invocations, and must have achieved the state of certainty (yaqin) and faith (iman). In that case the tongue follows the heart and since the heart believes in those realities pursues the tongue

.to undertake the recital of invocations

### Fifth Stage

The fifth stage of heart's presence may be defined as a state in which the prayer offerer in addition of his being aware of early stages has achieved the most sublime spiritual positions of revelation, intuition, and countenance. Through his esoteric eyes witnesses the Sacred Names and Characteristics of God–Almighty and does not see any thing except Him, even does not pay attention to himself his actions, deeds, and invocations

He speaks with God–Almighty but is unconscious of the speaker and speech. He has given up his own existence and have become fascinated after witnessing the beauty of Lord's Holy Essence. Even at this stage there are ranks and degree varying in distinction relative to the status of the wayfarers. This stage is like an ocean of infinite depth and for some one deprived like me, it is better not to enter in it and leave it's description for those who :deserve it

اللهم ارزقنا حلاوه ذكرك ومشاهده جمالك.

Oh God! Please bestow upon us the sweetness of your invocations and the witnessing of”  
“your beauty

### ۳. Important Factors for Attaining Heart's Presence

#### point

In as much as heart's presence is important and worthwhile, in the same proportion its attainment is extremely difficult. No sooner a person starts his prayer Satan suddenly whispers in his heart pulling him from one side to another, and continuously engaging him into all sort of thoughts and memories

The heart (۱) engages himself into accounting, planning, reviewing past and future problems, solving academic problems; very often recollecting during prayers, topic which were forgotten

In his book “Sirr-us-Salat” (the Mysteries of Prayers), Imam Khomeini, describes the presence of heart, as follows: “During prayers one must try to completely cut off the heart's preoccupation with worldly affairs. If a person is submerged in love and desires of this world, naturally his heart is busy continuously from one involvement to another. The heart behaves like a bird jumping from one branch to another. So for we have this tree of worldly ambitions or desires (“Hubb-e Duniya”) in our heart, it will behave restless. If by struggle, practice, efforts, and thinking about the severe consequences and losses, if one could succeed in cutting this tree of worldly ambitions or desires, then the heart will become reposed and peaceful. It will achieve spiritual perfection. At least the more one tries to free himself from worldly charms and temptations the more he succeeds in cutting the various branches of that tree in his heart, with the result, the presence of heart will be achieved in the same proportion.” Imam Khomeini further explains the term 'love of this world' (Hubb al-Duniya). “There are people who do not possess anything at all of this moral world, but still they could be the persons totally submerged in the love of this world. While on the contrary, one maybe be like Prophet Sulaiman bin Dawood, (Solomon son of David) king of kings and possessing all the treasurers of this universe, but at the same time may not be a man of this world, completely detached from the lure of the [world.” [Tr

by him completely and when he returns to himself discovers that the prayer is over. Even if in between he pays attention towards prayer he deviates immediately

It is indeed sad and one must feel sorry about it! What should we do to dominate over this rebellious and playful self? How should we keep these scattered thoughts away from us during the prayer and keep our attention exclusively to remember God-Almighty

Those who have traveled this path and were able to receive Divine special favors can better guide us, and it would be better if the pen would have been in their hands. But, this helpless and veiled servant too would like to describe some points which may be useful in achieving heart's presence during prayer as follows

### **Secluded Place**

If one has to offer individual compulsory prayer or recommended prayer it is better to select an isolated free from noises and interference. The prayer's place should be free from pictures or any other object which might attract prayer offer's attention; should not be a public place, rather a secluded corner inside the home should be selected and prayer should always be offered over there

While, offering prayer, one should look at the place of prostration or may close his eyes, and among these two whichever he thinks is mere useful for heart's presence should be practiced. It is advisable to offer prayer in a smaller room a near the wall so that the prayer offerer's view is restricted. While, offering congregational prayers one



should look at the place of prostration and listen attentively to the recital of Qur'anic verses, if the congregational leader (Imam) is reciting them loudly

### **Removal of Obstacles**

Before the prayer all obstacles in attaining heart's presence must be removed and only then one should engage himself into prayer. e.g. If the prayer offerer needs to go to toilet, he must relieve himself first, and after performing required ablutions should engage himself into prayer. If he is not comfortable because of severe hunger and thirst, first he must satisfy his hunger and thirst by eating and drinking and then should offer his prayers

Also, if because of over-eating he lacks the mood, he should wait a while till he feels ready for prayer. Similarly, if because of being extremely tired and exhausted or feeling sleeplessness, if he does not have the mood to offer prayer, he should first rest and sleep, and then should offer his prayer. If he is busy investigating something or is disturbed and agitated because of a tragic occurrence, he should try within the bounds of possibilities to eliminate the causes of concern before prayer

One of the greatest obstacles is intense attachment to worldly allurements namely: Wealth and property, power and position, and woman and children. Severe attraction of these things causes prayer offerer's attention turns towards these things deviating from God-Almighty, during prayer. Therefore, the prayer offerer must seriously endeavor to cut off these attractions, so that heart's presence and attention towards God-Almighty become easier for him

### **Strengthening of Faith**

Man's attention towards God-Almighty

depends in proportion to his knowledge and enlightenment relative to Him. If the faith has reached to the degree of certainty, has completely comprehended God's Majesty, Power, Presence, Dominion, and Knowledge, naturally will show humility and humbleness in front of him, and there would be no room left for negligence and forgetfulness

Some one who sees God's existence everywhere as his overseer, regards himself continuously before His presence, while standing in prayer –a place of talking with Him, .will never be negligent from His remembrance

Suppose, if one has to speak before a powerful king, he will naturally control all his senses, would know exactly what is he supposed to do, and what is he going to speak? So, if one recognizes God–Almighty with Splendor and Majesty, he would never be negligent of Him during prayer

Therefore, a human being should endeavor for strengthening his faith and attaining perfect enlightenment so that he may achieve maximum heart's presence during his :prayer. The Holy Prophet (S) has said

قال النبي صلى الله عليه وآله: اعبد الله كانت تراه فان كنت لاتراه فانه يراك.

Worship God–Almighty as though you are actually seeing Him, and even if you do not see”  
(Him, He sees you.”(1)

:(Aban bin Toghlab said that I said to Imam al–Sadiq (a.s

ابان بن تغلب قال قلت لابي عبدالله عليه السلام: انى رايت على بن الحسين عليه السلام اذا قام فى الصلاه غشى لونه لون آخر. فقال لى: والله ان على بن الحسين كان يعرف الذى يقوم بين يديه.

(I saw ‘Ali Bin al–Husayn (a.s”

p: ٣٤٦

offering prayer in such a manner that the color of his face changed. Please explain the reason. 'Yes! Because he recognized completely God–Almighty in front of whom he was [\(standing in prayer.' Replied the Imam.](#)"[\(۱](#)

### Remembrance of Death

One thing which might be useful in achieving heart's presence is –remembrance of death. If a person thinks about death, and pays attention to the fact that neither timings nor the circumstances of death's arrival are known, it may occur at any time, under any situation, even it is quite possible that this prayer might be the last one. In that case he would not offer prayer with negligence

It is recommended that a prayer offerer should think about death before the prayer; should imagine that the moment of death has arrived; the death angel Israel for receiving the soul has already arrived, and it is only a limited time, say, an hour or few minutes have been left for him, after which his deeds' register will be closed forever, and he will be transferred to Eternal World

Over there, his deeds will be scrutinized and the result would be either eternal prosperity and happy living near God's favorites or adversity, cruelty, punishment, and torture inside the Hell. By imagining and picturing dying one may better concentrate, may witness himself standing in front of God–Almighty, and thus may offer prayer with more humility and humbleness as his farewell prayer. Before beginning prayer create such conditions for yourself and then prolong it during entire length of prayer. Imam Al–Sadiq

p: ۳۴۷

(a.s.) said)

قال ابو عبدالله عليه السلام: إذا صليت صلاه فريضه فصلها لوقتها صلاه مودع يخاف أن لا يعود إليها ابدا. ثم اصرف ببصرك إلى موضع سجودك, فلو تعلم من عن يمينك وشمالك لأحسنت صلاتك, واعلم أنك بين يدي من يراك ولا تراه.

Offer compulsory prayer during its time, like someone who is offering his farewell" prayer, and is afraid that after this he will never have the opportunity to offer the prayer again. While offering the prayer, look at the place of prostration. If one realizes some one nearby is watching his prayer –he becomes more careful in offering his prayer. Know !

“[\(that you are standing in front of some one who sees you but is not seen by you.\)](#)”

### Readiness

After removing all obstacles around him, the prayer offerer should make himself ready for prayer by retiring into a suitable isolated place. Before standing he must remind himself about the Majesty and Infinite power of God–Almighty and his own weakness and incompetence. He must realize that he is standing in front of the Lords of worlds and is speaking to him. He is standing in front of such a Magnificent Power which surrounds everything even is aware of most secret affairs

Imagine and manifest dying, accounting of deeds, Paradise, and Hell in your mind's eye; assign a higher probability that death might occur very soon, and even this very prayer could be the last prayer of his life. Prolonged these reflections until self became completely tamed and is in a mood to pay

p: ٣٤٨

attention. Then with attention and hearts' presence recite the call for prayer- (adhan) and (aqameh) respectively, recite the following supplication and during its recital pay attention to its meaning

اللهم اليك توجهت ومرضاتك طلبت وثوابك ابتغيت بك آمنت وعليك توكلت اللهم صل على محمد وآل محمد وافتح مصامع قلبي لذكرك وثبتني على دينك ولا تزغ قلبي بعد اذ هديتني وهب لي من لدنك رحمه انك انت الواهب.

Allahumma elaika tawwajahato wa marzateka talabato wa thawabaka ibtaqhazzito wa beka amanto wa elaika tawwakalto allahuma salle ala Muhammadin wa aley Muhammad waftoh masamea qalbi lezekreka wa sabbatni ala deneka wa deney Nabiyeha wala tuzqe (qalbi bada is hadeytani wa habli min ladunka rahamate inneka antal wahab

Oh God! I seek Your refuge; desire whatever pleases Thou. Aspire to receive Your” reward have faith in Thee and trust and rely upon You. Oh God! send salutations upon Muhammad (S) and his Holy progeny (a.s.), open my heart's esoteric ears to Your invocation,. make me steadfast upon Your religion, and the religion of Your Prophet (S). Don't make my heart deviate after being blessed with Your guidance, and bestow upon “me Your favors and blessings, verily! You are the most benevolent

:Then recite the following prayer

يا محسن قد اتاك المسيء يا محسن أحسن الي.

(ya Mohsin qadatak al masiyee ya Mohsin ehsan al ati)

;Oh Beneficent, verily bless me –the sinner”

“.Oh Beneficent! bestow your favors upon me

If after that one feels like having proper attention and humility he may say Takbirateh al-Ahram by proclaiming, “God is Great” (Allahu Akbar) and

may begin his prayer. But, if he feels that he is not yet ready, does not feel any change in his mood, should seek refuge<sup>(١)</sup> in God-Almighty from Satanic whispers and should repeat the earlier program till he gets ready

At this moment with due attention and heart's presence should say Takbirateh al-Ahram while paying attention towards its meanings and may begin his prayer. But, he must pay attention as to whom is he talking and what is he saying

Be careful that tongue and heart coordinate each other and do not lie. Does he know the meanings of “God is Great” (Allahu Akbar) i.e. God is Greater than –that He could be described. He must pay attention correctly what is he saying? Does he really believe in it? Imam al-Sadiq (a.s.) has said

قال الصادق عليه السلام: اذا استقبلت القبلة فانس الدنيا وما فيها والخلق وما هم فيه واستفرغ قلبك عن كل شاغلٍ يشغلك عن الله وعين بسرك عظمه الله واذكر وقوفك بين يديه يوم تبلو كل نفس ما أسلفت وردوا إلى الله مولاهم الحق. وقف على قدم الخوف والرجاء فإذا كبرت فاستصغر ما بين السموات العلى والثرى دون كبريائه: فإن الله تعالى إذا أطلع على قلب العبد وهو يكبر وفى قلبه عارضٌ عن حقيقه

تكبيره ، قال : يا كاذب أتخدعنى ؟ وعزّتى وجلالى لأحرمّك حلاوه ذكرى ، ولأحجّبّك عن قربى و المسارّه بمنجاتى .

When you stand facing Holy Mecca (Qiblah)<sup>(٢)</sup> with prayer intention –forget the world” and whatever it contains, people, and their affairs absolutely, make your heart free from

p: ٣٥٠

١ – One should recite Istiadha “I seek refuge in God-Almighty from” اعوذ بالله من الشيطان الرجيم  
 “..Satan –the damned one

٢ – [Tr Direction to which Muslims turn their face for Prayer. ]

every thing which prevents you from God's Remembrance and with esoteric eyes witness God's Majesty and Splendor. Recollect your stoppage in front of Him on the Day of Resurrection when each human being will make his earlier deposited deeds manifested, thus, returning towards God-Almighty

During prayer be in a state of fear and hope, after making your proper intention and saying (Takbiratel al-Ahram, i.e. Allahu Akbar), whatever, the earth and sky may contain, consider it as small and insignificant, because when prayer offerer says it, God-Almighty looks in his heart, thus, if he had not paid attention towards the reality of Takbirateh al-Ahram He says to him

Oh liar! Do you want to deceit me ?' swear to my splendor and majesty that will deprive' you .from My invocations pleasure and enjoyment of having private communications with (Me." (۱)

Of course preparation and getting readied before the prayer, during making intention and saying Takbirateh al-Ahram are extremely effective in achieving heart's presence, but still more important than that, is the continuation of this state through out the prayer. If a slight negligence is shown, self immediately starts his action of flying from one side to another one, thus, breaking heart's presence and concentration

Therefore, prayer offerer must watch his self carefully all along the prayer. He must tightly closed his hearts entrance towards all other than God and must prevent entries of scattered thoughts and memories should consider himself always standing in God's ,presence, should offer prayer as though he is actually talking with God-Almighty

p: ۳۵۱

bows down and prostrates in front of him; while reciting Qur'anic verses and invocations must pay attention towards their meanings; must realize what is he saying; with what Majestic Power is he speaking and should maintain this condition until the prayer is over. It is a difficult task but with efforts, endeavors, and seriousness it becomes easier. God-  
:Almighty has promised in the Holy Qur'an

وَالَّذِينَ جَاهَدُوا فِينَا لَنَهْدِيَنَّهُمْ سُبُلَنَا

(And those who strive in Our (cause) –We will certainly guide them to Our paths. (۲۹:۶۹”

If one does not succeed in the very first attempt instead of getting disappointed, he should become more determined and serious in trying again, until attaining domination over self gradually. The heart should be cleansed thoroughly from scattered thoughts and should be motivated to pay attention towards God-Almighty. If such thing is not possible within one day, few weeks and few months, he should not be disappoint because  
.after all such a thing is possible

There were and still are many distinguished personalities who were able to achieve absolute heart's presence from the beginning till the end of prayer, and during prayer did  
.not pay any attention towards other than God

We would not be disappointed either from attaining such distinguished position and if achieving absolute perfection is not possible, we must try to attain at least whatever is attainable within the bounds of possibilities and should consider even this much as a great  
(bounty. (۱)

### (Second: Supererogatory Prayers (Nawafil

Earlier it was mentioned that the Prayer happens to be the best means

p: ۳۵۲

In order to attain heart's presence during prayer we may utilize books which have – ۱  
been written about Mysteries of Prayer, like the book “Sirr-us-Salat” (Mysteries of Prayer)  
written by Divine Scholar and Great Leader of the Islamic Revolution, Imam Khomeini  
.[(r.a.) [Author



of spiritual migration, invocation, and God's Nearness. God–Almighty, who is absolutely more knowledgeable, as compared to any other person, about the special human creation, and their path of perfection, has defined prayer, and by means of prophets have handed it over to human beings –so that they may utilize it for their salvation and attaining perfection.

The path of utilization from this means is always open. The prayer has not been limited to a certain fixed time, rather one may utilize from it at any time, any where and under all circumstances. Generally, the prayer may be classified into following two categories

1. (Mandatory or Compulsory Prayers (Wajib .)

2. (Supererogatory or Recommended Prayers (Nawafil .)

There are six types of Mandatory or Compulsory Prayers

1. (Daily Prayer (salat wajib .)

2. Sign Prayer (salat ayat), to be recited at the solar or lunar eclipse .)

3. (Death Prayer (Mayyit .)

4. (Circumambulation Prayer during Hajj pilgrim (Towwaf .)

5. Prayer which become mandatory upon one's taking an oath or making a solemn promise to God (Nazr .)

6. Make up Prayer (Qadha). Daily prayers not offered by father become compulsory upon his eldest son, after his demise .)

Daily prayers are compulsory upon all adult Muslims after attaining puberty, but other compulsory prayers become compulsory during certain periods under special circumstances. A person who desires to achieve salvation and perfection, as a very first step must perform all compulsory obligations strictly in their prescribed manner, and if performs them with heart's presence and devotion, become best means of achieving God's favor

Quitting compulsory obligations and instead indulging into



performance of recommended deeds will never result in achieving God's favor. If someone thinks, that by quitting compulsory obligation and by means of some recommended deeds, invocations, and incantations, he may complete his journey towards perfection and attaining higher spiritual positions—certainly he is making a mistake.

But after performance of compulsory obligations, he may seek God's nearness by means of supererogatory prayers and other recommended deeds for attaining sublime spiritual positions. There are plenty of supererogatory prayers (nawafil), and overall may be divided into two categories: Daily supererogatory prayers (nawafil) and other recommended prayers.

: (Daily Supererogatory Prayers consists of thirty four units (Rakats

Supererogatory Prayer Noon (Dhohr) –۸ units, (before compulsory (Dhohr) prayer, ۴ . ۱  
 .(times –۲ units

Supererogatory Prayer After–Noon (Asr) –۸ units (before compulsory (Asr) Prayer, ۴ . ۲  
 .(times –۲ units

Supererogatory Prayer Evening (Maghrib) –۴ units (after compulsory (Maghrib) Prayer, ۲ . ۳  
 .(times –۲ units

Supererogatory Prayer Night (Isha) –۲ units (in sitting position, after compulsory (Isha) . ۴  
 .(Prayer, and is regarded equivalent to one unit of standing prayer

. (Supererogatory Prayer Morning (Fajr) –۲ units (before compulsory (Fajr) Prayer . ۵

. Night Prayer (Namaz al–Shab or Salat al Lail) –۱۱ units . ۶

Tradition books describe the importance of recital of daily supererogatory prayers; their effects and rewards have also been specified, and have been introduced as complimentary to compulsory prayers. But other than daily supererogatory prayers other recommended prayers during certain special periods, places, and circumstances as well as their relevant rewards have also been described.

The readers may study the details of different kinds of



supererogatory prayers and recommended prayers and their advantages and rewards in the books of traditions and supplications (١) and may utilize them in your spiritual journey and attainment of self-perfection.

Apart from that prayer is desired and recommended at any time, every place and under all circumstances and a wayfarer may take its advantage. The path of taking advantage from this means remains always open. A human being at any time, any place, and under all conditions may be benefited from this great blessing and may establish a quick communication with God-Almighty. The Commander of the Faithful Imam 'Ali (a.s.) has said:

عن ابي الحسن عليه السلام قال: صلاه النوافل قربان كل مؤمن.

Supererogatory Prayer (Nafilah) results in a believer's becoming near to God—”  
(Almighty.” (٢)

:Imam al-Sadiq (a.s.) said

قال ابو عبدالله عليه السلام: إن العبد ليرفع له من صلاته نصفها أو ثلثها أو ربعها أو خمسها فما يرفع له إلا ما أقبل عليه بقلبه وإنما أمرنا بالنافله لئتم لهم بها ما نقصوا من الفريضة..

Truly sometimes one half; or one third, or one fourth, or one fifth of prayer ascends” upward (i.e. is accepted by God); only those portions of prayer ascend upwards which are accompanied by heart's presence; and because of this reason. We are assigned to recite supererogatory prayers so that through their means the shortcomings of daily prayers (٣) could be compensated.”

:The Holy Prophet (S) has said

عن ابي عبدالله عليه السلام قال: قال رسول الله صلى عليه وآله: قال الله تعالى: ما تحبب إلى عبدى بشئ أحب إلى مما افترضته عليه، وإنه ليتحبب إلى بالنافله

p: ٣٥٥

[Refer to Kulliyat Mafatteh al-Jinan of (late) Haj Sheik Abbas Qummi [Tr -١

.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ٨٧, p-٣٦ -٢

.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۸۷, p-۲۸ -۳

حتى أحبه، فإذا أحببته كنت سمعه الذى يسمع به، وبصره الذى يبصر به، ولسانه الذى ينطق به، ويده التى يبطش بها، ورجله التى يمشى بها، إذا دعانى أحبته، وإذا سألتنى أعطيته، وما

ترددت فى شئ أنا فاعله كترددى فى موت المؤمن: يكره الموت وأنا أكره مساءته.

In order to become my beloved, my servant does not have any thing better than” performing compulsory obligations– Through performance of recommended obligations (Nawafil) he becomes so much intimate with me that I become like his ears through which he hears; become as his eyes through which he sees; become as his tongue through which he talks,– become as his hands through which he finds things,– and become as his feet through which he moves

If he beseech me I accept; if he desires some thing I bestow it upon him, I have never contradicted anything like contradiction in taking a believer's soul,– he is disgusted with [\(death and I become disgusted seeing him unhappy.”](#) (1)

### (Third: Night Prayer (Salatul-Layl

#### point

Among various recommended deeds (Nawafil) the Night Prayer carries special distinction, and the Holy Qur’an and traditions have made lots of emphasis and recommendations for :its performance. God–Almighty says to Holy Prophet (S

وَمِنَ اللَّيْلِ فَتَهَجَّدْ بِهِ نَافِلَةً لَّكَ عَسَىٰ أَن يَبْعَثَكَ رَبُّكَ مَقَامًا مَّحْمُودًا

And some part of the night awake for it, a largess for thee. It may be that thy Lord will” (raise thee to a praised estate. (١٧:٧٩

:And in praise of God's Special Servants says

وَالَّذِينَ يَبِيتُونَ لِرَبِّهِمْ سُجَّدًا وَقِيَامًا

(And who spend the night before their Lord prostrate and standing. (٢٥:٦٤”

And

Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۸۷, p-۳۱ -۱



:in defining believers characteristics says

تَتَجَافَىٰ جُنُوبُهُمْ عَنِ الْمَضَاجِعِ يَدْعُونَ رَبَّهُمْ خَوْفًا وَطَمَعًا وَمِمَّا رَزَقْنَاهُمْ يُنفِقُونَ فَلَا تَعْلَمُ نَفْسٌ مَّا أُخْفِيَ لَهُم مِّن قُرَّةِ أَعْيُنٍ جَزَاءً بِمَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ

Who forsake their beds to cry unto their Lord in fear and hope, and spend of what we” have bestowed up on them. No soul knoweth what is kept hidden for them of joy, as a (reward for what they used to do. (٣٢:١٦-١٧)

:The Holy Prophet (S) has said

قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: ان الله جل جلاله اوحى الى الدنيا: أن أتعبى من خدمتك و اخدمى من رفضك. وإن العبد إذا تخلى بسيدته فى جوف الليل المظلم وناجاه أثبت الله النور فى قلبه فإذا قال: يا رب يا رب! ناداه الجليل جل جلاله: لبيك عبدى, سلنى أعطك و توكل علىّ أكفك ، ثم يقول جل جلاله لملائكته: يا ملائكتى انظروا إلى عبدى فقد تخلى بى فى جوف الليل المظلم والباطلون لأهون والغافلون ينامون. اشهدوا أنى قد غفرت له.

God-Almighty send revelation to world asking it to be indifferent towards its admirers” and to be in service to its forsakers. When a God's servant in the darkness of night engages himself in humming communications with his Creator, God-Almighty enlightens “his heart

When he says: Oh God! Oh God! (Yarab! Yarab!) God-Almighty responds by replying –'yes” my servant! Whatever you desire I will bestow it upon you, rely upon Me so that I make you self-sufficient'. Then God-Almighty says to His angels –'Look at my servant! How in the darkness of night is he busy

in humming private communications with Me, while lovers of nonsense amusements are busy in pursuing their carnal desires and the ignorant ones are busy in sleep. Be you (witness that I have forgiven my servant.)” (١)

:The Holy Prophet (S) has said

قال رسول الله (ص): اشرف امتى حملة القرآن واصحاب الليل.

”The nobles of my nation (Ummah) are –the carriers of Holy Qur’an and night vigilants.” (٢)

:And said

قال النبي صلى الله عليه وآله: ما زال جبرئيل يوصيني بقيام الليل حتى ظننت ان خيار امتى لا يناموا

Angel Gabriel has made so much recommendation about night prayer to me, that I” (assume the righteous one of my nation (Ummah) will not sleep during night.” (٣)

:And said

انس بن مالك قال: سمعت رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله يقول: ركعتان في جوف الليل احب الى من الدنيا وما فيها.

Two units of prayer in the middle of night is more beloved to me than the world and” (whatsoever it may contain.” (٤)

:Imam al-Sadiq (a.s.) has said

عن ابى عبدالله عليه السلام قال: صلاه الليل تحس الوجه وتحس الخلق وتطيب الريح وتدر الرزق وتقضى الدين وتذهب بالهم وتجلوا البصر.

Night Prayer makes face beautiful, conduct righteous, and (prayer offerer's) body” performed; increases sustenance; pays debts; removes grief and increases shining of (eyes.” (٥)

:The Holy Prophet (S) said

قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: صلاه الليل مرضاه الرب وحب الملائكة وسنه الأنبياء ونور المعرفة وأصل الإيمان، وراحه الأبدان وكرهيه الشيطان وسلاح على الأعداء وإجابته للدعاء وقبول الأعمال وبركه في الرزق وشفيع بين صاحبها وبين ملك الموت وسراج في قبره وفراش تحت جنبه وجواب منكر ونكير ومؤنس

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- ۱- Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۸۷, p-۱۳۷
  - ۲- Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۸۷, p-۱۳۸
  - ۳- Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۸۷, p-۱۳۹
  - ۴- the Bahar al-Anwar, vol. ۸۷, p-۱۴۸
  - ۵- Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۸۷, p-۱۵۳

وزائر في قبره إلى يوم القيامة، فإذا كان يوم القيامة كانت الصلاة ظلاً فوقه وتأجاً على رأسه ولباساً على بدنه ونوراً يسعى بين يديه وستراً بينه وبين النار وحججاً للؤمنين بين يدي الله تعالى وثقلاً في الميزان وجوازاً على الصراط ومفتاحاً للجنة. لأن الصلاة تكبيراً وتحميداً تسبيحاً وتمجيداً وتقديساً وتعظيماً وقراءة ودعاء وإن أفضل الأعمال كلها الصلاة لوقتها.

Night Prayer is a means of pleasing God–Almighty and achieving friendship of His angels.” It is a tradition and way of prophets; a light of seeing God and root of the faith (because it strengthens faith). Makes body relaxed and Satan agitated, it is arsenal against enemies; is a means for acceptance of prayer and deeds; increases Divine–Bounties for a human being; acts as an intercessor between prayer offerer and death's angel; it is the light and floor covering inside the grave as well as the defender to the questioning of two angels ((Munkir and Nakir

Inside the grave it will become a companion and pilgrim of the prayer offerer till the Day” of Resurrection. On the Judgment Day, it will provide a shadow for head; will become a crown upon head; a dress for body, a front light; and a barrier between prayer offerer and Hell's fire. It will be a solid argument before God–Almighty for the believer, a means for making deeds heavier; a pass for crossing over the Sirat and a key of Paradise

Because, prayer consists of proclamation of God's Greatness (Takbir), Praise, Adoration, Worship, to show humility and humbleness

in front of Him, respect, recital of the Holy Qur'an, and supplication. Indeed the prayer  
offered at its right time –is the most superior deed.”<sup>(۱)</sup>

There are many traditions and Qur'anic verses which describe the special importance assigned to Night Prayer. Its recital has been the traditions of prophets and God's favorite saints. The Holy Prophet (S) and the Infallible Imams (a.s.) of his Holy Progeny have shown special interests and paid attention towards Night Prayer. God's favorite saints and mystics through their continuous engagements into Night Prayer, invocations, and supplications at dawn were able to attain exalted spiritual positions

How beautiful and pleasing it is that a God's servant wakes up from sleep; leaves his soft and comfortable bed; makes ablutions, and in the darkness of night, while the others are busy in deep sleep, stands up before the Lord of the worlds; engages into humming communications with Him; and through this spiritual journey ascends towards Upper Heavens, thus, joining the angels of Celestial Kingdom in praising, worshipping, and adoring God–Almighty

At this moment, his heart becomes center of illumination of Divine light and with a heart fully saturated with God's desire ascends towards the most sublime spiritual position of God's Nearness

#### Details of Night Prayer .۱

The Night–Prayer consists of all together eleven units (Rakats) of prayer. The first eight units are offered as two units prayer (exactly like ۲ units of Morning Prayer), repeated four times with the intention of Night–Prayer. After finishing these eight units, make intention for the (Prayer of Shafa) <sup>(۲)</sup> and offer two

p: ۳۶۰

۱- Bihar al–Anwar, vol. ۸۷, p-۱۶۱ –۱

۲- وَالشَّفْعُ وَالْوَتْرُ [Tr” (۸۹:۳) (۸۹:۳)]. [By the Even and Odd (contrasted)].

.units of prayer

In the end make intention of (Prayer of Witr)(١) and offer are unit of prayer with special instructions. There are special etiquettes and supplications for the Night Prayer that may (be found in the books of traditions and supplications.(٢)

## Etiquette of Night Prayer .٢

### point

The time of Night Prayer begins after midnight and the more nearer it gets to dawn the better it is. Whenever you are awakened for night prayer first of all relieve yourself from the call of nature, clean your teeth, make ablutions (wadhu), and make yourself .perfumed

:The night prayer consists of ١١ units (Rakats) as follows

Rakat (٢ times ٢ rakat) Night Prayer ٨

Rakat Prayer of Shafa ٢

Rakat Prayer of Witr ١

The first eight rakats should be offered like ٢ rakats of Morning prayer repeating four times with a salutation offered after every two Rakats. In the first Rakat recite Surah :Opening

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ مَالِكِ يَوْمِ الدِّينِ إِيَّاكَ نَعْبُدُ وَإِيَّاكَ نَسْتَعِينُ اهْدِنَا الصِّرَاطَ الْمُسْتَقِيمَ  
صِرَاطَ الَّذِينَ أَنْعَمْتَ عَلَيْهِمْ غَيْرِ الْمَغْضُوبِ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا الضَّالِّينَ

Bismillah ar Rahman nir Rahim; alhamadu lillahi Rab al alimin; ar Rahman nir Rahim,')  
Malike yom iddin,' iyyaka nabudu wa iyyaka nastayeen, ahede nassratal mustaqeem  
(saratal lazina,' anamta aleyhim,' gharyil maqdhubeh aleyhim waladh dhuallin

In the Name of God the Beneficent and the Merciful”, “Praise be to God, Lord of the”  
worlds,' the Beneficent, the Merciful,” Owner of the day of Judgment,' Thee (alone) we  
worship, Thee alone we ask for help,' show us the straight path,' The path of those

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p: ۳۶۱

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.Ibid –۱

For the convenience of our readers the [Tr] has prepared “Etiquettes of Night-Prayer” –۲  
.abstracted from supplication books

whom Thou hast favored,' Not (the path) of those who earn thine anger nor of those who  
,(go astray. (١:١-٧)

After reciting Surah Opening the prayer offerer may recite any other surah whatever he  
:likes or may recite Surah "Sincerity" in all ٨ Rakats

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ قُلْ هُوَ اللَّهُ أَحَدٌ اللَّهُ الصَّمَدُ لَمْ يَلِدْ وَلَمْ يُولَدْ وَلَمْ يَكُنْ لَهُ كُفُوًا أَحَدٌ

Bismillah ar Rahman nir Rahim,, qul ho wallahu ahad Allahus samad,, lam yalid walam)  
,(yulad,' walam ya kun lahu kufu one ahad

In the Name of God, the Beneficent and the Merciful

Say: He is God, the One! God, the eternally besought of all! He begeteth not nor was"  
(begotten, And there is non comparable unto Him. (١١٢: ١-٤)

In the second rakat of prayer like all others prayers, Qunoot is optional and recital of the  
.following, three times is sufficient

سُبْحَانَ اللَّهِ

Subhan Allahi

"Glory to God"

Prayer of Shafa

After finishing eight Rakat of Night Prayer as described above, make intention of two  
:rakats of prayer of Shafa as follows

:In the first Rakat after recital of Surah Opening recite Surah Nas (Mankind) as follows

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ قُلْ أَعُوذُ بِرَبِّ النَّاسِ مَلِكِ النَّاسِ إِلَهِ النَّاسِ مِنْ شَرِّ الْوَسْوَاسِ الْخَنَّاسِ الَّذِي يُوَسْوِسُ فِي صُدُورِ النَّاسِ مِنَ  
الْجِنَّةِ وَالنَّاسِ

;Bismillah ar Rahman nir Rahim)

Qul auzu bi Rab bil nas,, Malik in nas ilahin nas,, Min sharril waswasil Khannas, Allazi yo vis  
(.viso fi sudoorin nase," Min al jinnate onenas



“In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful”

“,Say: I seek refuge in the Lord of mankind; The King of mankind”

p: ۳۶۲

The God of mankind,” from the evil of the sneaking whisperer; who whispereth in the  
(hearts of mankind; of the jinn and of mankind. (١١٤:١-٦)

:In the second Rakat after recital of Surah Opening recite Surah Day Break as follows

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ قُلْ أَعُوذُ بِرَبِّ الْفَلَقِ مِنْ شَرِّ مَا خَلَقَ وَمِنْ شَرِّ غَاسِقٍ إِذَا وَقَبَ وَمِنْ شَرِّ النَّفَّاثَاتِ فِي الْعُقَدِ  
الْعُقَدِ

Bismillah ar Rahman nir Rahim,” Qui a uzu bi Rab bil falaq; min, sharrin ma khalaq, wa)  
(min sharre ghasiqin eza waqab, wa min sharrin naffasate fil uqad

“In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful”

Say: I seek refuge in the Lord of Daybreak, from the evil of that which He created; from”  
the evil of the darkness when it is intense; and from the evil of malignant witchcraft and  
(from the evil of envier when he envieth. (١١٣:١-٥)

### Prayer of Witr

After finishing two rakat of Prayer of Shaf'a, make intention of one Rakat of Witr Prayer  
:as follows

After recital of Surah Opening recite Surah Sincerity one time. Or, one may recite Surah  
Sincerity three times, Surah Day-Break one time and Surah Mankind one time, after  
Surah Opening. Having finished recital of the above raise your hands upward for Qunoot,  
:and recite whatever you prefer or you may recite the following

رَبَّنَا آتِنَا فِي الدُّنْيَا حَسَنَةً وَفِي الْآخِرَةِ حَسَنَةً وَقِنَا عَذَابَ النَّارِ

.(Rabana atena fid dunia hasaneh wa fil akhre hasanah wa qena aza bin nar)

Our Lord! Give unto us in the world that which is good and in the Hereafter”

(that which is good, and guard us from the doom of Fire. (٢:٢٠١)

:or, recite the following

اللهم كن لوليک الحجه بن الحسن صلواتک علیه وعلى ابائه فی هذه الساعه وفي کل ساعه وليا وحافظا وقائدا وناصرا ودليلا وعينا حتى تسکنه ارضک طوعا وتمتعه فيها طويلا.

Allahumma Kulle Waliyak al Hujjat ibnal Hasan Salawataka aleyhim wa ala abahe fi) hazes saat wafi kulle saat walian wa hafiza wa qaiden wa nasera wa dalilan wa ayena hatta tuzkenahu arzaka toa wa tamatteahufiha tavila, be rahameteka ya ar hamar (rahimin

Oh God! Protect Your Vicegerent (Vali al-Asr), and send salutations upon him, and his” Holy ancestors at this time as well as at all the times, (as our) Imam, guardian, supporter, and guide until such time; when you bestow upon him the honor of heading the (Divine) Government. And let the people be delighted in his reign, by bestowing success, and by “.(extending his reign (as maximum as possible

:Or recite the following

رَبَّنَا أَفْرِغْ عَلَيْنَا صَبْرًا وَتَبِّثْ أَفْئِدَامَنَا وَانصُرْنَا عَلَى الْقَوْمِ الْكَافِرِينَ

(Rabana afrigh aleyna sabran wa sabbit iqdamana wa unsurna alal qomal kafiriin)

Our Lord! Bestow on us endurance, make our foothold sure; and give us help against the” (disbelieving folk. (٢:٢٥٠

It is recommended that in the state of Qunoot one should try to cry and shed tears because, of remembering his past sins and transgressions, God-Almighty Day of Judgment and the Hell's fire. According to Islamic traditions, if one prays for forty .believers God-Almighty grants his supplications

Therefore, in Qunoot it is recommended to ask God's forgiveness

for at least forty believers, (including your parents, relatives, neighbors, colleagues, :scholars, martyrs etc.) in the following manner

اللهم اغفر.

(Allahummaghfir)

Oh God! forgive (Mention the name of person, and repeat it for forty people) it has been narrated that the Holy Prophet (S) used to seek God is forgiveness seventy times. Therefore, while still maintaining your left hand in the state of Qunoot, and holding a :rosary in your right hand recite the following seventy times

استغفر الله ربي واتوب اليه.

(Astagh.frullahi rabi wa atubo elahe)

Oh God! Forgive me and accept my repentance.” The Holy Prophet (S) used to recite the” :following sentence seven times

هذا مقام العائذ بك من النار.

(Haza maqamal aize beka minan nar)

“Here is some one who has sought your shelter from the Hell's fire”

It has been narrated that Imam al-Sajjad (a.s.) used to seek God's forgiveness three :hundred times by reciting the following sentence

العفو.

(Al afoo)

“(Oh God!) Please Forgive)”

Therefore, while still holding left hand in the state of Qunoot, crying, shedding tears of regret and shame for past sins with the rosary in right hand, recite the above sentence :three hundred times. After finishing it recite the following supplication only one time

ربنا اغفر لى وارحمنى واتوب اليه انك انت التواب الغفور الرحيم.

(.Rubbe naqhfirli warhamni watoubli innaka antal tawwabul ghafoor urrahim)

Oh God! Please forgive me, be kind to me and accept my repentance. Indeed you are the”  
“one who accepts repentance, forgiver, and the most Merciful

This completes the Qunoot of Witr prayer. After finishing Qunoot bow down into  
genuflection and prostration and

finish the prayer in the usual manner like all other prayers with the recital of witnessing (Tashahud) and salutation (salam). Those readers who are not familiar with these Prayer rituals may refer to the Book: Profundities of Prayer written by: Ayatullah Sayyid ‘Ali Khamenei; Translated by S.H. Alamdar and Published by Ansariyan Publications, Qum

### (Fourth Means, Struggle (Jihad) and Martyrdom (Shahadat

point

Struggle waged for the way of God–Almighty, extension of Islamic rule, proclamation of Monotheism (Tawhid), defense of Islamic lands and governance of Qur’anic commands, combating against oppression and arrogance, and for the defense of deprived and oppressed –is considered as one of the great worship, which results in a struggler's achieving self–perfection and spiritual ascension towards God–Almighty. There are plenty of traditions and Qur’anic Verses which describe the special importance attached to :struggle. e.g. : God–Almighty says in Holy Qur’an

الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا وَهَاجَرُوا وَجَاهَدُوا فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ بِأَمْوَالِهِمْ وَأَنْفُسِهِمْ أَكْبَرُ دَرَجَةً عِنْدَ اللَّهِ وَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْفَائِزُونَ

Those who believe and have left their homes and striven with their wealth and their lives” in God's way are of much greater worth in God's sight. These are they who are (triumphant. (٩:٢٠

:And said

(But he has bestowed on those who strive a great reward above the sedentary. (٤:٩٥”

:The Holy Prophet (S) has said

قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: للجنة باب يقال له باب المجاهدين يمضون إليه فإذا هو مفتوح وهم متقلدون بسيوفهم والجمع في الموقف والملائكة ترحب بهم.

There is a gate in the Paradise called as the “Gate of Strugglers.” When the strugglers” walk towards the Paradise, the

gate opens and the strugglers with their swords hanging enter into Paradise passing through a grand welcome by angels, while the other people remain being held up for [\(accounting of their deeds.\)](#)<sup>(١)</sup>

:The Holy Prophet (S) said

قال النبي صلى الله عليه وآله: فوق كل ذي بربر حتى يقتل في سبيل الله, فاذا قتل في سبيل الله فليس فوقه بر.

For every virtue, there is an another higher virtue except when a human being sacrifices” his life for the sake of God–Almighty. And in that case there exists nothing superior than [\(that.\)](#)<sup>(٢)</sup>

The Holy Prophet (S) said: “That God–Almighty bestows upon a martyr the following seven ;blessings

قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: للشهيد سبع خصال من الله: أول قطره من دمه مغفور له كل ذنب. والثانيه يقع رأسه في حجر زوجته من الحور العين وتمسحان الغبار عن وجهه، وتقولان مرحباً بك، ويقول هو مثل ذلك لهما. والثالثه يكسى من كسوه الجنة. والرابعه تبندره خزنة الجنة بكل ريح طيبه أيهم يأخذه معه. والخامسه أن يرى منزله. والسادسه أن يقال لروحه اسرح في الجنة حيث شئت. والسابعه أن ينظر في وجه الله وإِنَّهَا لَراحة لكل نبي وشهيد.

١. “When the first drop of blood comes out his body all his sins are pardoned”

٢. After martyrdom his head is placed upon the laps of two heavenly maids, who clean off dirt from his face and say –greeting to you, and he too reciprocates their greetings

٣. They dress him in Heavenly clothes

٤. The store keeper of Paradise present him different kinds of perfumes and good smells, so

p: ٣٤٧

١-٥-١١, vol. al-Shi'a, Wasail

٢-١٠-١١, vol. al-Shi'a, Wasail

.that he may select whatever desires

٥. At the time of martyrdom his place in Paradise is shown to him

٦. After the martyrdom his soul is addressed –you are free to move in the Paradise .  
.wherever you desire

٧. A martyr is allowed to witness God's Beauty, which brings a special sort of comfort for  
(every prophet and martyr.” (١)

:God–Almighty says in Holy Qur’an

إِنَّ اللَّهَ اشْتَرَىٰ مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ أَنْفُسَهُمْ وَأَمْوَالَهُمْ بِأَنْ لَهُمُ الْجَنَّةَ ۚ يُقَاتِلُونَ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ فَيَقْتُلُونَ وَيُقْتَلُونَ ۖ وَعِدًّا عَلَيْهِ حَقًّا فِي التَّوْرَةِ  
وَالْإِنْجِيلِ وَالْقُرْآنِ ۚ وَمَنْ أَوْفَىٰ بِعَهْدِهِ مِنَ اللَّهِ ۚ فَاسْتَبَشِّرُوا بِبَيْعِكُمُ الَّذِي بَايَعْتُمْ بِهِ ۚ وَذَلِكَ هُوَ الْفَوْزُ الْعَظِيمُ

Lo! God hath bought .from the believers their lives and their wealth because the Garden” will be theirs: They shall fight in the way of God and shall slay and be slain. It is a promise which is binding on Him in Torah, the Gospel and the Holy Qur’an. Who fulfilleth his covenant better than God's? Rejoice in your bargain that you have made, for that is the  
(supreme triumph. (٩:١١١)

The above mentioned verse is one of the most beautiful and tender verses of the Holy Qur’an in which the people have been encouraged to participate in struggle, with special  
:delicacy and tenderness. In the beginning the verse says

God has purchased of the believers their persons and their goods, and in return gives”  
“them Paradise

What a beautiful deal? The buyer is God–Almighty –the Lord of the Universe and Absolute  
Owner of all the riches. The believers are the sellers



who believe in God–Almighty and Hereafter. And the thing being traded is –the eternal  
.Paradise

:Then says

God Almighty in Torah, Bible and Holy Qur’an –the three great Heavenly scriptures, has  
.registered such promise

:Then says

?Do you know anyone else

?Who is more faithful to his covenant than God

In the end God–Almighty gives glad tidings to believers about such a worthy deal and  
:says

.That is the most supreme achievement

The Holy Qur’an for a human being martyred in God's path confirms the highest position  
:and says

وَلَا تَحْسَبَنَّ الَّذِينَ قُتِلُوا فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ أَمْوَاتًا ۚ بَلْ أَحْيَاءٌ عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ يُرْزَقُونَ

Think not of those who are slain in God's way as dead. Nay they live finding their”  
(sustenance in the presence of their Lord. (۳:۱۶۹

The sentence in the presence of their Lord describes the supreme position assigned to a  
martyr. Human soul's remaining alive after death is not reserved for martyrs only, rather  
.is applicable to all human beings

But the distinction of martyrs is the sentence: in the presence of their Lord. i.e. they will  
continue life –at the most superior positions, and will receive their sustenance at these  
positions, and naturally the sustenance received by them, will not be similar to the  
.sustenance received by others

Struggle in God's path and martyrdom are the most greatest and worthiest worships and  
a martyr through this distinguished means may attain the most subtle spiritual positions.

What distinguishes this worship from other worships is its two dimensions, which may be described as follows

**A. First Dimension: The supreme Goal of the struggler**

The aim of a combatant

p: ۳۶۹

is not to safeguard his own interest as well as the interest of his relatives. He is not a selfish or shortsighted person rather he is dedicated to achieve the objectives and goals .desired by God–Almighty

### **B. Second Dimension: The magnitude of sacrifice**

A combatant in order to undertake his spiritual journey, and for the sake of achieving his cherished goal i.e. God–Almighty, invest his most valuable and dearest assets. If a human being offers some donation for a charity it does not mean more than that he has overlooked a certain portion of his wealth; similarly in case he worships, it does not mean .more than that he has spent a certain amount of his time and energy

But a struggler overlooks every thing belonging to him; above every thing else he over looks his own life and surrender his entire existence to God–Almighty with absolute sincerity; he closes his eyes from wealth, power, position, wife, children, and relatives, .thus, suddenly surrendering his soul to God–Almighty

The work done by gnostics and devoted individuals during their entire span of lives, may be accomplished by a struggler either all of it or even may be more than that in a very short time. The matter and materialistic world is too much confined for the exalted and enlightened spirit of a struggler, because of the same reason, like a formidable lion breaks his material cage, as a light winged pigeon flies over the vast illuminated Upper Heavens and from the most superior exalted positions ascends towards their beloved .God–Almighty

If other

p: ۳۷۰

God's saints, gradually, during entire span of lives were able to attained the most distinguished spiritual positions namely – position of desire, love, witnessing a combatant martyr travels this one hundreds years distance in one single night and, thus, attains the .(most distinguished spiritual position of God's–countenance (laqa

If other God's servants by means of invocations, incarnations, sitting and standing seek God's Nearness, a struggler of God's way through tolerance of wounds, pains, hardships, bullets, fragments of mortar shell, and ultimately by sacrificing his own soul attains God's .Nearness; although, there is vast difference between these two

The battle field possesses a special sort of purity, spirituality, and illumination; it is field of love, sacrifice, action, and enthusiasm; it is a field of competition for getting sacrificed in the beloved's path, and becoming alive for eternal life. The humming warm communications of the dwellers of trenchement with their beloved possess a special fervor of purity, illumination, and attraction whose examples cannot be seen even inside .the mosques and temples

### **Fifth Means, Benevolence and Service to Humanity**

According to Islamic doctrine, God's worship and nearness neither can be summarized simply performance of prayer, fasting, Hajj, pilgrimages, invocations, and supplications, nor is limited to presence in mosques, temples, and tombs; instead, discharging social responsibilities, compassion, goodness, and serving God's servants, if done with the intention of God's nearness, are considered as most superior worships and could become .a means for self–building, self–purification, and God's Nearness

In Islam, devotion and undertaking spiritual journey towards God–Almighty do not ,necessarily require living in seclusion

rather could be done together with acceptance of social responsibilities as well as living a perfectly normal social life

Cooperation in righteous deeds and benevolence; goodness, endeavors in fulfilling the needs of believers and making them happier; defense of oppressed and deprived; taking care of the affairs of Muslims; solving their problems and extending a helping hand towards God's servants, from the Islamic point of view are considered a great worship whose reward is ten times higher than performance of a Hajj pilgrimage

Their exist hundreds of traditions narrated by the Holy Prophet (S) and Infallible Imams (a.s.) which emphasize the importance of this matter. e.g.: the following has been narrated from Imam al-Sadiq (a.s.) that God-Almighty said

قال ابو عبدالله عليه السلام: قال الله عزوجل: الخلق عيالى فاحبهم الى الطفهم بهم واسعاهم فى حوائجهم.

My servants are my children, therefore, the most beloved persons before me are those”  
who are kindest towards them and do their best in taking care of their needs.”<sup>(١)</sup>

:The Holy Prophet (S) has said

قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: الخلق عيال الله فاحب الخلق الى الله من نفع عيال الله وادخل على أهل بيت سرورا.

The people are God's children, therefore, the most beloved persons before God-”  
Almighty are those whose benevolence reach to God's children, thus, making their  
families happier full of joy.”<sup>(٢)</sup>

:Imam al-Baqir (a.s.) said

عن ابى جعفر عليه السلام قال: تبسم الرجل فى وجه اخيه حسنه وصراف القذى عنه حسنه وما عبد الله بشىء احب إلى الله من ادخال السرور على المؤمن.

Smiling of a believer while encountering”

p: ٣٧٢

١- ١٩٩-p, ٢, al-Kafi, vol.

٢- ١٦٤-p, ٢, al-Kafi, vol.

a fellow brother believer as well as solving his problems are accounted as righteous deeds. There is no worship more beloved before God–Almighty than making a believer joyful.” (١)

:Imam al–Sadiq (a.s.) said

قال الصادق عليه السلام: من سر مؤمنا فقد سرني ومن سرني فقد سر رسول الله ومن سر رسول الله فقد سر الله ومن سر الله ادخله جنته.

Whoever makes a believer happy has made me happy; whoever makes me happy has made the Holy Prophet (S) happy, whoever has made the Holy Prophet (S) happy has made God–Almighty happy; and whoever has made God–Almighty happy will enter into Paradise.” (٢)

:And said

قال ابو عبدالله عليه السلام: لفضا حاجه امرى مؤمن احب الى الله من عشرين حجه كل حجه ينفق فيها صاحبها مائه الف.

Fulfillment of a believer's need before God–Almighty is more beloved than performance” of Hajj pilgrimage for ten times each time spending ten thousands.” (٣)

:And said

قال الصادق عليه السلام: مشى المسلم فى حاجه المسلم خير من سبعين توافا بالبيت الحرام.

To strive for fulfillment of Muslim's need is better than circumambulating around the” Holy Kaba seventy times.” (٤)

:And said

قال الصادق عليه السلام: ان لله عبادا من خلقه يفرع العباد عليهم فى حوائجهم اولئك هم الامنون.

God–Almighty has created some of His special servants, that at the time of their needs,” people take shelter in them. These are the ones who will be immune from God's Punishment on the Judgment Day.” (٥)

Therefore, as described above, according to Islamic point of view –benevolence, goodness, helping God's servants and to solve their problems are considered as great worships. And if they

p: ۳۷۳

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.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۲, p-۱۸۸ -۱

.Bihar al-Anwar vol. ۷۴, p-۴۱۳ -۲

.al-Kafi, vol. ۲, p-۱۹۳ -۳

.Bihar al-Anwar vol. ۷۴, p-۳۱۱ -۴

.Bihar al-Anwar, vol. ۷۴, p-۳۱۸ -۵

are done with the intention of God's pleasure will become means for nourishment and .perfection of self, spiritual migration and ascension towards God's Nearness

Unfortunately, a majority of people lack the proper understanding of true Islam, and therefore, have been deprived from benefits of such a large and important part of Islamic worship. In their opinion worshipping and undertaking spiritual journey towards God–Almighty is not possible, except, through prayer, fasting, pilgrimage, supplication, .invocation, and incantations

### (Sixth Means, Supplications (Dua

The supplication (dua) is one of the best worship through which one may attain self-perfection and God's Nearness. Because, of this reason God–Almighty has invited his :servants to offer supplications. God–Almighty says in Holy Qur'an

وَقَالَ رَبُّكُمْ ادْعُونِي أَسْتَجِبْ لَكُمْ ۚ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ يَسْتَكْبِرُونَ عَنْ عِبَادَتِي سَيَدْخُلُونَ جَهَنَّمَ دَاخِرِينَ

And your Lord hath said: Pray unto Me and I will hear your prayer. Lo! Than who scorn My”  
(service, they will enter Hell disgraced. (٤٠:٦٠

:And said

ادْعُوا رَبَّكُمْ تَضَرُّعًا وَخُفْيَةً ۚ إِنَّهُ لَا يُحِبُّ الْمُعْتَدِينَ

Oh mankind!) Call upon your Lord humbly and in secret. Lo! He loveth not aggressors.”)  
(٧:٥٥)

:And said

وَإِذَا سَأَلَكَ عِبَادِي عَنِّي فَإِنِّي قَرِيبٌ ۚ أُجِيبُ دَعْوَةَ الدَّاعِ إِذَا دَعَانِ

And when My Servants question thee concerning Me, then surely I am nigh. I answer the”  
(prayer of the suppliant when he crieth unto Me. (٢:١٨٦

:The Holy Prophet (S) has said

قال النبي صلى الله عليه وآله: الدعاء مخ العباده.

“[\(1\)](#) The supplication (Dua) is the soul of the worship.”



:Imam al-Sadiq (a.s.) has said

قال ابو عبدالله عليه السلام: الدعاء حق العباده قال الله: "ان الذين يستكبرون عن عبادتى" الايه, ادع

p: ٣٧٤

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.Sahih Tirmidhi, vol. ٢, p-٢٦٦ -١

الله ولا تقل ان الا مرقد فرغ منه.

Supplication is worship, because God–Almighty says: ' You must continue to seek God–  
(Almighty and should never say: It is all done.' (١)

:And said

قال ابو عبدالله عليه السلام: عليكم بالدعا فانكم لا تقربون بمثله ولا تتركوا صغيره لصغيرها ان تدعوا بها, ان صاحب الصغار هو صاحب الكبار

You should never quit supplication in all circumstances, because you will never find any” other substitute like supplication in attaining God's–Nearness. Even, for insignificant (٢)and minor affairs one must supplicate, and because of their being insignificant supplication should not be abandoned, because, after all the Master of petty affairs (٣) happens to be the same Master of large affairs.”

God's Servant must supplicate because his entire existence needs God–Almighty. Because, a human being in essence is absolutely poor, needy, and dependent; and in case he becomes deprived of God's blessings even for an instant, he will be destroyed as though he was never existed

Whatever, reaches to a servant is bestowed from God–Almighty, therefore, a servants should admit this primordial dependency by his tongue and should confirm his poverty, servitude, and needs, through his practical actions, which is the real meaning of worship

At the time of supplication a human being remembers God–Almighty, establish humming communications with him, and like a humble servant with tearful eyes presents his needs before God–Almighty the Owner of Absolute Riches. By abandoning his hopes from the world of poverty and wants, he establishes his link with the Most Supreme Source of all Blessings and Perfection

Flying upward

p: ٣٧٥

Even if one need's an insignificant thing like shoe's laces, one must pray and ask God-- ۲

.[Almighty [Tr

.al-Kafi, vol. ۲, p-۴۶۷ -۳

from the world of poverty, he succeeds in witnessing the Beauty of God's Essence, through his esoteric eyes. The state of supplication and humming private communications with God–Almighty is one of the most pleasurable and beautiful condition of a servant .which will never be exchanged for any price by God's saints

Refer to al–Sahifah al–Sajjadiyyah<sup>(١)</sup> and other supplication books and study the details of humming communications of Infallible Imams (a.s.) of the Prophet's Holy Progeny. Establishing communications with God–Almighty and hoping that He will accept the .supplications, brings tranquility, and assurance for the suppliant's heart

If a human being, while facing lives hardships for solution of his problems and difficulties, does not seek refuge in God–Almighty, then how could he show perseverance against ?them and have assurance for continuation of his life

Supplication is a believer's arsenal through which he struggles against disappointments and despairs, and seeks help from a hidden super natural power for solution of his difficulties and problems. The Divine–Prophets and Infallible Imams (a.s.) always utilized this arsenal and have recommended it strongly for believers. Imam al–Ridha (a.s.) said to :his companions

عن الرضا عليه السلام انه كان يقول لاصحابه: عليكم بسلاح الانبيا فليل وما صلاح الانبيا؟ قال: الدعاء.

Use the arsenal of Prophets.” What is the arsenal of prophets? He was asked.”

﴿“Supplication”. Replied the Imam.”<sup>(٢)</sup>

:Imam al–Baqir (a.s.) said

قال ابو جعفر عليه السلام: ان الله يحب من عباده المؤمنين كل عبد ودعا فعليكم بالدعاء ففى السحر الى طلوع الشمس, فانها ساعه تفتح فيها ابواب السما وتقسم فيها الارزاق وتقضى فيها

p: ٣٧٦

Al–Sahifah Al–Sajjadiyyah: includes certain supplications quoted from Imam Zain al– – ١ Abidin ‘Ali b. Hussain b. ‘Ali ibn Abi Talib (a.s.). He is one of the Imams belonging to the household of the Prophet whom Allah has kept pure and free of defilement. The Imam was the fourth in line of the Imams of the Prophet's household. Imam ‘Ali ibn al–Husain

(a.s.), was born in the year ۳۸ A.H. or, perhaps as is conjectured, a little before that and lived for a period of ۵۷ years. Imam al-Shafi considered Imam “Ali ibn al-Husain (a.s.) as the most supreme jurist of all the people of Medina” Abd al-Malik bin Marwan said to him, “in the area of religious sciences, in devotion and piety, you have been granted that which no one before you has had other than your ancestors”. Further Umar bin ' Abd al-Aziz said, “The light of this life, ' the beauty of Islam is Zain al-Abidin” Al-Sahifah Al-Sajjadiyyah represents and stands out as a profound social work of the time and a reflection of a supreme endeavor to meet the exigencies of spiritual ordeals facing the society at the time of the Imam. But beyond this it is a profound collection of supplications in the divine tradition, a unique compilation which will remain throughout the ages as a gift to mankind, a work of moral inspiration for worldly conduct and a torch of guidance. Human beings will constantly remain in need of this heavenly souvenir; and the need increases whenever Satan comes to increase the allurements of the world for people, and by its fascination to

. [keep them in bondage [Tr  
al-Kafi, vol. ۲, p-۴۶۸ -۲

الحوائج العظام.

God-Almighty, among the believers loves the one, who supplicates a lot; and I recommend you to supplicate specially at the time of dawn until sun-rise, because, at this time the gates of Heaven are opened; people's sustenance is distributed and their great (wants are granted.)<sup>(١)</sup>

:The Holy Prophet (S) has said

قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: الدعاء سلاح المؤمن وعمود الدين ونور السموات والارض.

(Supplication is believer's arsenal; is the pillar of religion and light of the earth and sky.)<sup>(٢)</sup>

Supplication is a worship rather is the soul of all worships and brings eternal rewards. It is a believers ascension to Heavenly Kingdom, makes the supplicant's spirit perfected and nourished and helps suppliant to attain God's Nearness. The Commander of the Faithful Imam 'Ali (a.s.) said

قال امير المؤمنين عليه السلام: الدعاء مفاتيح النجاح ومقاليد الفلاح وخير الدعاء ما صدر عن نقي وقلب تقى وفى المناجات سبب النجاه وبالاخلاص يكون الخلاص فاذا اشتد الفزع فالى الله المفزع.

Supplication is the key of prosperity; the best supplication is the supplication which comes out from pure chests and pious hearts; supplication or hymns with God-Almighty results in salvation; and through means of sincerity one is saved from adversities and wickedness, therefore, when hardships become intense one should seek refuge in God-Almighty.<sup>(٣)</sup>

Therefore, supplication is a worship that if done properly in accordance with relevant conditions will result in suppliant's attaining self-perfection and God's Nearness, and these results certainly depends upon the rank and degree of the supplication. Because, of this reason a Lord's servant at any

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١- al-Kafi vol. ٢, p-٤٧٨

٢- al-Kafi, vol. ٢, p-٤٦٨



place, under any circumstances should never be negligent from this great worship, since a supplication is never going to be ineffective, although it may not produce immediate and .apparent results

It is possible that sometimes the grant of suppliant's wants might be delayed; or may be they will not be fulfilled in this world; but even this is not without wisdom; because, occasionally a believer's demand are not in his real interest and a Wise God knows better .what is really good for his servant

Therefore, a servant should always stretch his hands before the Almighty Omnipotent God, and should supplicate for his wants. If it is deemed appropriate his wants will be granted in this world. But, sometimes God-Almighty thinks it appropriate to delay the grant of his servant so that he does more intensive humming communication. with Him, .thus, attaining higher exalted spiritual positions

Sometimes, divine expediency dictates that his grant should not be granted in this world so that he should remain continuously engaged in God's Remembrance, and receive a :much better reward in the next world. The Holy Prophet (S) said

قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: رحم الله عبدا طلب من الله حاجه فالح الدعاء استجيب له او لم يستجب له تلا هذه الايه وادعوا ربى عسى ان لا اكون بدعاء ربى شقيا.

May God-Almighty bless the servant who seeks his needs from God-Almighty and pleads” for their fulfillment through supplications whether his wants are granted or not. Then he [\(recited the following verse:\)](#)

وَأَدْعُو رَبِّي عَسَىٰ أَلَّا أَكُونَ

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بِدُعَاءِ رَبِّي شَقِيًّا

(It may be that in prayer unto my Lord, I shall not be unblest. (١٩:٤٨)

:Imam al-Sadiq (a.s.) said

عن ابي عبدالله عليه السلام قال: ان المؤمن ليدعو الله عز وجل في حاجته فيقول الله تعالى: أخرُوا إجابته شوقاً إلى صوته ودعائه فاذا كان يوم القيامة قال الله: عبدى! دعوتنى فأخرت إجابتك، وثوابك كذا وكذا ودعوتنى فى كذا وكذا: فأخرت إجابتك وثوابك كذا وكذا. فيتمنى المؤمن أنه لم يستجيب له دعوه فى الدنيا مما يرى من حسن الثواب.

Sometimes a believer supplicates for a need before God-Almighty; but, He orders His" Angels to delay the grant of servant's needs, because, He loves to hear his voice and :supplication more. Then on the Day of Judgment says to him

Oh My servant! You called me but I delayed your request, now in return I will bestow ' upon you such and such reward and so and so supplication. ' Hearing it the servant would say: I wish none of my needs would have been granted in the world. ' He says so because [\(he sees the excellent rewards of Hereafter.\)](#)

:And said

قال الصادق عليه السلام: إحفظ أدب الدعاء وانظر من تدعو وكيف تدعو ولماذا وحقق عظمه الله وكبريائه وعين بقلبك علمه بما فى ضميرك وإطلاعه على سررك وما تكون فيه نجاتك قال الله تعالى: وَيَدْعُو الْإِنْسَانَ بِالْشَّرِّ دُعَاءَهُ بِالْخَيْرِ ، وكان الإنسان عَجُولاً وتفكر ماذا تسأل ولماذا تسأل والدعا إستجابته الكل منك للحق وتدويب المهجه فى مشاهدته الرب وترك الاختيار جميعا وتسليم الامور كلها ظاهرا وباطنا إلى الله تعالى فإن لم تأت بشرط الدعاء فلا

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تنتظر الاجابه فانه يعلم السر وأخفى. فلعلك تدعوه بشيء قد علم من سرک خلاف ذلك.

Be careful about the etiquettes of supplication, and pay attention as to which personality”  
?are you talking, how do you beseech Him, and for what purpose is He implored

Think about the Majesty and Splendor of God–Almighty, and look inside your heart and”  
know that He is aware of whatever is contained therein,. He knows about your heart' s  
secrets and the truth and falsehood hidden therein. Be careful, to identify correctly the  
path of your salvation or misfortune lest you request a thing from God–Almighty which  
contains your destruction while you imagine your salvation in it. God–Almighty said in Holy  
:Qur’an

(Man Prayeth for evil as he prayeth for good, for man was ever hasty. (١٧:١١)

Therefore, think correctly regarding what do you want from God–Almighty and for what”  
purpose is it required. A supplication will be accepted only if you exert absolute  
concentration of your entire existence towards God–Almighty; melting your heart while  
witnessing His presence; abandoning all your disposals, and absolute surrender of all  
affairs with sincerity to God–Almighty. So, if you did not act in accordance to above  
.mentioned conditions of supplication do not look forward for its acceptance

Because, God–Almighty is aware of all your secrets and mysteries. Perhaps you beseech”  
God–Almighty for something, while you know that your intention is opposite to your  
(request.” (١)

**(Seventh Means, Fast (Sawm**

**point**

Fasting is one of the greatest worship which exerts tremendous influence in one's efforts  
for self–perfection, self purification, and

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self building. There are many traditions which describe the special distinction assigned to :fasting. Following are few examples: The Holy Prophet (S) has said

قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: الصوم جنه من النار.

“(The Fasting is a shield for protection against Hell's fire.”) (١)

:Imam al-Sadiq (a.s.) said

عن ابي عبدالله عليه السلم قال: ان الله تعالى يقول: الصوم لى وانا اجزى عليه.

“(God-Almighty said: ' Fasting is for Me and I bestow its reward upon the fast observer.”) (٢)

:And said

قال ابو عبدالله عليه السلام: ان الصائم منكم ليرتع فى رياض الجنه وتدعو له لا ملائكه حتى يفطر.

The fast observer moves an enjoys inside the Garden of Paradise, and angels pray for”  
“(him until the fast breaking time.”) (٣)

:The Holy Prophet (S) has said

قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: من صام يوما تطوعا ابتغا ثواب الله وجيب له المغفره.

Whoever observes one recommended fast for the sake of reward, forgiveness for him”  
“(becomes compulsory.”) (٤)

:Imam al-Sadiq (a.s.) has said

عن ابي عبدالله عليه السلم قال: نوم الصائم عباده وصمته تسبيح وعلمه متقبل ودعائه مستجاب.

The sleep of a fast observer is regarded as worship; his silence is considered as praise,”  
“(his deeds are accepted and his supplications are granted.”) (٥)

:The Holy Prophet (S) has said

قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: قال الله عز وجل: كل أعمال ابن آدم بعشره أضعافها إلى سبعمائه ضعف إلا الصبر، فإنه لى وأنا أجزى به، فتواب الصبر مخزون فى علم الله والصبر هو الصوم.

God-Almighty said: 'For all righteous deeds of servants there is a reward from ten times”

,to seven hundred time, but since

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.Wasail al-Shi'a, vol. ۷, p-۲۸۹ -۱

.Wasail al-Shi'a, vol. ۷, p-۲۹۰ -۲

.Wasail al-Shi'a, vol., ۷, p-۲۹۶ -۳

.Wasail al-Shi'a, vol. ۷, p-۲۹۳ -۴

.Wasail al-Shi'a, vol. ۷, p-۲۹۴- -۵

fasting is specially reserved for me –I will bestow its reward. Therefore. only God–  
 (Almighty knows the reward of fasting.”(۱)

Fasting. is a special worship which is a combination of two parts i.e. negation and confrontation. The first part consists of self–Restraint and renunciation of drinking, eating, and sexual pleasures, which are legitimate pleasures, as well as not to tell a lie about God–Almighty and Holy Prophet (S) and some other affairs which have been .described in details in Jurisprudential books

The second part consists of devotion, intention, and desire to seek God's Nearness, which in reality are tantamount to soul of this worship. The reality of fasting consists of self–restraint and voluntary .relinquishment of material pleasures namely –Eating, drinking, sexual intercourse, and not to tell a lie about God–Almighty and Holy Prophet (S), with the .intention of God’s Nearness

The definition of a fast as given in the books of Jurisprudence is -- that if some one with the intention of God's Nearness renounced the affairs namely –eating, drinking, sexual intercourse, discharge of semen, telling a lie about God–Almighty and Holy Prophet (S), to take a dive inside water, remaining in the state of impurity as a result of a wet dream – his fast is correct and does not require to take a make up (qadha) fast or pay ransom .(kuffara). This fast is known as the fast of common people

But, in traditions the scope of self–restraint have not been limited to the above mentioned limits rather it covers much wider dimensions. In

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traditions it has been mentioned that simply abandonment of eating and drinking is not enough, instead a real fast observer is the one who prevents all his limbs and body parts from sins. i.e. the eyes should be prevented from the sins relevant to the eyes, as well as prevent ears, tongue, hands, and feet from their relevant sins. Such fast belongs to God's special servants

Further, superior than this is the fasting of the most special ones (khawwas) in which case the observer of the fast apart from abandoning eating, drinking as well as renunciation of all sins also disengages his heart from all sort of scattered thinking which prevent him from God's Remembrance. He should continuously engage himself in God's remembrance and should know that He is seeing all his actions. As God's guest he should make himself readied for His countenance. For example let us refer to the following tradition: Imam al-Sadiq (a.s.) said

قال ابو عبدالله عليه السلام: ليس الصيام من الطعام والشراب أن لا يأكل الانسان ولا يشرب فقط ولكن إذا صمت فليصم سمعك وبصرك ولسانك وبطنك وفرجك واحفظ يدك وفرجك وأكثر السكوت إلا من خير وارفق بخادمك.

Fasting is not achieved simply by renunciation of eating and drinking. When you observe” fast your eyes, ears, tongue, stomach, and sexual parts should also be fasting with you. While in the state of fasting prevent your hands and sexual parts from sinning, should remain silent continuously except for speaking something good and useful or to the extent it is

﴿required to communicate with your house servant.﴾<sup>(١)</sup>

:Also said

قال ابو عبدالله عليه السلام: وليكن عليك وقار الصائم وألزم ما استطعت من الصمت والسكوت إلا عن ذكر الله ولا تجعل يوم صومك كيوم فطرك.

The dignity and prestige of fasting should be understood by you wry clearly. As much as” possible, maintain silence except for God's Remembrance. It should not be such that the  
﴿day of your fasting should be similar to the day in which you are not observing fast.﴾<sup>(٢)</sup>

:The Holy Prophet (S) said in a sermon

قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله, فى خطبه له: ومن صام شهر رمضان فى إنصات وسكوت وكف سمعه وبصره ولسانه وفرجه وجوارحه من الكذب والحرام والغيبه تقربا, قربه الله منه حتى تمس ركبتاه ركبتى إبراهيم خليل الرحمن.

Whosoever observes fasting during Holy month of Ramadhan while maintaining silence” and preventing his ears, eyes, tongue, sexual organs, and other body parts from lying, backbiting, and other forbidden acts, with the intention of achieving God's Nearness, God-Almighty will bestow upon him His Nearness, so that he will become a companion of  
﴿Prophet Abraham (a.s.) –God's chosen friend.﴾<sup>(٣)</sup>

:Imam al-Sadiq (a.s.) said

عن ابى عبدالله عليه السلام قال: إن الصيام ليس من الطعام والشراب وحده, إنما للصوم شرط يحتاج أن يحفظ حتى يتم الصوم وهو الصمت الداخلى, أما تسمع قول مريم بنت عمران, انى نذرت للرحمن صوما فلن اكلم اليوم انسياء, يعنى صمتا. فاذا صمتم فاحفظوا ألسنتكم عن الكذب وغضوا أبصاركم ولا تنازعوا ولا تحاسدوا ولا تغتابوا ولا تماروا ولا تكذبوا ولا تباشروا ولا تخالفوا ولا تغضبوا ولا تسابوا ولا تشاتموا ولا

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١- ١١٨-٧, vol. ٧, Wasail al-Shi'a

٢- ١١٧-٧, vol. ٧, Wasail al-Shi'a

٣- ١١٧-٧, vol. ٧, Wasail al-Shi'a

تنازروا ولا تجادلوا ولا تبادوا ولا تظلموا ولا تسافهوا ولا تزاوجوا ولا تغفلوا عن ذكر الله وعن الصلاة وألزموا الصمت والسكوت والحلم والصبر والصدق ومجانبه أهل الشر واجتنبوا قول الزور والكذب والفراء والخصومه وظن السوء والغيبه والنميمة وكونوا مشرفين على الآخره منتظرين لا يامكم، منتظرين لما وعدكم الله متزودين للقاء الله وعليكم السكينة والوقار والخشوع والخضوع وذل العبد الخائف من مولاه راجين خائفين راغبين راهبين قد طهرتم القلوب من العيوب وتقديست سرائركم من الخب ونظفت الجسم من القاذورات، وتبرأت إلى الله من عداه وواليت الله في صومك بالصمت من جميع الجهات مما قد نهاك الله عنه في السر والعلانية وخشيت الله حق خشيته في السر والعلانية ووهبت نفسك لله في أيام صومك وفرغت قلبك له

فيما امرك ودعاك اليه، فاذا فعلت ذلك كله فانت صائم لله بحقيقه سومه صانع لما امرك وكلما نقصت منها شيئاً مما: بينت لك فقد نقص من صومك بمقدار ذلك (إلى أن قال) إن الصوم ليس من الطعام والشراب إنما جعل الله ذلك حجاباً مما سواها من الفواحش من الفعل والقول يفطر الصائم، ما أقل الصوم وأكثر الجوع!؟

Fasting does not mean only renunciation of eating and drinking rather it has conditions” which must be followed strictly in order to have a complete and perfect fast which means internal silence. Did not you hear the reply of Mary daughter of Imran who said to the people:

I have vowed a fast for God–Almighty, therefore, today will speak to none i.e. since, I am”' fasting therefore must be quiet.' So, when you observe fast protect your tongue from lying;



don't be angry; don't curse, don't be rude; don't argue and dispute; due to ignorance don't reject or be indecent to each other, don't be negligent from God's remembrance; continuously practice silence, intellection, patience and keep distance from the wicked people. Assign importance to the Hereafter; must look forward for the day when God's Promise will be fulfilled; and collect some provisions for God's countenance

Poise dignity, humbleness, humility, and fear like a servant who is afraid of his master," should be practiced; should remain in the state of hope and fear. If you cleansed and purified your heart from faults; your inner self from conceit and treachery; your body from pollution, renounced every thing other than God; accepted His Guardianship through fasting, and preventing inner and outer self from performance of God ' s forbidden things; respected God's rights by remaining afraid outwardly and inwardly because of His presence,. during fasting donated your self to God-Almighty, purified and .cleansed heart for God-Almighty and assigned him to act in accordance to His commands

If you observed fast in a manner described above, then indeed you really are a true fast" observer and have discharged your duty well. But in as much as you deviated from the above criteria, your fast be considered as deficient and incomplete in the same .proportion

Because, fasting is not limited only to renunciation of eating and drinking rather God-Almighty has made fasting a veil for other actions and sayings which make fasting canceled. Therefore, how small is

(۱) (the number of fast observers and how large is the number of hungry ones.”)

### Role of Fasting in Self-Building

Fasting is one of the most important and valuable worship, which if, observed in accordance to its special etiquettes and conditions, and maintaining the same degree of quality as required by sacred Islamic canon law (sharia), will exert tremendous impact upon the self-building, self-perfection, and self-purification efforts

Fasting is extremely influential during the stages of purification of self from sins and other moral indecencies and making it readied for perfection, decoration and utilization of Divine Illuminations. A fast observer through renunciation of sins controls, subdues, and ultimately forces the imperious-self into submission. The duration of fasting is a period of quitting sins and practicing self-asceticism –a period of struggling with self, and practicing self-restraint

During this period a fast observer not only purify and cleanse his self from sins and other moral abjectnesses, but even abandons his legitimate pleasures such as eating and drinking, and through these means makes his self purified and illuminated. Because, hunger results in attaining internal purification and more attention towards God-Almighty. A human being, while hungry very often possesses a feeling of contentment or Joy (۲) but lacks such mood when his stomach is full

In summary, fasting is very effective in acquiring piety, and because, of this consideration the Holy Qur'an has defined acquiring piety as the main objective behind the fasting

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا كُتِبَ عَلَيْكُمُ الصِّيَامُ كَمَا كُتِبَ عَلَى الَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلِكُمْ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَتَّقُونَ

O ye believe! Fasting is presented for you, even as”

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.Wasail al-Shi'a, vol. ۷, p-۱۱۹-۱

Those who have observed fasting during Holy Month of Ramdhan or have observed –۲  
[recommended fasts may appreciate these feelings [Tr

(it was prescribed for those before you, that ye may ward off (evil).” (Quran ۲:۱۸۳

The one who observes fast during the Holy month of Ramadhan, because, of fasting prevents himself from engaging into sins and other moral abjectnesses through out the month, would succeed in dominating his self and therefore, may continue this habit of  
 “.renunciation of sins even after the Holy month

So for whatever has been described was related to the influence of fasting in purifying self from sins and other moral indecencies. But also from the point of view of positive dimensions it is very influential in achieving self-purification, decoration of inner self and  
 :God's Nearness which will be described briefly as follows

Fasting i.e. self-restraint and renunciation of special acts which break the fast -is a .۱  
 worship, which if observed with sincerity and intention of God's Nearness, results in  
 .nourishment and perfection of self and God's Nearness like other worships

By renunciation of legitimate pleasures and quitting sins the fast observer's heart gets .۲  
 cleansed and polished, becomes free from all scattered thoughts and memories of other  
 than God and through this means earns the decency of absorbing the Divine blessings  
 .and illuminations

In this stage God's special blessings and favors are bestowed upon him and, thus, with  
 Divine rapture ascends towards God's countenance. It is because of these reasons that it  
 has been mentioned in the traditions that breathing and sleeping of a fast observer merit  
 .the reward of a worship

The days of fasting are the .۳

best times for worship, prayer, supplication, Qur'anic-recital, invocation and charitable deeds; because, during this period self is relatively better prepared for heart's presence, devotion and attention towards God-Almighty as compared to any other period. The Holy Month of Ramadhan have been called as the best times, spring of worship (specially recital of the Holy Qur'an) and the most appropriate opportunity for paying attention to .wards God-Almighty

Because, of this reason the special virtues of the Holy Month of Ramadhan and worshipping during it, have been emphasized a lot in the books of Islamic traditions. For example; when the Holy Month of Ramadhan arrived, Imam al- Sadiq (a.s.) emphasized :its importance to his children and said

ان ابا عبدالله عليه السلام يوصى ولده إذا دخل شهر رمضان: فاجهدوا أنفسكم فإن فيه تقسم الأرزاق وتكتب الآجال وفيه يكتب وفد الله الذين يقدون إليه وفيه ليله العمل فيها خير من العمل في ألف شهر.

Endeavor in worship because in this month people 's sustenance is distributed and their" demises are registered, those who will be returned to God-Almighty are decided in this month, In this month there is a special "Night of Power" (Qadr), the worshipping in which (excels the worshipping of one thousands months.)"

:The Commander of the Faithful Imam 'Ali (a.s.) said

قال امير المؤمنين عليه السلام: عليك في شهر رمضان بكثرة الدعاء والإستغفر فاما الدعاء فيدفع به عنكم البلا واما الإستغفار فتمحى به ذنوبكم.

Oh people! During the Holy Month of Ramadhan read a lot of supplication and seek God's" pardon (Esteghfar) because, by means of

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supplications the calamities are removed from you and by means of asking God's pardon  
 (١) "your sins are forgiven."

:Also he said that one day the Holy Prophet delivered a sermon in which he said

على عليه السلام قال: ان رسول الله خطبنا ذات يوم فقال: أيها الناس انه قد أقبل إليكم شهر الله بالبركه والرحمه والمغفره ، شهر هو عند الله أفضل الشهور وأيامه أفضل الأيام ولياليه أفضل الليالي وساعاته أفضل الساعات هو شهر دعيتم فيه إلى ضيافه الله وجعلتم فيه من أهل كرامه الله، أنفاسكم فيه تسيح، ونومكم فيه عباده، وعملكم فيه مقبول، ودعاءكم فيه مستجاب. فاسألوا الله ربكم بنيات صادقه وقلوب طاهره ان يوفقكم لصيامه وتلاوه كتابه، فان الشقى كل الشقى من حرم غفران الله فى هذا الشهر العظيم، واذكروا بجوعكم وعطشكم فيه جوع يوم القيامة وعطشه، وتصدقوا على فقراءكم ومساكينكم، ووقروا كباركم وارحموا صغاركم وصلوا أرحامكم واحفظوا ألسنتكم وغضوا عما لا يحل النظر إليه أبصاركم وعما لا يحل الاستماع إليه أسماعكم، وتحننوا على أيتام الناس يتحنن على أيتامكم. وتوبوا إلى الله من ذنوبكم وارفعوا إليه أيديكم بالدعاء، فى أوقات صلاتكم فإنها أفضل الساعات ينظر الله فيها إلى عباده بعين الرحمه، يجيبهم إذا ناجوه ويلببهم إذا نادوه ويعطيهم إذا سألوه ويستجيب لهم إذا دعوه.

أيها الناس إن أنفسكم مرهونه بأعمالكم ففكوها باستغفاركم، وظهوركم ثقيله من أوزاركم فخففوها عنها بطول سجودكم، واعملوا أن الله أقسم بعزته أن لا يعذب المصلين والساجدين وان لا يروعهم بالنار يوم يقوم الناس لرب العالمين. أيها الناس من فطر منكم صائماً مؤمناً فى هذا الشهر كان له بذلك عند الله عتق رقبه ومغفره لما مضى

p: ٣٩٠

من ذنوبه.

قيل: يا رسول الله! وليس كلنا يقدر على ذلك فقال صلى الله عليه وآله وسلم اتقوا الله ولو بشربة من ماء، واتقوا النار ولو بشق تمره أيها الناس من حسن منكم في هذا الشهر خلقه كان له جواز على الصراط يوم تزل فيه الأقدام، ومن خفف فيه عما ملكت يمينه خفف الله عليه حسابه، ومن كف فيه شره كف الله عنه غضبه يوم يلقاه، ومن أكرم فيه يتيماً أكرمه الله يوم يلقاه، ومن وصل فيه رحمه وصله الله برحمته يوم يلقاه، ومن قطع فيه رحمه قطع الله عنه رحمته يوم يلقاه، ومن تطوع بصلاة كتب الله له براءة من النار، ومن أدى فيه فرضاً كان له ثواب من أدى سبعين فريضة في ما سواه من الشهور، ومن أكثر فيه من الصلاة على ثقل الله ميزانه يوم تخف الموازين، ومن تلا فيه آية من القرآن كان له مثل أجر من ختم القرآن في غيره من الشهور..

أيها الناس: إن أبواب الجنان في هذا الشهر مفتحة فاسألوا ربكم أن لا يغلقها عليكم، وأبواب النيران مغلقة فاسألوا الله أن لا يفتحها عليكم، والشياطين مغلوله، فاسألوا ربكم أن لا- يسلطها عليكم. قال أمير المؤمنين على (عليه السلام) فقامت فقلت: يا رسول الله! ما أفضل الأعمال في هذا الشهر؟ فقال: يا أبا الحسن أفضل الأعمال في هذا الشهر الورع عن محارم الله.

Oh people! The month of God with blessing mercy and pardon has come to you, a month” which is the best month among all months before God-Almighty, its days are the best days, its nights are the best nights and its hours

.are the best hours

It is month in which you have been invited by God-Almighty for a feast, and have been selected as the recipient of this special favor. Your breathings merit the reward of praise, while your sleeping in this month earns the reward of a worship. In this month your deeds  
“are accepted and prayers are granted

Therefore, with true intention and pure hearts beseech God-Almighty to bestow upon” you His special favor to be able to observe fasting and recite the Holy Qur'an. Because, the most unfortunate and wretched one is the one who remains deprived from God's  
.pardon during this great month

With your thrust and hunger remind yourself about the thrust and hunger of the Day of Judgment; pay charity to poor and destitute people, pay respect to elders; be kind  
“towards youngsters, and observe the bonds of relationship with your kith and kins

Watch your tongues, cover your eyes from seeing forbidden objects and prevent your” ears from hearing forbidden affairs. Be kind to the orphans of the people so that the  
.others are kind towards your orphans

Repent for your sins and at the time of prayer raise your hands upward, because, these hours are the best hours in which God-Almighty looks towards mankind with mercy and compassion. Their hymns are granted, their cries are heard. Whatever they ask is  
“bestowed upon them and their prayers are fulfilled

Oh people! Your (selves) are mortgaged against your deeds and therefore, by means of”  
.repentance make yourself free

Your back has become too much heavy due to sins; by prolongation of your prostration make yourself light burdened. Know that! God–Almighty has taken the oath of his Majesty and Splendor that he will not punish those who offers prayers and bows down in  
“prostration, and on the Day of Judgment will not scare them through the Hell's fire

Oh people! whoever in this month will make arrangements for the fast–breaking (iftar) of a believer will be bestowed upon the reward equal to freeing of a slave and all of his past sins shall be pardoned. He was asked: 'Oh prophet of God! But all of us are not in a position to arrange the fast–breaking of a fast–observer. The Prophet replied: 'Protect yourself from the Hell's fire and offer fast–breaking even if it happens to be a piece of  
“date with a glass of sharbet

Oh people! whoever makes his conduct better in this month, on the Judgment Day will be” bestowed upon the permit for crossing over the Sirat. Whoever will open the knots of difficulties of people Is affairs in this month, God–Almighty on the Judgment Day will make  
“the accounting of his deeds easier

Whoever makes people immune from his mischief, God–Almighty on the Judgment Day will make him immune from his wrath. Whoever treats an orphan with respect, on the Judgment Day, God–Almighty will treat him with honor. Whoever takes care to strengthen family bonds with relatives, God–Almighty will extend His blessing upon him on the  
Judgment Day



and whoever will cut off his family ties, God-Almighty too will deprive him from His  
“.blessing on the Judgment Day

Whoever offers supererogatory prayers in this month, God-Almighty will register for him”  
immunity from the fire. Whoever performs a compulsory deed in this month, will be  
.bestowed the reward of seventy compulsory deeds performed in other months

Whoever offers a lots of salutation upon me in this month, on the Judgment Day, God-  
Almighty will make the balance of his righteous deeds heavier. Whoever recites one  
single verse of the Holy Qur’an during this month will be bestowed the reward of finishing  
“.the entire Holy Qur’an in other months

Oh people! The gates of Paradise are opened in this month, beseech God-Almighty that it”  
should not be closed upon you. The Doors of Hell are closed, and ask God-Almighty that  
they are not opened upon you. The devils are chained in this month, ask God-Almighty not  
“.to allow them to take over your control

Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) said: 'Oh Prophet of God! which one is the best deed during this month?'"  
The Holy Prophet (S) replied: 'Oh Abul Hasan! The most supreme deed in this month is  
[piety and renunciation of Divine forbidden acts.”](#)[\(۱\)](#)

As is evident from the above narration that the Holy Month of Ramadhan is a month full of  
blessings and special virtues. It is a month of worship, self-building, supplications, night  
prayer, and self-perfection. Worshipping in this month is bestowed rewards many times  
of the reward of worship performed in other

p: ۳۹۴

.months

Even the sleeping and breathings of a believer are given the reward of a worship. In this .month the gates of the Paradise are opened while the Hell's doors are closed

God's angels continuously invite the people towards God's worship, especially at the dawn and on the night of Power (Lailatul Qadr) in which worshipping and night-vigil are superior than the prayer of thousands months. (۱) God-Almighty in this month have granted an audience inviting all the believers for a Divine feast; the invitation of which .have been brought by the messengers

The host is the Most Merciful and Most compassionate God-Almighty, the God's most favorite angels are the servants and the believers are the guests. The table spread of .Divine blessings containing all sorts of rewards and favors has been provided

From all dimensions, the Divine special blessings and favors –which cannot be seen by eyes, ears are helpless to hear about them, and human hearts cannot even imagine them are readied to be awarded upon the guests in accordance to their merits, worthiness, and .absorbing capabilities

If we are negligent, we will feel sorry and regret on the Day of Judgment, whereby feeling sorry and being regretful will not be of any advantage. The special acts and supplications of the Holy Month of Ramadhan are described in the book –Mafateeh al-Jinan by late Haj Abbas Qummi as well as in books of supplications; and with sincerity, attention, and .heart's presence utilize them for spiritual migration and attaining God's Nearness

,In the end

p: ۳۹۵

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.[The Night of Power is better than a thousand months. (۹۷:۳) [Tr –۱

it must be reminded that other worships too, like prayer, fasting, invocations, and supplications might be useful and effective in self-building and nourishment and perfection of the self. But for the sake of brevity it would not be appropriate to provide their detailed explanation and description in this book

### Appendix ۱: A Mystical Poem (Ghazal al-Irfani) of Imam Khomeini

Added by [Tr].) Since the present book: Self-Building of Ayatullah Ibrahim Amini deals with Islamic Mysticism, I thought it appropriate to include here the translation of a famous mystical poem of Imam Khomeini (r.a.)<sup>(۱)</sup> –the most celebrated gnostics of our times –as a gift to our readers

These verses were composed by the late Imam (r.a.) a little before when he permanently joined his beloved God-Almighty, leaving this temporary abode –with a tranquil, and contented heart , a spirit full of joy, and a conscience hopeful ( of receiving) God' s forgiveness. The following are the mystical verses

من به خال لب‌ت ای دوست گرفتار شدم

چشم بیمار تو را دیدم و بیمار شدم

.Man beh khale labat al-doost giraftar shudom

.Chashme bimar too ra didam wa bimar shudam

.Oh my beloved! After witnessing your Infinite Beauty<sup>(۲)</sup> I become entangled

.Seeing, the manifestation of Your Glory, I become saturated with joy and ecstasy

:Ibn abi al-Hadid Moatazali writes

Whatever the most celebrated gnostics have said has been obtained from the” Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s.). He says: 'Sheikh Abu ‘Ali Sina and Qashiri, whatever about the status of wayfarer and his journey have said is quoted from the words of Imam ‘Ali (a.s.) Following is

Imam Ruhollah Musawi Khomeini: Was born on the ۲۰th Jamadi-ul- Thani ۱۲۸۱ A.H. (۱۹۰۲ – ۱) AD in Khomein (Isfahan Province), in Iran. His father was Sayyid Mostafa Khomeini, a well-known and beloved scholar of his day, martyred by the agents of Reza Khan (the father of the deposed Shah). His father left three sons and three daughters. Imam Khomeini was the youngest in the family. Imam Khomeini lost both his tutors, his mother and aunt at the age of ۱۵. The Father and Founder of the Islamic Revolution in Iran studied Islamic sciences under the guidance of his elder brother Ayatollah Pasandideh. Ayatollah Khomeini also underwent special instructions with the help of Sheik Abdul-Karim Ha'eri Yazdi in ۱۹۲۲. When Ayatollah Ha'eri Yazdi passed away in ۱۹۳۷, Imam Khomeini was established as a genius scholar of high distinction. Imam Khomeini was well versed in Islamic Jurisprudence, Philosophy, Mysticism, and Astronomy. In the earliest "Fatwa" issued by Imam Khomeini in ۱۹۶۳, he condemned the shah's regime for its complete subordination to foreign powers specifically the United States. He further criticized the deposed Shah for maintaining close political, economic, military, and intelligence ties with Israel and his anti-Islamic policies. Imam Khomeini was first arrested after the uprising on June ۱۹۶۳ and finally exiled to Turkey. In October ۱۹۶۵, Imam Khomeini moved to the Holy City of Najaf (Iraq). From Najaf, Imam Khomeini continued to issue fatwas (religious guidance). The deposed Shah who hoped that by sending Imam Khomeini to an exile, he would succeed in preventing the Imam's influence and totally diminishing his popularity. The Shah was frustrated. Throughout the fourteen years of the exile in Najaf, Imam Khomeini continued his ceaseless campaign. The success of Islamic Revolution of Iran springs out from his untiring endeavors in awakening and directing the Ummah. It was in December ۱۹۷۸, when one of the greatest of all the demonstrations took place. It can be said to be an exceptional demonstration in the history of the world. This demonstration paved the way for the escape of the Shah, his final overthrow and ultimate triumph of the Islamic Revolution.

During the spiritual migration or gnostic journey (ser wa salook), away farer (salik) – ۲ gradually succeeds in witnessing divine illumination which are revealed to him intermittently. i.e. He witnesses at certain instants then it disappears. How such things occur are beyond description and those who have experienced it are helpless to explain it to others.

:an example: Sheikh Abu 'Ali Sina has said

ثم انه اذا بلغت به الاراده حدا ما. عنت له خلصات من اطلاع نور الحق إليه لذينه كأنها بروق توميض إليه ثم تخمد عنه، وهي التي تسمى عندهم أوقاتا. وكل وقت يكتنفه وجدان: وجد اليه ووجد عليه. ثم انه لتكثر عليه هذه الغواشي اذا امعن في الارتياض.

When a wayfarer in his determination reaches to a certain limit pleasant ecstasies from Divine illumination becomes manifested for him like the lightening sparks which shines and become silenced

This state has been called by the learned mystics as a situation whereby a wayfarer is confronted with the joy of union and pain of separation (with the beloved) alternately. i.e. After the illumination is silenced the wayfarer is filled with grief and pain. The more deeper a wayfarer goes into asceticism this situation becomes further intense! (۱)

.And these are the meanings of this first verse

فارغ از خود شدم و کوس انالحق بزدم.

. همچو منصور خریدار سر دار شدم

.Farigh az Khud shudam wa koos anal haq bezadam

.Hamchu Mansoor kharidar sare dar shudam

I forget my own existence (۲) and proclaimed the slogan -'I am the truth', and like the (۳) Mansoor Hallaj volunteered my self for hanging

غم دلدار فکنده است به جانم شرری.

که به جان آمدم و شهره بازار شدم. شدم

,Ghame dildar fakandeh ast be janam sharari

.ke bejan amadam wa shorahe bazar shudam

.The agony and pain of your love has burnt (۴) my entire existence

(۵) That I become fed up with my own self; and my affairs become the talks of the town

Share Isharat, vol.۳ p-۳۸۴ – ۱

When the gnostic journey of a wayfarer ends his interior becomes a mirror of God – ۲  
Almighty whereby real pleasures descend upon him. At this stage he feels happy and  
joyful with himself, because he sees something special within his innerself. Sometimes  
the gnostic looks at God-Almighty while at other times he looks at him, thus, finding  
himself wavering between these two views. Eventually, he reaches to a point where his  
ownself disappears and he sees only God-Almighty, which are the meanings of  
“forgetting my own existence” .In gnostic terms this stage is also called being annihilated  
(in God-Almighty (fana fillah

Means being patient, offering resistance, tolerating difficulties, and hardships, and – ۳  
becoming a target of acquisition by the people for the sake of God-Almighty. And that is  
the way Imam Khomeini (r.a.) was, who suffered a imprisonment, exiles, pains, and  
.suffering for the sake of his beloved

۴ – ۴ (a.s. ‘Ali (a.s. There is a narration from the Commander of the Faithful Imam ‘Ali (a.s. حب الله نار لا يمر  
على شيء الا احترق. “God's love never passes over a thing without getting it burnt” .

۵ – The becoming the talks of the town may be explained in the light of the following  
(S tradition quoted from the Holy Prophet (S إذا أحب الله عبدا من أمتي قذف في قلوب أصفیائه وأرواح ملائکته  
وسکّان عرشه محبته لیحبّوه فذلک المحب حقا طوبی له ثم طوبی له ُوله عند الله شفاعه يوم القیامه. “When God-Almighty”  
loves a person from my Ummah He fills the hearts of His favorite distinguished saints,  
spirits of angels and other Heavenly creatures with his love so that all of them love him.  
How fortunate is he ? How fortunate is he ? He will have the right of intercession on the  
Day of Judgment. So for as a servant is not liked by God-Almighty he does not become  
.famous.” –Faiz Kashani, al Muhajatul Baiza, ۷-۸

میخانه گشاید به رویم شب و روز.

.که من از مسجد و از مدرسه، بیزار شدم

,Dare meykhana gooshaid beravim shabo rooz

.ke man is masjido wa az madrase bezar shudam

,Let the doors of tavern (۱) be opened”

.and let us go there day and night

,Because, I become disgusted with

.the Mosque (۲) as well as from the School

جامه زهد و ریا کَندم و بر تن کردم.

.خرقه پیر خراباتی و هشیار شدم

,Jame zohdo riya kardam wa bar tan kardam

.kharqe pir kharabati wa hashyar shudam

“I took off the dress of ascecticm and dissimulation.” (۳)

“And become awakened (۴) after wearing the robe of a tavern's haunter

واعظ شهر که از پند خود آزارم داد.

.از دم رند می آلوده مددکار شدم

,Waiz shahar, ke az pind khud azaram dad

.Az dome rinde mai allodeh madad kar shudam

(The town's preacher (۵) with his preaching made me uncomfortable (۶)

“.Therefore, I sought refuge (۷) in some on who was inwardly upright but outwardly lewd

بگذارید که از بتکده یادی بکنم.

من که با دست بت می‌کده بیدار شدم.

,Beguzarid ke az butkadeh yadi be kunam

.Man ke ba daste bute malkada bedar shudam

.Let me allow to remember the temple's(۸) sweet memories”

“.Where I was awakened (۹)from the sweet touch of my beloved's hand

The above translation and commentary of Imam's mystical poetry was a difficult task indeed for some one like me, but thanks God that it has been accomplished. I have utilized the most common mystical terms and phrases which are most conventional among gnostics. However, it must be admitted that Imam Khomeini 's level of mysticism (irfan) is far

p: ۳۹۸

The tavern here means the spiritual position of God's Nearness attained through – ۱ performance of recommended (nawafil). In accordance with authentic narrations, after attaining such a position, God-Almighty becomes the ears and eyes of the servant. The eyes and ears are for seeing and listening and what pleasure could be greater for a .person than seeing and listening through those special eyes and ears

Here the Mosque and School mean worships which lack the conditions required for – ۲ attaining God's Nearness or they might indicate the preliminaries required for starting the gnostic journey of a wayfarer. Islam being one of. the most perfect and comprehensive divine religion consists of degrees and stages containing exoteric and esoteric affairs. In order to understand its mysteries the condition of confidentiality (mahram) is essential which is only possible through deeds, struggle, abstinence, and guidance of Prophet's Infallible Household (a.s.) (Ahlul Bayt). The school, books and class are preliminaries for understanding, understanding is preliminary for action and action is preliminary for acquiring confidentially (mahram). Sayyid Bin Taoos a great Shiite scholar in his will to his son: "ان عاملت الله - جل جلاله بالصدق والتحقيق جعل قلبك مرآه تنظر بها ما يريد - جل جلاله - من العلوم من وراء ستر رقيق رففى اخبار صاحب المله: المؤمن ينثر بنور الله ”. My son! If you deal with God-Almighty through the.” path of truth and reality, He will make your heart like a mirror in which the knowledge



which God-Almighty desires for you could be seen, because according to the traditions of the Holy Prophet (S) it has been mentioned that a believer looks at Divine illumination.” Kashf al-Mohajateh, p-۱۳۶. In nutshell, it could be said that the book and school which could not elevate a person to the level of Sayyid bin Taoos or Imam Khomeini (r.a.) –one should not be blamed for being disgusted with them which are the meanings of this verse Means relinquishment of moral indecencies like deceit etc., renunciation of worldly – ۳ attachments, and reaching to the real asceticism which makes a wayfarer worthy of .receiving Divine mysteries and sublime realities

Renunciation of world and its allurements and possession of real piety and asceticism – ۴ result in association with the Holy Prophet (S) and his Infallible Household (a.s.) in this .world and Hereafter, which are the meanings of becoming awakened

Means the pseudo-preachers who prevent people from nearing the real pious – ۵ .scholars, thus, depriving them from being benefited from their sacred existence

.Means restrictions imposed by them cheap talks and illogical arguments – ۶

Taking shelter with those perfect and pious models who are intoxicated with God is – ۷ .(love. The indication here means towards the learned teachers of Imam Khomeini (r.a

Means the Celestial Kingdom and the Celestial Lights representing the sacred – ۸ existence of Holy Prophet (S) and his Household Ahlul Bayt (a.s.) who are the infinite and .absolute source of blessing and guidance for the mankind

Means acceptance of receiving the blessing guidance through the sacred light of the – ۹ (.Holy Prophet and his Holy House Hold (a.s

.higher that its interpretation could be limited to such conventional mystical boundaries

### (Appendix ۲: Supplication of the Holy Month of Sha'ban (Munajat al-Shabaniyyah

The supplication of the Holy Month of Sha'ban—the famous (Munajat al-Shabaniyyah) narrated by the Commander of the Faithful Imam 'Ali (a.s.) and other infallible Imams of (Prophet (S)'s Ahlul Bayt, is one of the most precious mystic supplication. (1

Allahumma salle ala Muhammadin wa ale Muhammad," wasma , duai eza dawatoka; wasma' nedai eza nadetoka," wa aqbbil alliya eza najetoka faqad harabto elaika," wa waqfato baina yadeka" Mustakinan laka muttazzare an elaika" rajeyan lema ladaika thawabi; wa ta'lama ma .fi nafsi," wa takhboro hajali; wa ta'refo zamiri wala yakhfa alaika amro munqallbi," wa maswaya wama' orido an obdea behi," min manteqi wa atafawawhu behi min talebeti; wa arjuho leaqebati," wa qad jorat maqade roka aliya. Ya sayyidi! fima yakuno minni ila akhire umri, min savi rati wa ala niyati," wa bejadeka la abide ghairaka .zeyadati," wa naqsi wa nafi wa zarri

Ilahi inharamtani faman zallazi yarzuqni wa in khzaltani taman lazi yansurni. Ilahi auzobeka min ghzabeka wa huloole sakhteka. Ilahi in kunto ghaira mustahilin le rahmanteka fa anta ahlun an tajuda aliya befazle sa'teka" Ilahi kaanni benalsi waqefatun bena yadeka," wa qad azzallaha husno tavakoli alaka faqulta ma anta ahlohu; wa tughmadtani be afuwaka. Ilahi in afowta faman owla minka bezaleka; wa in kana qad dna .ajali,. wa lam yodneni minka amali faqad ja 'ltol iqrara bezarbe elaika wasilati

Ilahi! Qadjurto ala nafsi fin nazare lahafalahal waslo in lam taghfir laha. Ilahi lam uazal birroka aliya ayama hayatifala

taqta'a birraka anni fi mamati. Ilahi kaifa ayasa min husane nazereka li ba'da mamati,. wa anta lam tawalleni lllal jamila fi hayati. Ilahi tawwala min amri ma anta ahlohu wa ud aliya befazleka ala muznebin qad ghamarahu jahalahu. Ilahi qad satarta aliya zunuban fid duniya, wa ana ahwaju ila saterha aliya minka fil ukhra izlam tuzjhir-ha leahdin min ebadekassaleheen. Fala taf-zahani yomal qayamatch ala ra 'usil ashade. Ilahi judoka basata amali wa afvoka aftalo min amali. Ilahi fasurrani be leqaika yoma taqzi fehay baina ebadeka. Ilahi etezari elaika etezaro man lam yastaqhney unqaboole uzrehi faqbal .uzri ya akrama mone tazara elaihil musioona

Ilahi la turudda hajati wala tukhaiyyeb tama'i wala taqta'a minka rajai wa amali. Ilahi la ard ta havani lam tahdini walou arda fazihati, lam to afini. Ilahi ma azunnoka tarud doni fi hajatin qad afneto umri fi zalabeha minka. Ilahi falakal hamdo abadan daiman sarmodan yazido wala yabido kama tohibbo wa torza. Ilahi in akhaz tani be jurmi akhaztoke be afweka wa in akhastana be zunobi akhastoka be maghferateka wa in udkhaltanin nara .alamto ahleha anni ohibboka

Ilahi in kanna saqhora fi jambe ta'ateka amalifaqad kaborafi jambe rajaika amali. Ilahi kaifa unqalabo min indeka bil khaibate mahruman wa qad kana husno zanni be judeka untaqlebani bin najate marhuman. Ilahi wa qad afneto umri fi shir ratis sah ve unka wa ablato shababi fi sakratit taba odimneka. Ilahi falam asteqiz aiyamaqh terari beka wa rukoni ela sabil sakhateka. Ilahi wa ana abdoka wabno abdeka qaimun baina yadaika .mutawasselun be karameka elaika

Ilahi

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ana abdun ata nassalo elaika mimma kunto owajehoka behi min qil latis tehyai min nazareka wa utlobul afwa minka ezil afwo natun lekarameka. Ilahi lam ya kunli holum fa untaqila behi un maseyateka illa fi waqtin aiqastani le mahabbeteka wa kama ard ta unakuna kunto fa shakartoka be idkhali fi karameka wale tathire galbi min ousakhil ghafate unka. Ilahin zur eliyya nazara man na daitaho fa ajabaka wastamaltaho bema wao nateka fa ataka ya qariban la yabodo ani mughtarre behi wa ya javadan la yabkhalo .amman raja thawabaho

Ilahi hubli qalban yudnihe minka shoukohu wa lisanan yurfa'a elaika sidqohu wa nazaran yoqarrebohu minka haqohu. Ilahi inna man ta'rrafa beka ghairo majhulin man la azabeka ghairo maqhzulin wa man aqbalta alaihe gnairo mamtukin. Ilahi inna manin tahahoj beka lamustonirun wa inna mane tasama beka lamastajirun wa qad luz to beka. Ya Ilahi fala tukhaiyab zanni min rahmateka wala tahjubni unrafateka. Ilahi ogmeni fi ahle wa vilayateka moqama man raja izziyadata min mahabbateka. Ilahi wal himni walahan be zekreka ila zekreka wa himmati fi rohe najahe asmaika wa mahlle qudseka. Ilahi beka alaika ilIa alhaqtani be mahalle ahle ta ateka wal maswassalehe min marzateka fa inni la .aqde ro le nafsi alafan wala amleko laha nafan

Ilahi abdo haz zaiful muznebo wa mamlukokal munibo fala tajalni min man sarafta unho wajhaka wa hajabahu sahwoho on afweka. Ilahi hubli kamala[ inqtai elaika wa unre absara qulobena be ziae Zare ha elaika hatta takhreqa absarul qulobe hujoban noore fata sela ila ma'dinil azamate wa tasira arwahona muallaqatan

be izzate qudseka. Ilahi qojalni mimman nadetahu fa ajabaka wala khat ta ho fasa eqa le  
.jalaleka fana jetaho sirrun wa amela laka jahran

Ilahi lam ossallit ala hosne zanni qunotal ayase walan qat' a rajai min jamile karameka.  
Ilahi in kanatil khatoya qad asqatatni ladeka fashah anni be hosne tawvakuli alaika. Ilahi in  
khat tatrniz zunobo min makareme lutfeka faqad nabbah nani el yaqino ila kareme  
atfeka. Ilahi in anamatnil ghaflato aniestedade lil qaika faqad nabbah hatnil ma'refato  
bekaramil alyaka. Ilahi inda'ani ilan nare azimo aqabekafaqad da'ani ilaljannate jazilo  
thawabeka. Ilahi falaka asalo wa elaika abtahilo wa arghabo wa as aloka untosal leya ala  
Muhammadin wa ale Muhammadin wa un taj alani mimman yodimo zik ra ka wala yan  
qoso ah da ka wala yaqh folo un shukreka wala yes takhif-o be amreka- Ilahi wal hiqni be  
noore ezzekal abhaje fa' akuna laka arefan wa un sevaka munharifan wa minka khaifan  
moraqeban ya zaljalale wal ikrame wa sallallahho ala Muhammadin rasulehi wa alehit  
.tahirina wa sallama tasliman kasira

“In the Name of God the Beneficent the Merciful”

Oh God! Send salutation upon Muhammad and His Holy Progeny and since, I beseech”  
You (please) grant my prayer; whenever I cry,- please listen to my cry; whenever I  
supplicate You please pay attention towards my condition; Because, I have taken refuge  
in You, am standing before Thy Threshold in a state of grief, entangled with hardships  
shedding tears, while still remaining hopeful of Your mercy and compassion- Thou are  
Knowledgeable about my heart; is

aware of my needs, knows thoroughly about myself; and there is nothing hidden from  
“You as far as my affairs of this world and next worlds are concerned

And whatever I bring upon my tongue to speak about my needs as well as regarding my”  
being hopeful in Thee for my eternal salvation–Thou know every thing about it– Oh my  
Master! Thou will governs all the hidden and apparent affairs of my life till its very last  
breath; whatever profit or loss reaches to me, it is from Thee and not from other than  
!Thee– Oh God

If Thou deprive me than who else is there to provide my sustenance ? If Thou make me  
abject then who else is there to support me? Oh God!! I take refuge in Thee from Thy  
wrath and the severity of punishment– Oh God! If I don't deserve to receive Your blessing  
–Thou possesses the decency of bestowing forgiveness upon me with Thy infinite mercy  
“and compassion

Oh God! As though I am standing before Thy sacred threshold; my good faith and trust in”  
Thee has already spreaded the shadow of mercy upon my head,– whatever was befitting  
from Thy magnanimity and benevolence, Thou have done with me accordingly,  
forgiveness and blessing has surrounded my entire existence– Oh God! If Thou pardon  
?“me who else is more befitting than Thee

And In case my death is near and my deeds did not earn Thy nearness, Then I will”  
present my admittance of sins as a

means to receive Thy forgiveness. O God! I do admit that I have oppressed my self: then  
.woe be upon the self: if you do not bestow forgiveness upon him

Oh God ! Thy beneficence and merci surrounded me throughout my living; therefore, do  
not deprive me from Thy grace in my dying. Oh God! how can I be disappointed from  
receiving Thy Favors, after death, because during my entire life I have not seen any thing  
?“from Thee except compassion

Oh God! Be my guardian and supervisor over my affairs the way it is befitting of Thee”  
(not what I deserve) pay attention with Thy benevolence and merci towards me –a sinner  
!who has been overtaken completely by his ignorance. Oh God

Indeed thou have covered all my sins in this world; I need their cover-up in the Hereafter  
much more than the covering of this world, because, Thou were kind and did not expose  
them to anyone of your descent servants; therefore, on the Day of Judgment do not  
“.insult and expose me in front of all the humanity

Oh God! Thy mercy and compassion have increased my hopes, because Thy forgiveness”  
is for better than my deeds. Oh God! On the Day when Thou will issue the final verdict for  
Thy servants, make me happy with Thou countenance. Oh God! I beseech Thou for  
forgiveness like some one who really is in need of acceptance of his repentance,  
!therefore, accept my excuse, oh Beneficent

Who is besought by

the sinners for atonement. Oh my Master! Do not turn down my request; do not deprive me from remaining hopeful of Your forgiveness,” through the grace of Thy magnanimity  
.do not cut off any hope and desire

Oh God! If thou had the intention of seeing me despised, would never blessed me with” Thy guidance; if Thou had intended seeing me contemptible, would not have blessed me with health and happiness. Oh God! I can never believe it that Thou will turn down my request for which I have spent an entire life beseeching Thee for its grant. Oh God! Thou are the only one worthy of praise and adoration –the eternal and continuous praise  
.always increasing and never ending, only if it could receive Thy pleasure and acceptance

Oh God! If Thou will remonstrate me for my offenses I will seek refuge in Thy” forgiveness,” if Thou will take me to task against my sins, I will take Thee to task for Thy forgiveness, if Thou will send me to Hell will inform its inmates that I loved Thee. Oh God! If my deeds are insignificant, but as compared to them my hope and desire in Thy  
.magnanimity and benevolence is too much

Oh God! How can I return deprived and disappointed from Thy magnanimous kingdom, while remaining quite hopeful about Thy compassion and merci, that thou will be kind to  
.me, and would include me among the rescued ones

Oh God! I have spend my entire life in ignorance, negligence, and”



forgetfulness from Thee, wasted my youth drunken into passions being ignorant of Thee. Oh God! I did not awake, because of being too proud to receive Thy forgiveness, and in this manner I followed the path of Your wrath and rage. Oh God! I am your humble servant and son of your servant who is now standing before Thee, pleading for Thy .mercy and compassion as a means of my salvation

Oh God! I am your servant who has come to Thy threshold as ashamed and apologetic, I" seek forgiveness and pardon for all my sins and transgressions, which were committed by me due to my lack of modesty from Thy presence, because bestowing forgiveness is .the characteristic of Thy magnanimity

Oh God! I do not have the power of relinquishing sins except that Thou awaken me with love and kindness. Or, if thou desire that I should become the way Thou want me to be,' must be thankful to Thee for spreading Thy compassion and cleansing and purifying my .heart from the filthiness of negligence

Oh God! With Thy Magnanimity treat me like some one to whom Thou invited –he" accepted, and Thou asked him for obedience –he obeyed. Oh near one who is never away from Thy lovers, Oh Beneficent and Merciful who never acts miserly towards those .who are hopeful of Thy favors

Oh God! Bless with a heart eager and anxious of Thy nearness, a tongue which should keep itself engaged in sending the words of truth up-ward

.towards Thee, and an insight which should bring me closer to Thee

Oh God! Whoever is known by thee cannot remain un-known; whoever takes refuge in”  
Thee can never be despised, whoever received Thy attention would never become  
servant of anyone else, whoever followed Thy path become enlightened, whoever sought  
Thy shelter become secured. And I have taken refuge in Thee, therefore, Oh God! Don't  
disappoint me from Thy blessings and do not deprive me from receiving Thy grace and  
“favours

Oh God! Consider me among Thy favorite saints and bestow upon me the rank of some”  
one who strives to receive Thy love as much as possible. Oh God! Reveal upon me the  
sweetness and pleasure of engaging into Thy remembrance continuously, bless me with  
the courage to seek pleasure, victory, and dependence in Thy Sacred Names and Exalted  
.Essence

Oh God! I swear You by Thy Own Exalted Essence and the right which Thou possess over  
the creation to include me among the obedient ones and bestow upon me a descent  
position of Your pleasure and consent, because I am totally incompetent and neither can  
!defend my self while encountering an evil nor can increase any profit for myself Oh God

I am a helpless servant and repentant sinner full of defects and faults, therefore, do not  
include me among those who earned your displeasure and because of their negligence  
.become deprived of Thy forgiveness

Oh God! bestow upon me perfect attention towards Thee; open the esoteric eyes of my”  
hearts

so that they could witness Thy glory and piercing through the veils of celestial lights may connect them with the Absolute Source of Majesty; let our souls achieve the union with  
.Thy Exalted Holy Essence

Oh God! consider me as some one to whom Thou called he accepted Thy invitation, when Thou paid attention toward him -became infatuated due to Thy glory and splendor and  
.Thou confided in him secretly -he accepted it explicitly

Oh God! Don't impose hopelessness and sorrow upon my good expectations towards' Thee, do not cut off my hopes from your generosity. Oh God! If my offenses have made me low and abjected before Thee, pardon me for the sake of my reliance and good faith  
! in Thy forgiveness. Oh God

If my sins have made me distant apart from Thy mercy and compassion, my belief reminds me about Thy magnanimity. Oh God! If ignorance and negligence have caused me to remain unprepared for Thy countenance, Thy bounties and blessings make me aware. Oh God! If Thy wrath and punishment will send me to Hell's fire, Thy generosity  
.and reward have invited me towards the eternal Paradise

Oh God! Therefore, whatever I need I beseech Thee; cry and shed tears with hope," desire and anxiety before Thy Holy Threshold; I request Thee to send salutations upon Muhammad and His Holy Progeny; include me among the ones who are busy in Thy remembrance continuously; never break their commitments with Thee; don't forget  
;thanking Thee even for an instant

“and don't treat Thy commands lightly

Oh God! Enlighten my existence with the illumination of thou Sacred Essence whose cheerfulness and joy is far superior than any other pleasure, so that I become absorbed in Thee completely, getting cut off from others, fearing Thee and paying attention towards Thy commands. Oh Thou possessor of splendor and majesty and salutations of  
“God and lots of greetings be upon Muhammad and his Holy Progeny

Imam Khomeini (r.a.) the most perfect gnostic of our times, in his repeated speeches have emphasized the special spiritual importance of this precious supplication. Those who are blessed with Divine grace of keeping themselves continuously engaged in supplications and God's remembrance loves this supplication a lot, and because of this  
.supplication eagerly await for the arrival of the Holy Month of Sha'ban

This supplication contains vest sublime themes especially the etiquettes and manners of servanthood; the manners of how to face God-Almighty; how to beseech Him; how to tell him about heart's secrets; how to open tongue for offering apologies and how to remain  
.hopeful

Also, in these supplications the meanings of interpretation of God's Countenance (Laqa), God's Witnessing (Shahood) God's Nearness, (Qurb) have been described in a delicate manner, which do not leave any doubt or confusion for those wayfarers, who are still double minded, and who do not want to believe. Regarding self-awareness which is preliminary for God's learning (Marefah), this supplication contains most meaningful and  
.surprising points

Since the recital of this supplication, especially, during the Holy Month of

Sha'ban as well as throughout the year for the wayfarers of spiritual migration have been strongly recommended, I feel it appropriate to present its English translation for the utilization of dear readers. For the convenience of those readers who do not know how to read Arabic, its pronunciation in English has been included

اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِ مُحَمَّدٍ، وَاسْمِعْ دُعَائِي إِذَا دَعَوْتُكَ، وَأَسْمِعْ تَدَائِي إِذَا نَادَيْتُكَ، وَأَقْبِلْ عَلَيَّ إِذَا نَاجَيْتُكَ، فَقَدْ هَرَبْتُ إِلَيْكَ، وَوَقَفْتُ بَيْنَ يَدَيْكَ مُسْتَكِينًا، لَكَ مُتَضَرِّعًا إِلَيْكَ، رَاجِيًا لِمَا لَدَيْكَ ثَوَابِي، وَتَعَلَّمُ مَا فِي نَفْسِي، وَتَحْبُرُ حَاجَتِي، وَتَعْرِفُ ضَمِيرِي، وَلَا يَخْفَى عَلَيْكَ أَمْرٌ مُنْقَلَبِي وَمَثْوَايَ، وَمَا أُرِيدُ أَنْ أُبْدِيَ بِهِ مِنْ مَنَاطِقِي، وَاتَّقَوْهُ بِهِ مِنْ طَلِبَتِي، وَأَرْجُوهُ لِعَاقِبَتِي، وَقَدْ جَرَتْ مَقَادِيرُكَ عَلَيَّ يَا سَيِّدِي فِيمَا يَكُونُ مِنِّي إِلَى آخِرِ عُمْرِي مِنْ سَرِيرَتِي وَعَلَانِيَتِي، وَبِيدِكَ لَا بِيَدٍ غَيْرِكَ زِيَادَتِي وَنَقْصِي وَنَفْعِي وَضَرِي،

إِلَهِي إِنْ حَرَمْتَنِي فَمَنْ ذَا الَّذِي يَرْزُقُنِي، وَإِنْ خَذَلْتَنِي فَمَنْ ذَا الَّذِي يَنْصُرُنِي، إِلَهِي أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ غَضَبِكَ وَحُسُولِ سَخَطِكَ، إِلَهِي إِنْ كُنْتُ غَيْرَ مُسْتَأْهِلٍ لِرَحْمَتِكَ فَأَنْتَ أَهْلٌ أَنْ تَجُودَ عَلَيَّ بِفَضْلِ سَعَتِكَ، إِلَهِي كَأَنِّي بِنَفْسِي وَاقِفَةٌ بَيْنَ يَدَيْكَ وَقَدْ أَظَلَّهَا حُسْنُ تَوَكُّلِي عَلَيْكَ، فَقُلْتُ مَا أَنْتَ أَهْلُهُ وَتَعَمَّدْتَنِي بِعَفْوِكَ، إِلَهِي إِنْ عَفَوْتَ فَمَنْ أَوْلَى مِنْكَ بِذَلِكِ، وَإِنْ كَانَ قَدْ دَنَا أَجَلِي وَلَمْ يُدْنِنِي مِنْكَ عَمَلِي فَقَدْ جَعَلْتُ الْإِقْرَارَ بِالذَّنْبِ إِلَيْكَ وَسَيْلَتِي، إِلَهِي قَدْ جُرْتُ عَلَى نَفْسِي فِي النَّظَرِ لَهَا، فَلَهَا الْوَيْلُ إِنْ لَمْ تَغْفِرْ لَهَا، إِلَهِي لَمْ يَزَلْ بِرُكِّكَ عَلَيَّ أَيَّامَ حَيَاتِي فَلَا تَقْطَعْ بِرُكِّكَ عَنِّي فِي مَمَاتِي، إِلَهِي كَيْفَ آيَسُ مِنْ حُسْنِ نَظَرِكَ لِي بَعْدَ مَمَاتِي، وَأَنْتَ لَمْ تُؤَلَّنِي إِلَّا الْجَمِيلَ فِي حَيَاتِي،  
إِلَهِي تَوَلَّ

مِنْ أَمْرِي مَا أَنْتَ أَهْلُهُ، وَعُدَّ عَلَيَّ بِفَضْلِكَ عَلَيَّ مُذْنِبٌ قَدْ عَمَّرَهُ جَهْلُهُ،

إِلَهِي قَدْ سَيَّرْتَ عَلَيَّ ذُنُوبًا فِي الدُّنْيَا وَأَنَا أَخْرُجُ إِلَى سِتْرِهَا عَلَيَّ مِنْكَ فِي الْآخِرَى، إِذْ لَمْ تُظْهِرْهَا لِأَخِيذٍ مِنْ عِبَادِكَ الصَّيِّحِينَ، فَلَا تَفْضَحْ عَنِّي يَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ عَلَيَّ رُؤُوسِ الْأَشْهَادِ، إِلَهِي جُودُكَ بَسَطَ أَمَلِي، وَعَفْوُكَ أَفْضَلُ مِنْ عَمَلِي، إِلَهِي فَسِّرْ لِي بِلِقَائِكَ يَوْمَ تَقْضَى فِيهِ بَيْنَ عِبَادِكَ، إِلَهِي اعْتِنِ عَلَى إِلَيْكَ اعْتِنَارًا مَنْ لَمْ يَسْتَعِنْ عَنْ قَبُولِ عُذْرِهِ، فَاقْبَلْ عُذْرِي يَا أَكْرَمَ مَنْ اعْتَذَرَ إِلَيْهِ الْمُسِيئُونَ، إِلَهِي لَا تَزِدْ حَاجَتِي، وَلَا تُحَيِّبْ طَمَعِي، وَلَا تَقْطَعْ مِنْكَ رَجَائِي وَأَمَلِي، إِلَهِي لَوْ أَرَدْتَ هَوَانِي لَمْ تَهْدِنِي، وَلَوْ أَرَدْتَ فَضِيحَتِي لَمْ تُعَافِنِي، إِلَهِي مَا أَظُنُّكَ تَزِدُّنِي فِي حَاجَةٍ قَدْ أَفْنَيْتَ عُمْرِي فِي طَلَبِهَا مِنْكَ، إِلَهِي فَلِكِ الْحَمِيدُ أَبَدًا دَائِمًا سِرْمَدًا، يَزِيدُ وَلَا يَبِيدُ كَمَا تُحِبُّ وَتَرْضَى، إِلَهِي إِنْ أَخَذْتَنِي بِجُرْمِي أَخَذْتِكَ بِعَفْوِكَ، وَإِنْ أَخَذْتَنِي بِذُنُوبِي أَخَذْتِكَ بِمَغْفِرَتِكَ، وَإِنْ أَدْخَلْتَنِي النَّارَ أَغْلَمْتَ أَهْلَهَا أَنِي أُحِبُّكَ، إِلَهِي إِنْ كَانَ صَغُرَ فِي جَنْبِ طَاعَتِكَ عَمَلِي فَقَدْ كَبُرَ فِي جَنْبِ رَجَائِكَ أَمَلِي،

إِلَهِي كَيْفَ أَنْقَلِبُ مِنْ عِنْدِكَ بِالْخِيْبَةِ مَحْرُومًا، وَقَدْ كَانَ حُسْنُ ظَنِّي بِجُودِكَ أَنْ تَقْلِبَنِي بِالنَّجَاهِ مَرْحُومًا، إِلَهِي وَقَدْ أَفْنَيْتَ عُمْرِي فِي سِرِّهِ السَّهْوِ عَنكَ، وَأَبْلَيْتُ شَبَابِي فِي سَكْرَةِ التَّبَاعِدِ مِنْكَ، إِلَهِي فَلَمْ أَسْتَيْقِظْ أَيَّامَ اغْتِرَارِي بِكَ وَرُكُونِي إِلَى سَبِيلِ سَخَطِكَ، إِلَهِي وَأَنَا عَبْدُكَ وَأَبْنُ عَبْدِكَ قَائِمٌ بَيْنَ يَدَيْكَ، مُتَوَسِّلٌ بِكَرَمِكَ إِلَيْكَ، إِلَهِي أَنَا عَبْدٌ أَتَّصِلُ إِلَيْكَ، مِمَّا كُنْتُ أُوَاجِهُكَ بِهِ مِنْ قَلْبِهِ اسْتِجِيائِي مِنْ نَظَرِكَ، وَأَطْلُبُ الْعَفْوَ مِنْكَ إِذِ الْعَفْوُ نَعْتُ لِكِرَمِكَ، إِلَهِي لَمْ يَكُنْ لِي حَوْلٌ فَانْتَقَلَ بِهِ عَن مَعْصِيَتِكَ إِلَّا فِي وَقْتِ انْقِطَاعِي لِمَحَبَّتِكَ، وَكَمَا أَرَدْتَ أَنْ أَكُونَ كُنْتُ، فَسَكَرْتُكَ بِإِذْخَالِي فِي كَرَمِكَ، وَلِتَطْهِّرَ قَلْبِي

مِنْ أَوْسَاحِ الْعُقْلَةِ عَنكَ، إِلَهِي أَنْظِرْ إِلَيَّ نَظْرَ مَنْ نَادَيْتَهُ فَاجَابَكَ، وَأَسْتَعْمَلْتَهُ بِمَعُونَتِكَ فَاطَاعَكَ، يَا قَرِيباً لَا يَبْعُدُ عَنِ الْمُعْتَرِّ بِهِ، وَيَا جَوَاداً لَا يَبْخُلُ عَمَّنْ رَجَا ثَوَابَهُ،

إِلَهِي هَبْ لِي قَلْباً يُدْنِيهِ مِنْكَ شَوْفُهُ وَلِسَاناً يُزْفِعُ إِلَيْكَ صِدْقُهُ، وَنَظْراً يُقَرِّبُهُ مِنْكَ حَقُّهُ، إِلَهِي إِنَّ مِنْ تَعَرَّفَ بِكَ غَيْرُ مَجْهُولٍ وَمَنْ لَادَ بِكَ غَيْرُ مَخْذُولٍ، وَمَنْ أَقْبَلَتْ عَلَيْهِ غَيْرُ مَمْلُولٍ، إِلَهِي إِنَّ مِنْ انْتَهَجَ بِكَ لِمُسْتَتِيرٍ وَإِنَّ مِنْ اعْتَصَمَ بِكَ لِمُسْتَجِيرٍ، وَقَدْ لُدْتُ بِكَ يَا إِلَهِي فَلَا تُخَيِّبْ ظَنِّي مِنْ رَحْمَتِكَ، وَلَا تَحْجُبْنِي عَن رَأْفَتِكَ، إِلَهِي أَقْمِنِي فِي أَهْلِ وِلَايَتِكَ مُقَامَ مَنْ رَجَا الزِّيَادَةَ مِنْ مَحَبَّتِكَ، إِلَهِي وَالْهَمْنِي وَلَهَا بِذِكْرِكَ إِلَى ذِكْرِكَ وَهَمَّتِي فِي رَوْحِ نَجَاحِ أَسْمَائِكَ وَمَحَلِّ قُدْسِكَ، إِلَهِي بِكَ عَلَيْكَ إِلَّا الْحَقَّقْنِي بِمَحَلِّ أَهْلِ طَاعَتِكَ وَالْمَثْوَى الصَّالِحِ مِنْ مَرْضَاتِكَ، فَإِنِّي لَا أَقْدِرُ لِنَفْسِي دَفْعاً، وَلَا أَمْلِكُ لَهَا نَفْعاً،

إِلَهِي أَنَا عَبْدُكَ الضَّعِيفُ المُذْنِبُ، وَمَمْلُوكُكَ المُتَنِيبُ، فَلَا تَجْعَلْنِي مِمَّنْ صَرَفَتْ عَنْهُ وَجْهَكَ، وَحَجَبَهُ سَهْوُهُ عَن عَفْوِكَ، إِلَهِي هَبْ لِي كَمَالَ الْإِنْقِطَاعِ إِلَيْكَ، وَأَنْزِ أَبْصَارَ قُلُوبِنَا بِضِيَاءِ نَظَرِهَا إِلَيْكَ، حَتَّى تَحْرِقَ أَبْصَارَ الْقُلُوبِ حُجُبَ النُّورِ فَتَصِلَ إِلَى مَعِيدِنِ الْعَظْمَةِ، وَتَصِيرَ أَرْوَاحُنَا مُعَلَّقَةً بِعِزِّ قُدْسِكَ، إِلَهِي وَأَجْعَلْنِي مِمَّنْ نَادَيْتَهُ فَاجَابَكَ، وَلَا حِطَّتُهُ فَصَعِقَ لِجَلَالِكَ، فَنَاجَيْتَهُ سِرّاً وَعَمِلَ لَكَ جَهراً،

إِلَهِي لَمْ أُسَلِّطْ عَلَى حُسْنِ ظَنِّي قُتُوطَ الْإِيَّاسِ، وَلَا انْقَطَعَ رَجَائِي مِنْ جَمِيلِ كَرَمِكَ، إِلَهِي إِنْ كَانَتْ الْخَطَايَا قَدْ أَسْقَطْتَنِي لَدَيْكَ، فَاصْفَحْ عَنِّي بِحُسْنِ تَوَكُّلي عَلَيْكَ، إِلَهِي إِنْ حِطَّتْنِي الدُّنُوبُ مِنْ مَكَارِمِ لُطْفِكَ، فَقَدْ تَبَهَّنِي اليَقِينُ إِلَى كَرَمِ عَطْفِكَ، إِلَهِي إِنْ أَنَامْتَنِي الْعُقْلَةَ عَنِ الْإِسْتِعْدَادِ لِلِقَائِكَ، فَقَدْ تَبَهَّنِي، الْمَعْرِفَةُ بِكَرَمِ آلائِكَ، إِلَهِي إِنْ دَعَانِي إِلَى النَّارِ عَظِيمِ عِقَابِكَ، فَقَدْ دَعَانِي إِلَى الْجَنَّةِ جَزِيلِ ثَوَابِكَ إِلَهِي فَلَكَ أَسْأَلُ

وَالْيَكَّ أَبْتَهَلُ وَأَزْعَبُ، وَاسْأَلْكَ أَنْ تُصَلِّيَ عَلَيَّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِ مُحَمَّدٍ، وَأَنْ تَجْعَلَنِي مِمَّنْ يُدِيمُ ذِكْرَكَ، وَلَا يَنْقُضُ عَهْدَكَ، وَلَا يَعْطُلُ عَنْ شُكْرِكَ، وَلَا يَشْتَتِخُفُ بِأَمْرِكَ، إِلَهِي وَالْحَقُّنِي بِنُورِ عِزِّكَ الْأَبْهَجِ، فَكَأَنَّ لِمَكَ عَارِفًا، وَعَنْ سِوَاكَ مُنْحَرِفًا، وَمِنْكَ خَائِفًا مُرَاقِبًا، يَا ذَا الْجَلَالِ وَالْإِكْرَامِ، وَصَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ رَسُولِهِ وَآلِهِ الطَّاهِرِينَ وَسَلَّمْ تَسْلِيمًا كَثِيرًا

### Appendix ٣: A Prayer

Oh Lord! Be kind to us. Bestow upon us Your love and knowledge and guide us from (١) darkness towards illumination. If You Yourself make us know You, we would certainly love You, because, we would love You. Your Love would burn whatever falsehood, ignorance and arrogance there exist; rather the fire of Your love will burn down whatever veils exist between You and us. We would become the way –you want Your friends to be

Oh our Lord, Master. Creator, God and Bestower of bounties. We have inflicted tyranny upon ourselves. Admit our sins and before the Day of Judgment cry

(Is there a way to get out of the Hell ?) (٢)

With Your mercy and compassion we have rested all our hopes upon You so that on the Judgment Day we are not doomed to utter the above cry and do not combine for us the suffering of this world and Hereafter

p: ٤١٣

[Added by [Tr –١

(The Holy Qur'an (٤٠: ١٢ –٢





## About center

In the name of Allah

هَلِيشْتَوِيَالَّذِيَتَعْلَمُونَوَالَّذِيَنَلَايَعْلَمُونَ

?Are those who know equal to those who do not know

al-Zumar: ۹

:Introduction

Ghaemiyeh Computer Research Institute of Isfahan, from ۲۰۰۷, under the authority of Ayatollah Haj SayyedHasanFaqihImami (God blesses his soul), by sincere and daily efforts of university and seminary elites and sophisticated groups began its activities in .religious, cultural and scientific fields

:Manifesto

Ghaemiyeh Computer Research Institute of Isfahan in order to facilitate and accelerate the accessibility of researchers to the books and tools of research, in the field of Islamic science, and regarding the multiplicity and dispersion of active centers in this field and numerous and inaccessible sources by a mere scientific intention and far from any kind of social, political, tribal and personal prejudices and currents, based on performing a project in the shape of (management of produced and published works from all Shia centers) tries to provide a rich and free collection of books and research papers for the experts, and helpful contents and discussions for the educated generation and all classes .of people interested in reading, with various formats in the cyberspace

:Our Goals are

(propagating the culture and teachings of Thaqalayn (Quran and Ahlulbayt p.b.u.t- encouraging the populace particularly the youth in investigating the religious issues- replacing useful contents with useless ones in the cellphones, tablets and computers- providing services for seminary and university researchers- spreading culture study in the public- paving the way for the publications and authors to digitize their works-

:Policies

acting according to the legal licenses-

relationship with similar centers–  
 avoiding parallel working–  
 merely presenting scientific contents–  
 mentioning the sources–

.It's obvious that all the responsibilities are due to the author

:Other activities of the institute

Publication of books, booklets and other editions–

Holding book reading competitions–

Producing virtual, three dimensional exhibitions, panoramas of religious and tourism–  
 places

.Producing animations, computer games and etc–

Launching the website with this address: [www.ghaemiyeh.com](http://www.ghaemiyeh.com)–

Fabricating dramatic and speech works–

Launching the system of answering religious, ethical and doctrinal questions–

Designing systems of accounting, media and mobile, automatic and handy systems, web–  
 kiosks

Holding virtual educational courses for the public–

Holding virtual teacher–training courses–

Producing thousands of research software in three languages (Persian, Arabic and–  
 English) which can be performed in computers, tablets and cellphones and available and  
 downloadable with eight international formats: JAVA, ANDROID, EPUB, CHM, PDF, HTML,  
 CHM, GHB on the website

Also producing four markets named “Ghaemiyeh Book Market” with Android, IOS,–  
 WINDOWS PHONE and WINDOWS editions

:Appreciation

We would appreciate the centers, institutes, publications, authors and all honorable  
 friends who contributed their help and data to us to reach the holy goal we follow

:Address of the central office

Isfahan, Abdorazaq St, Haj Mohammad JafarAbadei Alley, Shahid Mohammad  
 HasanTavakkoly Alley, Number plate ۱۲۹, first floor

Website: [www.ghbook.ir](http://www.ghbook.ir)

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Central office Tel: ۰۹۱۳۲۰۰۰۱۰۹

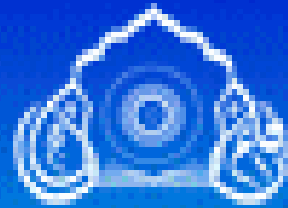
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